Question 4: GAN + reconstruction loss term

3 neural networks are used.

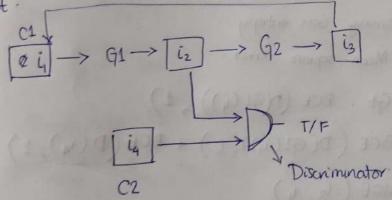
expected

G1: takes input from C1 sampled images. 4.8 is no to outputs modified image is with color of category

C2. { generator-1}

G2: { generator - 2 }: takes umage (modified) is
from output of G1 as input & thus to reconstruct
umage is by producing is. It is expected that image
is as close as possible to image is.

D: Discriminator: Trains to correctly classify whether image given to it as input is from category (2 or not:





Reconstruction loss -> Mean squared error between elements
of two images:
This loss gradient information updates weights of both
GL as well as G2:

G1 has to create images to such that discriminator fails to reject it. This component also updates weights for G1.

Discriminator has to - correctly classify images is from Cz.

- correctly reject images iz from 61.

Both these components update neights for D.

Sequence of training operation is provided via Code.

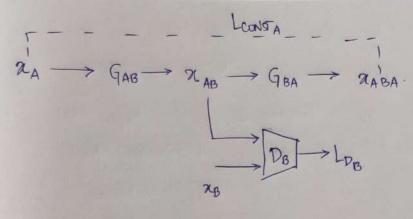
BCE - Binary cross entropy

MSE - Mean-square error.

 $L1 = \frac{G4}{BCE} \left(D(G1(i)), 1 \right)$

L2 = BCE (D(G1(i)), 0) + BCE (D(i4), 1)

L3 = MSE (13, 4)



GAB (G1):

