

# ChessAce Module Interface Specification

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Date	Version	Notes
2018-11-9	1.0	MIS for implemented Modules

Table 1: **Revision History**

Date	Version	Notes
$\phi$	Null value	
$\parallel$	Concatenate	
$\cup$	Union	

Table 2: **Table of Symbol Definitions**

# Cell Module

## Module

Cell

## Uses

Piece

## Syntax

### Exported Types

Cell = ?

### Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
Cell	int, int, Piece	Cell	
setPiece	Piece		
removePiece			
getPiece		Piece	
getX		int	
getY		int	

## Semantics

### State Variables

$x$ : int  $y$ : int  $piece$ : Piece

### State Invariant

$0 \leq x \leq 7$

$0 \leq y \leq 7$

### Assumptions

The necessary constructor of Cell is called for each abstract Cell object before any access routine is called for Piece. The constructor cannot be called on an existing object.

## Access Routine Semantics

Cell( $s_0, s_1, p$ ):

- transition:  $x, y, piece := s_0, s_1, p$
- output:  $out := self$
- exception:  $\neg(0 \leq s_0 \leq 7) \wedge \neg(0 \leq s_1 \leq 7) \Rightarrow InvalidCellException$

setPiece( $p$ ):

- transition:  $piece = p$
- exception: none

removePiece():

- transition:  $piece := \phi$
- exception: none

getPiece():

- output:  $out := piece$
- exception: none

getX():

- output:  $out := x$
- exception: none

getY():

- output:  $out := y$
- exception: none

# Piece Module

## Module

Piece

## Uses

Cell

## Syntax

### Exported Types

Piece = ?

### Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
setMove			
isMoved		boolean	
setX	int		
setY	int		
getX		int	
getY		int	
setPath	String		
getPath		String	
setId	String		
getId		String	
setColor	int		
getColor		int	

## Semantics

### State Variables

*neverMoved*: bool

*color*: int

*Id*: String

*path*: String

*possiblemoves*: Sequence of Cell

*posMove* : abstract function  $x$ : int  
 $y$ : int

### State Invariant

$0 \leq x \leq 7$   
 $0 \leq y \leq 7$

### Assumptions

The necessary constructor of Cell is called for each abstract Cell object before any *posMove()* is called for any subclass of Piece.

### Access Routine Semantics

*setMove()*:

- transition: *neverMoved* := *false*
- exception: none

*isMoved()*:

- output: *out* := *neverMoved*
- exception: none

*setX(s)*:

- transition:  $x := s$
- exception: none

*setY(s)*:

- transition:  $y := s$
- exception: none

*getX()*:

- output: *out* :=  $x$
- exception: none

getY():

- output:  $out := y$
- exception: none

setPath(p):

- transition:  $path := p$
- exception: none

getPath():

- output:  $out := path$
- exception: none

setId(d):

- transition:  $Id := d$
- exception: none

getId():

- output:  $out := Id$
- exception: none

setColor(c):

- transition:  $color := c$
- exception: none

getColor():

- output:  $out := color$
- exception: none

# Bishop Module

## Template Module

Bishop

## Uses

Piece, Cell

## Syntax

### Exported Types

Bishop = ?

### Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
Bishop	String, String, int, int, int	Bishop	InvalidCellException
posMove	sequence of sequence of Cell	sequence of Cell	

## Semantics

### State Variables

none

### State Invariant

none

### Assumptions

none

### Access Routine Semantics

Bishop( $d, p, x0, y0, c$ ):

- transition:  $Id, path, x, y, color := d, p, x0, y0, c$
- output:  $out := self$



- exception:  $\neg(0 \leq x0 \leq 7) \wedge \neg(0 \leq y0 \leq 7) \Rightarrow InvalidCellException$

posMove(pos):

- output: Check for all cells of diagonal direction, if there has no other piece, add this cell to the posmove, if there has the other piece, stop adding new cell for this direction and return posmove.

