SCHOOL OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE				DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE ENGINEERING		
ProgramName: <mark>B. Tech</mark>			Assignm	ent Type: Lab	AcademicYear:2025-2026	
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CourseCod	le	24CS002PC215	CourseTitle	AI Assisted Codin	ng	
Year/Sem		II/I	Regulation	R24		
Date and Dof Assignm	-	Week1 - Tuesday	Time(s)			
Duration		2 Hours	Applicableto Batches	24CSBTB01 To 2	4CSBTB39	
Assignmen	ntNum	ber: <mark>1.2(Present ass</mark>	<mark>ignment numbe</mark>	er)/ <b>24</b> (Total number	of assignments)	
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Q.No.	Question				ExpectedTin	
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	Lab Inte	d VS Code				
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		Code.				

- To explore AI-assisted code generation using GitHub Copilot.
- To analyze the accuracy and effectiveness of Copilot's code suggestions.
- To understand prompt-based programming using comments and code context

### Lab Outcomes (LOs):

After completing this lab, students will be able to:

- Set up GitHub Copilot in VS Code successfully.
- Use inline comments and context to generate code with Copilot.
- Evaluate AI-generated code for correctness and readability.
- Compare code suggestions based on different prompts and programming styles.

### Task Description#1

• Write a comment: # Function to check if a string is a valid palindrome (ignoring spaces and case) and allow Copilot to complete it.

# **Expected Output#1**

• A function that correctly returns True for phrases like "A man a plan a canal Panama"

```
def is_palindrome(s):
    processed_s = "".join(s.split()).lower()
    return processed_s == processed_s[::-1]

string1 = "Race car"
    string2 = "hello world"
    string3 = "A man a plan a canal Panama"

print(f"'{string1}' is a palindrome: {is_palindrome(string1)}")
    print(f"'{string2}' is a palindrome: {is_palindrome(string2)}")
    print(f"'{string3}' is a palindrome: {is_palindrome(string3)}")

**Race car' is a palindrome: True
    'hello world' is a palindrome: False
    'A man a plan a canal Panama' is a palindrome: True
```

**PROMPT**: write a python program using Function to check if a string is a valid palindrome (ignoring spaces and case)

**OSERVATION:** Based on the output of the code you ran, it seems like the is palindrome function correctly identifies palindromes even when they have spaces and different capitalization.

## Task Description#2:

• Generate a Python function that returns the Fibonacci sequence up to n terms. Prompt with only a function header and docstring

## **Expected Output#2**

• AI completes the function logic using loop or recursion with accurate output

```
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   def generate_fibonacci_sequence(n):
         if n <= 0:
           return []
         elif n == 1:
          return [0]
           sequence = [0, 1]
           while len(sequence) < n:
            next_term = sequence[-1] + sequence[-2]
             sequence.append(next_term)
           return sequence
         num terms = int(input("Enter the number of Fibonacci terms to generate: "))
         fibonacci_sequence = generate_fibonacci_sequence(num_terms)
         print(f"The Fibonacci sequence up to {num_terms} terms is: {fibonacci_sequence}")
       except ValueError:
         print("Invalid input. Please enter an integer.")
   Fr Enter the number of Fibonacci terms to generate: 5
       The Fibonacci sequence up to 5 terms is: [0, 1, 1, 2, 3]
```

**PROMPT:** write a Python program that returns the Fibonacci sequence input from the user.

**OBSERVATION:** This code takes a number from the user and gives you back the Fibonacci sequence up to that many numbers. It builds the sequence by adding the last two numbers together repeatedly..

## Task Description#3

• Write a comment like # Function to reverse a string and use Copilot to generate the function.

### **Expected Output#3**

• Auto-completed reverse function

```
def reverse_string(s):
    return s[::-1]

user_string = input("Enter a string to reverse: ")
    reversed_string = reverse_string(user_string)
    print(f"Original string: {user_string}")
    print(f"Reversed string: {reversed_string}")

There a string to reverse: hello how are you
    Original string: hello how are you
    Reversed string: uoy era woh olleh
```

**PROMPT:** Write a python code for Function to reverse a string from the user

**OBSERVATION:** This code asks the user to type in some text. It then flips that text around. Finally, it shows you both the original text and the reversed version.

## Task Description#4

• Generate a program that simulates a basic calculator (add, subtract, multiply, divide). Write the comment: # Simple calculator with 4 operations and let AI complete it.

## **Expected Output#4**

• Fully working calculator with input/output and operator selection logic

```
def add(x, y):
  return x + y
def subtract(x, y):
def multiply(x, y):
  return x * y
def divide(x, y):
  if y == 0:
    return "Error: Division by zero"
  return x / y
print("Select operation:")
print("1. Add")
print("2. Subtract")
print("3. Multiply")
print("4. Divide")
while True:
  choice = input("Enter choice(1/2/3/4): ")
  if choice in ('1', '2', '3', '4'):
    try:
      num1 = float(input("Enter first number: "))
      num2 = float(input("Enter second number: "))
    except ValueError:
       print("Invalid input. Please enter numbers.")
```

#### Variables 🔀 Terminal

```
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        if choice == '1':
         print(num1, "+", num2, "=", add(num1, num2))
        elif choice == '2':
         print(num1, "-", num2, "=", subtract(num1, num2))
        elif choice == '3':
         print(num1, "*", num2, "=", multiply(num1, num2))
        elif choice == '4':
         print(num1, "/", num2, "=", divide(num1, num2))
       break
       print("Invalid input.")

→ Select operation:
    1. Add
    2. Subtract
   3. Multiply
   4. Divide
    Enter choice(1/2/3/4): 2
   Enter first number: 34
   Enter second number: 22
    34.0 - 22.0 = 12.0
```

**PROMPT:** write a python program that simulates a basic and simple calculator with operations (add, subtract, multiply, divide).

#### **OBSERVATION:**

- It defines functions for addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division.
- It prompts the user to select an operation.
- It takes two numbers as input from the user.
- It handles potential errors like division by zero and invalid input.
- It performs the selected operation and displays the result.

## **Task Description#5**

• Use a comment to instruct AI to write a function that reads a file and returns the number of lines..

## **Expected Output#5**

• Functional implementation using open() or with open() and readlines()

```
def count lines in file(filename):
        with open(filename, 'r') as f:
          line count = sum(1 for line in f)
        return line count
      except FileNotFoundError:
        return f"Error: File '{filename}' not found."
      except Exception as e:
        return f"An error occurred: {e}"
    # Example usage:
    file name = input("Enter the name of the file: ")
    number of lines = count lines in file(file name)
    if isinstance(number of lines, int):
      print(f"The file '{file_name}' has {number_of_lines} lines.")
      print(number of lines)
Free the name of the file: my test file.txt
    The file 'my test file.txt' has 3 lines.
```

PROMPT: write a python code using function that reads a file and returns the number of lines..

**OBSERVATION:** The (count lines in file) function counts lines in a file. It includes robust error handling with try-except. It specifically catches (File Not Found Error) and general exceptions. Using with open ensures proper file closing. It returns the line count or an error message. The example usage prompts for the filename and shows the result.

Note: Report should be submitted a word document for all tasks in a single document with prompts, comments & code explanation, and output and if required, screenshots

#### **Evaluation Criteria:**

Criteria	Max Marks
Task #1	0.5
Task #2	0.5
Task #3	0.5
Task #4	0.5
Task #5	0.5
Total	2.5 Marks