

Section Number :	2
Mandatory or Optional :	Mandatory
Number of Questions :	25
Section Marks :	25
Enable Mark as Answered Mark for Review and Clear Response :	Yes
Maximum Instruction Time :	0
Is Section Default? :	null

Question Number : 51 Question Id : 2106888257 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

N Kg^{-1} is the unit of

Options :

1. ✖ Velocity
2. ✔ Acceleration
3. ✖ Force
4. ✖ Momentum

Question Number : 52 Question Id : 2106888258 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

A system has basic dimensions as density 'D', velocity 'V' and area 'A'. The dimensional representation of force in this system is

Options :

1. ✓ $A V^2 D$

2. ✗ $A V D^2$

3. ✗ $A^2 V D$

4. ✗ $A^0 V^2 D$

Question Number : 53 Question Id : 2106888259 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

If The magnitude of vectors **A**, **B** and **C** are 5, 4 and 3 units respectively and $\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{B} + \mathbf{C}$, then the angle between vectors **A** and **C** is

Options :

1. ✗ $\cos^{-1}(4/5)$

2. ✗ Π

3. ✓ $\cos^{-1}(3/5)$

4. ✗ $\sin^{-1}(3/4)$

Question Number : 54 Question Id : 2106888260 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

If the sum of two unit vectors is also a unit vector, then the magnitude of their difference is

Options :

1. ✖ 1

2. ✖ $\frac{1}{2}$

3. ✖ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

4. ✔ $\sqrt{3}$

Question Number : 55 Question Id : 2106888261 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

A particle starting from rest moves in a straight line with uniform acceleration a . The average velocity of the particle in first 's' distance is

Options :

1. ✔ $\sqrt{\frac{as}{2}}$

2. ✖ $\sqrt{\frac{3as}{2}}$

3. ✖ $\sqrt{2as}$

4. ✖ as

Question Number : 56 Question Id : 2106888262 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

A projectile is thrown with speed u making angle θ with the horizontal at $t = 0$. It just crosses two points of equal height at time $t = 1\text{ s}$ and $t = 3\text{ s}$ respectively. The maximum height attained by the projectile is (take $g = 10\text{ ms}^{-2}$)

Options :

1. ✖ 10m

2. ✔ 20m

3. ✖ 15m

4. ✖ 22m

Question Number : 57 Question Id : 2106888263 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

A body is falling from height 'H' takes time 'T' seconds to reach the ground. The time taken to cover the first half of height is

Options :

1. ✔

$$\frac{T}{\sqrt{2}}$$

2. ✖ $\sqrt{2} T$

3. ✖ $\sqrt{3} T$

4. ✖ $\frac{T}{\sqrt{3}}$

Question Number : 58 Question Id : 2106888264 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

A body sliding on ice with a velocity 8 ms^{-1} comes to rest after travelling 40 m. The coefficient of friction between the body and ice is ($g = 10 \text{ ms}^{-2}$)

Options :

1. ✖ 0.02

2. ✖ 0.05

3. ✔ 0.08

4. ✖ 0.2

Question Number : 59 Question Id : 2106888265 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

If a body placed on a rough inclined plane of gradient 1 in 4, just begins to slide, then coefficient of friction between the plane and body is

Options :

1. ✖ $\frac{2}{\sqrt{15}}$

2. ✖ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

3. ✖ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$

4. ✔ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{15}}$

Question Number : 60 Question Id : 2106888266 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

A cube of 10 N weight rests on a rough inclined plane of slope 3 in 5. If the coefficient of friction between plane and cube is 0.6, then minimum force required to start the cube moving up the plane is

Options :

1. ✖ 2N

2.

✖ 6N

3. ✔ 10.8N

4. ✖ 4.5N

Question Number : 61 Question Id : 2106888267 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

A pump can take out 7200 Kg of water per hour from a 100 m deep well. If the efficiency of the pump is 50% then power of the pump is ($g = 10 \text{ ms}^{-2}$)

Options :

1. ✖ 2 KW

2. ✔ 4 KW

3. ✖ 7.2 KW

4. ✖ 3.6 KW

Question Number : 62 Question Id : 2106888268 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

When a force $\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k}$ acts on a body to move it from $\mathbf{r}_1 = \mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$ to $\mathbf{r}_2 = \mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k}$, then the work done by the force is

Options :

1. ✖ -3 J

2. ✔ -1 J

3. ✖ 2 J

4. ✖ 3 J

Question Number : 63 Question Id : 2106888269 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

