





by Nikita Zhavoronkov <nikzh@nikzh.com> March 24th, 2018 Tokyo, Japan

TECHNICAL DIFFERENCES

			Results in
Block size limit	I MB (4 MWU)	32 MB (8 MB soft limit)	Transaction throughput is larger for Bitcoin Cash, different use cases
Difficulty adjustment	Once in 2016 blocks	Each block	Different security models and emission curves
Segregated Witness support	Yes	No	Malleability fix for Bitcoin

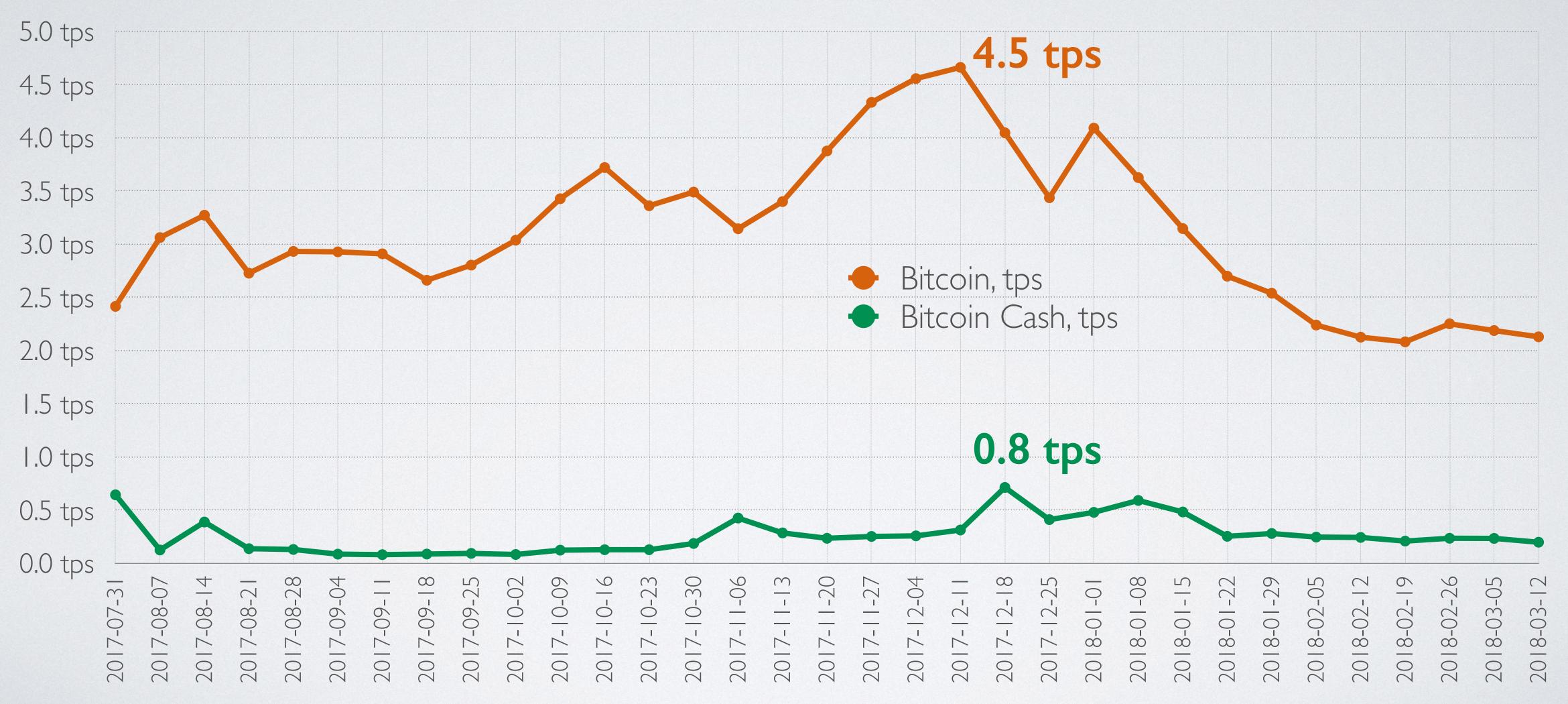
TRANSACTIONTHROUGHPUT

- The average input count for transactions with 2 outputs (the most common option for ordinary users) is 2 that is 386 bytes of data;
- That means I MB of block data can include only 2.600 transactions;
- Given that blocks are issued once in 10 minutes, 1 MB limits us to 4.33 transactions per second.

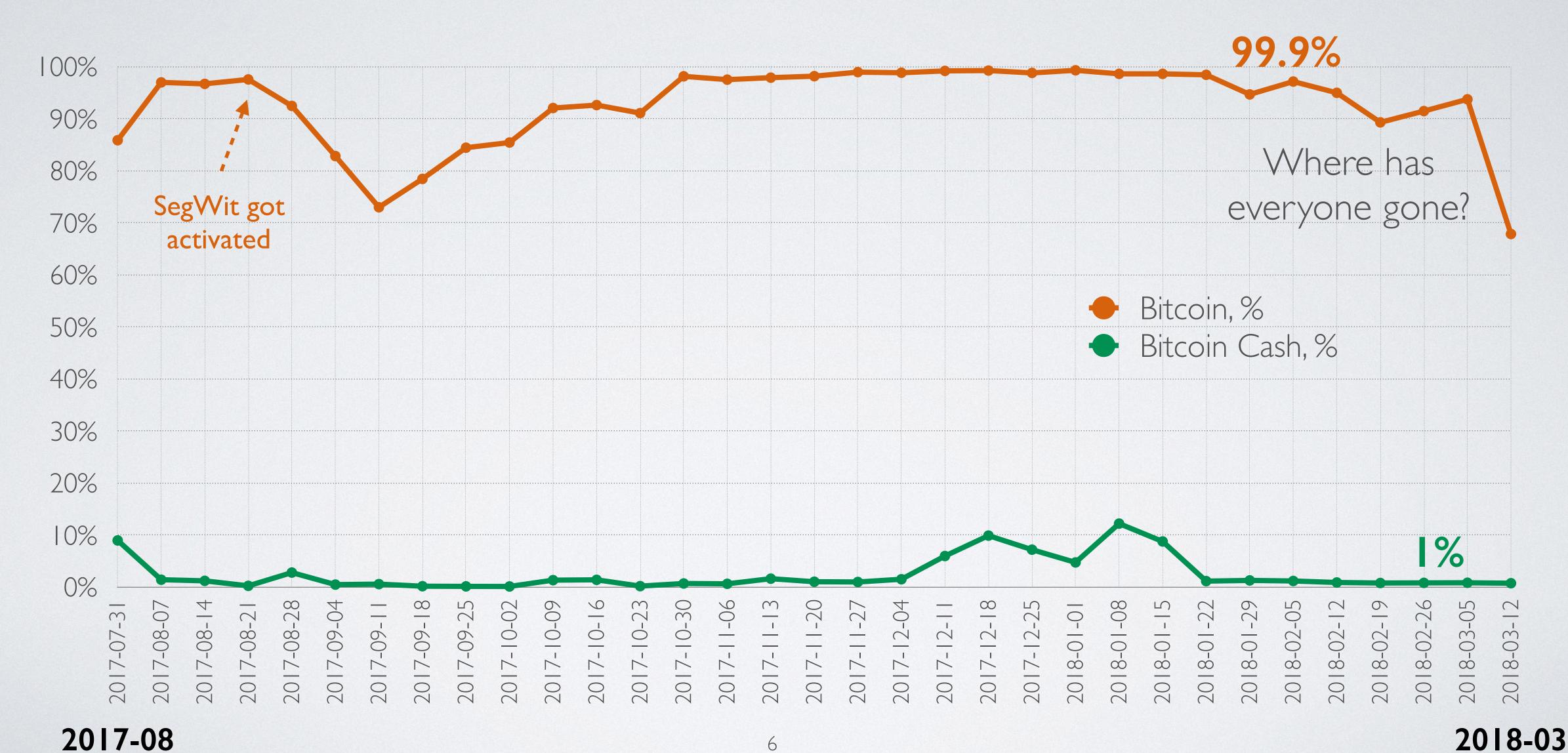
TRANSACTIONTHROUGHPUT

	Throughput	Required storage
I MB blocks	4½ tps	144 MB per day
8 MB blocks	34% tps	I.I GB per day
32 MB blocks	138¾ tps	4.6 GB per day
VISA	24.000 tps (peak)	N/A
5.5 GB blocks	24.000 tps	792 GB per day

