

# UM2237 User manual

# STM32CubeProgrammer software description

### Introduction

STM32CubeProgrammer (STM32CubeProg) provides an all-in-one software tool to program STM32 devices in any environment: multi-OS, graphical user interface or command line interface, support for a large choice of connections (JTAG, SWD, USB, UART, SPI, CAN, I2C), with manual operation or automation through scripting.

This document details the hardware and software environment prerequisites, as well as the available STM32CubeProgrammer software features.





Contents UM2237

# **Contents**

1	Getti	ng star	ted	7
	1.1	Syster	n requirements	7
	1.2	Installi	ng STM32CubeProgrammer	7
		1.2.1	Linux install	
		1.2.2	Windows install	8
		1.2.3	macOS install	8
		1.2.4	DFU driver	8
		1.2.5	ST-LINK driver	10
2	STM	32Cube	Programmer user interface for MCUs	. 11
	2.1	Main v	vindow	11
		2.1.1	Main menu	11
		2.1.2	Log panel	12
		2.1.3	Progress bar	12
		2.1.4	Target configuration panel	13
	2.2	Memo	ry and file edition	. 21
		2.2.1	Reading and displaying target memory	21
		2.2.2	Reading and displaying a file	. 22
	2.3	Memo	ry programming and erasing	. 24
		2.3.1	Internal Flash memory programming	. 24
		2.3.2	External Flash memory programming	25
		2.3.3	Developing customized loaders for external memory	26
	2.4	Option bytes		
	2.5	Automatic mode		
	2.6	STM32WB OTA programming		
			USB dongle configuration	
		2.6.2	OTA update procedure	
3	STM32CubeProgrammer command line interface (CLI) for MCUs 39			
	3.1	Command line usage		
	3.2	Generic commands		
		3.2.1	Connect command	
		3.2.2	Erase command	



4.1       Main window       61         4.2       Programming windows       62         5       STM32CubeProgrammer CLI for MPUs       63         5.1       Command line usage       63         5.2       Available commands for STM32MP1       63         5.2.1       Connect command       64         5.2.2       GetPhase command       65         5.2.3       Download command       65         5.2.4       Flashing service       66         5.2.5       Start command       66         5.2.6       Read partition command       67         5.2.7       List command       67         5.2.8       QuietMode command       67         5.2.9       Verbosity command       67         5.2.10       Log command       68		3.2.3	Download command
3.2.6       Start command       50         3.2.7       Debug commands       50         3.2.8       List command       51         3.2.9       QuietMode command       52         3.2.10       Verbosity command       52         3.2.11       Log command       53         3.2.12       External loader command       54         3.2.13       Read unprotect command       55         3.2.14       Option bytes command       55         3.2.15       Safety lib command       55         3.2.16       Secure programming specific commands       58         3.2.17       HSM related commands       58         3.2.18       STM32WB specific commands       59         4       STM32CubeProgrammer user interface for MPUs       61         4.1       Main window       61         4.2       Programming windows       62         5       STM32CubeProgrammer CLI for MPUs       63         5.1       Command line usage       63         5.2       Available commands for STM32MP1       63         5.2.1       Connect command       64         5.2.2       GetPhase command       65         5.2.4       Flashing servi		3.2.4	Download 32-bit data command
3.2.7       Debug commands       50         3.2.8       List command       51         3.2.9       QuietMode command       52         3.2.10       Verbosity command       52         3.2.11       Log command       53         3.2.12       External loader command       54         3.2.13       Read unprotect command       55         3.2.14       Option bytes command       55         3.2.15       Safety lib command       55         3.2.16       Secure programming specific commands       58         3.2.17       HSM related commands       58         3.2.18       STM32WB specific commands       59         4       STM32CubeProgrammer user interface for MPUs       61         4.1       Main window       61         4.2       Programming windows       62         5       STM32CubeProgrammer CLI for MPUs       63         5.1       Command line usage       63         5.2       Available commands for STM32MP1       63         5.2.1       Connect command       64         5.2.2       GetPhase command       65         5.2.3       Download command       65         5.2.4       Flashing se		3.2.5	Read command
3.2.8       List command       51         3.2.9       QuietMode command       52         3.2.10       Verbosity command       52         3.2.11       Log command       53         3.2.12       External loader command       54         3.2.13       Read unprotect command       55         3.2.14       Option bytes command       55         3.2.15       Safety lib command       55         3.2.16       Secure programming specific commands       58         3.2.17       HSM related commands       58         3.2.18       STM32WB specific commands       59         4       STM32CubeProgrammer user interface for MPUs       61         4.1       Main window       61         4.2       Programming windows       62         5       STM32CubeProgrammer CLI for MPUs       63         5.1       Command line usage       63         5.2       Available commands for STM32MP1       63         5.2.1       Connect command       64         5.2.2       GetPhase command       65         5.2.3       Download command       65         5.2.4       Flashing service       66         6.5.2.5       Start c		3.2.6	Start command
3.2.9       QuietMode command       52         3.2.10       Verbosity command       52         3.2.11       Log command       53         3.2.12       External loader command       54         3.2.13       Read unprotect command       55         3.2.14       Option bytes command       55         3.2.15       Safety lib command       55         3.2.16       Secure programming specific commands       58         3.2.17       HSM related commands       58         3.2.18       STM32WB specific commands       59         4       STM32CubeProgrammer user interface for MPUs       61         4.1       Main window       61         4.2       Programming windows       62         5       STM32CubeProgrammer CLI for MPUs       63         5.1       Command line usage       63         5.2       Available commands for STM32MP1       63         5.2.1       Connect command       64         5.2.2       GetPhase command       65         5.2.3       Download command       65         5.2.4       Flashing service       66         5.2.5       Start command       67         5.2.6       Read par		3.2.7	Debug commands
3.2.10       Verbosity command       52         3.2.11       Log command       53         3.2.12       External loader command       54         3.2.13       Read unprotect command       55         3.2.14       Option bytes command       55         3.2.15       Safety lib command       55         3.2.16       Secure programming specific commands       58         3.2.17       HSM related commands       58         3.2.18       STM32WB specific commands       59         4       STM32CubeProgrammer user interface for MPUs       61         4.1       Main window       61         4.2       Programming windows       62         5       STM32CubeProgrammer CLI for MPUs       63         5.1       Command line usage       63         5.2       Available commands for STM32MP1       63         5.2.1       Connect command       64         5.2.2       GetPhase command       65         5.2.3       Download command       65         5.2.4       Flashing service       66         5.2.5       Start command       66         5.2.6       Read partition command       67         5.2.9       Ver		3.2.8	List command51
3.2.11       Log command       53         3.2.12       External loader command       54         3.2.13       Read unprotect command       55         3.2.14       Option bytes command       55         3.2.15       Safety lib command       55         3.2.16       Secure programming specific commands       58         3.2.17       HSM related commands       58         3.2.18       STM32WB specific commands       59         4       STM32CubeProgrammer user interface for MPUs       61         4.1       Main window       61         4.2       Programming windows       62         5       STM32CubeProgrammer CLI for MPUs       63         5.1       Command line usage       63         5.2       Available commands for STM32MP1       63         5.2.1       Connect command       64         5.2.2       GetPhase command       65         5.2.3       Download command       65         5.2.4       Flashing service       66         5.2.5       Start command       67         5.2.6       Read partition command       67         5.2.8       QuietMode command       67         5.2.9       Verb		3.2.9	QuietMode command
3.2.12       External loader command       54         3.2.13       Read unprotect command       55         3.2.14       Option bytes command       55         3.2.15       Safety lib command       55         3.2.16       Secure programming specific commands       58         3.2.17       HSM related commands       58         3.2.18       STM32WB specific commands       59         4       STM32CubeProgrammer user interface for MPUs       61         4.1       Main window       61         4.2       Programming windows       62         5       STM32CubeProgrammer CLI for MPUs       63         5.1       Command line usage       63         5.2       Available commands for STM32MP1       63         5.2.1       Connect command       64         5.2.2       GetPhase command       65         5.2.3       Download command       65         5.2.4       Flashing service       66         5.2.5       Start command       67         5.2.7       List command       67         5.2.8       QuietMode command       67         5.2.9       Verbosity command       68		3.2.10	Verbosity command
3.2.13       Read unprotect command       55         3.2.14       Option bytes command       55         3.2.15       Safety lib command       55         3.2.16       Secure programming specific commands       58         3.2.17       HSM related commands       58         3.2.18       STM32WB specific commands       59         4       STM32CubeProgrammer user interface for MPUs       61         4.1       Main window       61         4.2       Programming windows       62         5       STM32CubeProgrammer CLI for MPUs       63         5.1       Command line usage       63         5.2       Available commands for STM32MP1       63         5.2.1       Connect command       64         5.2.2       GetPhase command       65         5.2.3       Download command       65         5.2.4       Flashing service       66         5.2.5       Start command       66         5.2.6       Read partition command       67         5.2.8       QuietMode command       67         5.2.9       Verbosity command       67         5.2.10       Log command       68		3.2.11	Log command
3.2.14       Option bytes command       55         3.2.15       Safety lib command       55         3.2.16       Secure programming specific commands       58         3.2.17       HSM related commands       58         3.2.18       STM32WB specific commands       59         4       STM32CubeProgrammer user interface for MPUs       61         4.1       Main window       61         4.2       Programming windows       62         5       STM32CubeProgrammer CLI for MPUs       63         5.1       Command line usage       63         5.2       Available commands for STM32MP1       63         5.2.1       Connect command       64         5.2.2       GetPhase command       65         5.2.3       Download command       65         5.2.4       Flashing service       66         5.2.5       Start command       66         5.2.6       Read partition command       67         5.2.7       List command       67         5.2.8       QuietMode command       67         5.2.9       Verbosity command       67         5.2.10       Log command       68		3.2.12	External loader command54
3.2.15       Safety lib command       55         3.2.16       Secure programming specific commands       58         3.2.17       HSM related commands       58         3.2.18       STM32WB specific commands       59         4       STM32CubeProgrammer user interface for MPUs       61         4.1       Main window       61         4.2       Programming windows       62         5       STM32CubeProgrammer CLI for MPUs       63         5.1       Command line usage       63         5.2       Available commands for STM32MP1       63         5.2.1       Connect command       64         5.2.2       GetPhase command       65         5.2.3       Download command       65         5.2.4       Flashing service       66         5.2.5       Start command       66         5.2.6       Read partition command       67         5.2.8       QuietMode command       67         5.2.9       Verbosity command       68		3.2.13	Read unprotect command55
3.2.16       Secure programming specific commands       58         3.2.17       HSM related commands       58         3.2.18       STM32WB specific commands       59         4       STM32CubeProgrammer user interface for MPUs       61         4.1       Main window       61         4.2       Programming windows       62         5       STM32CubeProgrammer CLI for MPUs       63         5.1       Command line usage       63         5.2       Available commands for STM32MP1       63         5.2.1       Connect command       64         5.2.2       GetPhase command       65         5.2.3       Download command       65         5.2.4       Flashing service       66         5.2.5       Start command       66         5.2.6       Read partition command       67         5.2.8       QuietMode command       67         5.2.9       Verbosity command       67         5.2.10       Log command       68		3.2.14	Option bytes command
3.2.17       HSM related commands       58         3.2.18       STM32WB specific commands       59         4       STM32CubeProgrammer user interface for MPUs       61         4.1       Main window       61         4.2       Programming windows       62         5       STM32CubeProgrammer CLI for MPUs       63         5.1       Command line usage       63         5.2       Available commands for STM32MP1       63         5.2.1       Connect command       64         5.2.2       GetPhase command       65         5.2.3       Download command       65         5.2.4       Flashing service       66         5.2.5       Start command       66         5.2.6       Read partition command       67         5.2.8       QuietMode command       67         5.2.9       Verbosity command       67         5.2.10       Log command       68		3.2.15	Safety lib command
3.2.18       STM32WB specific commands       59         4       STM32CubeProgrammer user interface for MPUs       61         4.1       Main window       61         4.2       Programming windows       62         5       STM32CubeProgrammer CLI for MPUs       63         5.1       Command line usage       63         5.2       Available commands for STM32MP1       63         5.2.1       Connect command       64         5.2.2       GetPhase command       65         5.2.3       Download command       65         5.2.4       Flashing service       66         5.2.5       Start command       66         5.2.6       Read partition command       67         5.2.7       List command       67         5.2.8       QuietMode command       67         5.2.9       Verbosity command       67         5.2.10       Log command       68		3.2.16	Secure programming specific commands
4       STM32CubeProgrammer user interface for MPUs       61         4.1       Main window       61         4.2       Programming windows       62         5       STM32CubeProgrammer CLI for MPUs       63         5.1       Command line usage       63         5.2       Available commands for STM32MP1       63         5.2.1       Connect command       64         5.2.2       GetPhase command       65         5.2.3       Download command       65         5.2.4       Flashing service       66         5.2.5       Start command       66         5.2.6       Read partition command       67         5.2.7       List command       67         5.2.8       QuietMode command       67         5.2.9       Verbosity command       67         5.2.10       Log command       68		3.2.17	HSM related commands58
4.1       Main window       61         4.2       Programming windows       62         5       STM32CubeProgrammer CLI for MPUs       63         5.1       Command line usage       63         5.2       Available commands for STM32MP1       63         5.2.1       Connect command       64         5.2.2       GetPhase command       65         5.2.3       Download command       65         5.2.4       Flashing service       66         5.2.5       Start command       66         5.2.6       Read partition command       67         5.2.7       List command       67         5.2.8       QuietMode command       67         5.2.9       Verbosity command       67         5.2.10       Log command       68		3.2.18	STM32WB specific commands
4.2       Programming windows       62         5       STM32CubeProgrammer CLI for MPUs       63         5.1       Command line usage       63         5.2       Available commands for STM32MP1       63         5.2.1       Connect command       64         5.2.2       GetPhase command       65         5.2.3       Download command       65         5.2.4       Flashing service       66         5.2.5       Start command       66         5.2.6       Read partition command       67         5.2.7       List command       67         5.2.8       QuietMode command       67         5.2.9       Verbosity command       67         5.2.10       Log command       68	4 STM3	32CubeF	Programmer user interface for MPUs
5         STM32CubeProgrammer CLI for MPUs         63           5.1         Command line usage         63           5.2         Available commands for STM32MP1         63           5.2.1         Connect command         64           5.2.2         GetPhase command         65           5.2.3         Download command         65           5.2.4         Flashing service         66           5.2.5         Start command         66           5.2.6         Read partition command         67           5.2.7         List command         67           5.2.8         QuietMode command         67           5.2.9         Verbosity command         67           5.2.10         Log command         68	4.1	Main wi	ndow
5.1       Command line usage       63         5.2       Available commands for STM32MP1       63         5.2.1       Connect command       64         5.2.2       GetPhase command       65         5.2.3       Download command       65         5.2.4       Flashing service       66         5.2.5       Start command       66         5.2.6       Read partition command       67         5.2.7       List command       67         5.2.8       QuietMode command       67         5.2.9       Verbosity command       67         5.2.10       Log command       68	4.2	Progran	nming windows
5.1       Command line usage       63         5.2       Available commands for STM32MP1       63         5.2.1       Connect command       64         5.2.2       GetPhase command       65         5.2.3       Download command       65         5.2.4       Flashing service       66         5.2.5       Start command       66         5.2.6       Read partition command       67         5.2.7       List command       67         5.2.8       QuietMode command       67         5.2.9       Verbosity command       67         5.2.10       Log command       68	5 STM3	32CubeF	Programmer CLI for MPUs
5.2       Available commands for STM32MP1       63         5.2.1       Connect command       64         5.2.2       GetPhase command       65         5.2.3       Download command       65         5.2.4       Flashing service       66         5.2.5       Start command       66         5.2.6       Read partition command       67         5.2.7       List command       67         5.2.8       QuietMode command       67         5.2.9       Verbosity command       67         5.2.10       Log command       68	5.1	Comma	and line usage
5.2.1       Connect command       64         5.2.2       GetPhase command       65         5.2.3       Download command       65         5.2.4       Flashing service       66         5.2.5       Start command       66         5.2.6       Read partition command       67         5.2.7       List command       67         5.2.8       QuietMode command       67         5.2.9       Verbosity command       67         5.2.10       Log command       68			-
5.2.2       GetPhase command       65         5.2.3       Download command       65         5.2.4       Flashing service       66         5.2.5       Start command       66         5.2.6       Read partition command       67         5.2.7       List command       67         5.2.8       QuietMode command       67         5.2.9       Verbosity command       67         5.2.10       Log command       68	0		
5.2.3       Download command       65         5.2.4       Flashing service       66         5.2.5       Start command       66         5.2.6       Read partition command       67         5.2.7       List command       67         5.2.8       QuietMode command       67         5.2.9       Verbosity command       67         5.2.10       Log command       68		5.2.2	
5.2.4       Flashing service       66         5.2.5       Start command       66         5.2.6       Read partition command       67         5.2.7       List command       67         5.2.8       QuietMode command       67         5.2.9       Verbosity command       67         5.2.10       Log command       68			
5.2.5       Start command       66         5.2.6       Read partition command       67         5.2.7       List command       67         5.2.8       QuietMode command       67         5.2.9       Verbosity command       67         5.2.10       Log command       68			
5.2.6       Read partition command       67         5.2.7       List command       67         5.2.8       QuietMode command       67         5.2.9       Verbosity command       67         5.2.10       Log command       68		5.2.5	
5.2.7       List command       67         5.2.8       QuietMode command       67         5.2.9       Verbosity command       67         5.2.10       Log command       68			
5.2.8       QuietMode command       67         5.2.9       Verbosity command       67         5.2.10       Log command       68		5.2.7	·
5.2.9       Verbosity command		5.2.8	QuietMode command
5.2.10 Log command		5.2.9	
S			•
5.Z.11 OTF programming		5.2.11	OTP programming
5.2.12 Writing to BSEC command			, -
5.2.13 Programming SAFMEM command		5 2 13	

