Crate commonware_consensus__

Settings

Help

Summary

Source

Order opaque messages in a Byzantine environment.

Status

commonware-consensus is ALPHA software and is not yet recommended for production use. Developers should expect breaking changes and occasional instability.

Modules

- simplex
- Simple and fast BFT agreement inspired by Simplex Consensus.

Traits

- Automaton
- Automaton is the interface responsible for driving the consensus forward by proposing new payloads and verifying payloads proposed by other participants.
- Committer
- Committer is the interface responsible for handling notifications of payload status.
- Relay
- Relay is the interface responsible for broadcasting payloads to the network.
- Supervisor
- Supervisor is the interface responsible for managing which participants are active at a given time.

Type Aliases

- Activity
- Activity is specified by the underlying consensus implementation and can be interpreted if desired.

- Proof
- Proof is a blob that attests to some data.

Module simplex___

Settings

Help

Summary

Source

Simple and fast BFT agreement inspired by Simplex Consensus.

Inspired by Simplex Consensus, simplex provides simple and fast BFT agreement that seeks to minimize view latency (i.e. block time) and to provide optimal finalization latency in a partially synchronous setting.

Features

- Wicked Fast Block Times (2 Network Hops)
- Optimal Finalization Latency (3 Network Hops)
- Externalized Uptime and Fault Proofs
- Decoupled Block Broadcast and Sync
- Flexible Block Format

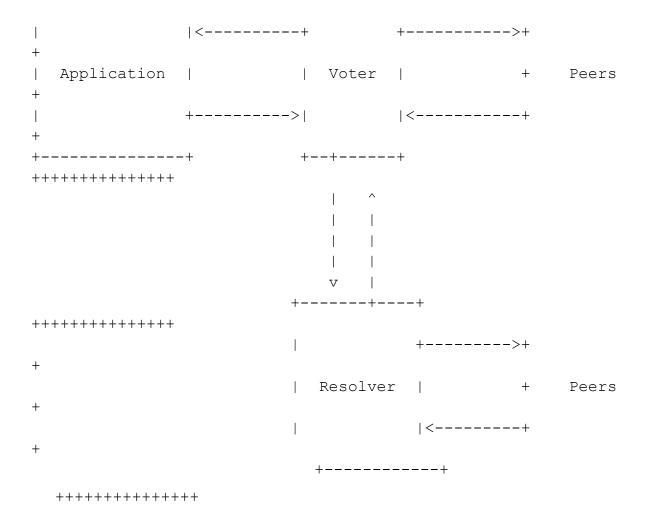
Design

Architecture

All logic is split into two components: the Voter and the Resolver (and the user of simplex provides Application). The Voter is responsible for participating in the latest view and the Resolver is responsible for fetching artifacts from previous views required to verify proposed blocks in the latest view.

To provide great performance, all interactions between Voter, Resolver, and Application are non-blocking. This means that, for example, the Voter can continue processing messages while the Application verifies a proposed block or the Resolver verifies a notarization.

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Application is usually a single object that implements the Automaton, Relay, Committer, and Supervisor traits.

Joining Consensus

As soon as 2f+1 votes or finalizes are observed for some view v, the Voter will enter v+1. This means that a new participant joining consensus will immediately jump ahead to the latest view and begin participating in consensus (assuming it can verify blocks).

Persistence

The Voter caches all data required to participate in consensus to avoid any disk reads on on the critical path. To enable recovery, the Voter writes valid messages it receives from consensus and messages it generates to a write-ahead log (WAL) implemented by Journal. Before sending a message, the Journal sync is invoked to prevent inadvertent Byzantine behavior on restart (especially in the case of unclean shutdown).

