## More GRASP Patterns (from Larman, Ch. 34)

- Note that these "patterns" are really just very basic OO design principles
  - Polymorphism
  - Pure Fabrication
  - Indirection
  - Don't Talk to Strangers

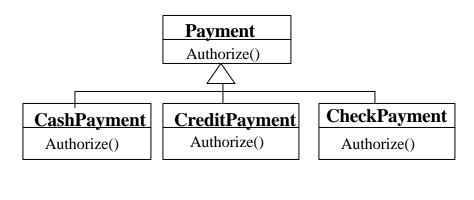
## GRASP Patterns--Polymorphism

- Problem: How to handle alternative behavior based upon type.
- E.g. Who is responsible for authorizing different types of payments.

Cash\_Payment | Credit\_Payment | Check\_Payment

## Polymorphism--Continued

• Solution: use subclassing. Make subclass objects responsible for their own behavior and let proper behavior be invoked automartically by subclass type.



#### **GRASP** Pattern--Pure Fabrication

- Problem: Sometimes, during design, responsibilities need to be assigned that are not naturally attributable to any of the conceptual classes.
- Solution: Create an artificial class that does not represents anything in the problem domain.
- Note: Most of the GoF patterns involve fabricating new classes--e.g. observer, adapter, abstract factory, etc.

### **GRASP Pattern--Indirection**

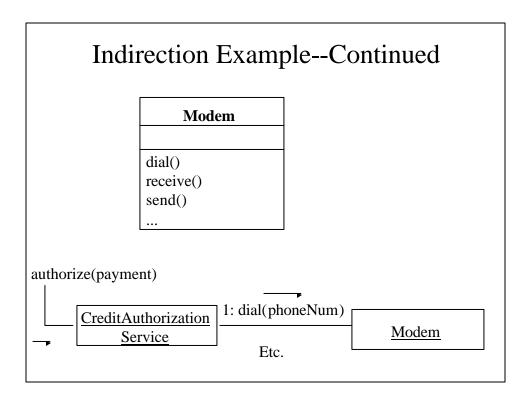
- Problem: To reduce direct couplings with objects which are subject to change.
- Solution: Use an intermediate object to mediate between other objects .
- The GoF Proxy, Bridge, and Mediator patterns utilize indirection.

## Indirection--A Simple Example

Consider a *CreditAuthorizationService* class that needs to use a Modem

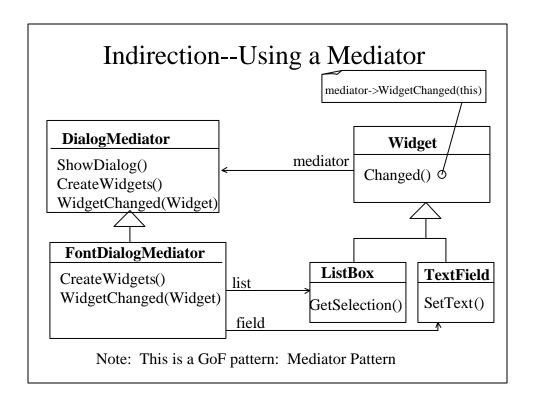
Bad approach: Put low-level calls to the Modem API directly in the methods of the CreditAuthorizationClass

Better approach: Add an intermediate *Modem* class that insulates *CreditAuthorizationClass* from the Modem API.



### Indirection--A More Complex Example

- Consider the implementation of a dialog box for a GUI.
- The dialog box uses a window to present a series of widgets, such as buttons, text fields, etc.
- There are many dependencies among widgets-e.g. a button may be disabled when an associated text field is empty.
- Different dialog boxes will have different dependencies.
- Hence, widget classes will have to be customized for each dialog--e.g. by subclassing



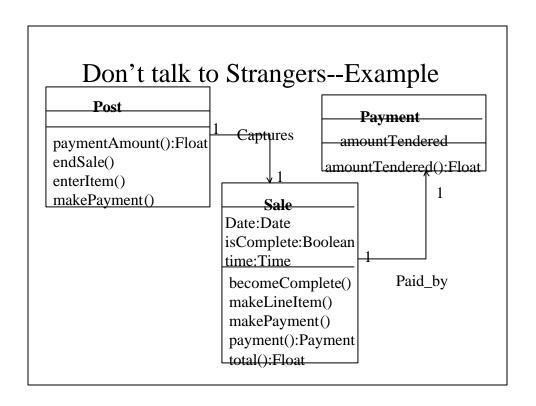
# GRASP Patterns--Don't Talk to Strangers

• Problem: To avoid high coupling.

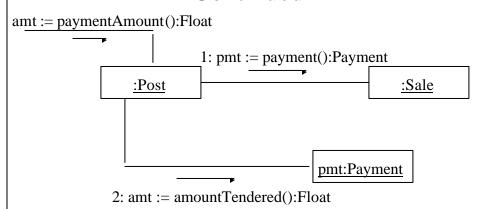
Specifically, to limit the degree of knowledge that client objects need to possess regarding the internal structure and connections of server objects.

# Don't Talk to Strangers (Law of Demeter)

- Within a method, other methods should be invoked only upon the following objects:
  - The *this* object (*self*)
  - A parameter of the method
  - An attribute of *self*
  - An element of a collection that is an attribute of self
  - A local object of the method.
- Intent is avoid coupling a client to indirect objects or knowledge of the internal structure of direct objects

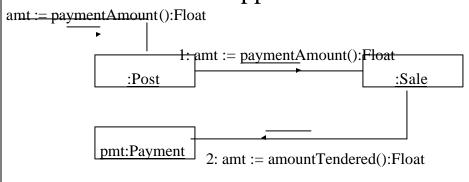


## Don't Talk to Strangers Example--Continued



Note: This is similar to the notion of "Stamp Coupling" in our earlier discussion of coupling and cohesion.

## Don't Talk to Strangers Example--Better Approach



Note: In this case :Post\_delegates the paymentAmount() method to :Sale. A paymentAmount() method must be added to the Sale class.