Contents	UM2237

7	Povision his	tory	73
6	STM32Cubel	Programmer C++ API	. 72
	5.2.17	Display command	71
	5.2.16	Write blob command	71
	5.2.15	GetCertif command	71
	5.2.14	Detach command	70

UM2237 List of figures

# List of figures

Figure 1.	macOS "Allow applications downloaded from:" tab	8
Figure 2.	Deleting the old driver software	
Figure 3.	STM32 DFU device with DfuSe driver	9
Figure 4.	STM32 DFU device with STM32CubeProgrammer driver	9
Figure 5.	STM32CubeProgrammer main window	
Figure 6.	Expanded main menu	12
Figure 7.	ST-LINK configuration panel	13
Figure 8.	UART configuration panel	15
Figure 9.	USB configuration panel	16
Figure 10.	Target information panel	
Figure 11.	SPI configuration panel	
Figure 12.	CAN configuration panel	19
Figure 13.	I2C configuration panel	
Figure 14.	Memory and file edition: Device memory tab	21
Figure 15.	Memory and file edition: Contextual menu	22
Figure 16.	Memory and file edition: File display	
Figure 17.	Flash memory programming and erasing (internal memory)	24
Figure 18.	Flash memory programming and erasing (external memory)	
Figure 19.	Option bytes panel	
Figure 20.	Automatic mode in Erasing & Programming window	
Figure 21.	Automatic mode Log traces	
Figure 22.	Algorithm	
Figure 23.	OTA update of STM32WB firmware through BLE connection	
Figure 24.	USB dongle programming (USB DFU mode) with STM32CubeProgrammer	
Figure 25.	OTA updater window	
Figure 26.	Searching BLE devices	
Figure 27.	OTA device selection	
Figure 28.	Image file selection	
Figure 29.	OTA flashing	
Figure 30.	OTA flashing completed	
Figure 31.	STM32CubeProgrammer: available commands	
Figure 32.	Connect operation using RS232	
Figure 33.	Connect operation using USB	
Figure 34.	Connect operation using SWD debug port	
Figure 35.	Connect operation using SPI port	
Figure 36.	Connect operation using CAN port	
Figure 37.	Connect operation using I2C port	
Figure 38.	Download operation	
Figure 39.	Read 32-bit operation	
Figure 40.	The available serial ports list	
Figure 41.	Verbosity command	
Figure 42.	Log command	
Figure 43.	Log file content	
Figure 44.	Safety lib command	
Figure 45.	Flash memory mapping	
Figure 46.	Flash memory mapping example	
Figure 47.	STM32CubeProgrammer main window	
Figure 48.	TSV programming window	62



Figure 49.	Available commands for MPUs
Figure 50.	Connect operation using RS23264
Figure 51.	Download operation

List of figures

Figure 52.

Figure 53.



UM2237

UM2237 Getting started

# 1 Getting started

This section describes the requirements and procedures to install the STM32CubeProgrammer software tool.

STM32CubeProgrammer supports STM32 32-bit MCUs based on Arm<sup>®(a)</sup> Cortex<sup>®</sup>-M processors and STM32 32-bit MPUs based on Arm<sup>®</sup> Cortex<sup>®</sup>-A processors.

# 1.1 System requirements

Supported operating systems and architectures:

- Linux<sup>®</sup> 64-bit
- Windows<sup>®</sup> 7/8/10 32-bit and 64-bit
- macOS<sup>®</sup> (minimum version OS X<sup>®</sup> Yosemite)

The Java™ SE Run Time Environment 1.8 or newer must be installed (download available from www.oracle.com).

If OpenJDK is used, be sure to download and install the OpenJFx library.

The minimal supported screen resolution is 1024x768.

Note: STLINK-V3SET is not supported on Linux32.

# 1.2 Installing STM32CubeProgrammer

This section describes the requirements and the procedure for the use of the STM32CubeProgrammer software. The setup also offers optional installation of the "STM32 trusted package creator" tool, used to create secure firmware files for secure firmware install and update. For more information, check user manual UM2238, available on <a href="https://www.st.com">www.st.com</a>.

#### 1.2.1 Linux install

If you are using a USB port to connect to the STM32 device, install the libusb1.0 package by typing the following command:

sudo apt-get install libusb-1.0.0-dev

To use ST-LINK probe or USB DFU to connect to a target, copy the rules files located under *Driver/rules* folder in /etc/udev/rules.d/ on Ubuntu ("sudo cp \*.\* /etc/udev/rules.d").

Note: libusb1.0.12 version or higher is required to run STM32CubeProgrammer.

To install the STM32CubeProgrammer tool, you need to download and extract the zip package and execute *SetupSTM32CubeProgrammer-vx.y.z.linux*, which guides you through the installation process.

arm

a. Arm is a registered trademark of Arm Limited (or its subsidiaries) in the US and/or elsewhere.



UM2237 Rev 7 7/75

Getting started UM2237

#### 1.2.2 Windows install

To install the STM32CubeProgrammer tool, you need to download and extract the zip package and execute *SetupSTM32CubeProgrammer-vx.y.z.exe*, which guides you through the installation process.

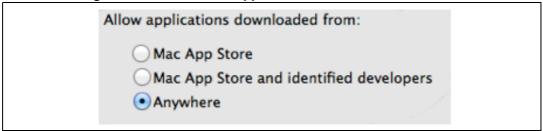
#### 1.2.3 macOS install

To install the STM32CubeProgrammer tool, you need to download and extract the zip package and execute *SetupSTM32CubeProgrammer-vx.y.z.app*, which guides you through the installation process.

To install STM32CubeProgrammer on MacOs, execute the following steps:

- 1. Open a terminal and enter the following: sudo spctl --master-disable
- 2. Open the Apple menu > System Preferences > Security & Privacy > General tab. Under "Allow applications downloaded from:" select "Anywhere".

Figure 1. macOS "Allow applications downloaded from:" tab



You now need to download and extract the zip package and execute SetupSTM32CubeProgrammer-vx.y.z.app, which guides you through the installation process.

#### 1.2.4 DFU driver

If you are using the STM32 device in USB DFU mode, install the STM32CubeProgrammer's DFU driver by running the "STM32 Bootloader.bat" file. This driver is provided with the release package, it can be found in the DFU driver folder.

If you have the DFUSE driver installed on your machine, first uninstall it, then reboot the machine and run the previously mentioned ".bat" file. You must check the 'Delete the driver software for this device' option to avoid reinstalling the old driver when, later, a board will be plugged in.

8/75 UM2237 Rev 7

UM2237 Getting started

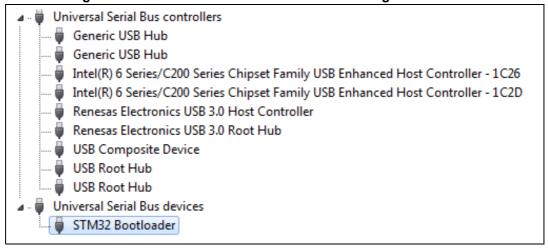
Figure 2. Deleting the old driver software



Figure 3. STM32 DFU device with DfuSe driver



Figure 4. STM32 DFU device with STM32CubeProgrammer driver



Note:

When using USB DFU interface or STLink interface on a Windows 7 PC, ensure that all USB 3.0 controller's drivers are up to date. Older versions of the drivers may have bugs that prevent access or cause connection problems with USB devices.



UM2237 Rev 7 9/75

Getting started UM2237

### 1.2.5 ST-LINK driver

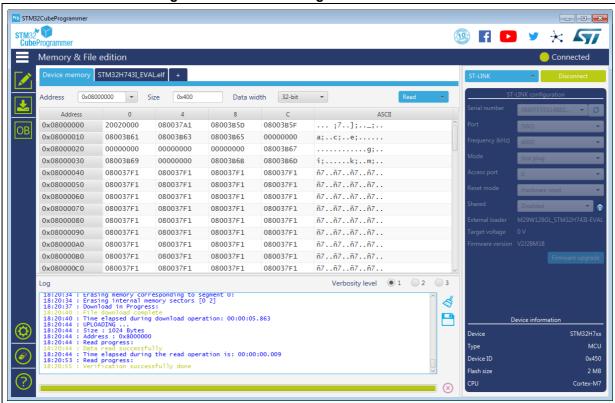
To connect to an STM32 device through a debug interface using ST-LINK/V2, ST-LINKV2-1 or ST-LINK-V3, install the ST-LINK driver by running the "stlink\_winusb\_install.bat" file. This driver is provided with the release package, it can be found under the "Driver/stsw-link009\_v3" folder.



# 2 STM32CubeProgrammer user interface for MCUs

### 2.1 Main window





The main window is composed of the parts described in the following sections.

#### 2.1.1 Main menu

The Main menu allows the user to switch between the three main panels of the Memory and file edition, Memory programming and erasing, and Option byes tools.

By clicking on the Hamburger menu (the three-line button) on the top left corner, the Main menu expands and displays the textual description shown in *Figure 6*.

UM2237 Rev 7 11/75

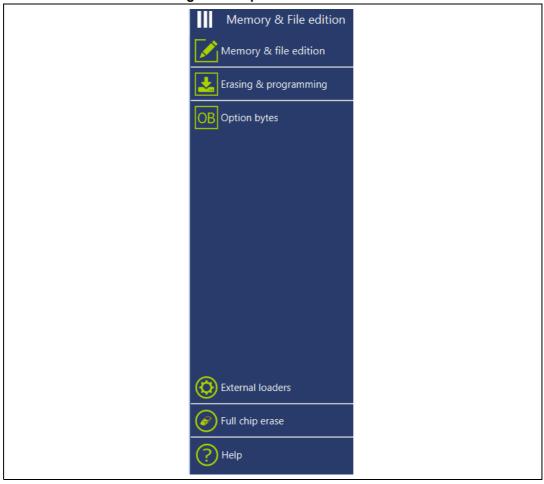


Figure 6. Expanded main menu

#### 2.1.2 Log panel

Displays errors, warnings, and informational events related to the operations executed by the tool. The verbosity of the displayed messages can be refined using the verbosity radio buttons above the log text zone. The minimum verbosity level is 1, and the maximum is 3, in which all transactions via the selected interface are logged. All displayed messages are time stamped with the format "hh:mm:ss:ms" where "hh" is for hours, "mm" for minutes, "ss" for seconds and "ms" for milliseconds (in three digits).

On the right of the log panel there are two buttons, the first to clean the log, and the second to save it to a log file.

#### 2.1.3 **Progress bar**

The progress bar visualizes the progress of any operation or transaction done by the tool (Read, Write, Erase...). You can abort any ongoing operation by clicking on the 'Stop' button in front of the progress bar.

UM2237 Rev 7 12/75



## 2.1.4 Target configuration panel

This is the first panel to look at before connecting to a target. It allows the user to select the target interface; either the debug interface using ST-LINK debug probe or the bootloader interface over UART, USB, SPI, CAN or I2C.

The refresh button allows you to check the available interfaces connected to the PC. When this button is pressed while the ST-LINK interface is selected, the tool checks the connected ST-LINK probes and lists them in the Serial numbers combo box. If the UART interface is selected, it checks the available com ports of the PC, and lists them in the Port combo box. If the USB interface is selected, it checks the USB devices in DFU mode connected to the PC and lists them also in the Port combo box. Each interface has its own settings, they need to be set before connection.

#### **ST-LINK** settings

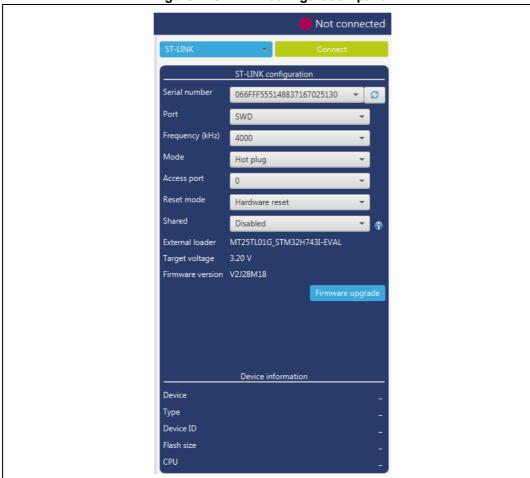


Figure 7. ST-LINK configuration panel

- **Serial number**: This field contains the serial numbers of all connected ST-LINK probes. The user can choose one of them, based on its serial number.
- Port: ST-LINK probe supports two debug protocols, JTAG and SWD.



UM2237 Rev 7 13/75

Note:

JTAG is not available on all embedded ST-LINK in the STM32 Nucleo or Discovery boards.

- Frequency: The JTAG or SWD clock frequency
- Access port: Selects the access port to connect to. Most of the STM32 devices have only one access port, which is Access port 0.

#### Mode:

- Normal: With 'Normal' connection mode, the target is reset then halted. The type
  of reset is selected using the 'Reset Mode' option.
- Connect Under Reset: This mode enables connection to the target using a reset vector catch before executing any instructions. This is useful in many cases, for example when the target contains a code that disables the JTAG/SWD pins.
- Hot Plug: Enables connection to the target without a halt or reset. This is useful for updating the RAM addresses or the IP registers while the application is running.