Protocol Description

Specification for View v

Upon entering view v:

- Determine leader 1 for view v
- Set timer for leader proposal t $1 = 2\Delta$ and advance t $a = 3\Delta$
 - \circ If leader 1 has not been active (no votes) in last r views, set t 1 to 0.
- If leader 1, broadcast notarize (c, v)
 - If can't propose container in view v because missing notarization/nullification for a previous view v m, request v m

Upon receiving first notarize(c, v) from 1:

- Cancel t 1
- If the container's parent c_parent is notarized at v_parent and we have null notarizations for all views between v and v_parent, verify c and broadcast notarize(c, v)

Upon receiving 2f+1 notarize(c, v):

- Cancel t a
- Mark c as notarized
- Broadcast notarization (c, v) (even if we have not verified c)
- If have not broadcast nullify (v), broadcast finalize (c, v)
- Enter v+1

Upon receiving 2f+1 nullify(v):

- Broadcast nullification (v)
 - o If observe >= f+1 notarize(c,v) for some c, request notarization(c_parent, v_parent) and any missing nullification(*) between v_parent and v. If c_parent is than last finalized, broadcast last finalization instead.
- Enter v+1

Upon receiving 2f+1 finalize(c, v):

- Mark c as finalized (and recursively finalize its parents)
- Broadcast finalization (c, v) (even if we have not verified c)

Upon t 1 or t a firing:

- Broadcast nullify(v)
- Every t r after nullify (v) broadcast that we are still in view v:

 Rebroadcast nullify (v) and either notarization (v-1) or nullification (v-1)

Deviations from Simplex Consensus

- Fetch missing notarizations/nullifications as needed rather than assuming each proposal contains a set of all notarizations/nullifications for all historical blocks.
- Introduce distinct messages for notarize and nullify rather than referring to both as a vote for either a "block" or a "dummy block", respectively.
- Introduce a "leader timeout" to trigger early view transitions for unresponsive leaders.
- Skip "leader timeout" and "notarization timeout" if a designated leader hasn't participated in some number of views (again to trigger early view transition for an unresponsive leader).
- Introduce message rebroadcast to continue making progress if messages from a given view are dropped (only way to ensure messages are reliably delivered is with a heavyweight reliable broadcast protocol).

Structs

- Config
- Configuration for the consensus engine.
- Context
- Context is a collection of metadata from consensus about a given payload.
- Engine
- Instance of simplex consensus engine.
- Prover
- Encode and decode proofs of activity.

Enums

- Error
- Errors that can occur during consensus.

Constants

- CONFLICTING FINALIZE
- Finalize a payload that conflicts with a previous finalize.
- CONFLICTING_NOTARIZE

- Notarize a payload that conflicts with a previous notarize.
- FINALIZE
- Finalize a payload at a given view.
- NOTARIZE
- Notarize a payload at a given view.
- NULLIFY AND FINALIZE
- Nullify and finalize in the same view.

Type Aliases

- View
- View is a monotonically increasing counter that represents the current focus of consensus.

Trait Automaton___

Settings

Help

Summary

```
pub trait Automaton:
   Clone
    + Send
    + 'static {
    type Context;
    // Required methods
    fn genesis(&mut self) -> impl Future<Output = Digest> +
Send;
   fn propose(
        &mut self,
        context: Self::Context,
    ) -> impl Future<Output = Receiver<Digest>> + Send;
   fn verify(
        &mut self,
        context: Self::Context,
        payload: Digest,
```

```
) -> impl Future<Output = Receiver<bool>> + Send;
}
```

Automaton is the interface responsible for driving the consensus forward by proposing new payloads and verifying payloads proposed by other participants.

Required Associated Types

Source

```
type Context
```

Context is metadata provided by the consensus engine to associated with a given payload.

This often includes things like the proposer, view number, the height, or the epoch.

Required Methods

Source

```
fn genesis(&mut self) -> impl Future<Output = Digest> + Send
```

Payload used to initialize the consensus engine.

Source

```
fn propose(
    &mut self,
    context: Self::Context,
) -> impl Future<Output = Receiver<Digest>> + Send
```

Generate a new payload for the given context.

If it is possible to generate a payload, the Digest should be returned over the provided channel. If it is not possible to generate a payload, the channel can be dropped. If construction takes too long, the consensus engine may drop the provided proposal.

Source

```
fn verify(
    &mut self,
    context: Self::Context,
    payload: Digest,
) -> impl Future<Output = Receiver<bool>> + Send
```

Verify the payload is valid.

If it is possible to verify the payload, a boolean should be returned indicating whether the payload is valid. If it is not possible to verify the payload, the channel can be dropped.

Dyn Compatibility

This trait is not dyn compatible.