*out* :=

$(i : \mathbb{N}, j : \mathbb{N} \mid x + 1 \leq i \leq 7 \wedge 0 \leq j \leq y - 1 \wedge$   
 $(|x - i| = |y - j|) \wedge (pos[i][j].getPiece() = \phi \vee pos[i][j].getColor() \neq this.getColor()) \wedge$   
 $(pos[i][j].getColor() = this.getColor() \Rightarrow \mathbf{break}) : pos[i][j])$

$\cup$

$(i : \mathbb{N}, j : \mathbb{N} \mid 0 \leq i \leq x - 1 \wedge y + 1 \leq j \leq 7 \wedge$   
 $(|x - i| = |y - j|) \wedge (pos[i][j].getPiece() = \phi \vee pos[i][j].getColor() \neq this.getColor()) \wedge$   
 $(pos[i][j].getColor() = this.getColor() \Rightarrow \mathbf{break}) : pos[i][j])$

$\cup$

$i : \mathbb{N}, j : \mathbb{N} \mid 0 \leq i \leq x - 1 \wedge 0 \leq j \leq y - 1 \wedge$   
 $(|x - i| = |y - j|) \wedge (pos[i][j].getPiece() = \phi \vee pos[i][j].getColor() \neq this.getColor()) \wedge$   
 $(pos[i][j].getColor() = this.getColor() \Rightarrow \mathbf{break}) : pos[i][j])$

$\cup$

$i : \mathbb{N}, j : \mathbb{N} \mid x + 1 \leq i \leq 7 \wedge y + 1 \leq j \leq 7 \wedge$   
 $(|x - i| = |y - j|) \wedge (pos[i][j].getPiece() = \phi \vee pos[i][j].getColor() \neq this.getColor()) \wedge$   
 $(pos[i][j].getColor() = this.getColor() \Rightarrow \mathbf{break}) : pos[i][j])$

- exception: none

## Knight Module

### Template Module

Knight

### Uses

Piece, Cell

### Syntax

#### Exported Types

Knight = ?

#### Exported Constants

X, Y := {2, 1, -1, -2, -2, -1, 1, 2}, {1, 2, 2, 1, -1, -2, -2, -1}

#### Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
Knight	String, String, int, int, int	Knight	InvalidCellException
posMove	sequence of sequence of Cell	sequence of Cell	

### Semantics

#### State Variables

none

#### State Invariant

none

#### Assumptions

none

## Access Routine Semantics

$\text{Knight}(d, p, x0, y0, c)$ :

- transition:  $Id, path, x, y, color := d, p, x0, y0, c$
- output:  $out := self$
- exception:  $\neg(0 \leq x0 \leq 7) \wedge \neg(0 \leq y0 \leq 7) \Rightarrow InvalidCellException$

$\text{posMove}(\text{pos})$ :

- output: Check for any of the closest squares that are not on the same rank, file or diagonal, if there has no other piece, add this cell to the posmove, if there has another piece, do not add this cell to the posmove. After done the checking, return the posmove.

$out := (i : \mathbb{N} \mid 0 \leq i \leq 7 \wedge (0 \leq X[i] + x \leq 7) \wedge (0 \leq Y[i] + y \leq 7) \wedge ((pos[X[i] + x][Y[i] + y].getPiece() = \phi) \vee (pos[X[i] + x][Y[i] + y].getColor() \neq this.getColor()))) \wedge (pos[X[i] + x][Y[i] + y].getColor() = this.getColor() \Rightarrow \text{break}) : pos[X[i] + x][Y[i] + y])$

- exception: none

## Pawn Module

## Template Module

Pawn

## Uses

Piece, Cell

## Syntax

### Exported Types

Pawn = ?

### Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
Pawn	String, String, int, int, int	Pawn	InvalidCellException
posMove	sequence of sequence of Cell	sequence of Cell	

## Semantics

### State Variables

*promoPossible*: bool

### State Invariant

none

### Assumptions

none

### Access Routine Semantics

Pawn(*d, p, x0, y0, c*):

- transition: *Id, path, x, y, color, promoPossible* := *d, p, x0, y0, c, false*
- output: *out* := *self*

- exception:  $\neg(0 \leq x0 \leq 7) \wedge \neg(0 \leq y0 \leq 7) \Rightarrow InvalidCellException$

posMove(pos):

- transition:Set promoPossible to true if the pawn reaches the other end of the board.  
 $(this.getColor() = 1 \Rightarrow (this.x = 0) \Rightarrow (promoPossible := true)) \wedge$   
 $(this.getColor() = 0 \Rightarrow (this.x = 7) \Rightarrow (promoPossible := true))$

- output: Pawn only moves one step except the first step, for the first step it may move one or two steps, check if it is the first step, if true add two cells to pos move, if false add one cell to the posmove.

