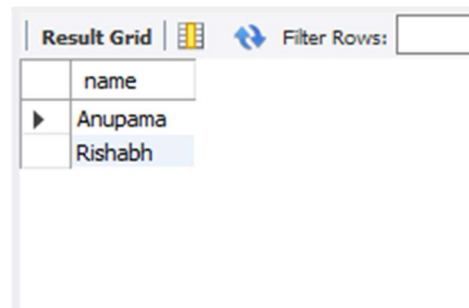


Case Study: Swiggy's Restaurant Performance Analysis

- Swiggy manages 5 restaurants, and all analyses focus on these restaurants' operations and performance.
- Key metrics include identifying top-performing restaurants, analyzing monthly sales, customer preferences, and loyalty trends.
- The database comprises 6 tables, enabling detailed insights into orders, customers, food items, and revenue metrics.
- Each query is designed to drive strategic decisions and optimize restaurant performance.

1. FIND CUSTOMERS WHO HAVE NEVER ORDERED

```
SELECT name  
FROM users  
WHERE user_id NOT IN (SELECT user_id FROM orders);
```

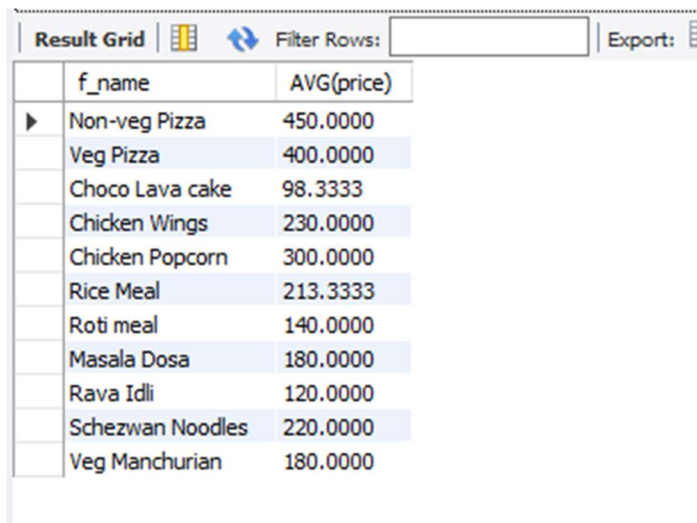


The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' interface with a 'Filter Rows' input field. The table contains two columns: 'name' and a list of names: Anupama and Rishabh.

	name
▶	Anupama
	Rishabh

2. AVERAGE PRICE PER DISH

```
SELECT f.f_name, AVG(price)  
FROM menu m  
JOIN food f ON f.f_id = m.f_id  
GROUP BY m.f_id;
```



The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' interface with a 'Filter Rows' input field and an 'Export' button. The table has two columns: 'f_name' and 'AVG(price)'. It lists various food items and their average prices.

	f_name	AVG(price)
▶	Non-veg Pizza	450.0000
	Veg Pizza	400.0000
	Choco Lava cake	98.3333
	Chicken Wings	230.0000
	Chicken Popcorn	300.0000
	Rice Meal	213.3333
	Roti meal	140.0000
	Masala Dosa	180.0000
	Rava Idli	120.0000
	Schezwan Noodles	220.0000
	Veg Manchurian	180.0000

3. FIND TOP RESTAURANT IN TERMS OF NUMBER OF ORDERS FOR A GIVEN MONTH (Lets say July)

```
SELECT r.r_name, COUNT(*) AS 'number_of_orders'
```

```
FROM orders o
```

```
JOIN restaurants r
```

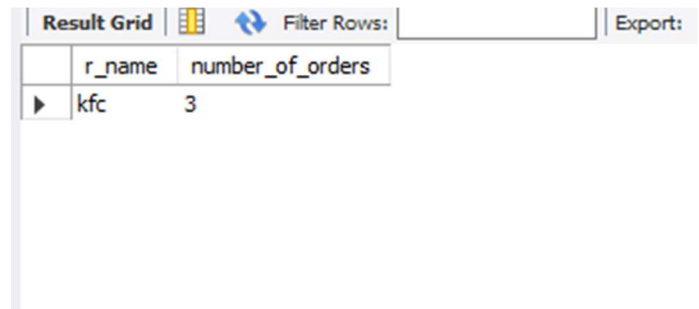
```
ON o.r_id = r.r_id
```

```
WHERE MONTHNAME(date) LIKE 'July'
```

```
GROUP BY o.r_id
```

```
ORDER BY COUNT(*) DESC
```

```
LIMIT 1;
```