In older versions of Rust, dyn compatibility was called "object safety", so this trait is not object safe.

Implementors

Trait Committer___

Settings

Help

Summary

```
fn finalized(
    &mut self,
    proof: Proof,
    payload: Digest,
) -> impl Future<Output = ()> + Send;
}
```

Committer is the interface responsible for handling notifications of payload status.

Required Methods

Source

```
fn prepared(
    &mut self,
    proof: Proof,
    payload: Digest,
) -> impl Future<Output = ()> + Send
```

Event that a payload has made some progress towards finalization but is not yet finalized.

This is often used to provide an early ("best guess") confirmation to users.

Source

```
fn finalized(
    &mut self,
    proof: Proof,
    payload: Digest,
) -> impl Future<Output = ()> + Send
```

Event indicating the container has been finalized.

Dyn Compatibility

This trait is not dyn compatible.

In older versions of Rust, dyn compatibility was called "object safety", so this trait is not object safe.

Implementors

Trait Relay

Settings

Help

Summary

Source

```
pub trait Relay:
    Clone
    + Send
    + 'static {
        // Required method
        fn broadcast(&mut self, payload: Digest) -> impl
Future<Output = ()> + Send;
}
```

Relay is the interface responsible for broadcasting payloads to the network.

The consensus engine is only aware of a payload's digest, not its contents. It is up to the relay to efficiently broadcast the full payload to other participants.

Required Methods

Source

```
fn broadcast(&mut self, payload: Digest) -> impl Future<Output
= ()> + Send
```

Called once consensus begins working towards a proposal provided by Automaton (i.e. it isn't dropped).

Other participants may not begin voting on a proposal until they have the full contents, so timely delivery often yields better performance.

Dyn Compatibility

This trait is not dyn compatible.

In older versions of Rust, dyn compatibility was called "object safety", so this trait is not object safe.

Implementors

Trait Supervisor___

Settings

Help

Summary

```
Source
pub trait Supervisor:
   Clone
    + Send
    + 'static {
    type Index;
    type Seed;
    // Required methods
    fn leader(&self, index: Self::Index, seed: Self::Seed) ->
Option<PublicKey>;
   fn participants(&self, index: Self::Index) ->
Option<&Vec<PublicKey>>;
   fn is participant(
        &self,
        index: Self::Index,
        candidate: & PublicKey,
    ) -> Option<u32>;
   fn report(
        &self,
        activity: Activity,
        proof: Proof,
    ) -> impl Future<Output = ()> + Send;
}
```

Supervisor is the interface responsible for managing which participants are active at a given time.

Synchronization

It is up to the user to ensure changes in this list are synchronized across nodes in the network at a given Index. If care is not taken to do this, consensus could halt (as different participants may have a different view of who is active at a given time).

The simplest way to avoid this complexity is to use a consensus implementation that reaches finalization on application data before transitioning to a new Index (i.e. Tendermint).

Implementations that do not work this way (like simplex) must introduce some synchrony bound for changes (where it is assumed all participants have finalized some previous set change by some point) or "sync points" (i.e. epochs) where participants agree that some finalization occurred at some point in the past.

Required Associated Types

Source

type Index

Index is the type used to indicate the in-progress consensus decision.

Source

type Seed

Seed is a consensus artifact to use as randomness for leader selection.

Required Methods

```
fn leader(&self, index: Self::Index, seed: Self::Seed) ->
Option<PublicKey>
```

Return the leader at a given index for the provided seed.

Source

```
fn participants(&self, index: Self::Index) ->
Option<&Vec<PublicKey>>
```

Get the sorted participants for the given view. This is called when entering a new view before listening for proposals or votes. If nothing is returned, the view will not be entered.

Source

```
fn is_participant(
    &self,
    index: Self::Index,
    candidate: &PublicKey,
) -> Option<u32>
Source
fn report(
    &self,
    activity: Activity,
    proof: Proof,
) -> impl Future<Output = ()> + Send
```

Report some activity observed by the consensus implementation.

Dyn Compatibility

This trait is not dyn compatible.

In older versions of Rust, dyn compatibility was called "object safety", so this trait is not object safe.

Implementors

commonware_consensus::simplex

Struct Config....

