

In the previous lesson, we used the `thenCombine()` and `thenCompose()` methods to combine the result of two futures.

If we need to run multiple futures in parallel and combine their result then we can use the `allOf()` and `anyOf()` methods.

1) `allOf()`

Here are a few important points regarding `allOf()` method:

1. It returns a new `CompletableFuture` that is completed when all of the given `CompletableFuture`s are completed.
2. If any of the given `CompletableFuture`s complete exceptionally, the returned `CompletableFuture` also completes, with a `CompletionException` holding this exception as its cause.
3. The results, if any, of the given `CompletableFuture`s are not reflected in the returned `CompletableFuture`, but they may be obtained by inspecting them individually.
4. If no `CompletableFuture`s are provided, it returns a `CompletableFuture` completed with the value null.

```
1 import java.util.concurrent.*;
2
3 public class CompletableFutureDemo {
4
5     public static void main(String args[]) {
6
7         CompletableFuture<Integer> future1 = CompletableFuture.supplyAsync(() -> 50);
8         CompletableFuture<Integer> future2 = CompletableFuture.supplyAsync(() -> 40);
9         CompletableFuture<Integer> future3 = CompletableFuture.supplyAsync(() -> 30);
10
11         CompletableFuture<Void> finalFuture = CompletableFuture.allOf(future1, future2, future3);
12
13         try {
14             finalFuture.get();
15         } catch (Exception e) {
16             e.printStackTrace();
17         }
18
19         System.out.println("Code that should be executed after all the futures complete.");
20     }
21 }
22
23
```

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2) `join()`

Since the `allOf()` method returns a `CompletableFuture<Void>`, we can't combine the result of all the futures. We need to manually get the result of all the futures.

We can use the `join()` method to combine the result of all futures. The join method returns the result value when complete, or it throws an (unchecked) exception if completed exceptionally.

```
1 import java.util.Optional;
2 import java.util.concurrent.*;
3 import java.util.stream.Stream;
4
5 public class CompletableFutureDemo {
6
7     public static void main(String args[]) {
8
9         CompletableFuture<Integer> future1 = CompletableFuture.supplyAsync(() -> 50);
10        CompletableFuture<Integer> future2 = CompletableFuture.supplyAsync(() -> 40);
11        CompletableFuture<Integer> future3 = CompletableFuture.supplyAsync(() -> 30);
12
13        Optional<Integer> maxElement = Stream.of(future1, future2, future3)
14            .map(CompletableFuture::join) // This will return the stream of results of all futures.
15            .max(Integer::compareTo);
16
17        System.out.println("The max element is " + maxElement);
18    }
19 }
20
21
```

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3) `anyOf()`

Here are a few important points regarding the `anyOf()` method:

1. It returns a new `CompletableFuture` that is completed when any of the given `CompletableFuture`s complete with the same result.
2. If it is completed exceptionally, the returned `CompletableFuture` also does so, with a `CompletionException` holding this exception as its cause.
3. If no `CompletableFuture`s are provided, it returns an incomplete `CompletableFuture`.

```
1 import java.util.concurrent.*;
2
3 public class CompletableFutureDemo {
4
5     public static void main(String args[]) {
6
7         CompletableFuture<Integer> future1 = CompletableFuture.supplyAsync(() -> 50);
8         CompletableFuture<Integer> future2 = CompletableFuture.supplyAsync(() -> 40);
9         CompletableFuture<Integer> future3 = CompletableFuture.supplyAsync(() -> 30);
10
11         //The first completed future will be returned.
12         CompletableFuture<Object> firstCompletedFuture = CompletableFuture.anyOf(future1, future2, future3);
13
14         try {
15             System.out.println("The first completed future value is " + firstCompletedFuture.get());
16         } catch (Exception e) {
17             e.printStackTrace();
18         }
19
20         System.out.println("Code that should be executed after any of the futures complete.");
21     }
22 }
23
24
```

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