#### Reset mode:

- Software system reset: Resets all STM32 components except the Debug via the Cortex-M application interrupt and reset control register (AIRCR).
- Hardware reset: Resets the STM32 device via the nRST pin. The RESET pin of the JTAG connector (pin 15) must be connected to the device reset pin.
- Core reset: Resets only the core Cortex-M via the AIRCR.
- **Shared**: Enables shared mode allowing connection of two or more instances of STM32CubeProgrammer or other debugger to the same ST-LINK probe.
- **External loader**: Displays the name of the external memory loader selected in the "External loaders" panel accessible from the main menu (Hamburger menu).
- Target voltage: The target voltage is measured and displayed here.
- **Firmware version**: Displays the ST-LINK firmware version. The Firmware upgrade button allows you to upgrade the ST-LINK firmware.



#### **UART** settings





• **Port**: Selects the com port to which the target STM32 is connected. Use the refresh button to recheck the available com port on the PC.

Note:

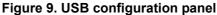
The STM32 must boot in bootloader mode using boot pins and/or the option bits. Check AN2606, available on www.st.com, for more information on the STM32 bootloader.

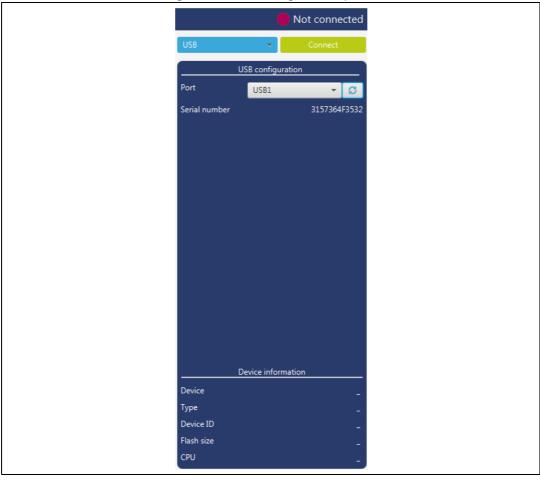
- Baudrate: Selects the UART baud rate.
- Parity: Selects the parity (even, odd, none). Must be 'even' for all STM32 devices.
- Data bits: Must be always 8. Only 8-bit data is supported by the STM32.
- Stop bits: Must be always 1. Only 1-bit stop bit is supported by the STM32.
- Flow control: Must be always off.



UM2237 Rev 7 15/75

#### **USB** settings





 Port: Selects the USB devices in DFU mode connected to the PC. You can use the refresh button to recheck the available devices.

Note:

The STM32 must boot in bootloader mode using boot pins and/or the option bits. Check the AN2606, available on www.st.com, for more information on the STM32 bootloader.

Once the correct interface settings are set, click on the 'Connect' button to connect to the target interface. If the connection succeeds, it is shown in the indicator above the button, which turns to green.

Once connected, the target information is displayed in the device information section below the settings section, which is then disabled as in *Figure 10*.



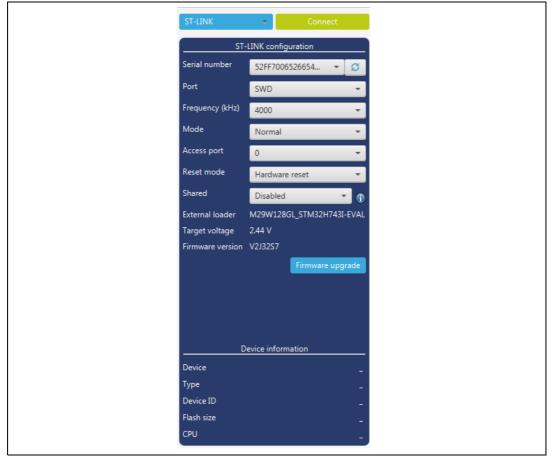


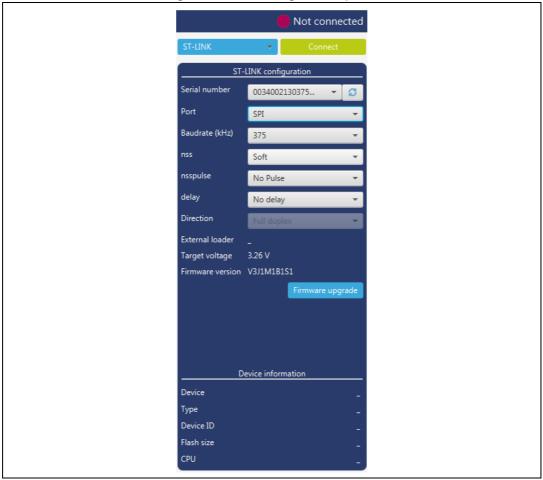
Figure 10. Target information panel



UM2237 Rev 7 17/75

#### **SPI** settings

Figure 11. SPI configuration panel



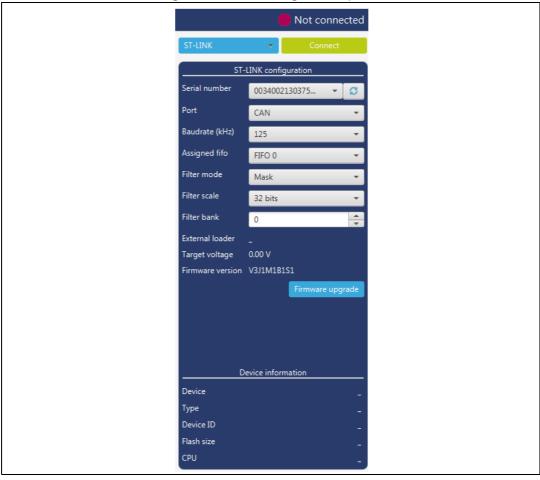
- Serial number: This field contains the serial numbers of all connected ST-LINK-V3 probes in case of use of SPI bootloader.
- Port: Selects the SPI devices connected to the PC. You can use the refresh button to recheck the available devices.
- Baudrate: Selects the SPI baud rate.
- nss: Slave Select software or hardware.
- nsspulse: the Slave Selection signal can operate in a pulse mode where the master generates pulses on nss output signal between data frames for a duration of one SPI clock period when there is a continuous transfer period.
- **Delay**: used to insert a delay of several microseconds between data.
- Direction: Must be always Full-duplex, both data lines are used and synchronous data flows in both directions.

UM2237 Rev 7 18/75



#### **CAN** settings

Figure 12. CAN configuration panel



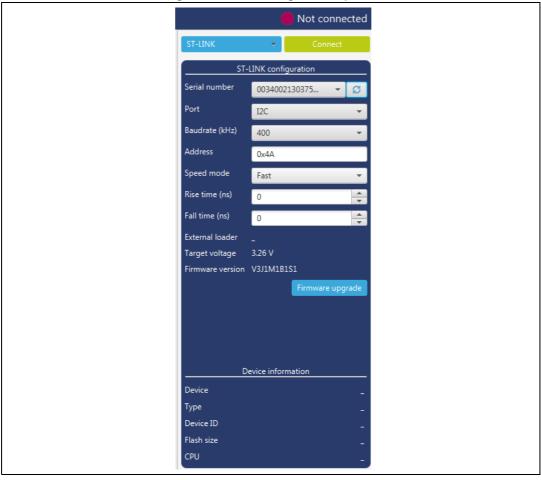
- **Serial number**: This field contains the serial numbers of all connected ST-LINK-V3 probes in case to use CAN bootloader.
- **Port**: Selects the CAN devices connected to the PC. You can use the refresh button to recheck the available devices.
- Baudrate: Selects the CAN baud rate.
- Assigned FIFO: Selects the receive FIFO memory to store incoming messages.
- Filter mode: Selects the type of the filter, MASK or LIST.
- Filter scale: Selects the width of the filter bank, 16 or 32 bits.
- Filter bank: Values between 0 and 13, to choose the filter bank number.

577

UM2237 Rev 7 19/75

#### **I2C** settings

Figure 13. I2C configuration panel



- Serial number: This field contains the serial numbers of all connected ST-LINK-V3 probes in case to use I2C Bootloader.
- Port: Selects the I2C devices connected to the PC. You can use the refresh button to recheck the available devices.
- Baudrate: Selects the I2C baud rate.
- Address: Adds the address of the slave Bootloader in hex format.
- Speed mode: Selects the speed mode of the transmission Standard or Fast.
- Rise time: Chooses values according to Speed mode, 0-1000 (STANDARD), 0-300 (FAST).
- Fall time: Chooses values according to Speed mode, 0-300 (STANDARD), 0-300 (FAST).

UM2237 Rev 7 20/75

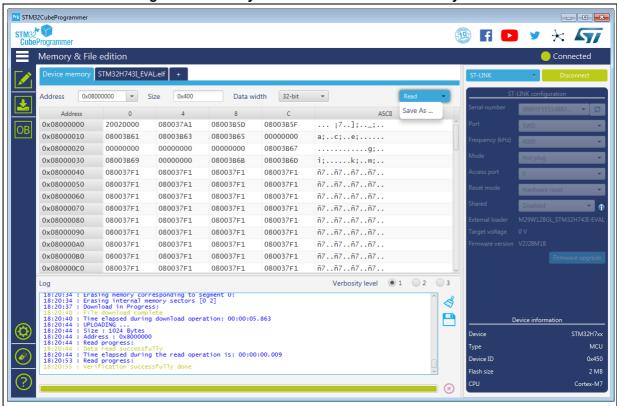


# 2.2 Memory and file edition

The Memory and file edition panel allows the user to read and display target memory and file contents.

# 2.2.1 Reading and displaying target memory

Figure 14. Memory and file edition: Device memory tab



After target connection, you can read the STM32 target memory using this panel. To do this, specify the address and the size of the data to be read, then click on the Read button in the top-left corner. Data can be displayed in different formats (8-, 16- and 32-bit) using the 'Data width' combo box.

You can also save the device memory content in .bin, .hex or .srec file using the "Save As..." menu from the tab contextual menu or the action button.

You can open multiple device memory tabs to display different locations of the target memory. To do this, just click on the "+" tab to display a contextual menu that allows you to add a new "Device memory" tab, or to open a file and display it in a "File" tab:



UM2237 Rev 7 21/75

Memory & File edition Open file Address 0x08000000 Data width Address 0 Open memory tak 8 0x08000000 FFFFFF FEFFFFF **FFFFFFF** <u>ӱӱӱӱӱӱӱӱӱӱӱӱӱӱӱ</u>ӱӱ 0x08000010 FFFFFFF FFFFFFF FFFFFFF FFFFFFF **уууууууууууууууу**уууу

Figure 15. Memory and file edition: Contextual menu

# 2.2.2 Reading and displaying a file

To open and display a file, just click on the "+" and select 'Open File' menu, as illustrated in *Figure 15*.

The file formats supported are binary files (.bin), ELF files (.elf, .axf, .out), Intel hex files (.hex) and Motorola S-record files (.Srec).

Once the file is opened and parsed, it is displayed in a dedicated tab with its name, as illustrated in *Figure 16*. The file size is displayed in the 'Size' field, and the start address of hex, srec or ELF files, is displayed in the 'Address' field, for a binary file it is 0.

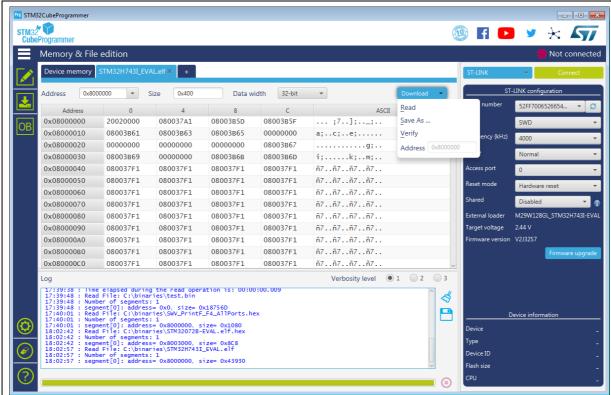


Figure 16. Memory and file edition: File display

You can modify the address field to display the file content starting from an offset. Using the tab contextual menu or the action button, you can download the file using "Download" button/menu. In case of binary file you need to specify the download address in the

22/75 UM2237 Rev 7



"Address" menu. You can also verify if the file is already downloaded using the "Verify" menu.

In addition, you can save the file in another format (.bin, .hex or .srec).

As for the 'Device memory' tab, you can display the file memory content in different formats (8-, 16- and 32-bit) using the 'Data width' combo box.



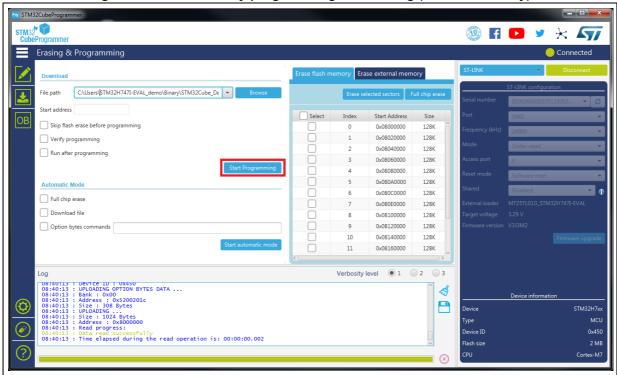
UM2237 Rev 7 23/75

# 2.3 Memory programming and erasing

This panel is dedicated to Flash memory programming and erasing operations.

## 2.3.1 Internal Flash memory programming

Figure 17. Flash memory programming and erasing (internal memory)



#### Memory erasing

Once connected to a target, the memory sectors are displayed in the right-hand panel showing the start address and the size of each sector. To erase one or more sectors, select them in the first column and then click on the 'Erase selected sectors' button.

The 'Full chip erase' button erases the whole Flash memory.



24/75 UM2237 Rev 7

#### **Memory programming**

To program a memory execute the following steps:

- 1. Click on the browse button and select the file to be programmed. The file format supported are binary files (.bin), ELF files (.elf, .axf, .out), Intel hex files (.hex) and Motorola S-record files (.Srec).
- 2. In case of programming a binary file, the address must be set.
- 3. Select the programming options:
  - Verify after programming: Read back the programmed memory and compare it byte per byte with the file.
  - Skip Flash erase before programming: if checked, the memory is not erased before programming. This option must be checked only when you are sure that the target memory is already erased.
  - Run after programming: Start the application just after programming.
- 4. Click on the 'Start programming' button to start programming.

The progress bar on the bottom of the window shows the progress of the erase and programming operations.

#### 2.3.2 External Flash memory programming

If you need to program an external memory connected to the STM32 via any of the available interfaces (e.g. SPI, FMC, FSMC, QSPI, OCTOSPI) you need an external loader.

STM32CubeProgrammer is delivered with external loaders for most available STM32 Evaluation and Discovery boards available under the "bin/ExternalLoader" directory. If you need to create a new external loader, see *Section 2.3.3* for more details.

To program an external memory, select the external loader from the "ExternalLoader" panel to be used by the tool to read, program, or erase external memories as shown in *Figure 18*. Once selected, this external loader is used for any memory operation in its memory range.

The "External flash erasing" tab on the right of the "Erasing and Programming" panel displays the memory sectors, and enables sector or full-chip erase.