Settings

Help

Summary

Source

```
pub struct Config<C: Scheme, H: Hasher, A: Automaton<Context =
Context>, R: Relay, F: Committer, S: Supervisor<Seed = (), Index =
View>> {Show 19 fields}
```

Configuration for the consensus engine.

Fields

```
crypto: C
   Cryptographic primitives.
hasher: H
   Hashing algorithm.
automaton: A
   Automaton for the consensus engine.
relay: R
   Relay for the consensus engine.
committer: F
   Committer for the consensus engine.
supervisor: S
   Supervisor for the consensus engine.
registry: Arc<Mutex<Registry>>
   Prometheus metrics registry.
mailbox_size: usize
   Maximum number of messages to buffer on channels inside the consensus engine
   before blocking.
namespace: Vec<u8>
   Prefix for all signed messages to prevent replay attacks.
```

Number of views to replay concurrently during startup.

replay_concurrency: usize

```
leader timeout: Duration
```

Amount of time to wait for a leader to propose a payload in a view.

```
notarization_timeout: Duration
```

Amount of time to wait for a quorum of notarizations in a view before attempting to skip the view.

```
nullify retry: Duration
```

Amount of time to wait before retrying a nullify broadcast if stuck in a view.

```
activity timeout: View
```

Number of views behind finalized tip to track activity derived from validator messages.

```
fetch timeout: Duration
```

Timeout to wait for a peer to respond to a request.

```
max fetch count: usize
```

Maximum number of notarizations/nullifications to request/respond with at once.

```
max fetch size: usize
```

Maximum number of bytes to respond with at once.

```
fetch rate per peer: Quota
```

Maximum rate of requests to send to a given peer.

Inbound rate limiting is handled by commonware-p2p.

```
fetch concurrent: usize
```

Number of concurrent requests to make at once.

Implementations

```
Source
```

```
impl<C: Scheme, H: Hasher, A: Automaton<Context =
Context>, R: Relay, F: Committer, S: Supervisor<Seed =
(), Index = View>> Config<C, H, A, R, F, S>
Source
pub fn assert(&self)
```

Assert enforces that all configuration values are valid.

Auto Trait Implementations

```
impl<C, H, A, R, F, S> Freeze for Config<C, H, A, R, F,</pre>
S>
where
    C: Freeze,
    H: Freeze,
    A: Freeze,
    R: Freeze,
    F: Freeze,
    S: Freeze,
impl<C, H, A, R, F, S> RefUnwindSafe for Config<C, H, A,
R, F, S>
where
    C: RefUnwindSafe,
    H: RefUnwindSafe,
    A: RefUnwindSafe,
    R: RefUnwindSafe,
    F: RefUnwindSafe,
    S: RefUnwindSafe,
impl<C, H, A, R, F, S> Send for Config<C, H, A, R, F, S>
impl<C, H, A, R, F, S> Sync for Config<C, H, A, R, F, S>
where
    A: Sync,
    R: Sync,
    F: Sync,
    S: Sync,
impl<C, H, A, R, F, S> Unpin for Config<C, H, A, R, F, S>
where
    C: Unpin,
    H: Unpin,
    A: Unpin,
    R: Unpin,
    F: Unpin,
    S: Unpin,
impl<C, H, A, R, F, S> UnwindSafe for Config<C, H, A, R,
F, S>
where
```

```
C: UnwindSafe,
H: UnwindSafe,
A: UnwindSafe,
R: UnwindSafe,
F: UnwindSafe,
S: UnwindSafe,
```

Blanket Implementations

```
Source
impl<T> Any for T
where
    T: 'static + ?Sized,
Source
impl<T> Borrow<T> for T
where
    T: ?Sized,
Source
impl<T> BorrowMut<T> for T
where
    T: ?Sized,
Source
impl<T> Conv for T
Source
impl<T> FmtForward for T
Source
impl<T> From<T> for T
```

```
impl<T> Instrument for T
Source
impl<T, U> Into<U> for T
where
    U: From<T>,
Source
impl<T> IntoEither for T
Source
impl<T> Pipe for T
where
    T: ?Sized,
Source
impl<T> Pointable for T
Source
impl<T> Same for T
Source
impl<T> Tap for T
Source
impl<T> TryConv for T
Source
impl<T, U> TryFrom<U> for T
where
```

```
U: Into<T>,
Source
impl<T, U> TryInto<U> for T
where
    U: TryFrom<T>,
Source
§
impl<V, T> VZip<V> for T
where
    V: MultiLane<T>,
Source
impl<T> WithSubscriber for T
commonware_consensus::simplex
Struct Context___
Settings
Help
Summary
Source
pub struct Context {
   pub view: View,
   pub parent: (View, Digest),
}
  Context is a collection of metadata from consensus about a given payload.
```

