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Simulating capital return and income growth to explore their impact on wealth inequality

Goals

Argued by the economist Thomas Piketty in his book *Capital in the Twenty-first Century*, the growth of income from capital (i.e. investments, property, etc.)¹ has been outpacing economic growth, leading to increased inequality. This report gather, simulate, and analyse data to test the validity of Piketty's theory and to understand the causes and implications of increasing inequality.

Methodology

To investigate this idea, we will create a simple model of the economy by assigning each individual(1000 in total) a per-timestep income, which will be randomly chosen a priori. We will then incorporate return on capital into the model by multiplying wealth by a growth factor every timestep. Additionally, we will normalize wealth every timestep to prevent unbounded growth.

To measure the results of our simulation, we will use the **Gini coefficient**, which measures the level of inequality in a society, and a **mobility measure**, which calculates the proportion of people who moved by more than one quintile.

We will run simulations with different ratios of return on capital to growth due to income (0.7 and 2) and compare the results to see if increasing the return on capital leads to higher inequality.

Result

Conclusion

¹In this study we simplify the situation by assuming capital to be the current wealth