PRACTICALTHROUGHPUT



BLOCKCHAIN SATURATION



TRANSACTIONTHROUGHPUT

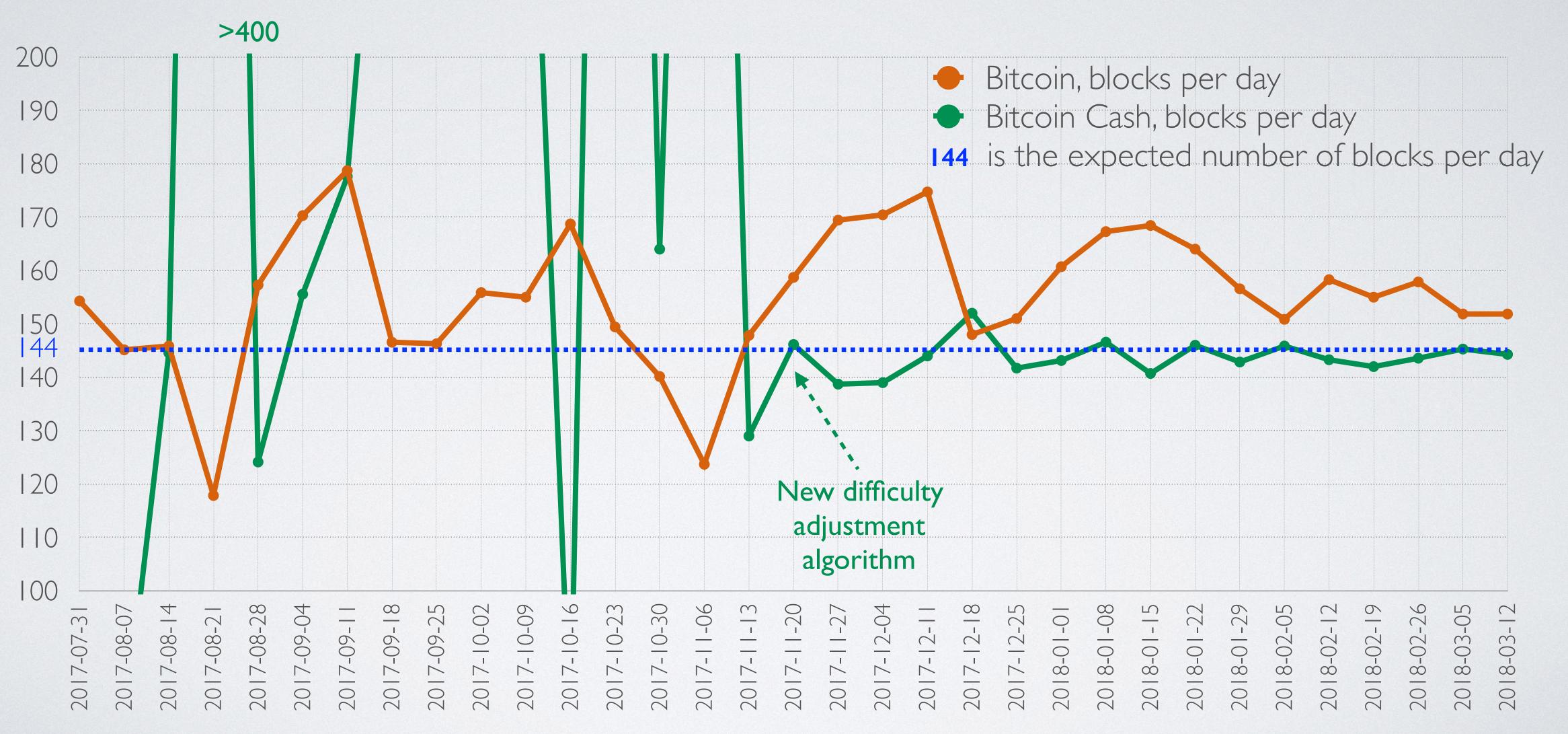
Two remarks:

- Difficulty adjustment algorithm affects the average time between blocks, thus the throughput;
- SegWit replaced I MB block size limit with 4 MWU (weight unit) block weight limit.

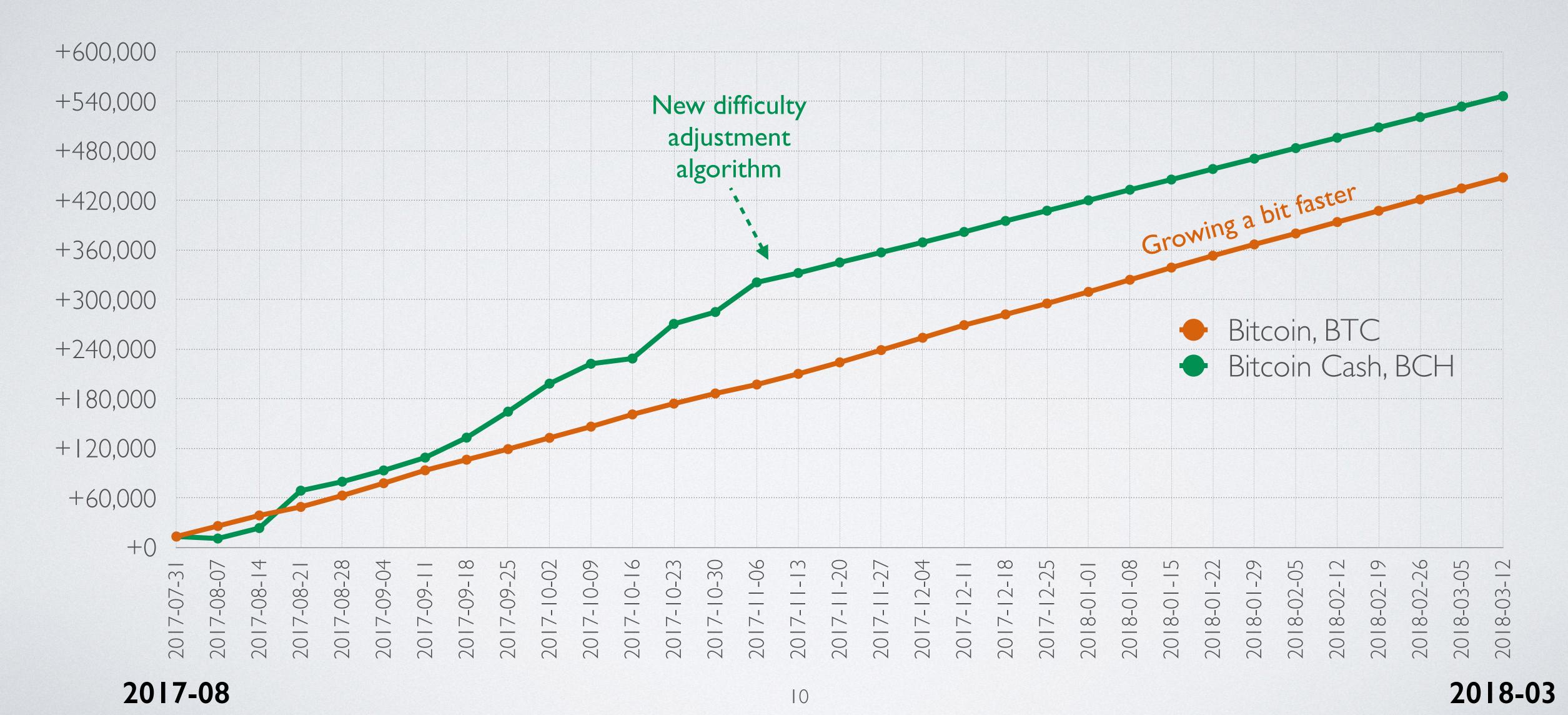
BITCOIN ENJOYS ADDITIONAL SPACE

- Because the hashrate in Bitcoin is constantly increasing, and the difficulty readjusts only once in 2016 blocks (~2 weeks), Bitcoin miners find blocks more frequently than the target 10 minutes;
- That leads to the fact that the 'real' tps limit is ~20% more than theoretical. So far the Bitcoin blockchain has been increasing not for I MB each 10 minutes, but for 1.2 MB.

