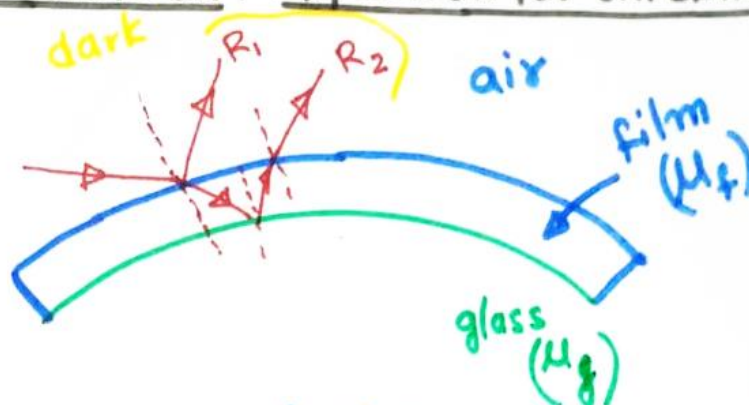


Antireflection Coating or antireflection films

(A) Phase condition: Expression for thickness



air - film - glass
 $\mu_a < \mu_f < \mu_g$ [rarer - denser
- more denser]

∴ for reflected system

$$\delta = 2\mu t \cos r \left(\pm \frac{\lambda}{2} \right) \quad ? \rightarrow \text{No}$$

$$\delta = 2\mu_f t_f \cos r \rightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

$$\delta = (2n \pm 1) \frac{\lambda}{2} \rightarrow \textcircled{2}$$

∴ from ① and ②

$$2\mu_f t_f \cos r = (2n \pm 1) \frac{\lambda}{2}$$

$$t_f = \frac{(2n \pm 1) \lambda}{4\mu_f \cos r}$$

for normal incidence $r=0$, min order $(2n \pm 1) = 1$

$$t_f = \frac{\lambda}{4\mu_f}$$

(B) Amplitude condition

Relation between μ_f and μ_g



$$I \rightarrow \mu_a \rightarrow \mu_f \rightarrow I_1$$

$$I_1 = I \left(\frac{\mu_f - \mu_a}{\mu_f + \mu_a} \right)^2 \rightarrow ①$$

$$I \rightarrow \mu_f \rightarrow \mu_g \rightarrow I_2$$

$$I_2 = I \left(\frac{\mu_g - \mu_f}{\mu_g + \mu_f} \right)^2 \rightarrow ②$$

for interference $I_1 = I_2 \rightarrow ③$

from ①, ② and ③

$$I \left(\frac{\mu_f - \mu_a}{\mu_f + \mu_a} \right)^2 = I \left(\frac{\mu_g - \mu_f}{\mu_g + \mu_f} \right)^2$$

$$\left(\frac{\mu_f - 1}{\mu_f + 1}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{\mu_g - \mu_f}{\mu_g + \mu_f}\right)^2$$

Taking square root

$$\frac{\mu_f - 1}{\mu_f + 1} = \frac{\mu_g - \mu_f}{\mu_g + \mu_f}$$

$$\cancel{(\mu_f)(\mu_g)} - (\mu_g) + (\mu_f)^2 = \cancel{(\mu_f)(\mu_g)} + (\mu_g) - (\mu_f)^2 - \cancel{(\mu_f)}$$

$$- (\mu_g) + (\mu_f)^2 = (\mu_g) - (\mu_f)^2$$

$$\textcircled{2} \mu_f^2 = \textcircled{2} \mu_g$$

$$\mu_f^2 = \mu_g$$

$$\boxed{\mu_f = \sqrt{\mu_g}}$$