UM2237 Rev 7 25/75

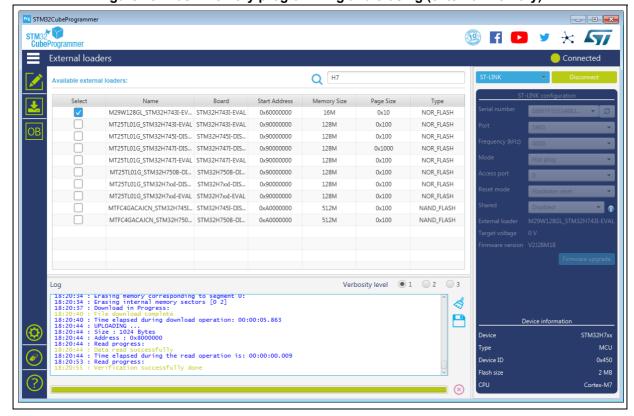


Figure 18. Flash memory programming and erasing (external memory)

### 2.3.3 Developing customized loaders for external memory

Based on the examples available under the "bin/ExternalLoader" directory, users can develop their custom loaders for a given external memory. These examples are available for three toolchains: MDK-ARM™, EWARM and TrueSTUDIO<sup>®</sup>. The development of custom loaders can be performed using one of these toolchains, keeping the same compiler/linker configurations, as in the examples.

The external Flash programming mechanism is the same used by the STM32 ST-LINK utility tool. Any Flash loader developed to be used with the ST-LINK utility is compatible with the STM32CubeProgrammer tool, and can be used without any modification.

To create a new external memory loader, follow the steps below:

- 1. Update the device information in *StorageInfo* structure in the *Dev\_Inf.c* file with the correct information concerning the external memory.
- 2. Rewrite the corresponding functions code in the *Loader\_Src.c* file.
- 3. Change the output file name.

Note: Some functions are mandatory and cannot be omitted (see the functions description in the Loader\_Src.c file).

Linker or scatter files must not be modified.

After building the external loader project, an ELF file is generated. The extension of the ELF file depends upon the used toolchain (.axf for Keil, .out for EWARM and .elf for TrueSTUDIO or any gcc-based toolchain).

26/75 UM2237 Rev 7



The extension of the ELF file must be changed to '.stldr' and the file must be copied under the "bin/ExternalLoader" directory.

#### Loader\_Src.c file

Developing an external loader for a memory, based on a specific IP requires the following functions:

Tnit function

The Init function defines the used GPIO pins connecting the external memory to the device, and initializes the clock of the used IPs.

Returns 1 if success, and 0 if failure.

```
int Init (void)
```

• Write function

The Write function programs a buffer defined by an address in the RAM range.

Returns 1 if success, and 0 if failure.

```
int Write (uint32_t Address, uint32_t Size, uint8_t* buffer)
```

• SectorErase function

The SectorErase function erases the memory specified sectors.

Returns 1 if success, and 0 if failure.

```
int SectorErase (uint32_t StartAddress, uint32_t EndAddress)
```

Where "StartAddress" equals the address of the first sector to be erased and "EndAddress" equals the address of the end sector to be erased.

Note: This function is not used in case of an external SRAM memory loader.

It is imperative to define the functions mentioned above in an external loader. They are used by the tool to erase and program the external memory. For instance, if the user clicks on the program button from the external loader menu, the tool performs the following actions:

- Automatically calls the Init function to initialize the interface (QSPI, FMC ...) and the Flash memory
- Calls SectorErase() to erase the needed Flash sectors
- Calls the Write() function to program the memory.

In addition to these functions, you can also define the functions below:

Read function

The Read function is used to read a specific range of memory, and returns the reading in a buffer in the RAM.

Returns 1 if success, and 0 if failure.

```
int Read (uint32_t Address, uint32_t Size, uint16_t* buffer)
```

Where "Address" = start address of read operation, "Size" is the size of the read operation and "buffer" is the pointer to data read.

577

UM2237 Rev 7 27/75

Note:

For QSPI / OSPI (QuadSPI / OctoSPI) memories, the memory mapped mode can be defined in the Init function; in that case the Read function is useless since the data can be read directly from JTAG/SWD interface.

Verify function

The <code>Verify</code> function is called when selecting the "verify while programming" mode. This function checks if the programmed memory corresponds to the buffer defined in the RAM. It returns an uint64 defined as follows:

```
Return value = ((checksum<<32) + AddressFirstError)</pre>
```

where "AddressFirstError" is the address of the first mismatch, and "checksum" is the checksum value of the programmed buffer

```
uint64_t Verify (uint32_t FlashAddr, uint32_t RAMBufferAddr,
uint32_t Size)
```

• MassErase function

The MassErase function erases the full memory.

Returns 1 if success, and 0 if failure.

```
int MassErase (void)
```

A Checksum function

All the functions described return 1 in the case of a successful operation, and 0 in the case of a fail.

#### Dev\_Inf.c file

The StorageInfo structure defined in this file provides information on the external memory. An example of the type of information that this structure defines is given below:

```
#if defined (__ICCARM__)
     __root struct StorageInfo const StorageInfo = {
#else
     struct StorageInfo const StorageInfo = {
#endif
     "External_Loader_Name", // Device Name + version number
     MCU_FLASH, // Device Type
     0x08000000, // Device Start Address
     0x00100000, // Device Size in Bytes (1MBytes/8Mbits)
     0x00004000, // Programming Page Size 16KBytes
     0xFF, // Initial Content of Erased Memory
// Specify Size and Address of Sectors (view example below)
     0x00000004, 0x00004000, // Sector Num : 4 ,Sector Size: 16KBytes
     0x0000001, 0x00010000, // Sector Num : 1 ,Sector Size: 64KBytes
     0x00000007, 0x00020000, // Sector Num : 7 , Sector Size: 128KBytes
     0x00000000, 0x00000000,
};
```



## 2.4 Option bytes

The option bytes panel allows the user to read and display target option bytes grouped by categories. The option bits are displayed in tables with three columns containing the bit(s) name, value and a description of the impact on the device.

You can modify the values of these option bytes by updating the value fields, then clicking on the apply button, which will program and then verify that the modified option bytes are correctly programmed.

You can click at any time on the read button, to read and refresh the displayed option bytes.

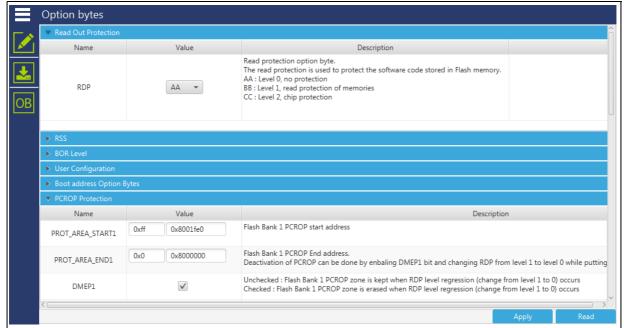


Figure 19. Option bytes panel

For more details, refer to the option bytes section in the Flash memory programming manual and reference manual available from <a href="https://www.st.com">www.st.com</a>.

#### 2.5 Automatic mode

The Automatic mode feature shown in Erasing & Programming window (see *Figure 20*) allows the user to program and configure STM32 devices in loop. Allowed actions:

- Full chip erase: erase all the Flash memory
- Download file: activate and set programming options from Download section:
  - File path
  - Start address
  - Skip flash erase before programming
  - Verify programming
  - Run after programming
- Option bytes commands: configure the device by setting option bytes command line

57

UM2237 Rev 7 29/75

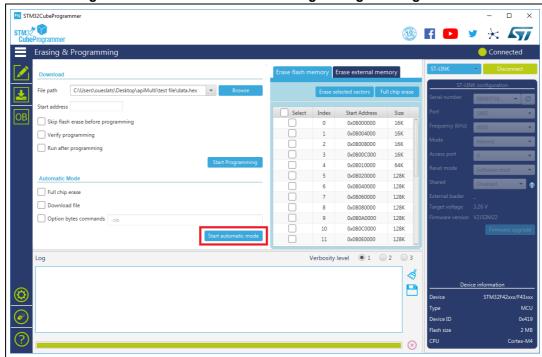
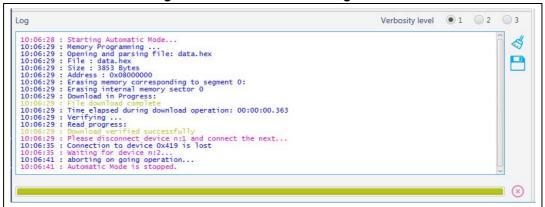


Figure 20. Automatic mode in Erasing & Programming window

All automatic mode traces are indicated in the Log panel (see *Figure 21*) to show the process evolution and user intervention messages.

Figure 21. Automatic mode Log traces





#### **Graphical** guide

- Connection to a first target must be established before performing automatic mode to collect connection parameters values that will be associated to all next devices.
- If the Download file is checked, the system will take all Download file options in consideration, otherwise any Download option will be performed.
- If the Option bytes commands is checked, the text field will be activated then the user must insert option bytes commands (like CLI commands).
- Example "-ob BOR\_LEV=0"
- If the Start automatic mode button is pressed, the system will enter in the process in infinite loop until a system stop is called.
- While the automatic mode is in execution state, all graphical objects will be disabled.
- The user can stop the process at any preferred time by pressing cancel button or stop automatic mode button.

#### Log messages

- "Starting Automatic Mode..."
  - Indicates that the system entered successfully in automatic process.
- "More than one ST-LINK probe detected! Keep only one ST-LINK probe!"
   The automatic mode cannot be used if more than one ST-LINK probe is connected to the computer when using JTAG/SWD interfaces. A message is displayed to prevent the user and ask him to keep only one ST-LINK probe connected to continue using this mode.
- "More than one ST-LINK Bridge detected! Keep only one ST-LINK Bridge!" The automatic mode cannot be used if more than one ST-LINK bridge is connected to the computer when using bootloader interface SPI/CAN/I<sup>2</sup>C interfaces. A message is displayed to prevent the user and ask him to keep only one ST-LINK bridge connected to continue using this mode.
- "More than one ST-LINK USB DFU detected! Keep only one USB DFU!"
  The automatic mode cannot be used if more than one USB DFU is connected to the computer when using USB Bootloader interface. A message is displayed to prevent the user and ask him to keep only one USB DFU connected to continue using this mode.
- "More UART ports detected than last connection!"
  - In the first connection time the automatic mode calculates the number of the available Serial ports and put it as a reference to detect correctly that we use only one port UART for STM32 device.
- "Please disconnect device and connect the next..."
  - If the system finishes the first process, and whatever the result, disconnect the current device to prepare the second device connection.
- "Waiting for device..."
  - Once the connection to the previous device is correctly lost, the system keeps searching for a new device.
- "Automatic Mode is stopped."
  - Indicates that there is a required cancel and the system will stop the process.



UM2237 Rev 7 31/75

Connected target SPI **STLINK** DFU **UART** CAN I2C Start Read STLINK / UART / USB port numbers N > 1 N = 1 N = 0Error Checked Full chip erase No Full chip erase Stop Checked No Download file Skip erase Checked No Stop Sector erase <OB commands Download file No Option bytes Checked programming Verify Stop No Verify after programming Disconnect Checked Run No Start Stop Waiting Stop MS51811V1

Figure 22. Algorithm



# 2.6 STM32WB OTA programming

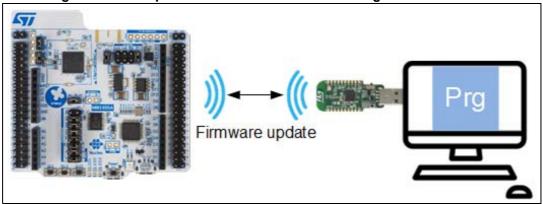
Over-the-air (OTA) programming mode in STM32CubeProgrammer tool allows the user to transfer data from a device to a remote device through a Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> Low Energy (BLE) connection.

The STM32CubeProgrammer tool is communicating with a BLE using an STM32WB dongle or a Nucleo board configured in HCI transparent mode as shown in *Figure 23*.

The implementation example does not include security in the transfer process. It is expected that users change their loader, or the application to perform the security verification based on the customer requirements.

It is not possible to load the BLE stack.





The target board to be programmed need to be running the OTA loader. When the user application is running in normal mode, the OTA loader is not active, and the OTA service is not available. In order to perform OTA transfer, the application needs to reboot the device in OTA mode.

### 2.6.1 USB dongle configuration

The USB dongle provided with the Nucleo STM32WB package will be configured in "transparent mode" for this purpose. Open and compile, within STM32Cube\_FW\_WB package available on <a href="https://www.st.com">www.st.com</a>, the project

~\Projects\NUCLEO-WB55.USBDongle\Applications\BLE\ble transparent mode vcp.

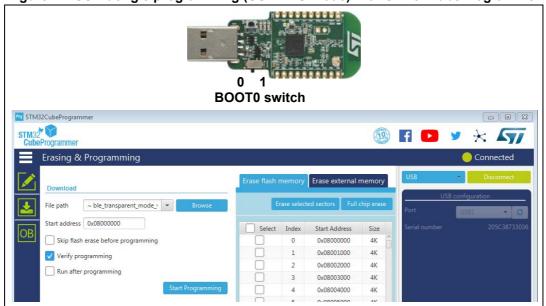
The USB dongle can be easily programmed in USB-DFU mode with STM32CubeProgrammer (version 2.0 and above) tool using USB DFU mode.



UM2237 Rev 7 33/75

To access DFU mode, move the BOOT0 switch to 1 (to the right in *Figure 24*). Once programmed, move back the BOOT0 switch to 0 (to the left in *Figure 24*).

Figure 24. USB dongle programming (USB DFU mode) with STM32CubeProgrammer



For more information on how to configure the source board in HCI transparent mode and the target board in OTA loader mode, check AN5247, available on *www.st.com*.

## 2.6.2 OTA update procedure

The OTA function is available in the target interface combo box in the configuration panel. Select the OTA interface and click the connect button.

If the connected STM32WB board is configured in HCI transparent mode, the OTA updater window will be displayed.



34/75 UM2237 Rev 7

OTA Updater

SEARCH FOR DEVICES

Select device

Image base address (hex)

Ox7000

Image file path

BROWSE

Figure 25. OTA updater window

The first operation is to find the target device. The tool needs to perform a scan of BLE devices and list all the devices with OTA capabilities. Search procedure

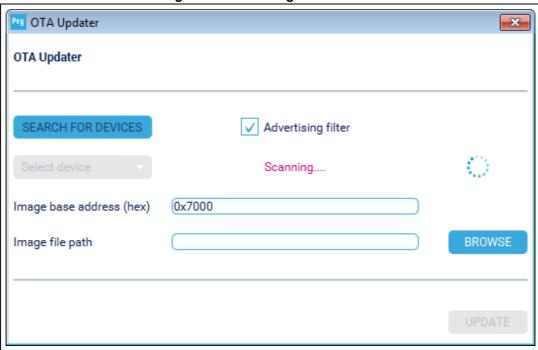


Figure 26. Searching BLE devices

The tool provides an advertising filter to refine the search procedure with advertising message.



To start search, click on the 'SEARCH FOR DEVICES' button. If Advertising filter is not checked, all BLE devices will be listed even if not compatible for OTA. It is recommended to check the Advertising filter option to list only devices with ST OTA information.

Figure 27. OTA device selection



The picklist displays the list of found boards:

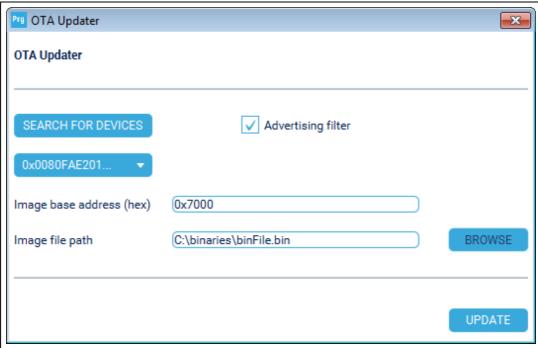
- for devices with BLE characteristic: BLE address Device name OTA enabled
- for devices already in OTA mode: BLE address Device name OTA loader

The image base address is the place where the binary file must be stored on the target device. It is an hexadecimal value, and must be a multiple of 0x1000 to match with Flash memory sector.

