# Lecture\_1

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1. Overall Purpose
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Synthesis:

Analysis:

Kinematics:

Kinetics:

2. Mechanisms and Machines

Machine:

Mechanism:

Mechanism types

3. Degree of freedom (mobility)

Links:

Types of Links:

Joints:

Types of Joints:

## 1. Overall Purpose

- Synthesis of mechanisms to accomplish desired motions or tasks
- Analysis of mechanisms to determine their rigid-body dynamic behavior
- The above relates to kinematics and kinetics

### **Synthesis:**

the composition or combination of parts or elements so as to form a whole

## **Analysis:**

a detailed examination of anything complex in order to understand its nature or to determine its essential features

#### **Kinematics:**

the study of motion without regard of forces

#### **Kinetics:**

the study of forces in motion

### 2. Mechanisms and Machines

#### Machine:

transfer energy

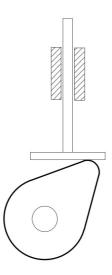
#### Mechanism:

transfer movement

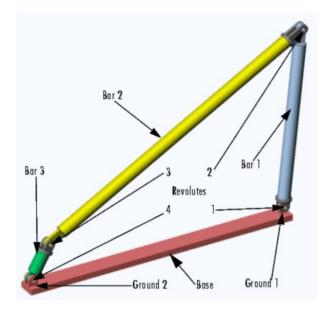
any member which are subjected to axial (Tensile/Compressive but no Transverse/Torsional loads) loads only

## **Mechanism types**

• 3 bar mechanism



4 bar mechanism



# 3. Degree of freedom (mobility)

the number of independent parameters to uniquely define system position in space has 6 DOF

#### Links:

- Binary link: one with two nodes
- Ternary link: one with three nodes
- Quaternary link: one with four nodes

### **Types of Links:**

- Crank: a link that makes a complete revolution and is pivoted to the ground
- Rocker: a link that has oscillatory (back and forth) rotation and is pivoted to ground
- Coupler (Connecting rod): a link that has complex motion and is not pivoted to ground

• **Ground**: any link or links that are fixed (nonmoving) with respect to the reference frame

# Joints:

a connection between two or more links (at their nodes). Joints also called Kinematic pairs

### **Types of Joints:**

- **Lower pair**: an ideal joint that constrains contact between a surface in the moving body to a corresponding surface in the fixed body
- **Higher pair**: a constraint that requires a curve in the moving body to maintain with a curve or surface in the fixed body

Joints may be form closed or force closed