# Advance Bug Bounty

**Hunting For Sensitive Data** 

### Introduction to Sensitive Data Exposure

**Definition**: Sensitive data exposure is the unintentional release of private or confidential information.

**Examples**: API keys, passwords, tokens, private configurations.

**Impact**: Data breaches, unauthorized access, and serious security threats.

## What is Google Dorking?

**Definition**: Using advanced search operators in Google to find sensitive information that has been accidentally made public.

**Common Targets**: GitHub repositories, websites with misconfigured files, and exposed JS files.

Why It's Useful: Finds hidden or overlooked data without directly attacking a server.

### Common Google Dorking Operators

#### **Basic Operators:**

- site: limits searches to specific sites.
- filetype: finds specific file types (e.g., .js, .json).
- inurl: searches for specific terms in the URL.
- intitle: searches for terms in the page title.
- ext: finds specific file extensions (e.g., .env, .php).

### Targeting GitHub for Sensitive Data

### Cont...

Search Term	Results
"Company" security_credentials	LADP (Active Directory)
"Company" connectionstring	Database Credentials
"Company" JDBC	Database Credentials
"Company" ss2_auth_password	Unauthorized Access to Server
"Company" send_keys and send,keys	Keywords related to pasword failed

#### Cont...

4

```
env.put(javax.naming.Context.PROVIDER_URL, "ldap://172.16.0.197/cn=pdm.admin,ou=admin user,ou=DG tpe,DC=test,DC=com");
  env.put(javax.naming.Context.SECURITY_AUTHENTICATION, "Simple");
  //env.put(javax.naming.Context.SECURITY_PRINCIPAL, "cn=piduser, ou=DGUsers, ou=DG, DC=cn, DC=test, DC=com");
  env.put(javax.naming.Context.SECURITY_PRINCIPAL, "cn=test,OU=PLM,OU=CA,OU=CIT,OU=TPV_TPE,DC=test,DC=com");
  //env.put(javax.naming.Context.SECURITY_CREDENTIALS , "piduser" );
  env.put(javax.naming.Context.SECURITY_CREDENTIALS , "cscxx112129" );
  //env.put(javax.naming.Context.SECURITY_CREDENTIALS , "Pdm@d20$0421" );
     "ConnectionStrings": {
        "Default": "Server=10.0.75.1; Database=PhoneBookDb; User=sa; Password=123qwe;"
                                                                              'bundles',
import pypyodbc as pyodbc # you could alias
db_host = 'mspitsql15.test.th3g3nt3l.org'
                                                                  ftp_th3g3nt31 = ftp('ftp.th3g3nt31man.com',
db name = 'BISE'
                                                                               'ASbd5FD',
db_user = 'empDS'
                                                                               'AB$1B#6mAk1HH',
                                                                     info('->Start to upload to th3g3nt31.ftp<-')
db_password = 'Seattle@98121'
                                                                  ftpcli = ftp(ftp_th3g3nt31)
```

### Mostly Google Dorks Used by me

- Filetype:env "DB\_PASSWORD" site: \*.target.com
- Filetype:txt "Passwd" site:\*.target.com
- Filetype:pdf "Confidential" site:\*.target.com
- Filetype:sql "DUMP" site:\*.target.com
- Inurl: "index of /" "Parent Directory" site: \*.target.com
- Inurl:"config.php" site:\*.target.com
- Filetype:xls "Password" site:\*.target.com
- Filetype:bak "backup" site:\*.target.com
- Inurl:"file="inurl:"index.php" site:\*.target.com
- Inurl:/.git site:\*.target.com

### Hunting with Wayback Machine

#### **Use Case:**

- Old versions of websites can still have sensitive data like API keys or old endpoints.
- Look for configurations, hardcoded credentials, or exposed tokens in earlier versions of JS or HTML files.

#### **How to Use:**

Go to archive.org and enter the target site URL.

Browse historical snapshots and inspect the page source

#### **Hunting with Waybackurls**

#### What is Waybackurls?

- A tool used to fetch archived URLs for a given domain from the Wayback Machine.
- Helps find old URLs that are no longer accessible but still archived.
- Command Usage:
- Install Waybackurls: go install github.com/tomnomnom/waybackurls@latest
- Command: echo "target.com" | waybackurls

#### **Example:**

• echo "example.com" | waybackurls | grep ".js" to find archived JavaScript files.

### Analyzing Archived JS Files for Sensitive Data

#### Why Archived JS Files?

• JavaScript files in archives can contain hardcoded secrets that were later removed from the live site but are still accessible in the Wayback Machine.

## End