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- 2014 (6)
- ▼ 2013 (12)
  - September (1)
  - July (2)
  - June (1)
  - April (1)
  - March (2)
  - February (2)
  - ▼ January (3)
    - [Automating Screenshots with PowerShell](#)
    - [Test Antivirus with](#)

Monday, January 14, 2013

## AUTOMATING SCREENSHOTS WITH POWERSHELL

Penetration tests can become very hectic at a moment's notice. One second you are casually reviewing HTML source for a target website and the next dropping a webshell and hooking browsers before staying up all night trying to gain persistent domain-admin access to the enterprise. Keeping notes during hectic times can be difficult, tedious and potentially distracting. Sometimes, it pays to have something taking notes for you. I like to utilize both a key-logger that does time stamping and take frequent screenshots.

There are applications that can take screenshots for you at regular intervals and in the past I used an [Autolt](#) macro to printscreen and save. That works well when I am on my own machine, but what if I was at a kiosk or doing an insider assessment from one of their workstations? I needed a PowerShell script that could take a screenshot at regular intervals, time stamp it, save it to a file and not tamper with the contents of the clipboard.

While looking for a good script to start from, I found this [one](#) that uses inline C# which seemed a little over-the-top. Another [one](#) seemed simple and straight-forward so I started working with it. After getting the function built, I was quickly annoyed with data from the clipboard disappearing. I knew I had to find another way. After digging through MSDN for an hour, I found the [Bitmap Class](#) and the [System Info Class](#).

After loading the System.Windows.Forms assembly, I created a function that will be called to take the screenshot and save it to the disk:

```
Function GetScreenshot {
    $ScreenBounds = [Windows.Forms.SystemInformation]::VirtualScreen
    $ScreenshotObject = New-Object Drawing.Bitmap $ScreenBounds.Width, $ScreenBounds.Height
    $DrawingGraphics = [Drawing.Graphics]::FromImage($ScreenshotObject)
    $DrawingGraphics.CopyFromScreen( $ScreenBounds.Location, [Drawing.Point]::Empty, $ScreenBounds.Size)
    $DrawingGraphics.Dispose()
    $ScreenshotObject.Save($FilePath)
    $ScreenshotObject.Dispose()
}
```

Next we need a way to distinguish each file and a way to stamp them with the time it was taken:

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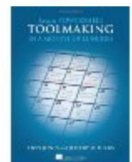
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```
$Time = (Get-Date)

[string] $FileName = "$($Time.Month)"
$FileName += '-'
$FileName += "$($Time.Day)"
$FileName += '-'
$FileName += "$($Time.Year)"
$FileName += '-'
$FileName += "$($Time.Hour)"
$FileName += '-'
$FileName += "$($Time.Minute)"
$FileName += '-'
$FileName += "$($Time.Second)"
$FileName += '.png'
```

Now we just need to settle on parameters, add this to a do-while loop and wrap the whole thing in a try-catch block. The result is Get-TimedScreenshot:

#### Get-TimedScreenshot

```
Function Get-TimedScreenshot {
<#
.SYNOPSIS

    Get-TimedScreenshot

    Author: Chris Campbell (@obscuresec)
    License: BSD 3-Clause

.DESCRIPTION

    A function that takes screenshots and saves them to a fo

.PARAMETER $Path

    Specifies the folder path.

.PARAMETER $Interval

    Specifies the interval in seconds between taking screens

.PARAMETER $EndTime

    Specifies when the script should stop running in the for

.EXAMPLE

    PS C:\> Get-TimedScreenshot -Path c:\temp\ -Interval 30

.LINK

    http://obscuresecurity.blogspot.com/2013/01/Get-TimedScr
    https://github.com/obscuresec/random/blob/master/Get-Tim

#>

[CmdletBinding()] Param(
    [Parameter(Mandatory=$True)]
    [ValidateScript({Test-Path -Path $_ })]
    [string] $Path,

    [Parameter(Mandatory=$True)]
    [int32] $Interval,

    [Parameter(Mandatory=$True)]
    [string] $EndTime
)