BLOCK COUNT



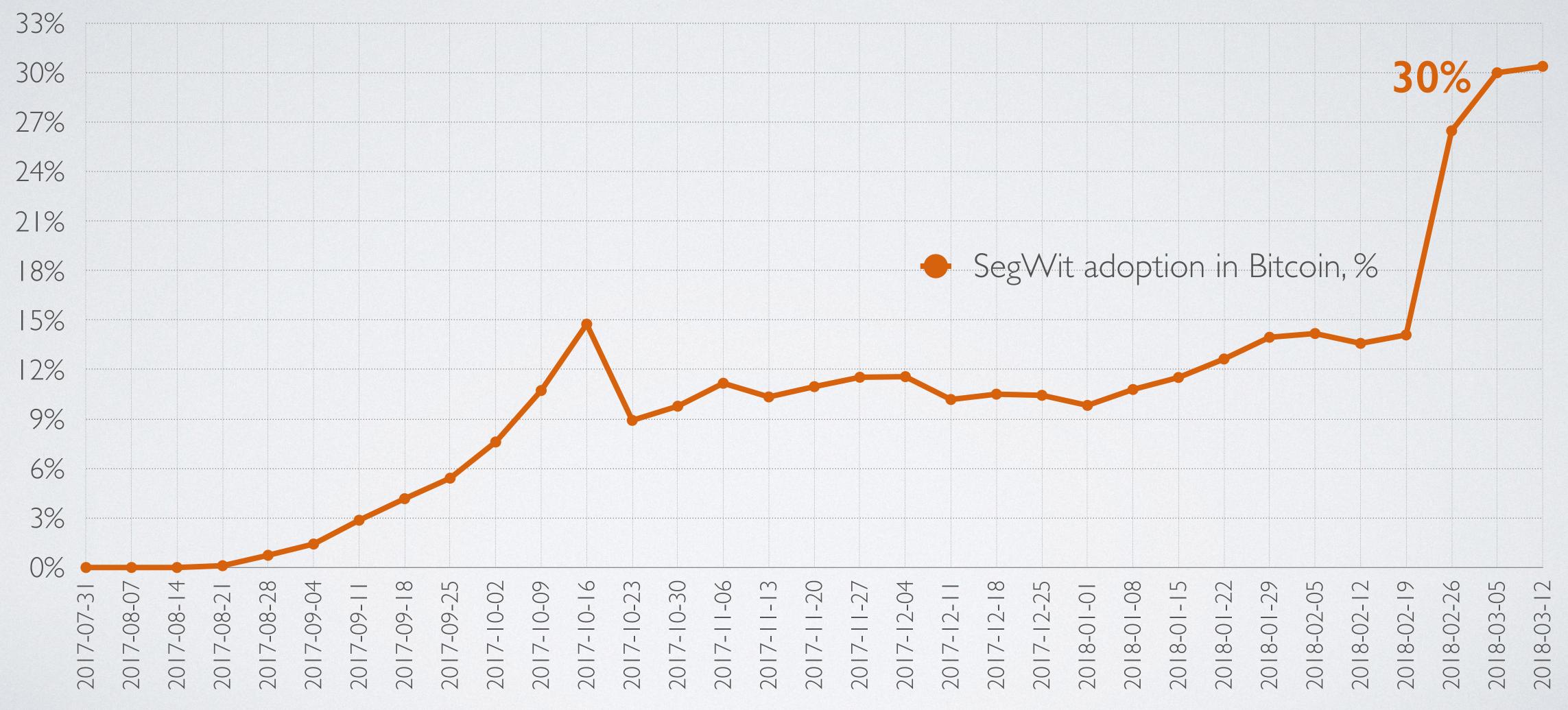
EMISSION CURVE



BITCOIN ENJOYS ADDITIONAL SPACE

- But there is a reverse side to the coin...
- Hashrate may decrease (e.g. due to a huge price drop), leading to the decrease of throughput;
- Plausible scenario is a downwards spiral: price drops hashrate drops
 — throughput decreases until the next readjustment in 2 weeks fees
 skyrocket markets panic ("my transaction to the exchange is stuck,
 they're robbing me!") price drops even more ...

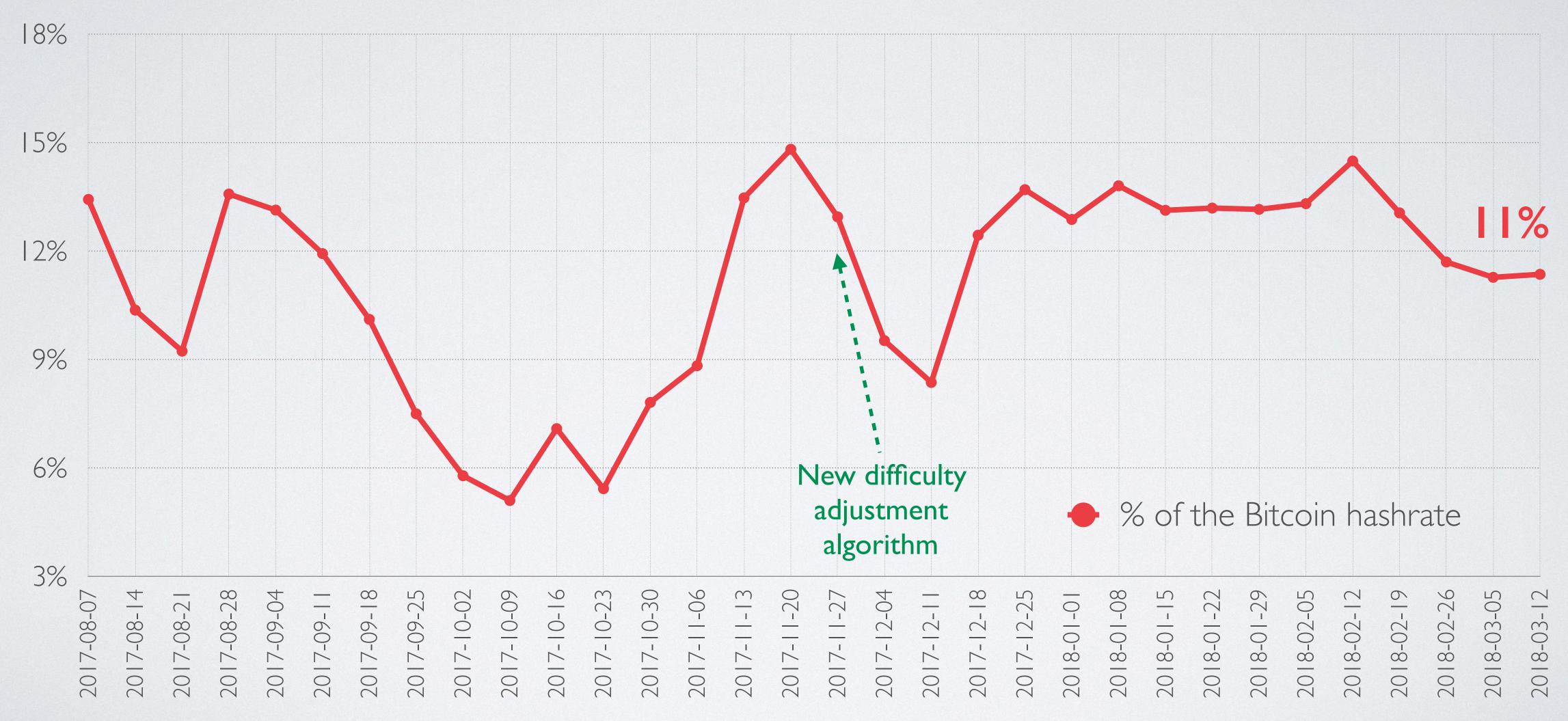
SEGREGATED WITNESS USAGE



LET'S GET BACKTO DIFFICULTY

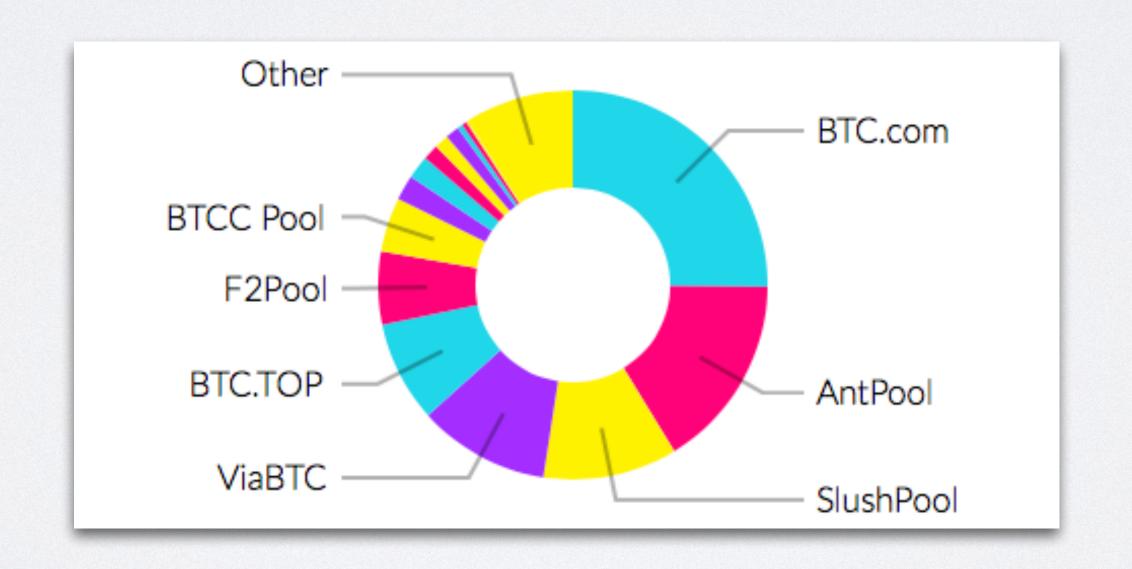
- Ok, everyone knows that Bitcoin's hashrate is much higher than that of Bitcoin Cash;
- That leaves Bitcoin Cash open to a hypothetical 51% attack from Bitcoin miners. Let's see what % of the current Bitcoin miners is needed to attack Bitcoin Cash.