After selecting a device, click on "BROWSE" to select the binary file you want to program. Once selected the right path to the binary file click on "UPDATE".

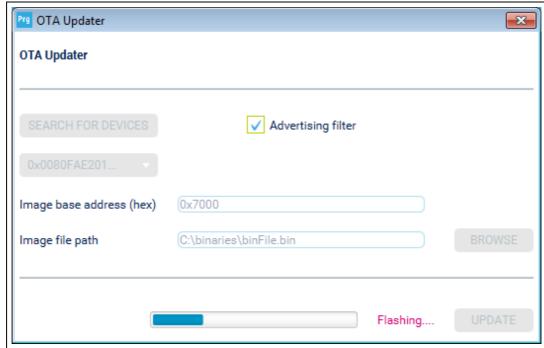


Figure 28. Image file selection



The progress of Flash memory programming (flashing) is indicated by a bar.

Figure 29. OTA flashing



Once the flashing is done, the target device reboots and starts the loaded application.



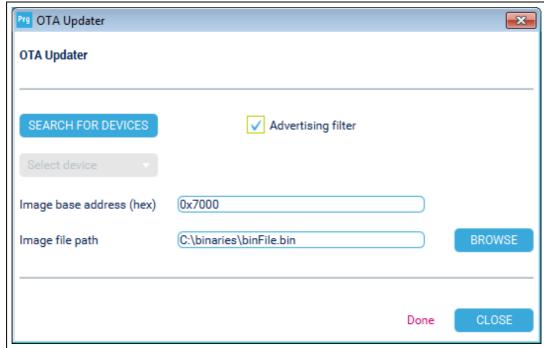


Figure 30. OTA flashing completed

For this feature STM32CubeMon-RF tool is called by STM32CubeProgrammer to perform OTA.



# 3 STM32CubeProgrammer command line interface (CLI) for MCUs

# 3.1 Command line usage

The following sections describe how to use the STM32CubeProgrammer from the command line. Available commands are shown in *Figure 31*.

Note: To launch command line interface on macOS, you need to call

STM32CubeProgrammer.app/Contents/MacOs/bin/STM32\_Programmer\_CLI



UM2237 Rev 7 39/75

Figure 31. STM32CubeProgrammer: available commands

```
-7, -h, -help
-version, -version
-1, -list
-(uart)
-(ush)

               <file_path>
<start_address>
<sond_address>
<slice_size>
--mergesbsfu
                                                       (elf_file_path) : File path to be modified
(header_file_path) : Header file path
(shefu_file_path) : SSSFU file path
--connect : Establish connection to the device
(port<{PortName} : Interface identifier. ex COMI. /dev/ttyS9, ush1,
JTMG_SNU...)
(ANT_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional_port_optional
                                                 UART port optional pa

| Chr=<baudrate>| :

| CP=<parity>| :

| Idb=<data_bits>| :

| Isb=<stop_bits>| :

| Ifc=<flowGontrol>| :
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Agesters:
Baudrate, ex: 115208, 9689, etc, default 115208
Parity bit, value in (NOME.ODD.EUEN), default EUEN
Data bit, value in (6, 7, 8) ..., default 8
Stop bit, value in (1, 1.5, 2) ..., default 1
Flow control
Ualue in (OFF, Hardware, Software) ..., default 0FF
Not supported for SINIZH!
Botter Unit console mode
Enter Unit console mode
strianal barganeters:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              ker URRI console mode

Noal parameters

Beautiful State of the state o
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Baudrate.
1Edge or 2Edge. default 1Edge
low or high
enable or disable (0/1).
crc polynom value.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     bit/16bit
invection: 2LFu1lDuplex/2LRxOnly/1LRx/1LTx
invection: 2LFu1lDuplex/2LRxOnly/1LRx/1LTx
invection: 2LFu1lDuplex/2LRxOnly/1LRx/1LTx
invection in the content of the 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           STRINGER OF FRS. default 400
SIRNGER OF FRS. default FRST
ter: EMBLE or DISABLE. default ENGLE
ter: EMBLE or DISABLE. default DISABLE
se filter: 0 to 15, default
9 1600CSTRINGER) - 930CRRST), default 8
bits, value in (0,1)-90CRRST), default 9
yages/sectors devices: default 9
ed for SIN32MP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Not supported for SIM32MP
Erase all sectors
Erase the specified sectors identified by sectors
codes. ex: 0, 1, 2 to erase sectors 0, 1 and 2
Erase the specified sectors starting from
start code to end code, ex: -e 15 101
                                                       [<[start end]>]
                                                 --write
--download
<file_path>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Start tout to end tout, so that the content of a file into device memory. File path name to be downloaded: (bin, hex, srec., start and see from the file into device memory.)
Start and see from the file into device memory.
Start address of download.
32-bit data to be downloaded.
32-bit data to be downloaded.
White into the file file programming operation is achieved successfully.
Read a 22-bit data from device memory.
Read start address.
                                                       [<address>]
                                                       <address>
<32-bit_data>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           reset
only with JTAG/SWD debug port
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      : Hardware reset
Available only with JTAG/SVD debug port
: Halt core
: Step core
: Available only with JTAG/SVD debug port
: Get core status
                  -halt
-step
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         Available only with JIRG/SUD debug port
Resident activity.
JIRG/SUD debug port
Read/Brite core register:
RB/../RIS/POLIRYEPS/RBYR/RSR/TSR/FSR/FSR/
PRIMSK/BRSEPRI/FRULTHSK/COMTROL
value in case of write operation
Note in tiple of the core in the core of the core in the core of the core in the c
                                                    reReg
[<core_register>]
                                                       [core reg=(value>]
                                                    --read
--upload
<address>
<size>
<file_path>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         : Upload the device memory content to a .bin file
: Start address of read and upload
: Size of memory content to be read
: Binary file path
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         : Select a custom external memory-loader
: External memory-loader file path
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Run the code at the specified address.
Start address
Remove memory's Read Protection by shifting the RDP
level from level 1 to level 0.
                                                             --optionbytes: This command allows the user to manipulate the devic
2 Optionbytes by displaying or modifying them.
(displ1): See the user to display the whole set
of Option Bytes.
(OptByte=<value): This option allows the user to program the given
option byte.
```

Note:

# 3.2 Generic commands

This section presents the set of commands supported by all STM32 families.

#### 3.2.1 Connect command

#### -c, --connect

**Description**: Establishes the connection to the device. This command allows the host to open the chosen device port (UART/USB/JTAG/SWD/SPI/CAN/I2C).

**Syntax**: -c port=<Portname> [noinit=<noinit\_bit>] [options]

port=<Portname> : Interface identifier, ex COMx (for windows), /dev/ttySx

for Linux), usbx for USB interface, SPI, I2C and CAN for

respectively SPI, I2C and CAN interfaces.

[noinit=<noinit\_bit>] :Set No Init bits, value in {0, 1} ..., default 0. Noinit = 1

can be used if a previous connection is usually active.

ST-LINK options

 $[ \ \, \text{freq=<frequency>} ] \qquad \quad : \ \, \text{Frequency in kHz used in connection. Default value is}$ 

4000 kHz for SWD port, and 9000 kHz for JTAG port

The frequency entered values are rounded to correspond to those supported by ST-LINK probe.

[index=<index>] Index of the debug probe. Default index value is 0.

[sn=<serialNumber>] Serial Number of the debug probe. Use this option if you

need to connect to a specific ST-LINK probe of which you know the serial number. Do not use this option with Index

option in the same connect command.

[mode=<mode>] : Connection mode. Value in { NORMAL/UR/HOTPLUG}.

Default value is NORMAL.

Normal : With 'Normal' connection mode, the target is reset then

halted. The type of reset is selected using the 'Reset Mode'

option

UR : The 'Connect Under Reset' mode allows connection to the

target using a reset vector catch before executing any instructions. This is useful in many cases, for example when the target contains a code that disables the

JTAG/SWD pins.

HOTPLUG : The 'Hot Plug' mode enables connection to the target

without a halt or reset. This is useful for updating the RAM addresses or the IP registers while the application is

running.

[ap=<accessPort>] : Access port index. Default access port value is 0.

[shared] : Enables shared mode allowing connection of two or more

instances of STM32CubeProgrammer or other debugger to

the same ST-LINK probe.



UM2237 Rev 7 41/75

[tcpport=<Port>] : Selects the TCP Port to connect to an ST-Link Server. Shared option must be selected. Default value is 7184.

Note: Shared mode is supported only on Windows.

USB Options

The connection under the DFU interface does not support any option, knowing that defaults parameters are already included.

SPI Options

[br=<baudrate>] : Baudrate ex 187, 375, 750,..., default 375.

Note: To use SPI on high speed, an infrastructure hardware must be respected to ensure the proper connection on the bus.

[cpha=<cpha\_val>] : 1Edge or 2Edge, default 1Edge.

[cpol=<cpol\_val>] : low or high. Default low.

[crc=<crc\_val>] : enable or disable (0/1), default 0.

[crcpol=<crc\_pol>] : crc polynom value.
[datasize=<size>] : 8bit/16bit, default 8.

[direction=<val>] : 2LFullDuplex/2LRxOnly/1LRx/1LTx.

[firstbit=<val>] : MSB/LSB, default MSB.

[frameformat=<val>] : Motorola/TI, default motorola.
[mode=<val>] : master/slave, default master.

[nss=<val>]
: soft/hard, default hard.

[nsspulse=<val>] : Pulse/NoPulse, default pulse.
[delay=<val>] : Delay/NoDelay, default delay.

I2C options

[add=<ownadd>] : Slave address: address in hex format.

Note: I2C address option must be always inserted, otherwise the connection cannot be established.

[br=<sbaudrate>] :Baudrate: 100 or 400 Kbps, default 400.

[sm=<smode>] :Speed Mode, STANDARD or FAST, default FAST.

[am=<addmode>] :Address Mode: 7 or 10 bits, default 7.

[af=<afilter>] :Analog filter: ENABLE or DISABLE, default ENABLE.
[df=<dfilter>] :Digital filter: ENABLE or DISABLE, default DISABLE.

[dnf=<dnfilter>] :Digital noise filter: 0 to 15, default 0.

[rt=<rtime>] :Rise time: 0-1000 (STANDARD), 0-300 (FAST), default 0.
[ft=<ftime>] :Fall time: 0-300 (STANDARD), 0-300 (FAST), default 0.

CAN options

[br=<rbaudrate>] :Baudrate: 125, 250..., default 125.



Note:

The software must request the hardware to enter Normal mode to synchronize on the CAN bus and start reception and transmission between the Host and the CAN device. Normal mode is recommended.

```
[ide=<type>] :Type: STANDARD or EXTENDED, default STANDARD.
[rtr=<format>] :Frame format: DATA or REMOTE, default DATA.
[fifo=<afifo>] :Assigned FIFO: FIFO0 or FIFO1, default FIFO0.
[fm=<fmode] :Filter mode: MASK or LIST, default MASK.
[fs=<fscale>] :Filter scale: 16 or 32, default 32.
[fe=<fenable>] :Activation: ENABLE or DISABLE, default ENABLE.
[fbn=<fbanknb>] :Filter bank number: 0 to 13, default 0.
• Using UART
```

Using UAIXI

./STM32\_Programmer.sh -c port=/dev/ttyS0 br=115200

The result of this example is shown in *Figure 32*.

Figure 32. Connect operation using RS232

57

UM2237 Rev 7 43/75

# **Example using USB**

./STM32\_Programmer.sh -c port=usb1

The result of this example is shown in *Figure 33*:

Figure 33. Connect operation using USB

	igare 55. Connec	t operation using U	<del></del>			
establishing connection with the target device						
USB speed Manufacturer ID Product ID Serial number Firmware version Device ID	: FULL_SPEE : STMicroel : STM32 BO : 326F37603 : 1.1a : 0x0419	D(12MBit/s) ectronics OTLOADER 234				
AREA NAME	SECT.NBR	ADDRESS	SIZE	TYPE		
Internal Flash	9991 9991 9993 9994 9995 9998 9999 9919 9911 99113 9914 99118 9918 9919 9919 9912 9912 9923	0x08000000 0x08004000 0x08002000 0x08010000 0x08010000 0x08040000 0x08040000 0x08060000 0x08060000 0x08060000 0x0810000 0x08100000 0x08110000 0x08120000 0x08110000 0x08110000 0x08110000 0x08110000 0x08110000 0x08110000 0x08120000 0x08120000 0x08120000 0x08120000 0x08120000 0x08120000 0x08120000	0016 KB 0016 KB 0016 KB 0016 KB 0016 KB 00128 KB 0128 KB 01128 KB 0016 KB 0016 KB 0016 KB 0016 KB 00128 KB 0128 KB	REUV REUV REEV REEV REEV REEV REEV REEV		
Option Bytes	0000 0001	0x1fffc000 0x1ffec000	0016 B 0016 B	RW RW		
OTP Memory	9999 9991	0x1fff7800 0x1fff7a00	0512 B 0016 B	RW RW		
Device Feature	0000	0xffff0000	0004 B	RW		

Note:

When using a USB interface, all the configuration parameters are ignored (baud rate, parity, data-bits, frequency, index, and so on) To connect using a UART interface, the port configuration (baudrate, parity, data-bits, stopbits and flow-control) must have a valid combination, depending on the device used.



# **Example using JTAG/SWD debug port**

To connect using port connection mode with ST-LINK probe it is necessary to mention the port name with the connect command at least (for example: -c port=JTAG).

Note:

Make sure that the device being used contains a JTAG debug port when trying to connect through the JTAG.

There are other parameters used in connection with JTAG/SWD debug ports that have default values (see the help menu of the tool for more information about default values).

The example below shows a connection example with an STM32 with device ID 0x415.

Figure 34. Connect operation using SWD debug port

```
SI-LINK SN : 066BFF574857847167114941
SI-LINK FW : U2J30M20
U0ltage : 3.25U
SUB freq : 4000 KHz
Connect mode: Normal
Reset mode : Software reset
Device ID : 0x415
Device name : SIM32L4x1/SIM32L475xx/SIM32L476xx/SIM32L486xx
Device type : MCU
Device CPU : Cortex-M4
```

The corresponding command line for this example is -c port=SWD freq=3900 ap=0 In the connect command (-c port=SWD freq=3900 ap=0)

- The <port> parameter is mandatory.
- The index is not mentioned in the command line. The Index parameter takes the default value 0.
- The frequency entered is 3900 kHz, however the connection is established with 4000 kHz. This is due to the fact that ST-LINK probe has fixed values with SWD and JTAG debug ports.
- ST-LINK v2/v2.1
  - SWD (4000, 1800, 950, 480, 240, 125, 100, 50, 25, 15, 5) kHz
  - JTAG (9000, 4500, 2250, 1125, 562, 281, 140) kHz
- ST-LINK v3
  - SWD (24000, 8000, 3300, 1000, 200, 50, 5)
  - JTAG (21333, 16000, 12000, 8000, 1777, 750)

If the value entered does not correspond to any of these values, the next highest value is considered. Default frequency values are:

- SWD: STLinkV2: 4000 kHz, STLinkV3: 24000 kHz
- JTAG: STLinkV2: 9000 kHz, STLinkV3: 21333 kHz

Note:

JTAG frequency selection is only supported with ST-LINK firmware versions from V2J23 onward.

To connect to access port 0 the ap parameter is used in this example, so any command used after the connect command is established through the selected access port.

Note:

The ST-LINK probe firmware version is shown when connecting to the device. Make sure that you have the latest version of ST-LINK firmware V2J28M17 (STSW-LINK007), available on www.st.com.



