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## In-Class Problem

1. For the distribution of data shown in the graphs to the right, would you use linear or polynomial regression?

- For Question 2, assume we are trying to predict the variety of iris from only two features, petal length and petal width.

• Let:

$y$  = variety of iris

where:

$y(\text{Iris-setosa}) = 1$

$y(\text{Iris-versicolor}) = 2$

$y(\text{Iris-virginica}) = 3$

$x_1$  = petal length

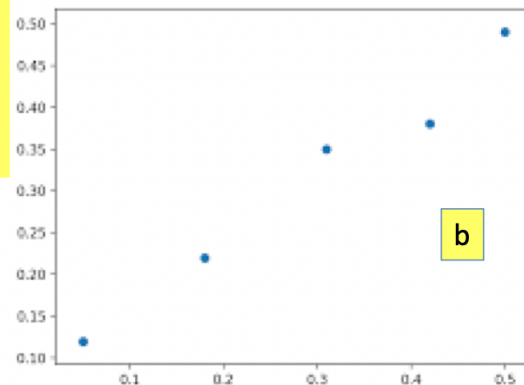
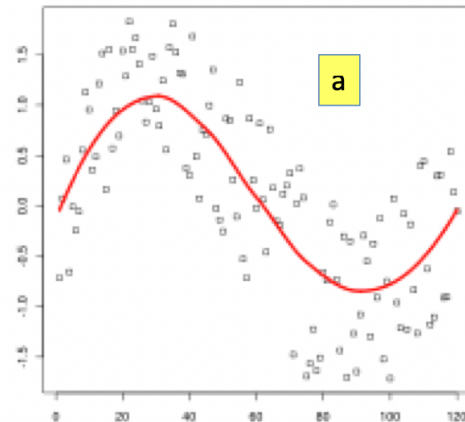
$x_2$  = petal width

2. Use this linear regression equation with  $B_0 = 0.2$ ,  $B_1 = 0.1$ , and  $B_2 = 0.05$  to predict the variety of an iris with a petal-length of 5.1 and a petal-width of 1.8.

$$y = B_0 + B_1x_1 + B_2x_2$$

Regression Classifiers

- You may work together.
- You may ask me or the SI for help.
- Turn in your problem when you are done:
- PDF submitted to BlackBoard before 11:59 PM
- You may leave when you are done.



David O. Johnson EECS 690 (Spring 2021)

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1. For the distribution of data shown in the graphs to the right, would you use linear or polynomial regression?
  - a. Using polynomial, because the relationship of data is not linear.
  - b. Using linear, because the relationship of data is linear.
2. Assume we are trying to predict the variety of iris from only two features, petal length and petal width. Using linear regression

equation to predict the variety of an iris with a petal-length of 5.1 and a petal-width of 1.8.

**$Y = 0.2 + 0.1*(x1) + 0.05*(x2)$  then plug in  $x1 = 5.1$  and  $x2 = 1.8$ ,  $y = 0.8$  which is less than 1 and should be rounded to 1 by the context. So the prediction is iris-setosa.**