% OF BITCOIN MINERS NEEDED TO 51%-ATTACK BITCOIN CASH

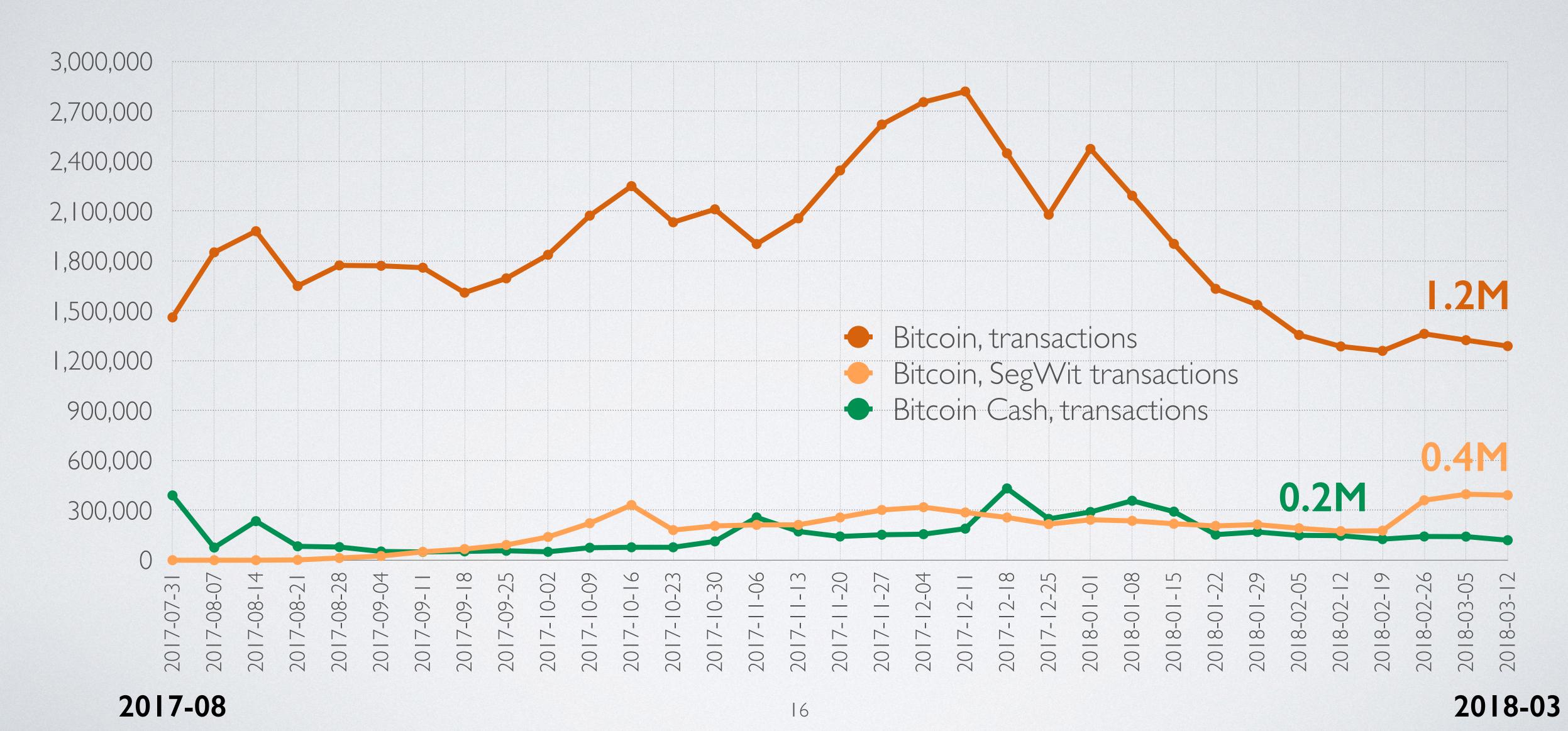


% OF BITCOIN MINERS NEEDED TO 51%-ATTACK BITCOIN CASH

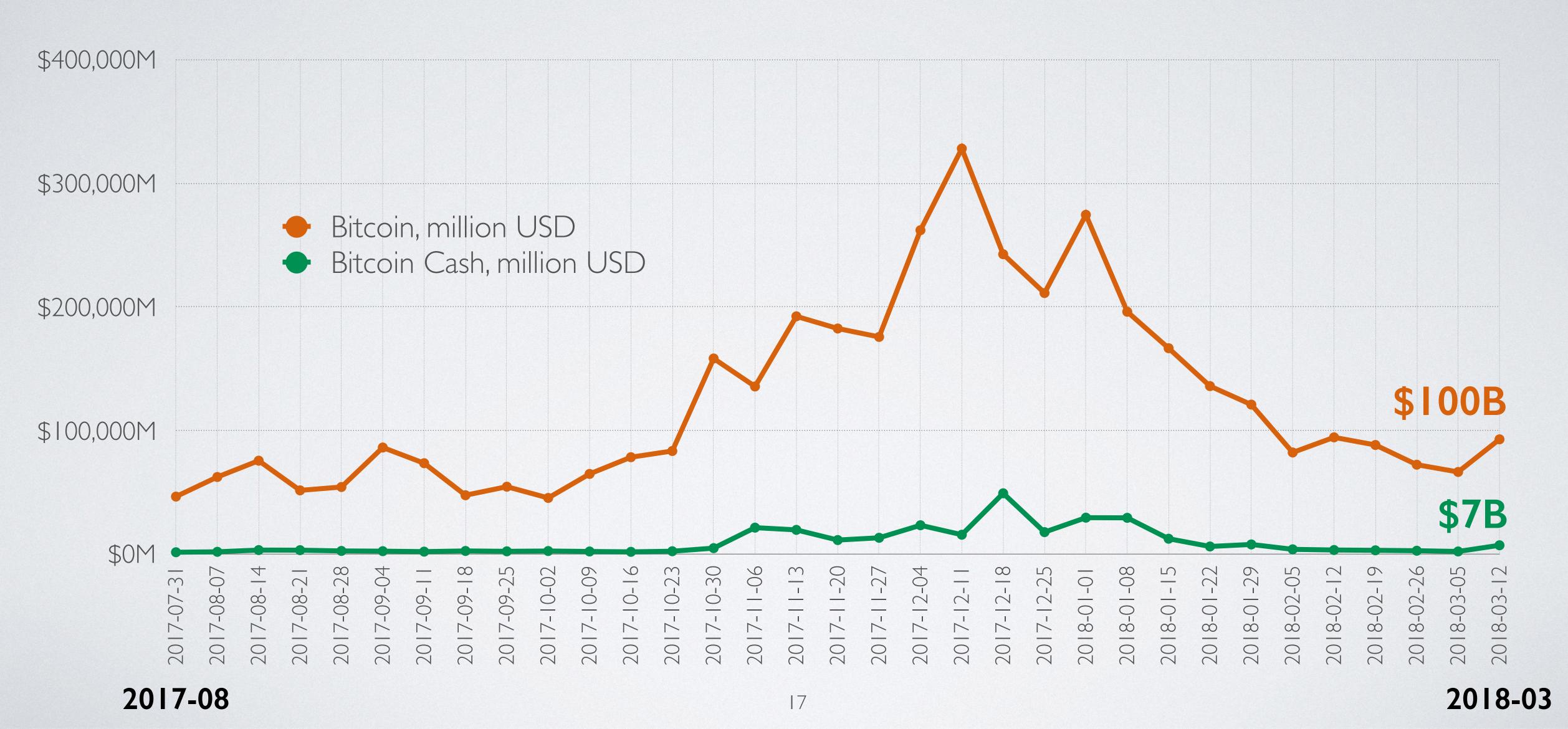
• 4 Bitcoin mining pools have at least 11% of the entire hashrate each: BTC.com (25%), AntPool (16%), SlushPool (12%), ViaBTC (11%)