UM2237 Rev 7 45/75

# **Example using SPI**

STM32\_Programmer\_CLI -c port=SPI br=375 cpha=1edge cpol=low The result of this example is shown in *Figure 35*.

Figure 35. Connect operation using SPI port

```
ST-LINK FV : U3J1M1
U01tage : 0.00U
Bridge freq : 48000 KHz
Baudrate : 375 KHz
BL version : 1.1
Device ID : 0x462
Device name : STM32L45x
Device type : MCU
Device CPU : Cortex-M4
```

Note:

Make sure that the device being used supports a SPI bootloader when trying to connect through the SPI.

There are other parameters used in connection with SPI port that have default values, and some others must have specific values (see the help menu of the tool for more information).

# **Example using CAN**

STM32\_Programmer\_CLI -c port=CAN br=125 fifo=fifo0 fm=mask fs=32 fe=enable fbn=2

The result of this example is shown in *Figure 36*.

Figure 36. Connect operation using CAN port

```
ST-LINK FW : U3J1M1
Uoltage : 0.00U
Bridge Freq : 48000 KHz
Baudrate : 125 Kbps

BL version : 2.0
Device ID : 0x419
Device name : STM32F42xxx/F43xxx
Device type : MCU
Device CPU : Cortex-M4
```

Note:

Not all devices implement this feature, make sure that the device supports a CAN bootloader.

There are other parameters used in connection with CAN port that have default values and some others must have specific values (see the help menu of the tool for more information).



# **Example using I2C**

STM32\_Programmer\_CLI -c port=I2C add=0x38 br=400 sm=fast

In the connect command:

- The parameter <add> changes from a device to another, refer to AN2606 to extract the correct one. In this case, the STM32F42xxx has a bootloader address equal to 0x38.
- The baudrate parameter <br/>br> depends directly on the speed mode parameter <sm>, for example, if sm=standard then the baudrate does not support the value 400.

The result of this example is shown in Figure 37.

Figure 37. Connect operation using I2C port

```
ST-LINK FW : U3J1M1
U0ltage : 0.00U
Bridge freq : 192000 KHz
Baudrate : 400 KHz
BL version : 1.1
Device ID : 0x419
Device name : STM32F42xxx/F43xxx
Device type : MCU
Device CPU : Cortex-M4
```

Note: For each I2C connection operation, the address parameter is mandatory.

Note: Not all devices implement this feature, make sure that the device supports an I2C bootloader.

There are other parameters used in connection with I2C port that have default values and some others must have specific values (see the help menu of the tool for more information).



UM2237 Rev 7 47/75

#### 3.2.2 Erase command

#### -e, --erase

**Description**: According to the given arguments, this command can be used to erase specific sectors or the entire Flash memory. This operation can take a second or more to complete, depending on the memory size involved.

# 3.2.3 Download command

## -w, --write, -d, --download

This command erases only sectors 2 and 4.

**Description**: Downloads the content of the specified binary file into device memory. The download operation is preceded by the erase operation before the Flash memory is downloaded. A write address is only needed to download binary files.

This command programs the binary file "All\_Flash\_0x1234\_256K.bin" at address

Ox08008000.

The result of this example is shown in *Figure 38*.

Figure 38. Download operation

-c port=COM4 -w RefSMI\_MDK/All\_Flash\_0x1234\_256K.bin 0x08008000

```
Serial Port COM4 is successfully opened.

Port configuration: parity = none, baudrate = 115200, data-bit = 8, stop-bit = 1.0, flow-control = off

Activating device: OK

Chip ID: 0x450

BootLoader version: 3.1

Memory Programming ...

File : RefSMI_MDK/All_Flash_0x1234_256K.bin
Size : 262144 Bytes
Address : 0x08008000

Download in Progress:

Pile download complete

Time elapsed during the download operation is: 00:01:06.793

Press <RETURN> to close this window...
```

Note:

To verify that the download was successful, you can call the verify option (-v or –verify) just after the write command, otherwise the verify option is ignored.

#### 3.2.4 Download 32-bit data command

#### -w32

**Description**: Downloads the specified 32-bit data into Flash memory starting from a specified address.

Syntax: -w32 <start\_address> <32\_data\_bits>

<start\_address> :Start address of download.

<32\_data\_Bits> :32 data-bits to be downloaded. Data must be separated by

escape

#### Example

./STM32\_Programmer.sh -c port=/dev/ttyS0 br=9600 -w32 0x08000000 0x12345678 0xAABBCCFF 0x12AB34CD -verify

Note:

This command makes it possible the 32 data bits (0x12345678, 0xAABBCCFF, 0x12AB34CD) to be written into the Flash memory starting from address 0x08000000.

# 3.2.5 Read command

# -r, --read, -u, --upload

**Description**: Reads and uploads the device memory content into a specified binary file starting from a specified address.

Syntax: --upload <start\_address> <size> <file\_path>

<start\_address> : Start address of read.

<size> : Size of memory content to be read.

<file\_path> : Binary file path to upload the memory content.

#### Example

```
./STM32_Programmer.sh -c port=/dev/ttyS0 br=9600 --upload 0x20007000 2000 "/local/ benayedh/Binaries/read2000.bin"
```

This command makes it possible to read 2000 bytes, starting from address 0x20007000, and uploads its content to a binary file "/local/benayedh/Binaries/read2000.bin"

#### -r32

**Description**: Read 32bit data memory.

Syntax: -r32 <start\_address> <size>

<start\_address> : Start address of read.

<size> : Size of memory content to be read.

#### Example

./STM32\_Programmer.sh -c port=SWD -r32 0x08000000 0x100



UM2237 Rev 7 49/75

Figure 39. Read 32-bit operation

```
T-LINK Firmware version : V2J28M17
SWD frequency = 4000K
Connection mode: Normal
Device ID: 0x450
@0x08000000 : 0x20000600 0x08006BA9 0x08005ADD
                                                 0x08005ADD
@0x08000010 : 0x08005AAA
                         0x08005ADD 0x08005ADD
                                                 0x00000000
@0x08000020 : 0x00000000 0x00000000 0x00000000
                                                 0x08005ADD
 0x08000030 : 0x08005ADD
                         0x00000000
                                     0x08005AEB
                                                 0x080066E3
10x08000040 :
              0x08005B0D
                          0x08005B0D
                                     0x08005B0D
                                                 0x08005AF9
00x08000050 : 0x08005B0D 0x08005B0D 0x08005AF9
                                                 0x08005AF9
@0x08000060 : 0x08005AF9 0x08005AF9 0x08005AF9
                                                 0x08003AB9
@0x08000070 : 0x08003ACB
                         0x08003ADD 0x08003AF1
                                                 0x08003B05
 0x08000080 :
              0x08003B19
                         0x08003B2D
                                     0x08005B0D
                                                 0x08005B0D
@0x08000090 : 0x08005B0D 0x08005B0D 0x08005BBB
                                                 0x08005ARR
0x080000A0 : 0x08005AF9 0x08004689 0x08005AF9
                                                 0x08005B0D
                         0x08005AF9
@0x080000B0 : 0x08005AF9
                                     0x0800469F
                                                 0x08005B0D
 0x080000C0 :
              0x08005B0D
                          0x08005B0D
                                     0x08005B0D
                                                 0x08005B0D
0x080000D0 :
              0x08005B0D
                          0x080040AB
                                     0x08005AF9
                                                 0x08005AF9
@0x080000E0 :
              0x08005AF9
                          0x08005B0D
                                     0x08005B0D
                                                 0x08005AF9
@0x080000F0 :
              0x08005AF9
                          0x08005AF9
                                     0x08005B0D
                                                 0x08005B0D
```

Note: The maximum size allowed with the –r32 command is 32 Kbytes.

# 3.2.6 Start command

#### -g, --go, -s, --start

**Description**: This command enables execution of the device memory starting from the specified address.

```
Syntax: --start [start_address]
```

[start\_address] Start address of application to be executed.

#### Example

```
./STM32_Programmer.sh --connect port=/dev/ttyS0 br=9600 --start 0 \times 08000000
```

This command runs the code specified at 0x08000000.

# 3.2.7 Debug commands

The following commands are available only with the JTAG/SWD debug port.

#### -rst

50/75

**Description**: Execute a software system reset;

Syntax: -rst

#### -hardRst

**Description**: Generate a hardware reset through the RESET pin in the debug connector.

The RESET pin of the JTAG connector (pin 15) must be connected to the device reset pin.

Syntax: -hardRst

UM2237 Rev 7

#### -halt

**Description**: Halt the core.

Syntax: -halt

#### -step

**Description**: Execute one instruction.

Syntax: -step

#### -score

**Description**: Display the Cortex-M core status.

The core status can be one of the following: 'Running', 'Halted', 'Locked up', 'Reset', 'Locked up or Kept under reset'

Syntax: -score

#### -coreReg

**Description**: Read/write Cortex-M core registers. The core is halted before a read/write operation.

```
Syntax: -coreReg [<core_register>]
R0/../R15/PC/LR/PSP/MSP/XPSR/APSR/IPSR/EPSR/PRIMASK/BASEPRI/
FAULTMASK/CONTROL
```

[core\_reg=<value>]: The value to write in the core register in the case of a write opration. Multiple registers can be handled at once

#### Example

-coreReg

This command displays the current values of the core registers.

```
-coreReg R0 R8
```

This command displays the current values of R0 and R8.

```
-coreReg R0=5 R8=10
```

This command modifies the values of R0 and R8.

#### 3.2.8 List command

#### -I, -list

Description: This command lists all available RS232 serial ports.

```
Syntax: -1, --list
```

#### Example

```
./STM32_Programmer.sh --list
```

The result of this example is shown in *Figure 40*:



UM2237 Rev 7 51/75

Figure 40. The available serial ports list

```
$ ./STM32_Programmer.sh -l

Total number of serial ports available: 2
Port: ttyS4
Location: /dev/ttyS4
Description: N/A
Manufacturer: N/A

Port: ttyS0
Location: /dev/ttyS0
Description: N/A
Manufacturer: N/A
```

Note: This command is not supported with JTAG/SWD debug port.

# 3.2.9 QuietMode command

# -q, --quietMode

**Description**: This command disables the progress bar display during download and read commands.

**Syntax**: -q, --quietMode

#### Example

./STM32\_Programmer.sh -c port=/dev/ttyS0 br=115200 -quietMode -w binaryPath.bin 0x08000000

# 3.2.10 Verbosity command

# -vb, --verbosity

**Description**: This command makes it possible to display more messages, to be more verbose.

Syntax: -vb <level>

<level> : Verbosity level, value in {1, 2, 3} default value vb=1

#### Example

./STM32\_Programmer.sh -c port=/dev/ttyS0 br=115200 -vb 3

**T** 

The result of this example is shown in *Figure 41*:

Figure 41. Verbosity command

```
$ ./STM32_Programmer.sh -c port=/dev/ttyS0 br=115200 -vb 3

Serial Port /dev/ttyS0 is successfully opened.

Port configuration: parity = none, baudrate = 115200, data-bit = 8,

stop-bit = 1.0, flow-control = off

Sending init command:
byte 0x7F sent successfully to target
Received response from target: 0x79

Activating device: OK
Sending GetID command and its XOR:
byte 0x02 sent successfully to target
byte 0xFD sent successfully to target
Received response from target: 0x79
Received response from target: 0x01050079

Chip ID: 0x500

Sending Get command and its XOR:
byte 0x00 sent successfully to target
byte 0xFF sent successfully to target
byte 0xFF sent successfully to target
Received response from target: 0x79
Received response from target: 0x79
Received response from target: 0x07
Received response from target: 0x07
Received response from target: 0x07
Received response from target: 0x07310001020311213179
BootLoader version: 3.1
```

# 3.2.11 Log command

```
-log, --log
```

**Description**: This traceability command makes it possible to store the whole traffic (with maximum verbosity level) into a log file.

#### Figure 42. Log command

57

The log file trace.log contains verbose messages such as those shown in Figure 43.

#### Figure 43. Log file content

```
16:41:19:345
Log output file:
                  trace.log
16:41:19:368 Serial Port /dev/ttyS0 is successfully opened.
16:41:19:368 Port configuration: parity = none, baudrate = 115200, data-bit = 8,
                    stop-bit = 1.0, flow-control = off
16:41:19:368 Sending init command:
16:41:19:368 byte 0x7F sent successfully to target
16:41:19:369 Received response from target: 0x79
16:41:19:369 Activating device: OK
16:41:19:369 Sending GetID command and its XOR:
16:41:19:369 byte 0x02 sent successfully to target
16:41:19:369 byte 0xFD sent successfully to target
16:41:19:370 Received response from target: 0x79
16:41:19:370 Received response from target: 0x01050079
16:41:19:370 Chip ID: 0x500
16:41:19:370 Sending Get command and its XOR:
16:41:19:370 byte 0x00 sent successfully to target
16:41:19:370 byte 0xFF sent successfully to target
16:41:19:371 Received response from target: 0x79
16:41:19:371 Received response from target: 0x07
16:41:19:371 Received response from target: 0x07310001020311213179
16:41:19:371 BootLoader version: 3.1
```

#### 3.2.12 External loader command

#### -el

**Description**: This command allows the path of an external memory loader to be entered, to perform programming, write erase and read operations with an external memory.

```
Syntax: -el [externalLoaderFilePath.stldr] [externalLoaderFilePath.stldr] Absolute path of external loader file.
```

#### Example 1:

```
./STM32_Programmer.sh -c port=swd -w "file.bin" 0x90000000 -v -el "/local/user/externalLoaderPath.stldr"
```

#### Example 2:

```
./STM32_Programmer.sh -c port=swd -e all -el
"/local/user/externalLoaderPath.stldr"
```

Note: This command is only supported with SWD/JTAG ports.



# 3.2.13 Read unprotect command

#### -rdu, --readunprotect

**Description**: This command removes the memory Read protection by changing the RDP level from level 1 to level 0.

Syntax: --readunprotect

Example

./STM32\_Programmer.sh -c port=swd -rdu

# 3.2.14 Option bytes command

# -ob, --optionbytes

**Description**: This command allows the user to manipulate the device option bytes by displaying or modifying them.

Syntax: -ob [displ] / -ob [OptByte=<value>]

[disp1]: This option allows the user to display the whole set of option

bytes.

[OptByte=<value>]: This option allows the user to program the given option byte.

#### Example

```
./STM32_Programmer.sh -c port=swd -ob rdp=0x0 -ob displ
```

Note:

For more information about device's option bytes, refer to the option bytes section in the device Flash memory programming manual and reference manual available from www.st.com.

# 3.2.15 Safety lib command

### -sl, --safelib

**Description:** This command allows a firmware file t be modified by adding a load area (segment) containing the computed CRC values of the user program.

Supported formats are: bin, elf, hex and Srec.

Syntax: -sl <file\_path> <start\_address> <end\_address> <slice\_size>

<file\_path> : The file path (bin, elf, hex or Srec)

<start\_address> : Flash memory start address
<end\_address> : Flash memory end address
<slice\_size> : Size of data per CRC value

Example

STM32\_Programmer\_CLI.exe -sl TestCRC.axf 0x8000000 0x8010000 0x400



The result is shown in Figure 44:

Figure 44. Safety lib command

```
C:\bin>STM32_Programmer_CLI.exe -sl TestCRC.axf 0x8000000 0x8010000 0x400
                            STM32CubeProgrammer v0.4.0-RC1
Jarning: The ELF file will be overwritten CRCs area injected succesfully
```

The Flash program memory is divided into slices (the slice size is given as a parameter to the safety lib command as shown in the example above). For each slice a CRC value is computed and placed in the CRC area. The CRC area is placed at the end of the memory, as shown in Figure 45:

CRC area Flash memory Program area MSv48697V1

Figure 45. Flash memory mapping

The address and size of the CRCs area are determined as follows:

CRCs\_Area\_Size = Flash\_Size / Slice\_Size \* 4 bytes CRCs\_Start\_Address = Flash\_End\_Address - CRCs\_Area\_Size

UM2237 Rev 7 56/75



The CRC values in the CRC area are placed according to the position(s) of the user program in the Flash memory, see *Figure 46*.