Pawn can only move in a diagonal when it is attacking a piece of opposite color. Check if there exists enemy piece on the diagonal cell, if true call elimination, if false, do not add this cell to the posmove.

out :=  $(this.getColor() = 1 \Rightarrow$   
 $\{pos[x-1][y].getPiece() = \phi : pos[x+1][y],$

$(pos[x-1][y].getPiece() = \phi \wedge x = 6 \wedge pos[4][y].getPiece() = \phi) : pos[4][y],$

$(y > 0) \wedge (pos[x-1][y-1].getPiece() \neq \phi) \wedge (pos[x-1][y-1].getPiece().getColor() \neq$   
 $this.getColor()) : pos[x-1][y-1],$

$(y < 7) \wedge (pos[x-1][y+1].getPiece() \neq \phi) \wedge (pos[x-1][y+1].getPiece().getColor() \neq$   
 $this.getColor()) : pos[x-1][y+1] : pos[x-1][y+1]\}$

$\wedge$

$(this.getColor() = 0 \Rightarrow$   
 $\{pos[x+1][y].getPiece() = \phi : pos[x-1][y],$

$(pos[x+1][y].getPiece() = \phi \wedge x = 1 \wedge pos[3][y].getPiece() = \phi) : pos[3][y],$

$(y > 0) \wedge (pos[x+1][y-1].getPiece() \neq \phi) \wedge (pos[x+1][y-1].getPiece().getColor() \neq$   
 $this.getColor()) : pos[x+1][y-1],$

$(y < 7) \wedge (pos[x+1][y+1].getPiece() \neq \phi) \wedge (pos[x+1][y+1].getPiece().getColor() \neq$   
 $this.getColor()) : pos[x+1][y+1] : pos[x+1][y+1]\}$

- exception: none

## Rook Module

### Template Module

Rook

### Uses

Piece, Cell

### Syntax

#### Exported Types

Rook = ?

#### Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
Rook	String, String, int, int, int	Rook	InvalidCellException
posMove	sequence of sequence of Cell	sequence of Cell	

### Semantics

#### State Variables

none

#### State Invariant

none

#### Assumptions

none

#### Access Routine Semantics

Rook( $d, p, x0, y0, c$ ):

- transition:  $Id, path, x, y, color, neverMoved := d, p, x0, y0, c, true$
- output:  $out := self$

- exception:  $\neg(0 \leq x0 \leq 7) \wedge \neg(0 \leq y0 \leq 7) \Rightarrow \text{InvalidCellException}$

posMove(pos):

- output: Basic Movement, rook can be move or attack cells one unit beside him in any directions. Check cells of all directions, if there has no other piece, add this cell to the posmove, if there exists other piece, stop adding new posmove from this direction. After checking all cells, return the posmove.

$$\begin{aligned}
& out := (i : \mathbb{N} \mid x + 1 \leq i \leq 7 \wedge \\
& (pos[i][y].getPiece() = \phi \vee pos[i][y].getColor() \neq this.getColor()) \wedge (pos[i][y].getColor() = \\
& this.getColor() \Rightarrow \mathbf{break}) : pos[i][y]) \\
& \cup \\
& (i : \mathbb{N} \mid 0 \leq i \leq x - 1 \wedge \\
& (pos[i][y].getPiece() = \phi \vee pos[i][y].getColor() \neq this.getColor()) \wedge (pos[i][y].getColor() = \\
& this.getColor() \Rightarrow \mathbf{break}) : pos[i][y]) \\
& \cup \\
& (i : \mathbb{N} \mid 0 \leq j \leq y - 1 \wedge \\
& (pos[x][j].getPiece() = \phi \vee pos[x][j].getColor() \neq this.getColor()) \wedge (pos[x][j].getColor() = \\
& this.getColor() \Rightarrow \mathbf{break}) : pos[x][j]) \\
& \cup \\
& (i : \mathbb{N} \mid y + 1 \leq j \leq 7 \wedge \\
& (pos[x][j].getPiece() = \phi \vee pos[x][j].getColor() \neq this.getColor()) \wedge (pos[x][j].getColor() = \\
& this.getColor() \Rightarrow \mathbf{break}) : pos[x][j])
\end{aligned}$$

- exception: none



# Queen Module

## Template Module

Queen

## Uses

Piece, Cell

## Syntax

### Exported Types

Queen = ?

### Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
Queen	String, String, int, int, int	Queen	InvalidCellException
posMove	sequence of sequence of Cell	sequence of Cell	

## Semantics

### State Variables

none

### State Invariant

none

### Assumptions

none

### Access Routine Semantics

Queen( $d, p, x0, y0, c$ ):

- transition:  $Id, path, x, y, color := d, p, x0, y0, c$
- output:  $out := self$

- exception:  $\neg(0 \leq x0 \leq 7) \wedge \neg(0 \leq y0 \leq 7) \Rightarrow InvalidCellException$

posMove(pos):

- output: Queen can move horizontally, vertically and diagonally for any cell only other piece block its way. Check for these direction, if there has no other piece exist, add this cell to the posmove, if there has other piece exist, stop adding new cell from this direction. After checking all cells, return the posmove.

*out* :=

Rook.posMove(pos)  $\cup$  Bishop.posMove(pos)

# King Module

## Template Module

King

## Uses

Piece, Cell

## Syntax

### Exported Types

King = ?

### Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
King	String, String, int, int, int	King	InvalidCellException
posMove	sequence of sequence of Cell	sequence of Cell	
isKingInDanger	sequence of sequence of Cell	bool	

## Semantics

### State Variables

*notCheckmated*: bool

### State Invariant

none

### Assumptions

none

### Access Routine Semantics

King(*d*, *p*, *x0*, *y0*, *c*):

- transition: *Id*, *path*, *x*, *y*, *color*, *never Moved*, *notCheckmated* := *d*, *p*, *x0*, *y0*, *c*, *true*, *true*

- output:  $out := self$
- exception:  $\neg(0 \leq x0 \leq 7) \wedge \neg(0 \leq y0 \leq 7) \Rightarrow InvalidCellException$

posMove(pos):

- output: Check the 8 Cells around King is valid for moving, and also check the two cells for castling are valid or not.

$out :=$   
 $(i : \mathbb{N} \mid (-1 \leq i \leq 1) \wedge (-1 \leq j \leq 1) \wedge (0 \leq i + x \leq 7) \wedge (0 \leq j + y \leq 7) \wedge (pos[x + i][y + j].getPiece() = \phi \vee pos[x + i][y + j].getPiece().getColor() \neq this.getColor())) : pos[x + i][y + j])$

$\cup$

$(neverMoved \wedge notCheckmated) \Rightarrow ($   
 $(i : \mathbb{N} \mid i \in \{1, 2\} \wedge pos[this.x][this.y + i].getPiece() \neq \phi : pos[this.x][this.y + 2])$

$\cup$

$(j : \mathbb{N} \mid i \in \{1, 2, 3\} \wedge pos[this.x][this.y - j].getPiece() \neq \phi : pos[this.x][this.y - 2]))$

- exception: none

isKingInDanger(pos):

- output: check if cell is in the attack range of other hostile piece's attack range based on different piece types.

$out :=$   
 $\exists(r : Rook \mid r \in Rook(x, y).posMove(pos) \wedge r.color \neq color)$   
 $\vee$   
 $\exists(n : Knight \mid n \in Knight(x, y).posMove(pos) \wedge n.color \neq color)$   
 $\vee$   
 $\exists(k : King \mid k \in King(x, y).posMove(pos) \wedge k.color \neq color)$   
 $\vee$   
 $\exists(b : Bishop \mid b \in Bishop(x, y).posMove(pos) \wedge b.color \neq color)$   
 $\vee$   
 $\exists(q : Queen \mid q \in Queen(x, y).posMove(pos) \wedge q.color \neq color)$

$$\vee \\ \exists(p : Pawn \mid p \in Pawn(x, y).posMove(pos) \wedge p.color \neq color)$$

- exception: none

# Main Module

## Main Module

Main

## Uses

Piece, Cell, Rook, Pawn, Knight, King, Queen, Bishop

## Syntax

### Exported Types

Main = ?

### Exported Constants

### Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
Initial			
move	Cell, Cell		
isCastling	Cell, Cell	int	
retrieveKing	int	King	
transform	Cell		
checkmate	int, Cell	boolean	
filterDestination	Piece, sequence of Cell		
operation	int, int		WrongPlayerException, DuplicateCellException

## Semantics

### State Variables

*pos*: sequence of sequence of Cell

*isCheckmate*: bool

*pre*: Cell

*cur*: Cell

*player*: int

## State Invariant

## Assumptions

## Access Routine Semantics

Initial():

- transition: set up the chess board based on the basic rule.

