Creating Microservices for account and loan

In this hands on exercises, we will create two microservices for a bank. One microservice for handing accounts and one for handling loans.

Each microservice will be a specific independent Spring RESTful Webservice maven project having it's own pom.xml. The only difference is that, instead of having both account and loan as a single application, it is split into two different applications. These webservices will be a simple service without any backend connectivity.

Follow steps below to implement the two microservices:

Account Microservice

- Create folder with employee id in D: drive
- Create folder named 'microservices' in the new folder created in previous step. This folder will contain all the sample projects that we will create for learning microservices.
- Open https://start.spring.io/ in browser

Enter form field values as specified below:

- > Group: com.cognizant
- > Artifact: account

Select the following modules

- ➤ Developer Tools > Spring Boot DevTools
- ➤ Web > Spring Web
- Click generate and download the zip file
- Extract 'account' folder from the zip and place this folder in the 'microservices' folder created earlier
- Open command prompt in account folder and build using mvn clean package command

Import this project in Eclipse and implement a controller method for getting account details based on account number. Refer specification below:

- ➤ Method: GET
- Endpoint: /accounts/{number}
- ➤ Sample Response. Just a dummy response without any backend connectivity. { number: "00987987973432", type: "savings", balance: 234343 }
- Launch by running the application class and test the service in browser

CODE:

AccountApplication.java

```
package com.cognizant.account;
import org.springframework.boot.SpringApplication;
import org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.SpringBootApplication;
@SpringBootApplication
public class AccountApplication {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
              SpringApplication.run(AccountApplication.class, args);
       }
}
AccountController.java
package com.cognizant.account.controller;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.GetMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PathVariable;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;
import java.util.Map;
@RestController
public class AccountController {
  @GetMapping("/accounts/{number}")
  public Map<String, Object> getAccount(@PathVariable String number) {
    return Map.of(
       "number", number,
       "type", "savings",
       "balance", 234343
    );
  }
```

OUTPUT:

To test in Postman , GET request with this URL : http://localhost:8080/accounts/00987987973432

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Loan Microservice

Follow similar steps specified for Account Microservice and implement a service API to get loan account details

- Method: GET
- Endpoint: /loans/{number}
- > Sample Response. Just a dummy response without any backend
- > connectivity.

{ number: "H00987987972342", type: "car", loan: 400000, emi: 3258, tenure: 18 }

- Launching this application by having account service already running
- This launch will fail with error that the bind address is already in use
- The reason is that each one of the service is launched with default port
- number as 8080. Account service is already using this port and it is not
- available for loan service.
- Include "server.port" property with value 8081 and try launching the
- application
- Test the service with 8081 port

Now we have two microservices running on different ports.

NOTE: The console window of Eclipse will have both the service console running. To switch between different consoles use the monitor icon within the console view.

CODE:

```
LoanApplication.java
package com.cognizant.loan;
import org.springframework.boot.SpringApplication;
import org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.SpringBootApplication;
@SpringBootApplication
public class LoanApplication {
public static void main(String[] args) {
SpringApplication.run(LoanApplication.class, args);
}
}
LoanController.java
package com.cognizant.loan.controller;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.GetMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PathVariable;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;
import java.util.Map;
@RestController
public class LoanController {
  @GetMapping("/loans/{number}")
```

```
public Map<String, Object> getLoan(@PathVariable String number) {
    return Map.of(
        "number", number,
        "type", "car",
        "loan", 400000,
        "emi", 3258,
        "tenure", 18
     );
}
```

OUTPUT:

To test in Postman , GET request with this URL : http://localhost:8081/loans/H00987987972342