

# Unicast and Broadcast Transmission Simulation for Bus Topology

This is the submission for **Assignment-2** for the **CSN-361** course.

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## 1. Problem Statement

**Problem Statement** : Simulate the way unicast/broadcast messages are transmitted over the network. Create three classes: a) Node b) Link c) Data Frame. Design a bus topology class which connects all the Nodes with links.

### Preliminaries

- **Bus Topology**: *Bus topology* is a network setup where each computer and network device is connected to a single cable or backbone.
- **Unicast Transmission**: Message is sent to only *one* station in the network.
- **Broadcast Transmission**: Messages are sent to *all* stations in the network.

## 2. Repository Guide

There are two header files containing the important classes required for running the simulation:

- `DataFrame.h`
  - Represents the `data packet` to be transmitted/received with:
    - `msg` : Message to be transferred
    - `msg_seq_num` : Message sequence number
    - `src_mac_addr` : Source MAC address
    - `dest_mac_addr` : Destination MAC address
  - Contains the required functions as well for creating and reading a `DataFrame` object as well.
- `Node&Link.h` : Contains the following two classes:
  - `Node` :
    - Represents each node in the network with:
      - `device_id` : Device Id of the node system
      - `mac_addr` : MAC Address
      - `connected_links` : List of *Links* to which a node is connected.
    - Contains the required functions for transmitting and receiving the data.
  - `Link` : Represents the connection among the nodes.
    - Represents each link in the network with:
      - `isUniDirectional` : Boolean indicating whether flow of data frame is Unidirectional or not.
      - `connected_nodes` : List of *Nodes* which connected to a given link.
    - Contains the required function for ensuring that the `DataFrame` objects keep flowing throughout the network.

## 3. Simulation

Run the following commands:

```
$ g++ Testing.cpp
$ ./a.out
```

### Result

Image