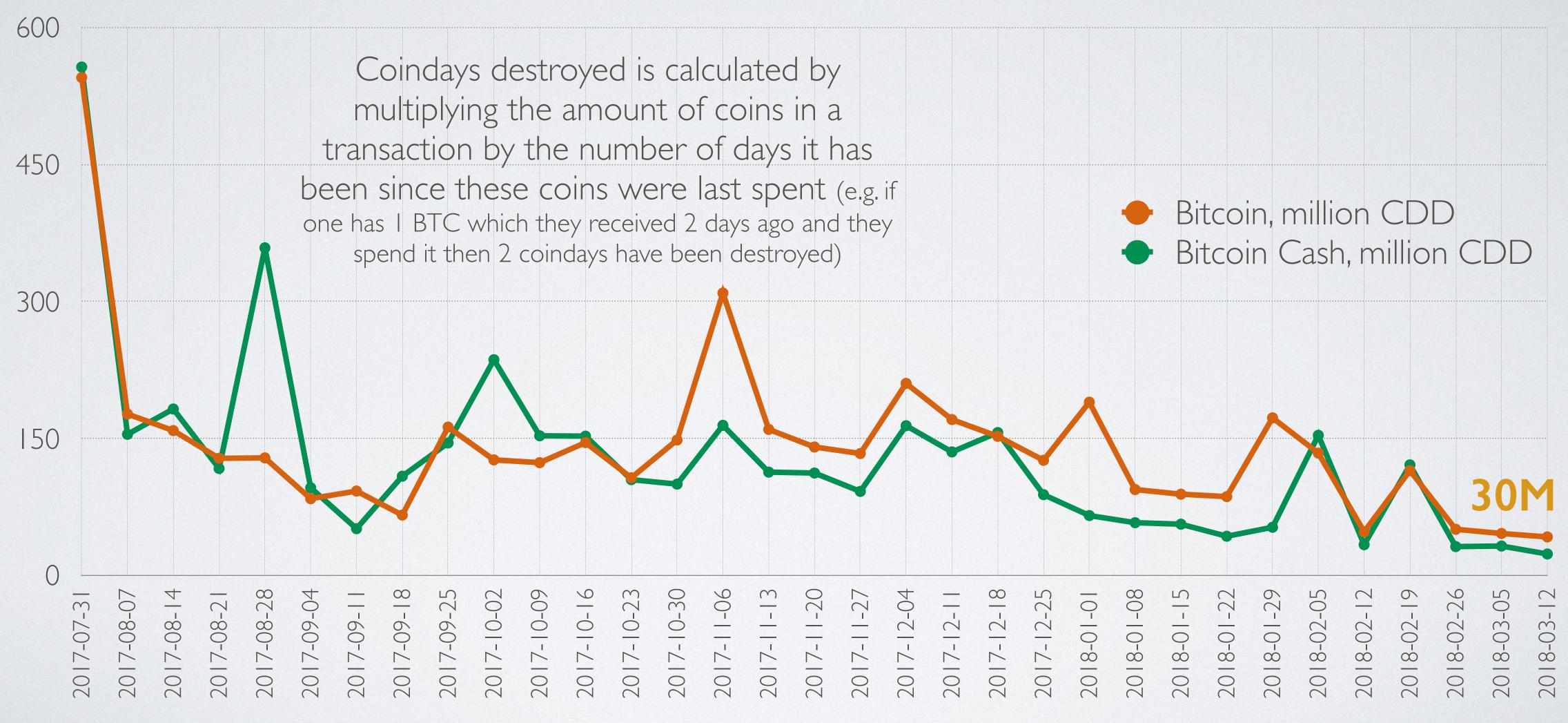
NUMBER OFTRANSACTIONS



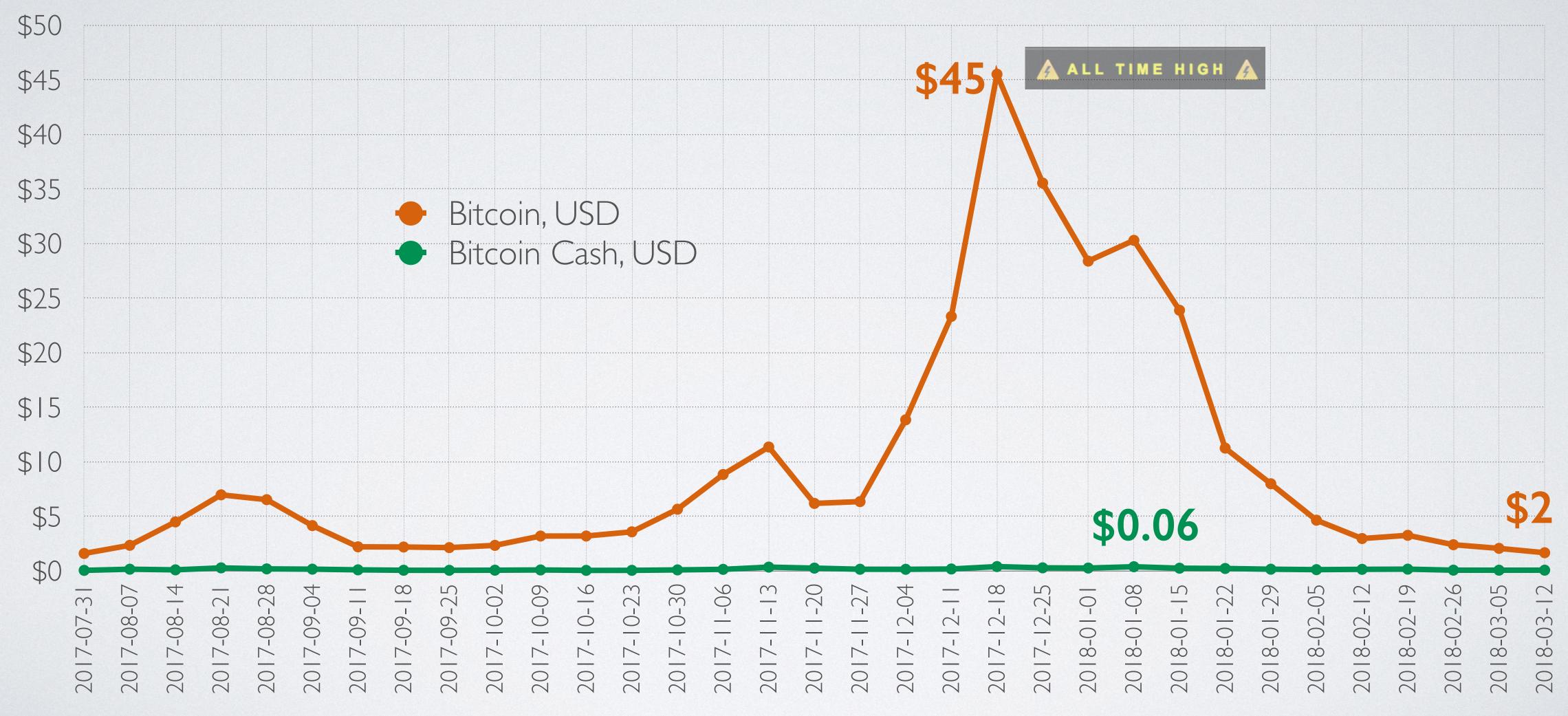
MONEYTURNOVER



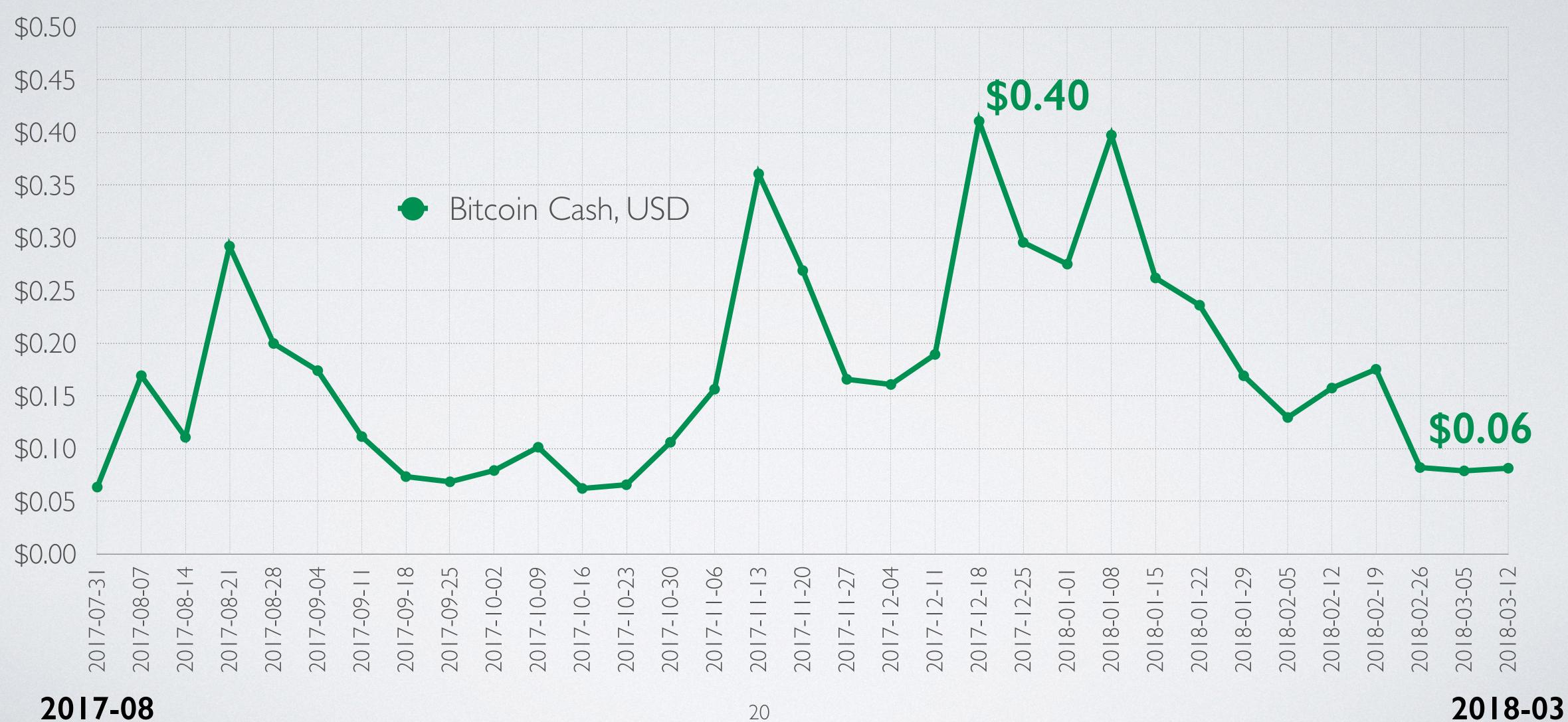
COINDAYS DESTROYED



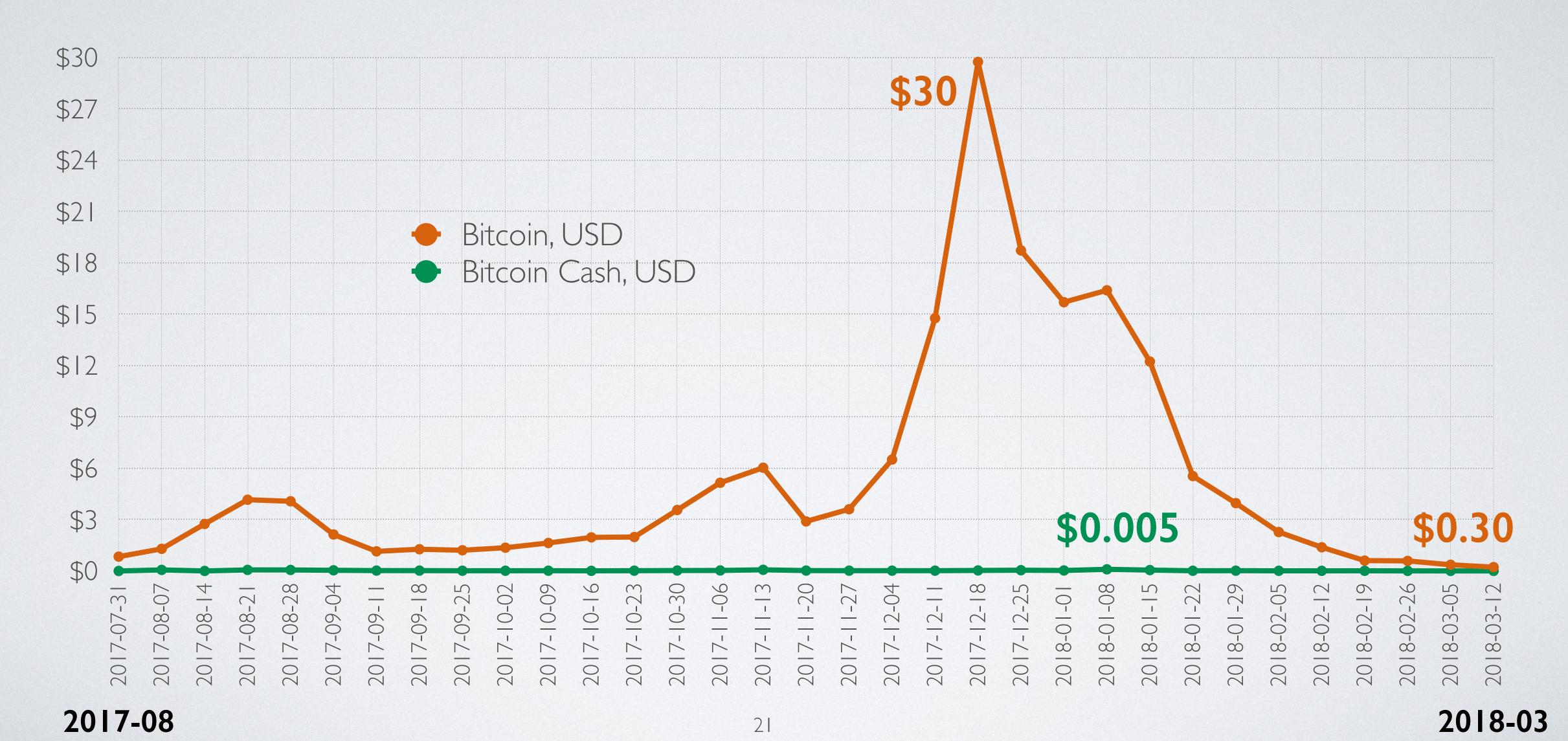
AVERAGE FEES



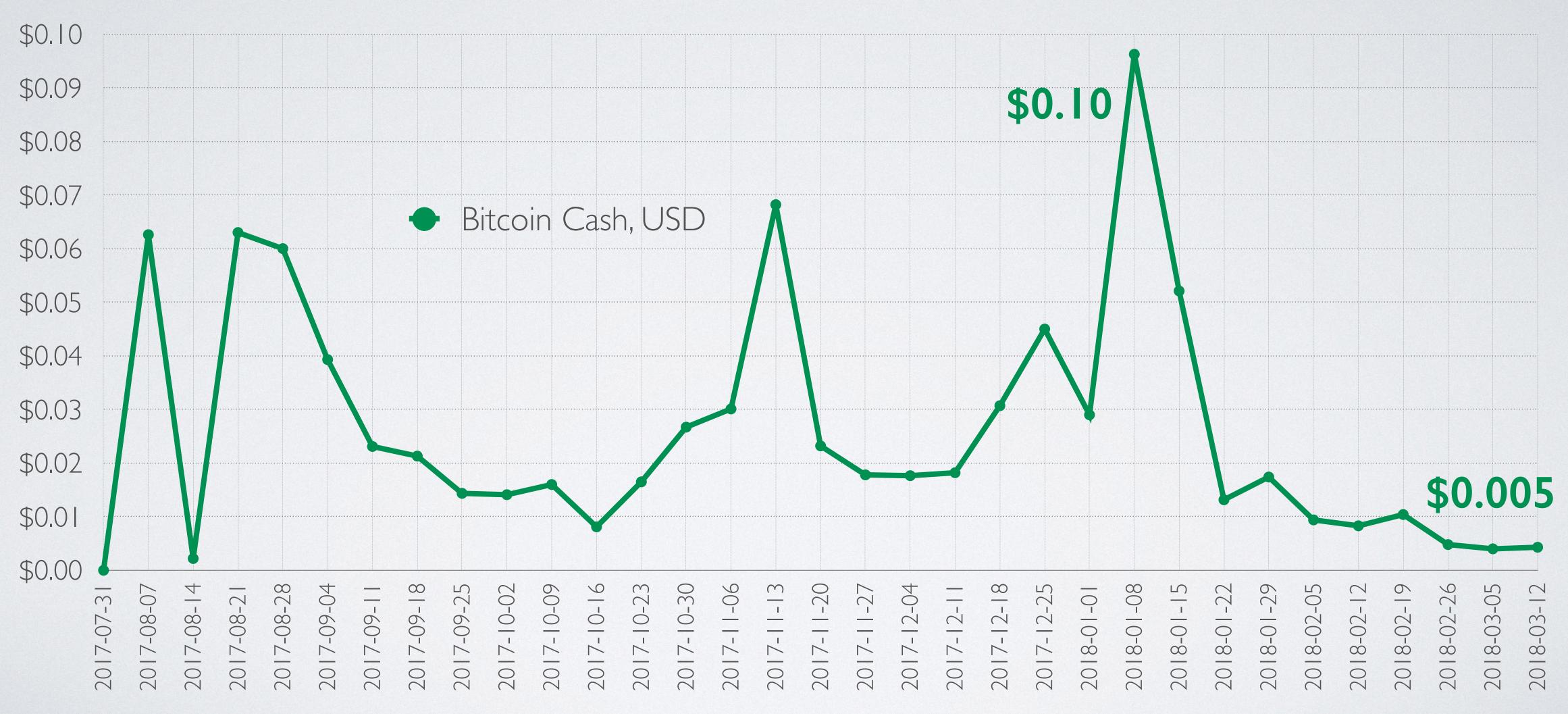