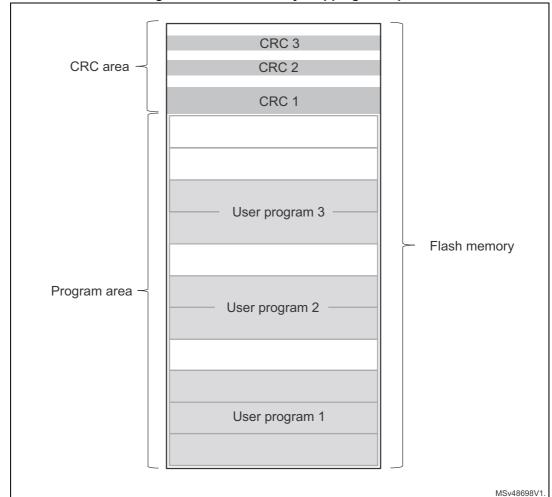


Figure 46. Flash memory mapping example

The address of a CRCs region inside the CRCs area is calculated as:

$$@ = CRCs\_Start\_Address + \left( \frac{UserProg\_Start\_Address - Flash\_Start\_Address}{Slice\_Size} \cdot \ 4 \ bytes \right)$$

# 3.2.16 Secure programming specific commands

Secure firmware Install (SFI) is a feature supporting secure firmware flashing, available on some STM32 devices. The firmware provider has the possibility to protect its firmware against any illegal access, and to control the number of devices that can be programmed.

The protected firmware installation can be performed using different communication channels, such as JTAG/SWD or bootloader interfaces (UART, SPI and USB).

For more details refer to AN5054 "Secure programming using STM32CubeProgrammer".

-sfi, --sfi

Description: Programs an sfi file

Syntax: -sfi [<protocol=Ptype>] <file\_path> [hsm=0 | 1]
<lic\_path|slot=slotID> [<licMod\_path>|slot=slotID]

[col=Ptype>]: Protocol type to be used: static/live

Only static protocol is supported so far

Default value: static

<file\_path> Path of sfi file to be programmed

[hsm=0 | 1] Set user option for HSM use value in

{0 (do not use HSM), 1 (use HSM)}

Default value: hsm=0

[<licMod\_path>|slot=slotID]: List of the integrated SMI license files paths

if HSM is not used (hsm=0) or readers slot IDs list

if HSM is used (hsm=1)

Used only in combined case, the list order must correspond to modules integration order within the

SFI file

#### -a, --abort

**Description:** This command allows the user to clean a not properly finished process. The currently ongoing operation will stop and the system will return to idle state.

Syntax: -a

#### 3.2.17 HSM related commands

ST offers a secure firmware flashing service based on HSM (hardware secure module) as a license generation tool to be deployed in the programming house to control the number of devices that can be programmed.

Before using the HSM, it must be programmed using Trusted Package Creator, as detailed in UM2238 "STM32 Trusted Package Creator tool software description", available on <a href="https://www.st.com">www.st.com</a>.

For more details refer to AN5054 "Secure programming using STM32CubeProgrammer".

#### -hsmgetinfo

**Description**: Reads the HSM available information

Syntax: -hsmgetinfo [slot=<SlotID>]

[slot=<SlotID>]:Slot ID of the smart card reader

Default value: slot=1 (the PC integrated SC reader)

### -hsmgetcounter

Description: Reads the current value of the license counter

Syntax: -hsmgetcounter [slot=<SlotID>]

[slot=<SlotID>]:Slot ID of the smart card reader

Default value: slot=1 (the PC integrated SC reader)

#### -hsmgetfwid

Description: Reads the Firmware/Module identifier

Syntax: -hsmgetfwid [slot=<SlotID>]

[slot=<SlotID>]:Slot ID of the smart card reader

Default value: slot=1 (the PC integrated SC reader)

#### -hsmgetstatus

Description: Reads the current card life-cycle state

Syntax: -hsmgetstatus [slot=<SlotID>]

[slot=<SlotID>]: Slot ID of the Smart Card Reader

Default value: slot=1 (the PC integrated SC reader)

#### -hsmgetlicense

**Description:** Gets a license for the current chip if counter is not null

Syntax: -hsmgetlicense <file\_path> [slot=<SlotID>]

[protocol=<Ptype>]

<file\_path> : File path into which the recieved license will be stored

[slot=<slotID>] :Slot ID of the smart card reader

Default value: slot=1 (the PC integrated SC reader)

[cprotocol=Ptype>]: Protocol type to be used: static/live

Only static protocol is supported so far

Default value: static

# 3.2.18 STM32WB specific commands

#### -getuid64

**Description:** Read the device unique identificator (UID))

Syntax: -getuid64

### -fusgetstate

Description: Read the FUS state

**Syntax:** -fusgetstate

#### -fwdelete

Description: Delete the BLE stack firmware



UM2237 Rev 7 59/75

Syntax: -fwdelete

# -fwupgrade

**Description:** Upgrade of BLE stack firmware or FUS firmware.

**Syntax:** -fwupgrade <file\_path> <address> [firstinstall=0|1]

[<location>] [<destination>] [-v]

<file\_path> : New firmware image file path <address> : Start address of download

[firstinstall=0 | 1]: 1 if it is a first install otherwise 0

optional, Default value: firstinstall=0

[<location>] : Old firmware location (optional)

[<destination>] : Destination address of the new firmware (optional)

[-v] : Verify if the download operation is achieved successfully before

starting upgrade

#### -startwirelessstack

**Description:** Start the wireless stack **Syntax:** -startwirelessstack

# -authkeyupdate

**Description:** Authentication key update

Syntax: -authkeyupdate <file\_path>

<file\_path> : Authentication key file path. This is the public key generated by

STM32TrustedPackageCreator when signing the firmware using -

sign command.

#### -authkeylock

**Description:** Authentication key lock.

Once locked, it's no longer possible to change it using -authkeyupdate command

Syntax: -authkeylock

# -wusrkey

**Description:** Customer key storage **Syntax:** -wusrkey <key.bin>

<key.bin>: customer key in binary format

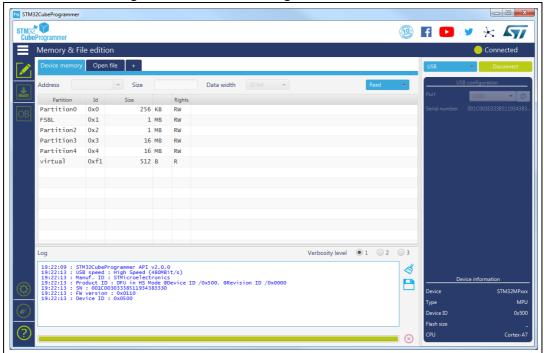
Note: These commands are available only through USB DFU and UART bootloader interfaces.



# 4 STM32CubeProgrammer user interface for MPUs

# 4.1 Main window





The main window allows the user to select the interface used to connect to STM32MP1 BootROM, possible interfaces are USB-DFU and UART (programming throw stlink interface is not possible with STM32MP1 series). Once connected (using connect button) available partitions are displayed, now user is able to open a TSV file for programming.



UM2237 Rev 7 61/75

# 4.2 Programming windows

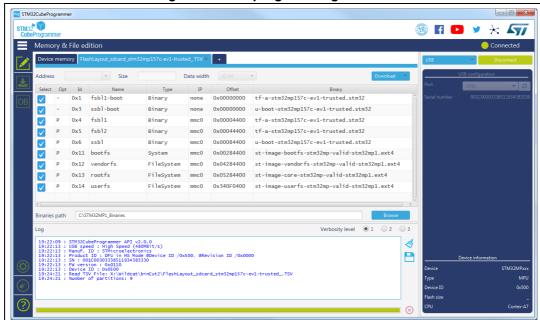


Figure 48. TSV programming window

To perform TSV files programming the user must perform the following operations:

- Open a TSV file by using "Open file" tab, if TSV file format is correct then TSV content is displayed in the main window. TSV Files are available in STM32MP1 Linux distributions, please refer to STM32MP1 wiki for more details.
- Specify binaries path in "Binaries path" text box.
- Select the list of partitions to be programmed in "select" column, by default all partitions are selected.
- Launch download using "Download" button.

For more details concerning flashing operations refer to AN5275.



# 5 STM32CubeProgrammer CLI for MPUs

# 5.1 Command line usage

The following sections describe how to use the STM32CubeProgrammer for MPU from the command line.

Figure 49. Available commands for MPUs

```
Establish connection to the device Interface identifer. ex COM1, /dev/ttyS0, usb1>
                 | Interface identifer. ex COM1, /dev/ttyS0, usb1)
| JART port optional parameters:
| Ibr=<br/>| Saudrate | : Baudrate | ex: 115200, 9600, etc, default 115200 |
| IP-| Parity | Parity | bit, value in (NONE, ODD, EVEN), default NONE |
| Idb=<data_bits | : Data bit, value in (6, 7, 8) ..., default 8 |
| Isb=<stop_bits | : Stop bit, value in (1, 1.5, 2) ..., default 1 |
| Ifc=<flowControl | : Flow control (Not yet supported for STM32MP) |
| Value in (OFF, Hardware, Software) ..., default 0 |
| Inoinit=noinit_bit | : Set No Init bits, value in (0,1) ..., default 0 |
| Inoinit=noinit_bit | : Due the land of the 
                                                                                                                        Run the code at the specified partition ID.
Partition ID
If not specified, last loaded partition
will be started
                  --go
[<partitionID>]
                                                                                                                       This command allows the user to program SAFMEM memory by modifying the OTP words
This field contains the OTP word number
Loads value into the chosen OTP word
Loads value into the corresponding shadow read
sticky lock bit
Loads value into the corresponding shadow write
sticky lock bit
Loads value into the corresponding programming sticky
lock bit
Loads value into the corresponding programming permanent lock bit
-otp program
                        [wordID=<value>]
                       [value=<value>] :
[sha_rsl=<value>] :
                       [sha_wsl=<value>]:
                       [sl=<value>]
                       [pl=<value>]

    This command allows the user to display all or parts of the OTP structure
    Displays the loaded upper OTP shadow registers values and status
    Displays the loaded lower OTP shadow registers uplus and status

-otp displ
                       [upper]
                        [lower]
                                                                                                                values and status

Displays the loaded BSEC control registers
                       [ctrl]
                                                                                                                : Send detach command to DFU
-detach
                                                                                                                : Write blob
                                                                                                                       Blob file path
Program PMIC NVM
                   <blob_file_path>
 -pmic
                  <PMIC file_path>
--getcertificate

    PMIC file_path
    Get the chip Certificate,
    supported for devices with security features
    Certificate file path into which the chip certificate will be uploaded

                  <file_path>
                                       --phaseID
                                                                                                                : Display the current partition ID to be loaded
                                              -write
-download
                                                                                                                        Download the content of a file into device memory File path name to be downloaded: (bin, stm32 file Partition ID to be downloaded Upload a memory partion ID content to a .bin file Partion to be read Offset address of read and upload Size of partion content to be read Binary file path
                  <size>
<file_path>
```

# 5.2 Available commands for STM32MP1

This section details the commands supported on STM32MP1 devices.



UM2237 Rev 7 63/75

#### 5.2.1 Connect command

#### -c, --connect

**Description**: Establish the connection to the device. This command allows the host to open the chosen device port (UART/USB/).

```
Syntax: -c port=<Portname> [noinit=<noinit_bit>] [br=<baudrate>]
[P=<Parity>] [db=<data_bits>] [sb=<stop_bits>] [fc=<flowControl>]
```

port=<Portname>: Interface identifier, ex COMx (for Windows), /dev/ttySx (for Linux), usbx for USB interface

[noinit=<noinit\_bit>]: Set No Init bits, value in {0,1}, default 0.

Noinit=1 can be used if a previous connection is usually active (no need to send 0X7F)

[br=<baudrate>] : Baudrate, ex 9600, 115200, ..., default 115200.

[P=<Parity>] : Parity bit, value in (EVEN, NONE, ODD), default Even.

[db=<data\_bit>] : Data bit, value in (6, 7, 8), default 8. [sb=<stop\_bit>] : Stop bit, value in (1, 1.5, 2), default 1.

[fc=<flowControl>] : Flow control, value in (OFF, Software, Hardware),

Software and Hardware flow control are not yet supported for

STM32MP1, default OFF.

#### Example

#### Using UART:

```
./STM32_Programmer.sh -c port=/dev/ttyS0 p=none
```

The result of this example is shown *Figure 50*:

Figure 50. Connect operation using RS232

```
STM32CubeProgrammer v1.0.2

Serial Port COM1 is successfully opened.
Port configuration: parity = none, baudrate = 115200, data-bit = 8, stop-bit = 1.0, flow-control = off

Activating device: OK
Chip ID: 0x500
BootLoader protocol version: 4.0

Device name: STM32MPxxx
Device type: MPU
Device CPU: Cortex_A7
```

Note: When using the USB interface, all the configuration parameters are ignored (baudrate,

parity, data-bits, frequency, index, ...).

Note: To connect using UART interface, the port configuration (baudrate, parity, data-bits,

stop-bits and flow-control) must have a valid combination.

**47**/

#### 5.2.2 GetPhase command

# -p, --phaseID

**Description**: This command allows knowing the next partition ID to be executed.

Syntax: --phaseID

#### **Example**

./STM32\_Programmer.sh -c port=/dev/ttyS0 p=none br=115200 --phaseID

#### 5.2.3 Download command

# -w, --write, -d, --download

**Description**: Downloads the content of the specified binary file into a specific partition in the Flash or SYSRAM memories.

```
Syntax: -w <file_path> [partitionID]
```

[file\_path]: File Path to be downloaded (bin, stm32, vfat, jffs2, ubi, ext2/3/4 and img files extensions)

[partition\_ID] Partition ID to be downloaded.

#### **Example**

```
./STM32_Programmer.sh -c port=/dev/ttyS0 p=none -d atf.stm32 0x01
```

This command allows the user to download the atf binary file at Atf partition (partition ID: 0x01).

The result of this example is shown in *Figure 51*.

Figure 51. Download operation

```
Memory Programming ...
File : atf.stm32
Size : 225216 Bytes
Partition ID : 0x01

Download in Progress:

100%

File download complete
Time elapsed during the download operation is: 00:00:22.690
```

Note:

For U-boot with USB interface, to program the non volatile memory (NVM) with the loaded partition using download command, you need to execute a start command with the partition ID. Besides, to execute an application loaded in the NVM, you need to specify the start address.

**Example**: Download and manifestation on alternate 0x1

```
./STM32_Programmer.sh -c port=usb0 -w atf.stm32 0x1 -s 0x01
```



UM2237 Rev 7 65/75

# 5.2.4 Flashing service

**Description**: The embedded flashing service aims to load sequentially the partitions requested by the bootloader. To do this STM32CubeProgrammer needs the TSV file, which contains information about the requested partitions to be loaded.

STM32CubeProgrammer downloads and starts the requested partition ID until the end of operation (phaseID = 0xFE).

Syntax: -w < tsv file\_path >

<tsv file path> : Path of the tsv file to be downloaded.

