

Assignment Day2 –SQL: Comprehensive practice

Answer following questions

1. What is a result set?

A ResultSet in SQL is a set of rows from a database, usually as the result of a query.

2. What is the difference between Union and Union All?

- a. Union remove all duplicate item, but Union All keeps.
- b. Union sort values in terms of first column
- c. Union cannot be used in recursive CTE, but Union All can.

3. What are the other Set Operators SQL Server has?

Union, Union ALL, Intersect, Except

4. What is the difference between Union and Join?

Union stacks the output of two similar queries in a vertically view, Join combines two or more tables' fields in a horizontal view as a result of one single query.

5. What is the difference between INNER JOIN and FULL JOIN?

Inner Join take the intersection of two table when condition gets matched. Full Join take the whole union of two table when condition is matched.

6. What is difference between left join and outer join

Left join is one of Outer Join.

7. What is cross join?

A cross join returns the Cartesian product of rows from the row sets in the join. In other words, it will combine each row from the first row set with each row from the second row set.

8. What is the difference between WHERE clause and HAVING clause?

WHERE works for individual item but HAVING works for a group of items and couples with the group as a whole entity.

9. Can there be multiple group by columns?

Yes.

Write queries for following scenarios

1-13 Answer written in: [SQLQueryAssignAnswer0922_2.sql](#)

1. How many products can you find in the Production.Product table?
2. Write a query that retrieves the number of products in the Production.Product table that are included in a subcategory. The rows that have NULL in column ProductSubcategoryID are considered to not be a part of any subcategory.
3. How many Products reside in each SubCategory? Write a query to display the results with the following titles.

ProductSubcategoryID CountedProducts

4. How many products that do not have a product subcategory.
5. Write a query to list the sum of products quantity in the Production.ProductInventory table.
6. Write a query to list the sum of products in the Production.ProductInventory table and LocationID set to 40 and limit the result to include just summarized quantities less than 100.

ProductID TheSum

7. Write a query to list the sum of products with the shelf information in the Production.ProductInventory table and LocationID set to 40 and limit the result to include just summarized quantities less than 100

Shelf ProductID TheSum

8. Write the query to list the average quantity for products where column LocationID has the value of 10 from the table Production.ProductInventory table.
9. Write query to see the average quantity of products by shelf from the table Production.ProductInventory

ProductID Shelf TheAvg

10. Write query to see the average quantity of products by shelf excluding rows that has the value of N/A in the column Shelf from the table Production.ProductInventory

ProductID Shelf TheAvg

11. List the members (rows) and average list price in the Production.Product table. This should be grouped independently over the Color and the Class column. Exclude the rows where Color or Class are null.

Color Class TheCount AvgPrice

Joins:

12. Write a query that lists the country and province names from person. CountryRegion and person. StateProvince tables. Join them and produce a result set similar to the following.

Country	Province
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13. Write a query that lists the country and province names from person. CountryRegion and person. StateProvince tables and list the countries filter them by Germany and Canada. Join them and produce a result set similar to the following.

Country	Province
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Using Northwnd Database: (Use aliases for all the Joins)

14-27 Answer written in: [SQLQueryAssignAnswer0922_3.sql](#)

14. List all Products that has been sold at least once in last 25 years.
15. List top 5 locations (Zip Code) where the products sold most.
16. List top 5 locations (Zip Code) where the products sold most in last 25 years.
17. List all city names and number of customers in that city.
18. List city names which have more than 2 customers, and number of customers in that city
19. List the names of customers who placed orders after 1/1/98 with order date.
20. List the names of all customers with most recent order dates
21. Display the names of all customers along with the count of products they bought
22. Display the customer ids who bought more than 100 Products with count of products.
23. List all of the possible ways that suppliers can ship their products. Display the results as below

Supplier Company Name	Shipping Company Name
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24. Display the products order each day. Show Order date and Product Name.
25. Displays pairs of employees who have the same job title.
26. Display all the Managers who have more than 2 employees reporting to them.
27. Display the customers and suppliers by city. The results should have the following columns

City
Name
Contact Name,
Type (Customer or Supplier)



GOOD LUCK.