

Design and Analysis of Algorithms I

Graph Primitives

Dijkstra's Algorithm: Why It Works

This array only to help explanation!

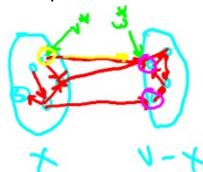
Dijkstra's Algorithm

<u>Initialize</u>:

- X = [s] [vertices processed so far]
- A[s] = 0 [computed shortest path distances]
- •B[s] = empty path [computed shortest paths]

Main Loop

• while X‡V:



-need to grow x by one node

Main Loop cont'd:

• among all edges $(v, w) \in E$ with $v \in X, w \notin X$, pick the one that minimizes

[call it
$$(v^*, w^*)$$
] Already computed in earlier iteration

- add w* to X
- set $A[w^*] := A[v^*] + l_{v^*w^*}$
- set $B[w^*] := B[v^*]u(v^*, w^*)$

Correctness Claim

Theorem [Dijkstra] For every directed graph with nonnegative edge lengths, Dijkstra's algorithm correctly computes all shortest-path distances.

$$[i.e., \ A[v] = L(v) \ \forall v \in V]$$
 what algorithm computes True shortest distance from s to v

Proof: by induction on the number of iterations.

Base Case:
$$A[s] = L[s] = 0$$
 (correct)

递归

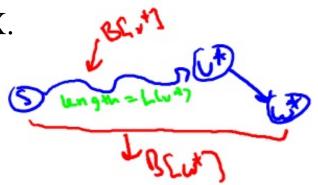
Proof

Inductive Step:

<u>Inductive Hypothesis</u>: all previous iterations correct (i.e., A[v] = L(v) and B[v] is a true shortest s-v path in G, for all v already in X).

In current iteration: $_{in X}$ $_{not in X}$ We pick an edge (v^*, w^*) and we add w^* to X.

We set $B[w^*] = B[v^*] u(v^*, w^*)$ has length $L(v^*) + l_{v^*w^*}$ Also: $A[w^*] = A[v^*] + l_{v^*w^*} = L(v^*) + l_{v^*w^*}$



Proof (con'd)

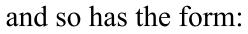
Upshot: in current iteration, we set:

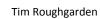
- 1. $A[w^*] = L(v^*) + l_{v^*w^*}$
- 2. $B[w^*] = an s -> w^* path with length (L(v^*) + l_{v^*w^*})$

<u>To finish proof:</u> need to show that every s-w* path has length >=

$$L(v^*) + l_{v^*w^*}$$
 (if so, our path is the shortest!)

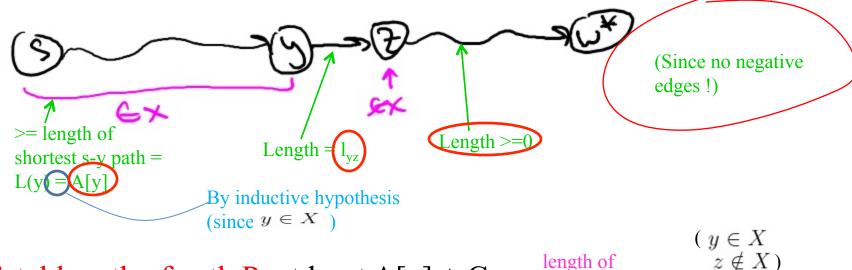
So: Let P= any s->w* path. Must "cross the frontier":





Proof (con'd)

So: every s->w* path P has to have the form



Total length of path P: at least $A[y] + C_{yz}$ length of our path!

-> by Dijkstra's greedy criterion $A[v^*] + l_{v^*w^*} \le A[y] + l_{yz} \le \text{length of P}$