#### Figure 52. TSV file format

				<u> </u>		
#Opt	Id	Name	Туре	IP	Offset	Binary
-	0x01	fsbl1-boot	Binary	none	0x0	tf-a-stm32mp157c-dk2-trusted.stm32
-	0x03	ssbl-boot	Binary	none	0x0	u-boot-stm32mp157c-dk2-trusted.stm32
P	0x04	fsbl1	Binary	mmc0	0x00004400	tf-a-stm32mp157c-dk2-trusted.stm32
P	0x05	fsb12	Binary	mmc0	0x00044400	tf-a-stm32mp157c-dk2-trusted.stm32
P	0x06	ssbl	Binary	mmc0	0x00084400	u-boot-stm32mp157c-dk2-trusted.stm32
P	0x21	bootfs	System	mmc0	0x00284400	st-image-bootfs-openstlinux-weston-extra-stm32mp1.ext4
P	0x22	vendorfs	FileSystem	mmc0	0x04284400	st-image-vendorfs-openstlinux-weston-extra-stm32mp1.ext4
P	0x23	rootfs	FileSystem	mmc0	0x05284400	st-image-weston-openstlinux-weston-extra-stm32mp1.ext4
P	0x24	userfs	FileSystem	mmc0	0x340F0400	st-image-userfs-openstlinux-weston-extra-stm32mp1.ext4

#### **Example**

./STM32\_Programmer.sh -c port=/dev/ttyS0 p=none br=115200 -d Flashlayout.tsv  $\,$ 

Note:

While programming the Flashlayout.tsv file, U-boot can spend a long time to start correctly, for this reason configure the timeout value by using the timeout command (-tm <timeout>).

#### 5.2.5 Start command

```
-g, --go, -s, --start
```

**Description**: This command allows executing the device memory starting from the specified address.

Syntax: --start [start\_address/Partion\_ID]

[start\_address]: Start address of application to be executed. If not specified with STM32MP and UART interface, last loaded partition will be started.

[Partion\_ID]: This parameter is needed only with STM32MP devices. It specifies the partition ID to be started.

#### Example

```
./STM32_Programmer.sh --connect port=/dev/ttyS0 p=none br=115200 --start 0x03
```

This command allows the user to run the code specified at partition 0x03.

Note:

For U-boot with USB interface, to program the NVM with the loaded partition using download command, you need to execute a start command with the partition ID. To execute an application loaded in the NVM, you need to specify the start address.

**Example 1**: Download and manifestation on alternate 0x1

```
./STM32_Programmer.sh -c port=usb0 -w atf.stm32 0x01 -s 0x01
```

**Example 2**: execute code at a specific address

```
./STM32\_Programmer.sh -c port=usb0 -s 0xC0000000
```

57

# 5.2.6 Read partition command

# -rp, --readPart

**Description**: Reads and uploads the specified partition content into a specified binary file starting from an offset address. This command is supported only by U-boot.

```
Syntax: --readPart <partition_ID> [offset_address] <size>
<file path>
```

<partition\_ID> : Partition ID

[offset address] : Offset address of read

<size> : Size of memory content to be read.

<file\_path> : Binary file path to upload the memory content.

#### Example:

```
./STM32_Programmer.sh -c port=/dev/ttyS0 p=none br=115200 -rp 0x01 0x200 0x1000 readPart1.bin
```

This command allows the user to read 0x1000 bytes from the sebl1 partition at offset address 0x200 and to upload its content to a binary fil "readPart1.bin"

#### 5.2.7 List command

#### -I, -list

Description: This command lists all available communication interfaces UART and USB.

```
Syntax: -1, --list <interface_name>
```

<uart/usb>: UART or USB interface

#### Example:

./STM32\_Programmer.sh -list uart

#### 5.2.8 QuietMode command

# -q, --quietMode

**Description**: This command disables the progress bar display during download and readPartition commands.

```
Syntax: -q, --quietMode
```

#### Example:

```
./STM32_Programmer.sh -c port=/dev/ttyS0 p=none br=115200 --quietMode -w binaryPath.bin 0x01
```

# 5.2.9 Verbosity command

#### -vb, --verbosity

**Description**: This command allows the user to display more messages, to be more verbose.

Syntax: -vb <level>



UM2237 Rev 7 67/75

<level> : Verbosity level, value in {1, 2, 3} default value vb=1

### Example:

```
./STM32_Programmer.sh -c port=/dev/ttyS0 p=none br=115200 -vb 3
```

# 5.2.10 Log command

# -log, --log

**Description**: This traceability command allows the user to store the whole traffic (with maximum verbosity level) into log file.

```
Syntax: -log [filePath.log]
```

[filePath.log]: path of log file (default is \$HOME/.STM32CubeProgrammer/trace.log)

#### Example:

```
./STM32_Programmer.sh -c port=/dev/ttyS0 p=none br=115200 -log trace.log
```

This command generates a log file "trace.log" containing verbose messages (see an example in *Figure 53*).

# Figure 53. Log file content

```
16:41:19:345
Log output file:
                 trace.log
16:41:19:368 Serial Port /dev/ttyS0 is successfully opened.
16:41:19:368 Port configuration: parity = none, baudrate = 115200, data-bit = 8,
                    stop-bit = 1.0, flow-control = off
16:41:19:368 Sending init command:
16:41:19:368 byte 0x7F sent successfully to target
16:41:19:369 Received response from target: 0x79
16:41:19:369 Activating device: OK
16:41:19:369 Sending GetID command and its XOR:
16:41:19:369 byte 0x02 sent successfully to target
16:41:19:369 byte 0xFD sent successfully to target
16:41:19:370 Received response from target: 0x79
16:41:19:370 Received response from target: 0x01050079
16:41:19:370 Chip ID: 0x500
16:41:19:370 Sending Get command and its XOR:
16:41:19:370 byte 0x00 sent successfully to target
16:41:19:370 byte 0xFF sent successfully to target
16:41:19:371 Received response from target: 0x79
16:41:19:371 Received response from target: 0x07
16:41:19:371 Received response from target: 0x07310001020311213179
16:41:19:371 BootLoader version: 3.1
```

# 5.2.11 OTP programming

**Description**: These commands allow the user to program the OTP from a host computer. The OTP Programming commands functionalities, such as downloading or uploading a full OTP image and modifying an OTP value or proprieties, are explained below.

Note: The following commands are not supported in JTAG/SWD debug port connection mode.

- Loading shadow registers values to the tool:
  - For load operation, the host requests the OTP partition data and the platform replies with the structure described on
  - https://wiki.st.com/stm32mpu/index.php/STM32CubeProgrammer OTP management.
- Writing the modified shadow registers to the target:

This operation is executed by performing the following sequence:

- a) The user types in the value and the status of each chosen OTP shadow register.
- b) The tool updates the OTP structure with the newly given OTP shadow registers values and status.
- c) The tool proceeds with sending the updated structure, with bit0 in the "Write/read conf" field set to 0 ("Write/read conf" is word number 7 in the OTP structure).
- d) Once the structure is sent, the shadow register values are reloaded to update the OTP structure in the tool.
- Programming the OTP with the modified shadow registers values: once the user updates the OTP values and the OTP structure is refreshed, the host sends the OTP structure with bit0 in the "Write/read conf" field set to 1 ("Write/read conf" is word number 7 in the OTP structure).
- Reloading the OTP value to the shadow registers:
   once the OTP words are successfully programmed, the host uploads the OTP structure
   in order to update the OTP shadow registers. This operation allows the host to verify
   the status of the last SAFMEM programming via bit4 in the "Status" field.
- BSEC control register programming:
   once the user updates the values of the given BSEC control register (Configuration,
   Debug configuration, Feature configuration and General Lock configuration) the host
   updates the OTP structure and sends it to the device with bit0 in the "Write/read conf"
   field set to 0.
- OTP programming CLI: the user is given a set of commands which allows him to perform a chosen sequence of operations on the OTP partition. Each one of these commands is described below.

# 5.2.12 Writing to BSEC command

**Description**: This command allows the user to write to BSEC by modifying the shadow registers and or BSEC's control registers.

```
Syntax: -otp write [conf=(value)] [denable=(value)]
[fenable=(value)] [lock=(value)] [wordID=(value)] [value=(value)]
[sha_rsl=(value)] [sha_wsl=(value)] [sl=(value)] [pl=(value)]

[conf=(value)] Loads value into configuration field. Value must be written in hexadecimal form.

[denable=(value)] Loads value into debug configuration field. Value must be written in hexadecimal form.

[fenable=(value)] Loads value into feature configuration field. Value must be written in hexadecimal form.

[lock=(value)] Loads value into general lock configuration field. Value must be written in hexadecimal form.
```



UM2237 Rev 7 69/75

[wordID=(value)]	This field contains the shadow register number (between 0 and 95). Value must be written in hexadecimal form.
[value=(value)]	Loads value into the chosen OTP shadow register. Value must be written hexadecimal form.
[sha_rsl=(value)]	Load value into the corresponding shadow read sticky lock bit. Value can be either 0 or 1.
[sha_wsl=(value)]	Load value into the corresponding shadow write sticky lock bit. Value can be either 0 or 1.
[sl=(value)]	Load value into the corresponding programming sticky lock bit. Value can be either 0 or 1.
pl=(value)]	Load value into the corresponding programming permanent lock bit. Value can be either 0 or 1.

Note: At least one of these options is needed to execute this command.

# Example:

./STM32\_Programmer.sh --connect port=usb1 -otp write conf=0x0f lock=0x3 wordID=0x5 value=0xff pl=1 wordID=0x40 value=0x500

# 5.2.13 Programming SAFMEM command

**Description**: This command allows the user to program SAFMEM memory by modifying the OTP words.

```
Syntax: -otp program [wordID=(value)] [value=(value)]
[sha_rsl=(value)] [sha_wsl=(value)] [sl=(value)] [pl=(value)]
[wordID=(value)]
                     This field contains the shadow register number (between 0 and 95).
                      Value must be written in hexadecimal form.
                      Loads value into the chosen OTP shadow register. Value must be
[value=(value)]
                      written in hexadecimal form.
[sha_rsl=(value)] Load value into the corresponding shadow read sticky lock bit.
                      Value can be either 0 or 1.
[sha wsl=(value)] Load value into the corresponding shadow write sticky lock bit.
                      Value can be either 0 or 1.
[sl=(value)]
                      Load value into the corresponding programming sticky lock bit.
                      Value can be either 0 or 1.
[pl=(value)]
                      Load value into the corresponding programming permanent lock
                      bit. Value can be either 0 or 1.
```

#### **Example**

./STM32\_Programmer.sh --connect port=usb1 -otp program wordID=0x00 value=0x3f sl=1 wordID=0x08 value=0x18

# 5.2.14 Detach command

Description: This command allows the user to send detach command to USB DFU.



Syntax: -detach

# 5.2.15 GetCertif command

**Description**: This command allows user to read the chip certificate.

**Syntax**: -gc certification.bin

# 5.2.16 Write blob command

**Description**: This command allows user to send the blob (secrets and licence).

Syntax: -wb blob.bin

# 5.2.17 Display command

**Description**: This command allows the user to display all or parts of the OTP structure.

Syntax: -otp displ [upper] [lower] [ctrl]

[upper]: This option allows the user to display the loaded upper OTP shadow registers' values and status.

[lower]: This option allows the user to display the loaded lower OTP shadow registers' values and status.

[ctrl]: This option allows the user to display the loaded BSEC control registers.

#### **Example**

./STM32\_Programmer.sh --connect port=usb1 -otp displ



UM2237 Rev 7 71/75

# 6 STM32CubeProgrammer C++ API

In addition to the graphical user interface and to the command line interface STM32CubeProgrammer offers a C++ API that can be used to develop your application and benefit of the wide range of features to program the memories embedded in STM32 microcontrollers, either over the debug interface or the bootloader interface (USB DFU, UART, I²C, SPI and CAN).

For more information about the C++ API, read the help file provided within the STM32CubeProgrammer package under API\doc folder.



UM2237 Revision history

# 7 Revision history

**Table 1. Document revision history** 

Date	Revision	Changes	
15-Dec-2017	1	Initial release.	
02-Aug-2018	2	Updated:  - Section 1.1: System requirements  - Section 1.2.3: macOS install  - Section 1.2.4: DFU driver  Added:  - Section 3.2.7: Debug commands  - Figure 1: macOS "Allow applications downloaded from:" tab  - Figure 2: Deleting the old driver software	
12-Sep-2018	3	Added SPI, CAN and I2C settings on cover page and in Section 2.1.4: Target configuration panel. Updated:  - Figure 7: ST-LINK configuration panel  - Figure 31: STM32CubeProgrammer: available commands.  - Figure 34: Connect operation using SWD debug port Replaced Section 3.2.1: Connect command.	
16-Nov-2018	4	Updated Section 2.1.4: Target configuration panel, Section 2.2.1: Reading and displaying target memory, Section 2.2.2: Reading and displaying a file and Section 2.3.2: External Flash memory programming. Updated Figure 5: STM32CubeProgrammer main window, Figure 6: Expanded main menu, Figure 7: ST-LINK configuration panel, Figure 8: UART configuration panel, Figure 9: USB configuration panel, Figure 10: Target information panel, Figure 11: SPI configuration panel, Figure 12: CAN configuration panel, Figure 13: I2C configuration panel, Figure 14: Memory and file edition: Device memory tab, Figure 16: Memory and file edition: File display, Figure 17: Flash memory programming and erasing (internal memory) and Figure 18: Flash memory programming and erasing (external memory).  Minor text edits across the whole document.	
03-Jan-2019	5	Updated Section 1.2.4: DFU driver.  Added Section 3.2.16: Secure programming specific commands, Section 3.2.17: HSM related commands and Section 6: STM32CubeProgrammer C++ API.  Minor text edits across the whole document.	

Revision history UM2237

Table 1. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes	
04-Mar-2019	6	Updated Introduction and Section 1: Getting started.  Updated title of Section 2: STM32CubeProgrammer user interface for MCUs and of Section 3: STM32CubeProgrammer command line interface (CLI) for MCUs.  Added Section 2.5: Automatic mode, Section 2.6: STM32WB OTA programming, Section 4: STM32CubeProgrammer user interface for MPUs, Section 5: STM32CubeProgrammer CLI for MPUs and their subsections.	
19-Apr-2019	7	Updated Section 1.1: System requirements, Section 2.2.2: Reading and displaying a file, Section 2.6.2: OTA update procedure, Section 3.2.16: Secure programming specific commands, Section 3.2.17: HSM related commands and Section 3.2.18: STM32WB specific commands. Updated Figure 17: Flash memory programming and erasing (internal memory).	



#### **IMPORTANT NOTICE - PLEASE READ CAREFULLY**

STMicroelectronics NV and its subsidiaries ("ST") reserve the right to make changes, corrections, enhancements, modifications, and improvements to ST products and/or to this document at any time without notice. Purchasers should obtain the latest relevant information on ST products before placing orders. ST products are sold pursuant to ST's terms and conditions of sale in place at the time of order acknowledgement.

Purchasers are solely responsible for the choice, selection, and use of ST products and ST assumes no liability for application assistance or the design of Purchasers' products.

No license, express or implied, to any intellectual property right is granted by ST herein.

Resale of ST products with provisions different from the information set forth herein shall void any warranty granted by ST for such product.

ST and the ST logo are trademarks of ST. For additional information about ST trademarks, please refer to <a href="www.st.com/trademarks">www.st.com/trademarks</a>. All other product or service names are the property of their respective owners.

Information in this document supersedes and replaces information previously supplied in any prior versions of this document.

© 2019 STMicroelectronics – All rights reserved



UM2237 Rev 7 75/75