AVERAGE FEES



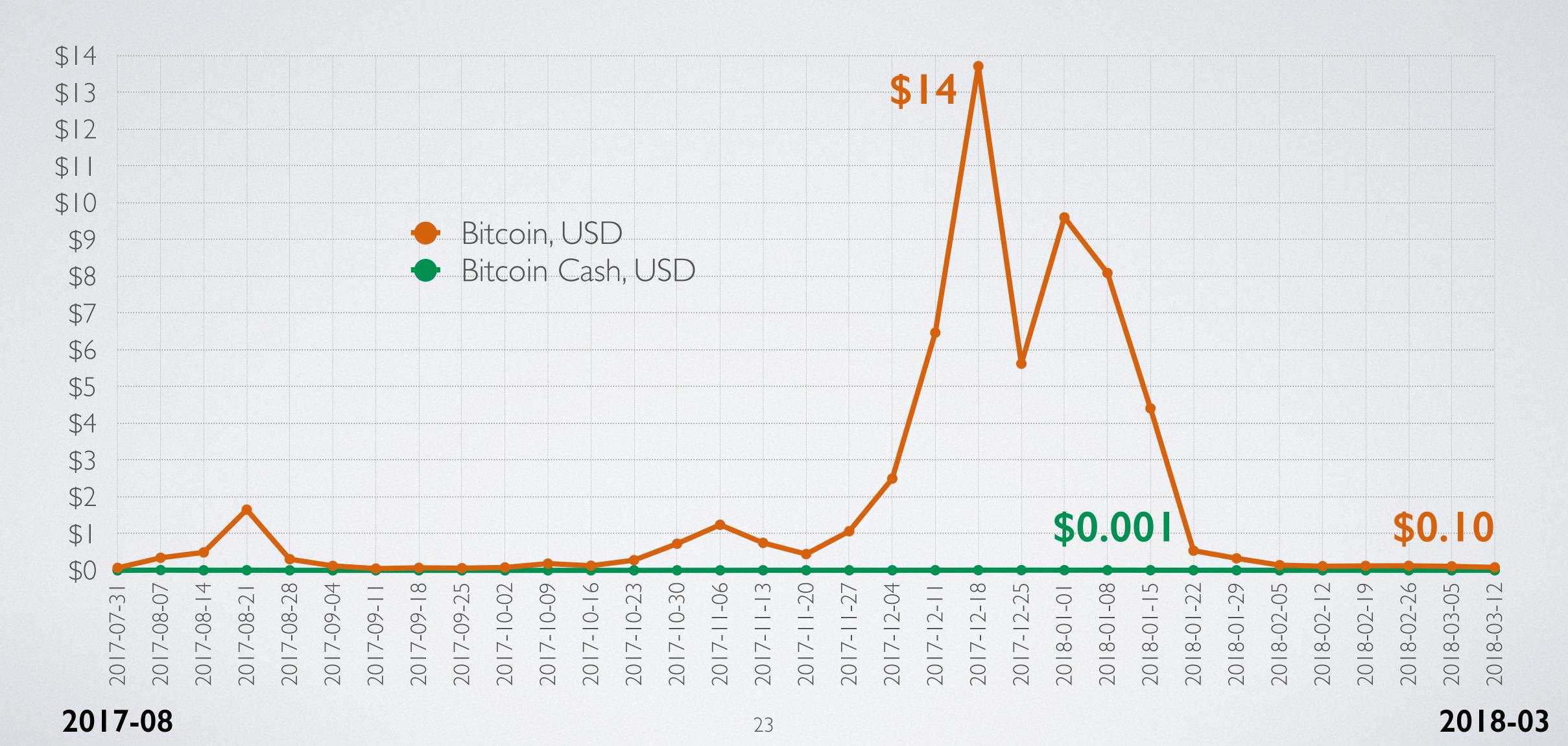
MEDIAN FEES



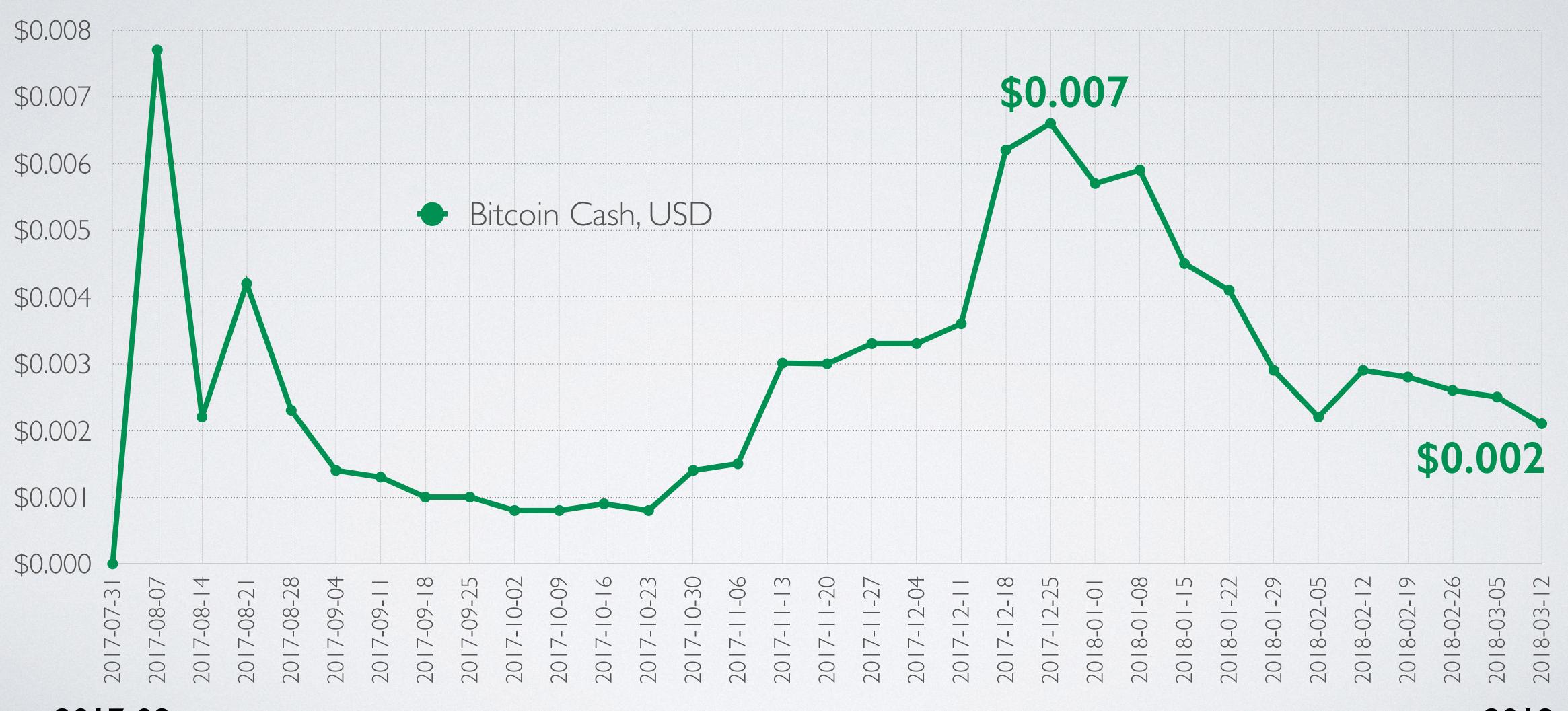
MEDIAN FEES



10TH PERCENTILE FEES

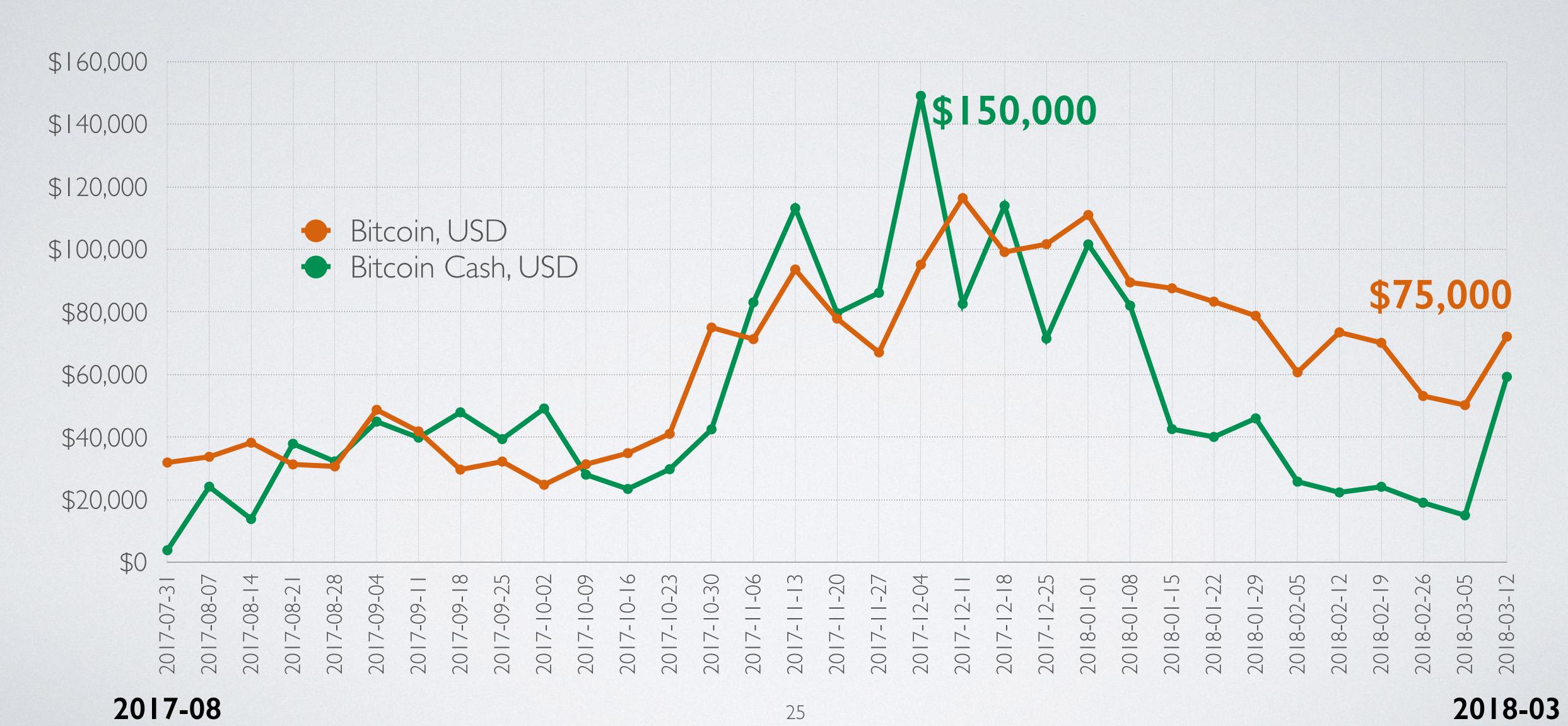


10TH PERCENTILE FEES

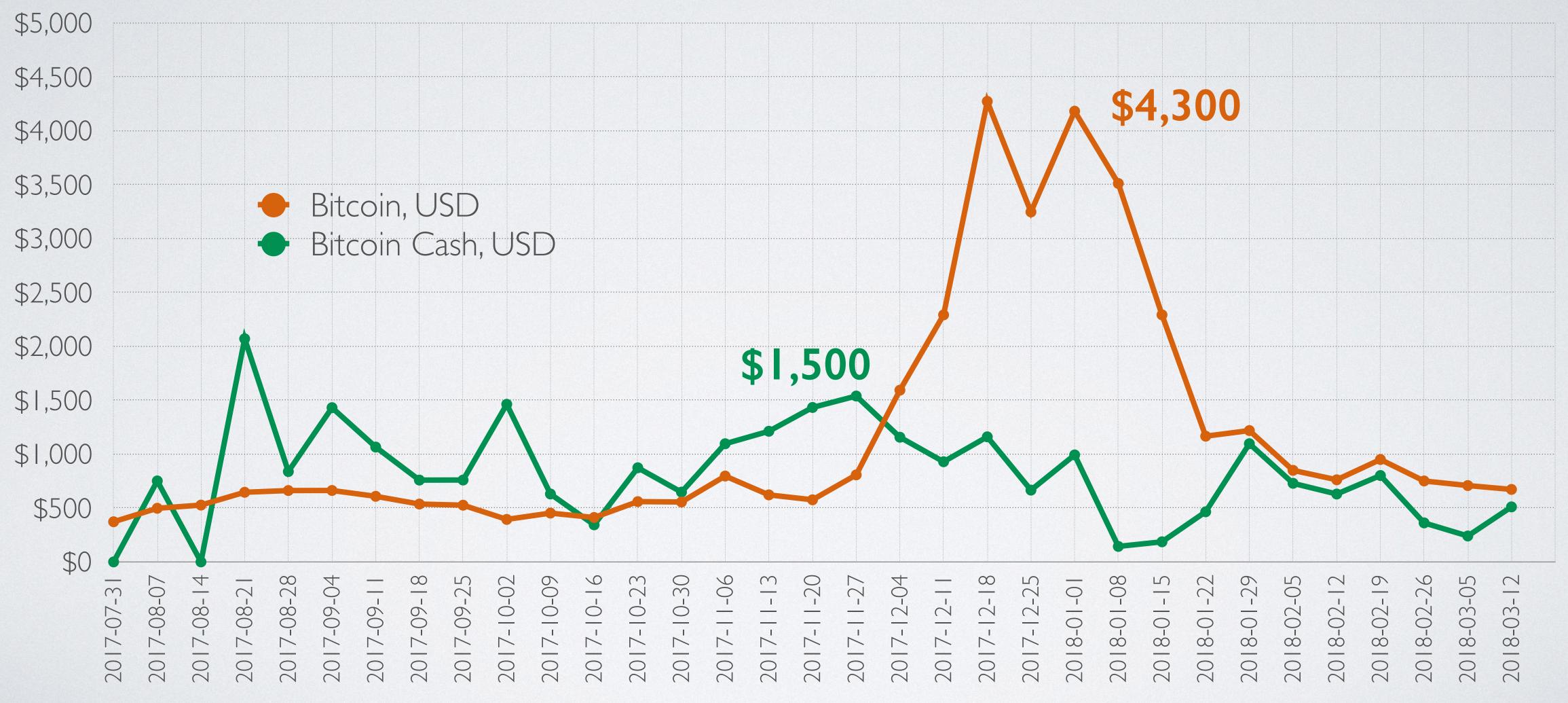


2017-08 2018-03

AVERAGETRANSACTION AMOUNT