Fields

view: View

Current view of consensus.

```
parent: (View, Digest)
```

Parent the payload is built on.

Payloads from views between the current view and the parent view can never be directly finalized (must exist some nullification).

Trait Implementations

```
Source
```

```
impl Clone for Context
Source
fn clone(&self) -> Context
    Returns a copy of the value. Read more
1.0.0 · Source
fn clone_from(&mut self, source: &Self)
    Performs copy-assignment from source. Read more
```

Auto Trait Implementations

```
impl !Freeze for Context
impl RefUnwindSafe for Context
impl Send for Context
impl Sync for Context
impl Unpin for Context
impl Unpin for Context
```

Blanket Implementations

```
impl<T> Any for T
```

```
where
    T: 'static + ?Sized,
Source
impl<T> Borrow<T> for T
where
    T: ?Sized,
Source
impl<T> BorrowMut<T> for T
where
    T: ?Sized,
Source
impl<T> CloneToUninit for T
where
    T: Clone,
Source
impl<T> Conv for T
Source
impl<T> FmtForward for T
Source
impl<T> From<T> for T
Source
impl<T> Instrument for T
Source
impl<T, U> Into<U> for T
```

```
where
    U: From<T>,
Source
impl<T> IntoEither for T
Source
impl<T> Pipe for T
where
    T: ?Sized,
Source
impl<T> Pointable for T
Source
impl<T> Same for T
Source
impl<T> Tap for T
Source
impl<T> ToOwned for T
where
    T: Clone,
Source
impl<T> TryConv for T
Source
§
impl<T, U> TryFrom<U> for T
```

```
where
    U: Into<T>,
Source
impl<T, U> TryInto<U> for T
where
    U: TryFrom<T>,
Source
impl<V, T> VZip<V> for T
where
    V: MultiLane<T>,
Source
impl<T> WithSubscriber for T
commonware_consensus::simplex
Struct Engine....
Settings
Help
Summary
Source
pub struct Engine<B: Blob, E: Clock + GClock + Rng + CryptoRng +</pre>
Spawner + Storage<B>, C: Scheme, H: Hasher, A: Automaton<Context =</pre>
Context>, R: Relay, F: Committer, S: Supervisor<Seed = (), Index =</pre>
View>> { /* private fields */ }
```

Implementations

Instance of simplex consensus engine.

```
impl<B: Blob, E: Clock + GClock + Rng + CryptoRng +</pre>
Spawner + Storage<B>, C: Scheme, H: Hasher, A:
Automaton<Context = Context>, R: Relay, F: Committer, S:
Supervisor<Seed = (), Index = View>> Engine<B, E, C, H,</pre>
A, R, F, S>
Source
pub fn new(
    runtime: E,
    journal: Journal<B, E>,
   cfg: Config<C, H, A, R, F, S>,
) -> Self
  Create a new simplex consensus engine.
Source
pub async fn run (
    self,
    voter network: (impl Sender, impl Receiver),
    resolver_network: (impl Sender, impl Receiver),
  Start the simplex consensus engine.
  This will also rebuild the state of the engine from provided Journal.
```

