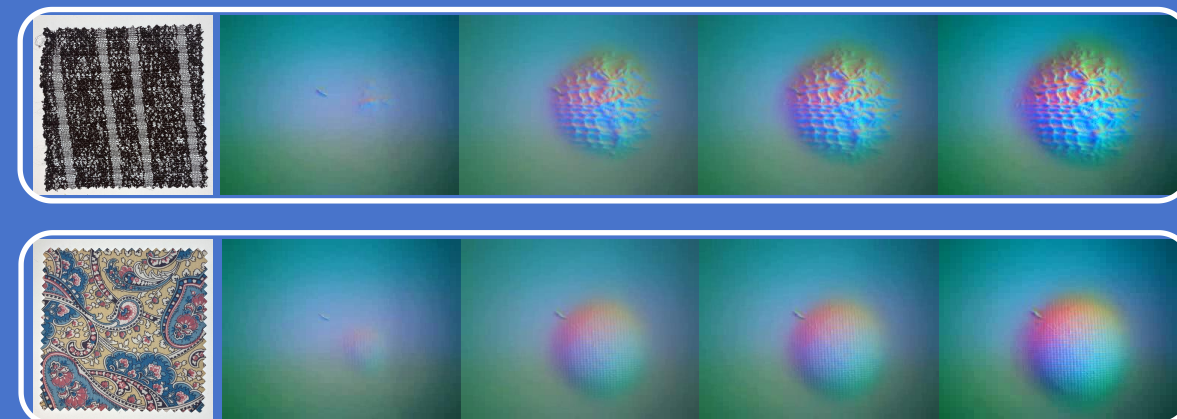


## Post Hoc Reasoning Process



Calibrated pressure  
time sequence 1

Calibrated pressure  
time sequence 2

Comparison result of a certain property

Explain-why prompt



## Pairwise Comparison Output

### Fabric 1:

RGB Image: Shows a lace-like structure with open spaces, indicating materials like cotton, polyester, or spandex blends known for their stretchability.

GelSight Images: At various pressures (0.00 N to 56.23 N), the texture changes slightly, maintaining its surface characteristics, suggesting good elasticity and ability to recover its shape...

### Fabric 2:

RGB Image: Displays a paisley pattern typical of cotton or cotton-polyester blends, which are less stretchy.

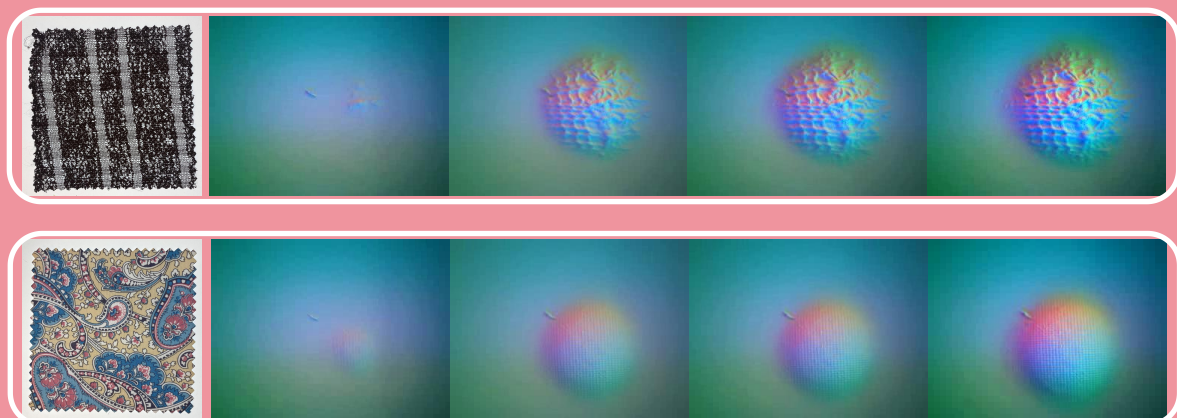
GelSight Images: As pressure increases (0.00 N to 55.62 N), the fabric deforms significantly and retains fewer surface features, indicating less elasticity and recovery...

**Conclusion:** **Fabric 1 has higher elasticity than Fabric 2**, as it retains its shape and surface texture under pressure, whereas Fabric 2 shows more deformation and less recovery, likely due to its denser, less elastic fibers.



suits, sportswear, winter coats, luxury bedding, sofa covers, baby clothes, comfortable blankets, curtains, formal shirts, evening gowns, T-shirts, yoga clothes, raincoats, pajamas, handbags, beachwear, winter sweaters, school uniforms, summer bedding ...

## Ad Hoc Reasoning Process



Calibrated pressure  
time sequence 1

Calibrated pressure  
time sequence 2

Comparison prompt

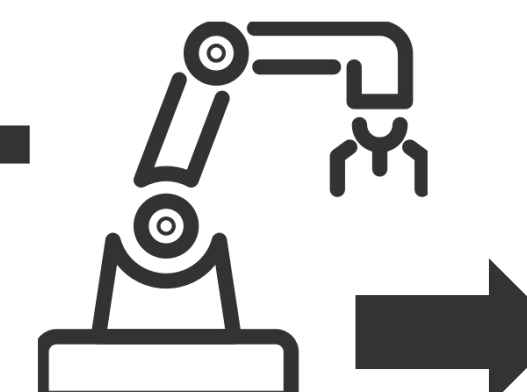


*Llama3.2-Vision*

Learn to explain-why  
by ad hoc reasoning



*Fabric-Llama*



Fabric Selection

After applying **LoRA** fine-tuning

## Scenario Demands Analysis



Elasticity Comparison

Softness Comparison

Thickness Comparison

Texture Comparison

**Property Comparisons**