$$\begin{aligned} Black, White &:= \{Rook, Knight, Bishop, Queen, King, Bishop, Knight, Rook\}_{black}, \\ &\quad \{Rook, Knight, Bishop, Queen, King, Bishop, Knight, Rook\}_{white} \\ \forall(i : \mathbb{N} \mid 0 \leq i \leq 7 : board[1][i] &= Pawn_{black} \wedge board[6][i] = Pawn_{white} \wedge board[0][i] = \\ Black[i] \wedge board[7][i] &= White[i]) \end{aligned}$$

- output:  $out := self$
- exception: none

move( $a, b$ ):

- transition:  $b.piece := a.piece \Rightarrow b.piece.x, b.piece.y := b.x, b.y$
- exception: none

Castling( $k, kt, r, rt$ )

- transition:  $move(k, kt) \wedge move(r, rt)$
- exception: none

isCastling( $p, c$ ):

- out: Check if  $p$  is an instance of King and never moved before. If so, depends on the direction it is moving to, it shall check whether the corresponding rook has been moved before or not. Depends on the direction it is moving to, it shall return different numerical value after all verification passes.

$$\begin{aligned} &(p \in King \wedge \neg(p.getPiece().isMoved())) \Rightarrow \\ &((p.y - c.y = 2 \wedge pos[c.x][c.y - 2].getPiece() \in Rook \wedge \neg((pos[c.getX()][c.getY() - 2].getPiece().isMoved())))) \Rightarrow 0 \\ &\wedge \\ &(p.y - c.y = -2 \wedge pos[c.x][c.y + 1].getPiece() \in Rook \wedge \neg((pos[c.getX()][c.getY() + 1].getPiece().isMoved())))) \Rightarrow 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \wedge \\
& ((p.y - c.y) \notin \{2, -2\}) \Rightarrow -1 \\
& \wedge \\
& \neg(p \in King \wedge \neg(p.getPiece().isMoved())) \Rightarrow -1
\end{aligned}$$

- exception: none

retrieveKing(c):

- out:  $((c = 1) \Rightarrow King_{white}) \wedge ((c = -1) \Rightarrow King_{Black}) \wedge c \notin \{1, -1\} \Rightarrow \phi$
- exception: none

transform(c):

- transition: Check if the pawn's next move will reach the other end of the board. If so, transform the pawn to queen with the same color after the movement.

$$\begin{aligned}
c.getPiece().getColor() = 1 & \Rightarrow c.setPiece(Queen_{white}) \wedge c.getPiece().getColor() = \\
-1 & \Rightarrow c.setPiece(Queen_{Black})
\end{aligned}$$

- exception:  $exc := (c \notin \{1, -1\} \Rightarrow \text{NullTransnformException})$

checkmate(c, A):

- output: Check if all move in King's posMove list are valid, and check if any friendly piece can eliminate the piece that cause the stalemate.

$$\begin{aligned}
out & := \forall(i, k : Cell, King | i \in retrieveKing(c).posMove() : move(retrieveKing(c).Cell, i) \\
& \Rightarrow i.King.isKingInDanger(pos))
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \wedge \\
& \neg(\exists(p : Piece | p.getColor() = retrieveKing(c).getColor() : A \in p.posMove()))
\end{aligned}$$

- exception: none

filterDestination(p, a):

- output: If p is an instance of King, keep the move in posMove list that will not cause a stalemate. If p is not an instance of King, keep the move in posMove list that will not cause friendly king to be in stalemate.

$$p \in King \Rightarrow (i : Cell | i \in p.posMove() \wedge \neg(move(p.Cell, i))$$



$$\begin{aligned}
&\Rightarrow p.isKingInDanger() : i) \\
&\wedge \\
&p \notin King \Rightarrow (i : Cell | i \in p.posMove() \wedge \neg(move(p.Cell, i) \\
&\Rightarrow retrieveKing(p.color).isKingInDanger()) : i)
\end{aligned}$$

operation(a, b):

- transition: check if the cur is empty or contains hostile piece respect to the pre cell. If so, check if the current cell is a valid move respect to the pre cell piece. Depends on the position and type of the piece, identify movement and transform possibility.

King: castling and normal movement, and set to move after movement.

Pawn: auto transform when reach the other end and normal movement.

Rook: set to moved after movement.

Other: normal movement

all normal movement just call move() check the stalemate status on the hostile king and remove self stalemate status. switch side.

- exception:  $(pre = \phi \wedge pos[a][b] \neq \phi \wedge pos[a][b].color \neq player) \Rightarrow WrongPlayerException$
- exception:  $(pre.x = a \wedge pre.y = b) \Rightarrow DuplicateCellException$