Auto Trait Implementations

```
impl<B, E, C, H, A, R, F, S> !Freeze for Engine<B, E, C,
H, A, R, F, S>
impl<B, E, C, H, A, R, F, S> !RefUnwindSafe for Engine<B,
E, C, H, A, R, F, S>
impl<B, E, C, H, A, R, F, S> Send for Engine<B, E, C, H,
A, R, F, S>
impl<B, E, C, H, A, R, F, S> Sync for Engine<B, E, C, H,
A, R, F, S>
where
    A: Sync,
```

```
R: Sync,
    F: Sync,
    S: Sync,
impl<B, E, C, H, A, R, F, S> Unpin for Engine<B, E, C, H,
A, R, F, S>
where
    E: Unpin,
    C: Unpin,
    H: Unpin,
    A: Unpin,
    R: Unpin,
    F: Unpin,
    S: Unpin,
    <E as Clock>::Instant: Unpin,
impl<B, E, C, H, A, R, F, S> !UnwindSafe for Engine<B, E,</pre>
C, H, A, R, F, S>
Blanket Implementations
Source
impl<T> Any for T
where
    T: 'static + ?Sized,
Source
impl<T> Borrow<T> for T
where
    T: ?Sized,
Source
impl<T> BorrowMut<T> for T
where
```

T: ?Sized,

```
Source
impl<T> Conv for T
Source
impl<T> FmtForward for T
Source
impl<T> From<T> for T
Source
impl<T> Instrument for T
Source
impl<T, U> Into<U> for T
where
    U: From<T>,
Source
impl<T> IntoEither for T
Source
impl<T> Pipe for T
where
    T: ?Sized,
Source
impl<T> Pointable for T
Source
impl<T> Same for T
Source
```

```
§
impl<T> Tap for T
Source
impl<T> TryConv for T
Source
impl<T, U> TryFrom<U> for T
where
    U: Into<T>,
Source
impl<T, U> TryInto<U> for T
where
    U: TryFrom<T>,
Source
impl < V, T > VZip < V > for T
where
    V: MultiLane<T>,
Source
impl<T> WithSubscriber for T
commonware_consensus::simplex
Struct Prover
Settings
Help
Summary
```

```
pub struct Prover<C: Scheme, H: Hasher> { /* private fields */ }
```

Encode and decode proofs of activity.

We don't use protobuf for proof encoding because we expect external parties to decode proofs in constrained environments where protobuf may not be implemented.

Implementations

```
Source
```

```
impl<C: Scheme, H: Hasher> Prover<C, H>
Source

pub fn new(namespace: &[u8]) -> Self
```

Create a new prover with the given signing namespace.

Source

```
pub fn deserialize_notarize(
    &self,
    proof: Proof,
    check_sig: bool,
) -> Option<(View, View, Digest, PublicKey)>
```

Deserialize a notarize proof.

Source

```
pub fn deserialize_notarization(
    &self,
    proof: Proof,
    max: u32,
    check_sigs: bool,
) -> Option<(View, View, Digest, Vec<PublicKey>)>
```

Deserialize a notarization proof.

```
pub fn deserialize finalize(
    &self,
    proof: Proof,
    check sig: bool,
) -> Option<(View, View, Digest, PublicKey)>
   Deserialize a finalize proof.
Source
pub fn deserialize finalization(
    &self,
    proof: Proof,
    max: u32,
    check sigs: bool,
) -> Option<(View, View, Digest, Vec<PublicKey>)>
   Deserialize a finalization proof.
Source
pub fn deserialize conflicting notarize(
    &self,
    proof: Proof,
    check sig: bool,
) -> Option<(PublicKey, View)>
   Deserialize a conflicting notarization proof.
Source
pub fn deserialize conflicting finalize(
    &self,
    proof: Proof,
    check sig: bool,
) -> Option<(PublicKey, View)>
```

Deserialize a conflicting finalization proof.

Source

```
pub fn deserialize_nullify_finalize(
    &self,
    proof: Proof,
    check_sig: bool,
) -> Option<(PublicKey, View)>
```

Deserialize a conflicting nullify and finalize proof.

