

CS578 – INTERACTIVE AND TRANSPARENT MACHINE LEARNING

TOPIC: FEATURE IMPORTANCE



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TRANSPARENCY

- Which features are important?
- How important is each feature?
- How much does the importance of feature i decrease / increase after we add feature j to our domain?
- Is feature i positively or negatively correlated with the target feature?

THREE MAIN APPROACHES

○ Filter

- Independent of the classification / regression model
- E.g., mutual information

○ Wrapper

- Use the underlying model to select a subset of the features
- E.g., could be done greedily bottom up or top down

○ Joint optimization

- Perform model training and feature selection jointly
- E.g., L_1 -regularized logistic regression

RELEVANT BUT DIFFERENT TOPIC

- Feature construction
- Difference
 - Feature selection *selects* a subset of features
 - Feature construction *constructs* a new feature space
- Examples of feature construction
 - Principal Component Analysis (PCA)
 - Factor Analysis (FA)
 - Linear Discriminant Analysis
 - See
 - <https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/classes.html#module-sklearn.decomposition>
 - https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/classes.html#module-sklearn.discriminant_analysis

LET'S SEE A FEW EXAMPLES

- Now – filter
 - Mutual information
 - Information gain
 - Chi^2
- Later – subset and joint
 - Feature importances in decision trees
 - Feature weights in linear models
 - Regularization (L_1 and L_2)
 - Influence analysis

MUTUAL INFORMATION

$$MI(X, Y) = \sum_{x, y} \hat{P}(x, y) \log \frac{\hat{P}(x, y)}{\hat{P}(x) \hat{P}(y)}$$

INFORMATION GAIN

$$\text{Entropy} = - \sum_j p_j \log_2 p_j$$

$$\text{InformationGain}(X_i) = \text{Entropy before } X_i - \text{Expected entropy after } X_i$$

Note: information gain can be defined with respect to other ‘uncertainty’ measures; for example, instead of ‘entropy’ one can use ‘gini’ index.

EXERCISE

- Show that MI and IG are equivalent when IG is defined as reduction in entropy

CHI²

$$\chi^2(X, Y) = \sum_{x, y} \frac{(M[x, y] - M \times \hat{P}(x) \times \hat{P}(y))^2}{M \times \hat{P}(x) \times \hat{P}(y)}$$

EXAMPLES

- Synthetic

- <https://github.com/CS578-S19/CS578/tree/master/hugin>

- Real datasets

- <https://scikit-learn.org/stable/datasets/index.html>

REFERENCES

- JMLR article
 - <http://www.jmlr.org/papers/volume3/guyon03a/guyon03a.pdf>
- Scikit-learn
 - https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/classes.html#module-sklearn.feature_selection
- Google Scholar
 - <https://scholar.google.com/scholar?q=feature+selection>
- Wikipedia
 - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Feature_selection

YOUR TASK

- Read the references listed in the previous slide
- Get familiar with feature selection and ranking approaches on scikit-learn
- Create a synthetic dataset using Hugin and calculate feature importances
- Calculate feature importances for several real datasets
- Note: use Jupyter notebooks wherever possible
- Assignment 1 is coming soon