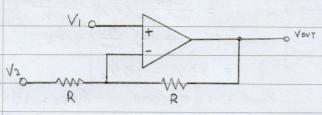
Esmund Lim

AE Tutorial 1

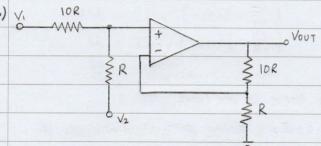
(a)

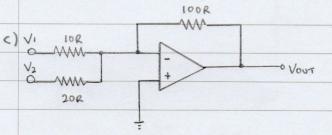


of
$$V_1 + \left(\frac{V_1}{R}R\right) + (-1)\frac{V_2}{R}R$$

$$= V_1 \left(1 + \frac{R}{R} \right) - V_2$$

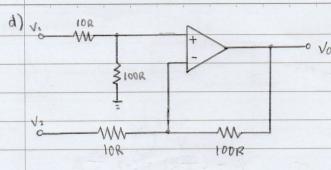
$$= 2V_1 - V_2$$





No.:

Date:

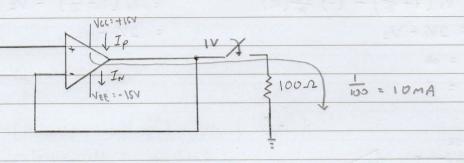


 $Vout = Vout | V_1 + Vout | V_2$ $= \frac{100R}{10R + 100R} (V_1) \left(\frac{100R + 10R}{10R} \right)$ $+ (-) \frac{V_2}{10R} (100R)$

= 10V, -10V2

 $Rin_{V_1} = 10R + 100R$ $Rin_{V_2} = 10R$

2a)



b) Ip = IN

I No current going in the input

2. output not going out current because there is no load

3. only current going in op-amp is Ip, going out is IN

When RL is connected

C) Additional power drawn

= 15V (10mA)

= 150mW

output power

P = IV X 10 mA

= 10mw

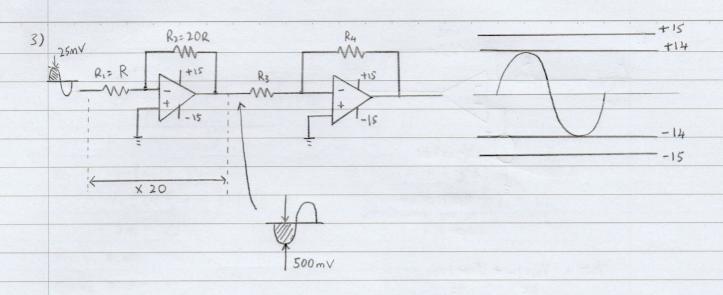
* efficiency poor

140 mw turns to heat energy

No.:

4)

Date:

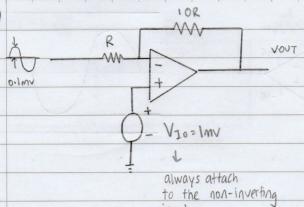


The maximum permissible gain of the second stage is 28

 $R_{1} = 0$ $R_{2} = 0$ $R_{3} = 0$ $V_{00T} = \frac{R_{5} + P_{M}}{Q_{4}} (V_{in})$ $V_{00T} = \frac{R_{5} + P_{M}}{Q_{4}}$

No.:	Date:

3)



=-
$$\left(0.1 \text{mV} \sin \omega t\right) \left(\frac{10 \text{R}}{\text{R}}\right) + \text{VIO.}\left(\frac{10 \text{R} + \text{R}}{\text{R}}\right)$$

= $-1 \text{mV} \sin \omega t + 1 \text{mV} \left(11\right)$
= $\left(-1 \sin \omega t + 11\right) \text{mV}$
ac dc