The K.E. of a body moving with a speed of 10 m/s is 30 J. If its speed becomes 30 m/s, then its K.E. will be

Options :

1. ✖ 10 J

2. ✖ 90 J

3. ✖ 180 J

4. ✔ 270 J

Question Number : 64 Question Id : 2106888270 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

The maximum speed of a particle executing SHM is 1 m/s and maximum acceleration is 1.57 m/s^2 . Its time period is

Options :

1. ✓ 4 sec

2. ✗ 1.57 sec

3. ✗ 2 sec

4. ✗ $\frac{1}{1.57}$

Question Number : 65 Question Id : 2106888271 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

A girl is swinging on a swing in the sitting position. If the girl stands up, the time period of the string will

Options :

1. ✗ Increase

2. ✓

Decrease

- 3. ✖ Remains same
- 4. ✖ Becomes erratic

Question Number : 66 Question Id : 2106888272 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

A light spring supports 200 gm weight at its lower end; it oscillates with a period of 1 sec.
How much weight must be removed from the lower end to reduce the period to 0.5 sec?

Options :

- 1. ✖ 100 gm.
- 2. ✖ 50 gm.
- 3. ✔ 150 gm.
- 4. ✖ 200 gm.

Question Number : 67 Question Id : 2106888273 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

The velocity of sound in any medium depends upon

Options :

1. ✖ Intensity and elasticity

2. ✖ Amplitude and density

3. ✔ elasticity and density

4. ✖ Amplitude and elasticity

Question Number : 68 Question Id : 2106888274 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

The beat frequency produced by the vibrations of $x_1 = A \sin (320\pi t)$ and $x_2 = A \sin (326\pi t)$ is

Options :

1. ✖ 6

2. ✖ 4

3. ✖ 2

4. ✔ 3

Question Number : 69 Question Id : 2106888275 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

The Boyle's law is stated by $PV = C$, C depends on

Options :

1. ✖ Nature of gas
2. ✖ Atomic weight of gas
3. ✖ Temperature of gas
4. ✔ Quantity and temperature of gas

Question Number : 70 Question Id : 2106888276 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

The equation of state for 5g of oxygen(O_2) at pressure P and temperature T, when occupying a volume V, will be (R is universal gas constant)

Options :

1. ✖ $PV = 5RT$
2. ✖ $PV = \frac{5}{2} RT$
3. ✖

$$PV = \frac{5}{16} RT$$

4. ✓ $PV = \frac{5}{32} RT$

Question Number : 71 Question Id : 2106888277 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

The volume of a gas at constant pressure of 10^3 N/m^2 expands by 0.25 m^3 . The work done in this process is

Options :

1. ✗ 25J

2. ✗ 50J

3. ✓ 250J

4. ✗ 5J

Question Number : 72 Question Id : 2106888278 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

For an adiabatic expansion of a perfect gas the value of $\frac{\Delta P}{P}$ is equal to

Options :

1. ✗

$$\frac{\Delta V}{V}$$

2. ✖ $\gamma \frac{\Delta V}{V}$

3. ✔ $-\gamma \frac{\Delta V}{V}$

4. ✖ $\gamma - \frac{\Delta V}{V}$

Question Number : 73 Question Id : 2106888279 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

First law of Thermodynamics is a special case of

Options :

1. ✖ Boyle's law

2. ✖ Charles law

3. ✖ Law of conservation of mass

4. ✔ Law of conservation of energy

Question Number : 74 Question Id : 2106888280 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

If the critical angle for total internal reflection from a medium to vacuum is 30° , the velocity of light in the medium is

Options :

1. ✖ $3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$
2. ✔ $1.5 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$
3. ✖ $\sqrt{3} \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$
4. ✖ $2 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$

Question Number : 75 Question Id : 2106888281 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

Light rays of wave length $4.36 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$ incident on a metal surface of work function 1.24 eV. The stopping potential required to stop the emission of photoelectrons is

Options :

1. ✔ 1.6 eV
2. ✖ 1.24 eV

3. ✖ 3.2 eV

4. ✖ 4.8 eV

Chemistry

Section Id :	210688164
Section Number :	3
Mandatory or Optional :	Mandatory
Number of Questions :	25
Section Marks :	25
Enable Mark as Answered Mark for Review and Clear Response :	Yes
Maximum Instruction Time :	0
Is Section Default? :	null

Question Number : 76 Question Id : 2106888282 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

According to Bohr's theory of hydrogen atom, the angular momentum of electron in fourth orbit of H-atom is equal to

Options :

1. ✖ $\frac{h}{2\pi}$