```
> #eventually combined with reverse1.
  L1 := [[0, 3], [3, 0], [1, 2], [2, 1]];
                      L1 := [[0,3],[3,0],[1,2],[2,1]]
                                                                         (1)
> L2 := [[0, 0], [1, 0], [0, 1], [1, 1], [0, 2], [2, 0]];
                L2 := [[0, 0], [1, 0], [0, 1], [1, 1], [0, 2], [2, 0]]
                                                                          (2)
> #we study the case that a 11+a 21 = 3, b 11+b 21 < 3, and a 12+
  a 22 < 3
  \frac{1}{4} mote it is symmetric to b 11+b 21 = 3, a 11+a 21 < 3, and a 12+
  a 22 < 3
> p := []:
  S1 := []:
  S2 := []:
  count := 0:
  for i from 1 to nops(L1) do
    for j from 1 to nops(L2) do
        for k from 1 to nops(L2) do
            t := []:
            p := [op(L1[i]), op(L2[j]), op(L2[k])];
            if p[1]=p[3] or p[2]=p[4] then
                      next:
            fi:
            #t record the condition type
                  \max(p[1], p[3]) < p[5] then
               t := [op(t), 1]:
            fi:
            if max(p[2], p[4]) < p[6]
               t := [op(t), 2]:
            fi:
            if min(p[1], p[3])>p[5] and p[5]>0 then
               t := [op(t), 3]:
            if min(p[2], p[4])>p[6] and p[6]>0 then
               t := [op(t), 4]:
            fi:
            if (((has(t, 1) or has(t, 3)) and p[1] <> p[3])
                 ((has(t, 2) or has(t, 4)) and p[2] <> p[4]))
              and p[1]*p[3]*p[5]=0
              and p[2]*p[4]*p[6]=0
            then
               count := count + 1:
               S1 := [op(S1), p];
               S2 := [op(S2), t];
              # print(p); print(t);
            fi:
        od:
    od:
  od:
  count;
```

8 (3)

```
> sym := {}:
  for j from 1 to nops(S1) do
      for i from 1 to nops(S1) do
           p1 := S1[j]: p2 := S1[i]:
            if p1[1]=p2[2] and p1[2]=p2[1] and
               p1[3]=p2[4] and p1[4]=p2[3] and
               p1[5]=p2[6] and p1[6]=p2[5] then
               sym := sym union {{j, i}}:
            fi:
      od:
  od:
> \#S3 := [seq(S1[op(1, t)], t in sym)]:
  \#S4 := [seq(S2[op(1, t)], t in sym)]:
  s3 := [1:
  S4 := []:
  for i from 1 to nops(sym) do
      if S2[sym[i][1]]=[1] then
             S3 := [op(S3), S1[sym[i][1]]]:
             S4 := [op(S4), S2[sym[i][1]]]:
      else
             S3 := [op(S3), S1[sym[i][2]]]:
             S4 := [op(S4), S2[sym[i][2]]]:
      fi:
  od:
  for i from 1 to nops(S3) do
           print(S3[i], S4[i]);
  od:
  sym2 := {} :
  for j from 1 to nops(S3) do
      for i from 1 to nops (S3) do
           p1 := S3[j]: p2 := S3[i]:
            if p1[1]=p2[3] and p1[2]=p2[4] and
               p1[3]=p2[1] and p1[4]=p2[2]
            then
               sym2 := sym2 union {{j, i}}:
            fi:
      od:
  od:
  nops (S3);
  #The 4 elements are listed in the third column of Table 3
  #For instance, the first element means [all, a21, b11, b21, a12,
  a22] = [0, 3, 1, 0, 2, 0]
                           [0, 3, 1, 0, 2, 0], [1]
                           [0, 3, 1, 1, 2, 0], [1]
                           [1, 2, 0, 0, 2, 0], [1]
                           [1, 2, 0, 1, 2, 0], [1]
                                  4
                                                                        (4)
> flag := [1$nops(S3)]:
  for i from 1 to nops(S3) do
            if has(S4[i], 1) and S3[i][6]=0
                and (S3[i][3]-S3[i][1])*(S3[i][4]-S3[i][2])<0 then
               flag[i] := 0:
```

```
fi:
         if has(S4[i], 2) and S3[i][5]=0
              and (S3[i][3]-S3[i][1])*(S3[i][4]-S3[i][2])<0 then
            flag[i] := 0:
         fi:
         if flag[i]=1 then
             print(S3[i], S4[i]);
         fi:
od:
#This is a program to check if \pi_{\sigma}^{-1}(\sigma)\cap C =
\emptyset in a simple way.
#These 2 elements are recored in the bold/colored cells. For
these elements, \pi {\sigma}^{-1}(\sigma)\cap C are non-empty.
                         [1, 2, 0, 0, 2, 0], [1]
                         [1, 2, 0, 1, 2, 0], [1]
                                                                     (5)
```