

Universal College of Engineering, Kaman Department of Computer Engineering Subject: Big Analytics Laboratory

Experiment No: 1

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Aim: Identify topic for Mini Project: One real life large data application to be implemented.

Theory: Big Data Analysis Project on laptop price prediction.

1. Objective Definition

The primary objective of this project is to develop a machine learning model that can accurately predict the prices of laptops based on various features. This prediction aims to aid consumers in making informed purchasing decisions and assist retailers in pricing strategies.

2. Data Collection

- Sources: Gather data from e-commerce websites, laptop review sites, and product specification databases. Common sources include websites like Amazon, Best Buy, and specialized tech review platforms.
- Features: Collect data on features that influence laptop prices, such as:
 - Brand
 - Processor type and speed
 - RAM size
 - Storage capacity (HDD/SSD)
 - Graphics card specifications
 - Display size and resolution
 - Battery life
 - Operating system
 - Release year
 - Price (target variable)

3. Data Preprocessing

- Data Cleaning: Handle missing values, remove duplicates, and correct inconsistencies in the dataset.
- Data Transformation: Normalize or standardize numerical features, and encode categorical variables using techniques such as one-hot encoding.
- Feature Selection: Identify the most relevant features that significantly impact laptop prices using techniques such as correlation analysis or feature importance scores from models like Random Forest.

4. Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

- Visualizations: Create visualizations to understand the relationships between features and prices. Tools like histograms, scatter plots, and box plots can help visualize distributions and outliers.
- Insights: Analyze trends and patterns in laptop pricing based on various factors, such as brand popularity, technology advancements, and seasonal pricing trends. For example, it may be observed that higher RAM and processor speeds correlate with higher prices.



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5. Model Development

- Model Selection: Choose appropriate machine learning algorithms for price prediction, such as:
 - Linear Regression
 - Decision Trees
 - Random Forest
 - Gradient Boosting
 - Support Vector Regression (SVR)
 - Neural Networks
- Model Training: Split the dataset into training and testing subsets and train each selected model on the training data.

6. Technology Used:

- 1. Programming Languages
- · Python
- R
- 2. Data Collection and Scraping Tools
- · Beautiful Soup
- Scrapy
- APIs
- 3. Data Storage
- SQL Databases (MySQL, PostgreSQL)
- NoSQL Databases (MongoDB)
- Cloud Storage (Amazon S3, Google Cloud Storage)
- 4. Data Preprocessing and Analysis
- · Pandas
- NumPy
- · Matplotlib
- Seaborn
- Scikit-learn

7. Actionable Insights

- Consumer Insights: Provide recommendations for consumers on which features offer the best value for money, guiding their purchasing decisions.
- Retailer Strategies: Offer insights to retailers on competitive pricing strategies based on market trends and model predictions.
- Market Trends: Highlight emerging trends in laptop specifications and pricing, helping manufacturers and retailers adjust their offerings accordingly.

Conclusion:

The Business Data Analytics analysis for the laptop price prediction project encompasses a structured approach to data collection, preprocessing, modeling, and evaluation. By leveraging machine learning techniques and insightful analytics, the project not only aims to accurately predict laptop prices but also provides actionable insights for consumers and retailers in the tech market.