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Introduction

Java Stdin and Stdout I

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Most HackerRank challenges require you to read input from `stdin` (standard input) and write output to `stdout` (standard output).

One popular way to read input from `stdin` is by using the `Scanner` class and specifying the input stream as `System.in`. For example:

```
Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
String myString = scanner.next();
int myInt = scanner.nextInt();
scanner.close();

System.out.println("myString is: " + myString);
System.out.println("myInt is: " + myInt);
```

The code above creates a `Scanner` object named `scanner` and uses it to read a `String` and an `int`. It then closes the `Scanner` object because there is no more input to read, and prints to `stdout` using `System.out.println(String)`. So, if our input is:

```
H1 5
```

Our code will print:

```
myString is: H1
myInt is: 5
```

Alternatively, you can use the `BufferedReader` class.

Task

In this challenge, you must read **3** integers from `stdin` and then print them to `stdout`. Each integer must be printed on a new line. To make the problem a little easier, a portion of the code is provided for you in the editor below.

Input Format

There are **3** lines of input, and each line contains a single integer.

Sample Input

Line: 15 Col: 1

Upload Code as File

Test against custom input

Run Code

Submit Code

java

You have earned 5.00 points!

You are now 20 points away from the 1st star for your java badge.

20%

5/25

Congratulations

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Next Challenge

Test case 0

Compiler Message

Success

Test case 1

Download

Test case 2

Download

Input (stdin)

1 42
2 100
3 125

Expected Output

1 42
2 100
3 125

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