The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' window with a table containing two columns: 'r_name' and 'number_of_orders'. The first row shows 'kfc' with a value of 3. The window also includes a 'Filter Rows' field and an 'Export' button.

	r_name	number_of_orders
▶	kfc	3

4. RESTAURANTS WITH MONTHLY SALES > x (Lets say 500)

```
SELECT r.r_name, SUM(amount) AS 'revenue'
```

```
FROM orders o
```

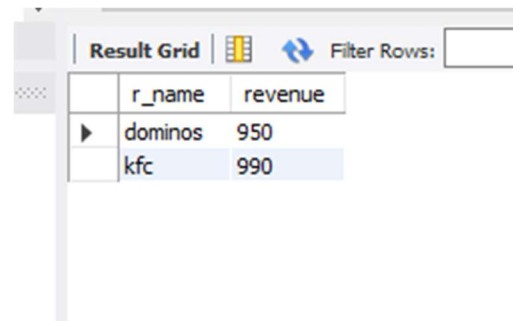
```
JOIN restaurants r
```

```
ON o.r_id = r.r_id
```

```
WHERE MONTHNAME(date) LIKE 'JUNE'
```

```
GROUP BY o.r_id
```

```
HAVING revenue>500;
```



The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' window with a table containing two columns: 'r_name' and 'revenue'. The first row shows 'dominos' with a value of 950, and the second row shows 'kfc' with a value of 990. The window also includes a 'Filter Rows' field and an 'Export' button.

	r_name	revenue
▶	dominos	950
	kfc	990

5. SHOW ALL ORDERS WITH ORDER DETAILS FOR A PARTICULAR CUSTOMER IN A PARTICULAR DATE RANGE

```
SELECT o.order_id, r.r_name, f.f_name
FROM orders o
JOIN restaurants r ON r.r_id = o.r_id
JOIN order_details od ON o.order_id = od.order_id
JOIN food f ON f.f_id = od.f_id
WHERE user_id = (SELECT user_id FROM users WHERE name LIKE 'Neha')
AND (date > '2022-06-10' AND date < '2022-07-10');
```

Result Grid				Filter Rows:
	order_id	r_name	f_name	
▶	1021	dominos	Non-veg Pizza	
	1021	dominos	Choco Lava cake	
	1022	dominos	Non-veg Pizza	
	1022	dominos	Choco Lava cake	

6. FIND RESTAURANTS WITH MAX REPEATED CUSTOMERS

```
SELECT r.r_name, COUNT(*) AS 'loyal_customers'
FROM (
    SELECT r_id, user_id, COUNT(*) AS 'visits'
    FROM orders
    GROUP BY r_id, user_id
    HAVING visits > 1
) t
JOIN restaurants r
ON r.r_id = t.r_id
GROUP BY t.r_id
ORDER BY loyal_customers DESC LIMIT 1;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	r_name	loyal_customers	
▶	kfc	2	

7. MONTH OVER MONTH REVENUE GROWTH OF SWIGGY

```
SELECT month, ((revenue-prev)/prev)*100 FROM
```

```
(
```

```
WITH sales AS
```

```
(
```

```
SELECT MONTHNAME(date) AS 'month', SUM(amount) AS 'revenue'
```

```
FROM orders
```

```
GROUP BY month
```

```
ORDER BY MONTH(date)
```

```
)
```

```
SELECT month, revenue, LAG(revenue,1) OVER(ORDER BY revenue) AS prev FROM sales
```

```
) t
```


Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:
	month	((revenue-prev)/prev)*100	
▶	May	NULL	
	June	32.7835	
	July	50.4658	


8. CUSTOMER --> FAVOURITE FOOD

WITH temp AS

```
(  
    SELECT o.user_id, od.f_id, COUNT(*) AS 'frequency'  
  
    FROM orders o  
  
    JOIN order_details od  
  
    ON o.order_id = od.order_id  
  
    GROUP BY o.user_id, od.f_id  
  
)  
  
SELECT u.name, f.f_name, t1.frequency  
  
FROM temp t1  
  
JOIN users u  
  
ON u.user_id = t1.user_id  
  
JOIN food f  
  
ON f.f_id = t1.f_id  
  
WHERE t1.frequency =  
  
    (SELECT MAX(frequency)  
  
    FROM temp t2  
  
    WHERE t2.user_id = t1.user_id  
  
);
```

Result Grid


Filter Rows:

Export:


	name	f_name	frequency
▶	Nitish	Choco Lava cake	5
	Khushboo	Choco Lava cake	3
	Neha	Choco Lava cake	5
	Vartika	Chicken Wings	3
	Ankit	Schezwan Noodles	3
	Ankit	Veg Manchurian	3