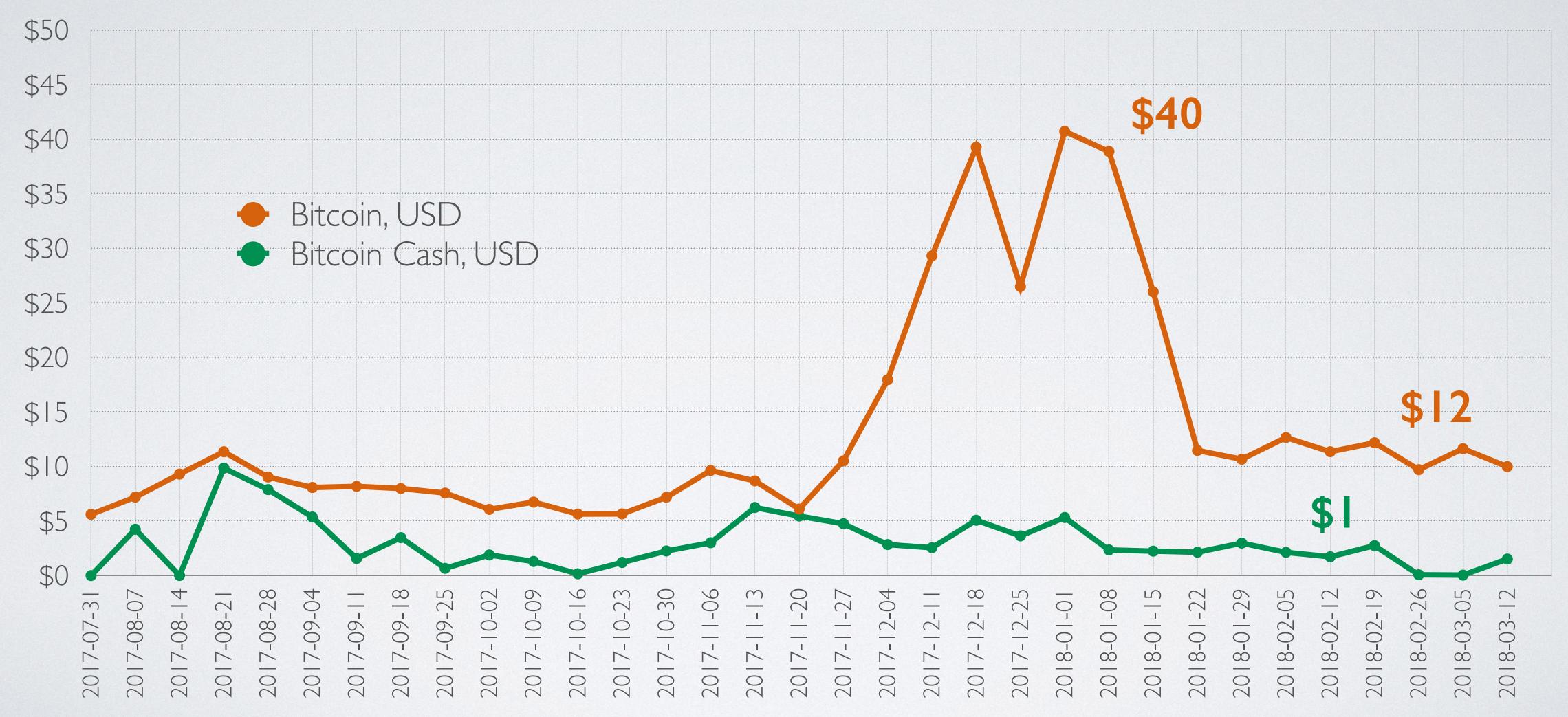


MEDIANTRANSACTION AMOUNT



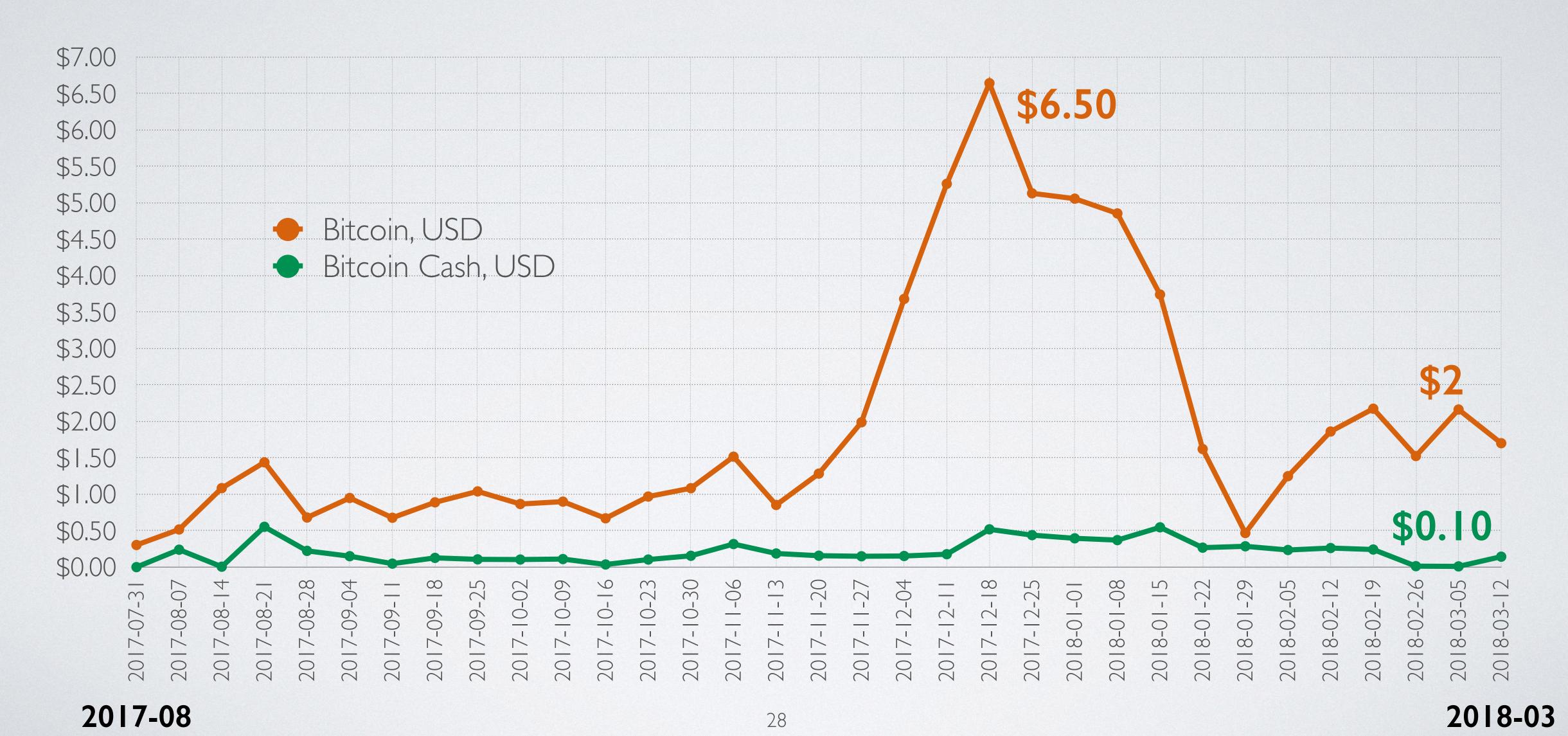
2017-08 2018-03

10TH PERCENTILE TRANSACTION AMOUNT



2017-08 2018-03

IST PERCENTILE TRANSACTION AMOUNT



THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION

- · Nikita Zhavoronkov:
 - o nikzh@nikzh.com
 - · twitter.com/nikzh



- https://blockchair.com/
- twitter.com/blockchair

Special thanks to my friends Yedige Davletgaliyev <yedige@blockchair.com> and Alexandra Ivanisenko <alexandra@blockchair.com> who helped me with this presentation!