#Define helper function that generates and saves scr
Function GenScreenshot {
```

Instead of downloading or installing additional software, we now have a script that will

## Files)

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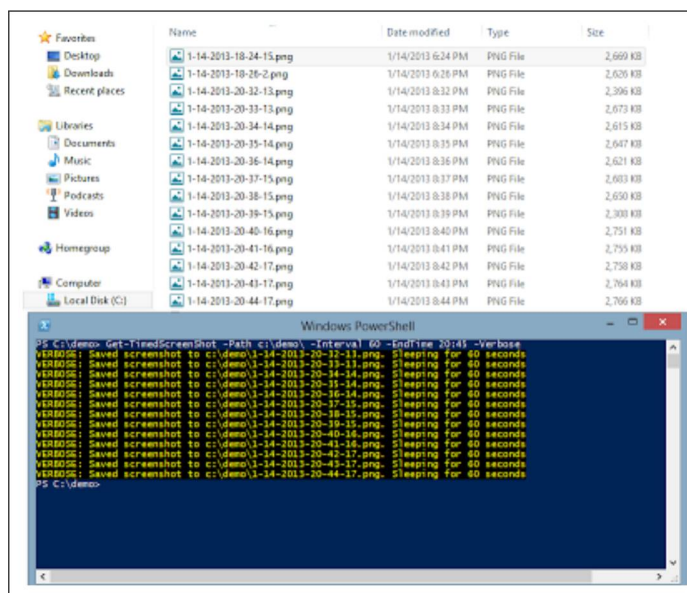
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take periodic screenshots. The images can be large so I wouldn't recommend leaving it running overnight, but its great to help you fill in gaps in note-taking at the end of a long hacking session.

\*\*\*Updated 8/6/2013: The maintained version of this script can by found within the PowerSploit framework [here](#).



There is also a clear post-exploitation use for the function. You can schedule it to run and maybe add a [check to see if the screensaver is running](#) to make sure you aren't wasting space. I think the function is pretty flexible and with event triggering and an email function could potentially be used as a simple parental alert system. As is, it works for my purposes which is to remind me what I did today. I hope you find it useful and thanks for reading. In case you were wondering, it works well with multiple monitor setups:



Please let me know if you have any issues, bugs or questions. Hopefully, I will see you at Shmoocon and Firetalks. Also, if you are in town, check out [Shmoocon Epilogue](#).

The other talks look really good, but I get the chance to present "No Tools? No Problem! Building a PowerShell Bot." It will cover chaining simple tasks like this one into a nefarious PowerShell script.

-Chris

Posted by Chris at [9:27 PM](#)



+9 Recommend this on Google

Labels: [.Net](#), [Get-Date](#), [Get-TimedScreenshot](#), [Join-Path](#), [Parameter Validation](#),



[PowerShell](#), [PowerSploit](#), [Screenshots](#), [Start-Sleep](#), [System.Windows.Forms](#)

## // COMMENTS:



**Anonymous** January 15, 2013 at 5:22 AM

this is just cool

[Reply](#)



**Anonymous** January 15, 2013 at 10:42 AM

Issue running this with provided example. . .script -Path C:\temp -Interval 30 -EndTime 10:54

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**Chris** January 15, 2013 at 2:14 PM

There are two things you should probably check. The first is that you have a "C:\temp" directory since that is not a default directory and that you have the ability to write to it under the context that PowerShell is currently running. You should be provided a warning if either of those conditions exist.

The next and more likely thing to check is the time. The time is in 24-hour time so if 10:54 AM has passed for the day, it will only run once and then quit. Try 22:54 if you would like it to be PM. Feel free to edit the time to allow for multi-day runs, but I prefer it to not be able to fill my hd by continuing to save screenshot images.

Thanks for you commend and let me know if that fixes your issue.



**Anonymous** June 6, 2013 at 4:06 AM

Script crash then capture UAC message

[Reply](#)



**JamesT** January 16, 2013 at 4:34 PM

Paste the content of the entire file in PS. Hit rreturn twice to return to prompt. Run command again:

Get-TimedScreenshot -Path C:\temp -Interval 30 -EndTime 10:54

If command executes (which it should) you have a permission issue. Check permissions and execution policy.

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**Chris** January 16, 2013 at 6:08 PM

It certainly could be a permissions issue on c:\temp, but I don't think

the ExecutionPolicy comes into play since the file is just a function and call to that function. The ExecutioPolicy restrictions are only enforced on scripts.

[Reply](#)



**Anonymous** May 21, 2013 at 2:27 AM

Thanks Chris for the great post.  
Here is an alternative for the filename.  
\$FileName = [DateTime]::Now.ToString("MM-dd-yy-hh-mm-ss")  
MM=Month and mm=minutes

Jose

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[Replies](#)



**Chris** August 6, 2013 at 9:47 AM

Thanks!

[Reply](#)



**Anonymous** August 6, 2013 at 6:22 AM

Github link is not working.

[Reply](#)



**Chris** August 6, 2013 at 9:47 AM

Thank you. Fixed.

[Reply](#)



**John New** January 29, 2014 at 5:44 PM

Nicely done. Thanks.

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