Trait Implementations

```
Source
```

```
impl<C: Clone + Scheme, H: Clone + Hasher> Clone for
Prover<C, H>

Source

fn clone(&self) -> Prover<C, H>

    Returns a copy of the value. Read more

1.0.0 · Source

fn clone_from(&mut self, source: &Self)
    Performs copy-assignment from source. Read more
```

Auto Trait Implementations

```
impl<C, H> Freeze for Prover<C, H>
impl<C, H> RefUnwindSafe for Prover<C, H>
where
        C: RefUnwindSafe,
        H: RefUnwindSafe,
    impl<C, H> Send for Prover<C, H>
impl<C, H> Sync for Prover<C, H>
impl<C, H> Unpin for Prover<C, H>
```

```
where
    C: Unpin,
    H: Unpin,
impl<C, H> UnwindSafe for Prover<C, H>
where
    C: UnwindSafe,
    H: UnwindSafe,
Blanket Implementations
Source
impl<T> Any for T
where
    T: 'static + ?Sized,
Source
impl<T> Borrow<T> for T
where
    T: ?Sized,
Source
impl<T> BorrowMut<T> for T
where
    T: ?Sized,
Source
impl<T> CloneToUninit for T
where
    T: Clone,
Source
impl<T> Conv for T
```

```
impl<T> FmtForward for T
Source
impl<T> From<T> for T
Source
impl<T> Instrument for T
Source
impl<T, U> Into<U> for T
where
    U: From<T>,
Source
impl<T> IntoEither for T
Source
impl<T> Pipe for T
where
    T: ?Sized,
Source
impl<T> Pointable for T
Source
impl<T> Same for T
Source
impl<T> Tap for T
```

Source

```
§
impl<T> ToOwned for T
where
    T: Clone,
Source
impl<T> TryConv for T
Source
impl<T, U> TryFrom<U> for T
where
    U: Into<T>,
Source
impl<T, U> TryInto<U> for T
where
    U: TryFrom<T>,
Source
impl<V, T> VZip<V> for T
where
    V: MultiLane<T>,
Source
impl<T> WithSubscriber for T
commonware_consensus::simplex
```

Enum Error

Settings

Help

Summary

```
Source
```

```
pub enum Error {
    NetworkClosed,
    InvalidMessage,
    InvalidContainer,
    InvalidSignature,
}
```

Errors that can occur during consensus.

Variants

```
NetworkClosed
```

InvalidMessage

InvalidContainer

InvalidSignature

Trait Implementations

Source

```
impl Debug for Error
```

Source

```
fn fmt(&self, f: &mut Formatter<' >) -> Result
```

Formats the value using the given formatter. Read more

```
impl Display for Error
```

```
fn fmt(&self, __formatter: &mut Formatter<'_>) -> Result
  Formats the value using the given formatter. Read more
Source
impl Error for Error
1.30.0 · Source
fn source(&self) -> Option<&(dyn Error + 'static)>
  Returns the lower-level source of this error, if any. Read more
1.0.0 · Source
fn description(&self) -> &str
   Poprecated since 1.42.0: use the Display impl or to_string()
  Read more
1.0.0 · Source
fn cause(&self) -> Option<&dyn Error>
   Poprecated since 1.33.0: replaced by Error::source, which can support downcasting
Source
fn provide<'a>(&'a self, request: &mut Request<'a>)
   Provides type-based access to context intended for error reports. Read more
Auto Trait Implementations
impl Freeze for Error
impl RefUnwindSafe for Error
```

```
impl Send for Error
impl Sync for Error
impl Unpin for Error
impl UnwindSafe for Error
Blanket Implementations
Source
impl<T> Any for T
where
    T: 'static + ?Sized,
Source
impl<T> Borrow<T> for T
where
    T: ?Sized,
Source
impl<T> BorrowMut<T> for T
where
    T: ?Sized,
Source
impl<T> Conv for T
Source
impl<T> FmtForward for T
Source
impl<T> From<T> for T
```

```
impl<T> Instrument for T
Source
impl<T, U> Into<U> for T
where
    U: From<T>,
Source
impl<T> IntoEither for T
Source
impl<T> Pipe for T
where
    T: ?Sized,
Source
impl<T> Pointable for T
Source
impl<T> Same for T
Source
impl<T> Tap for T
Source
§
impl<T> ToString for T
where
    T: Display + ?Sized,
```

```
Source
```

```
impl<T> TryConv for T
Source
impl<T, U> TryFrom<U> for T
where
    U: Into<T>,
Source
impl<T, U> TryInto<U> for T
where
    U: TryFrom<T>,
Source
impl<V, T> VZip<V> for T
where
    V: MultiLane<T>,
Source
impl<T> WithSubscriber for T
```