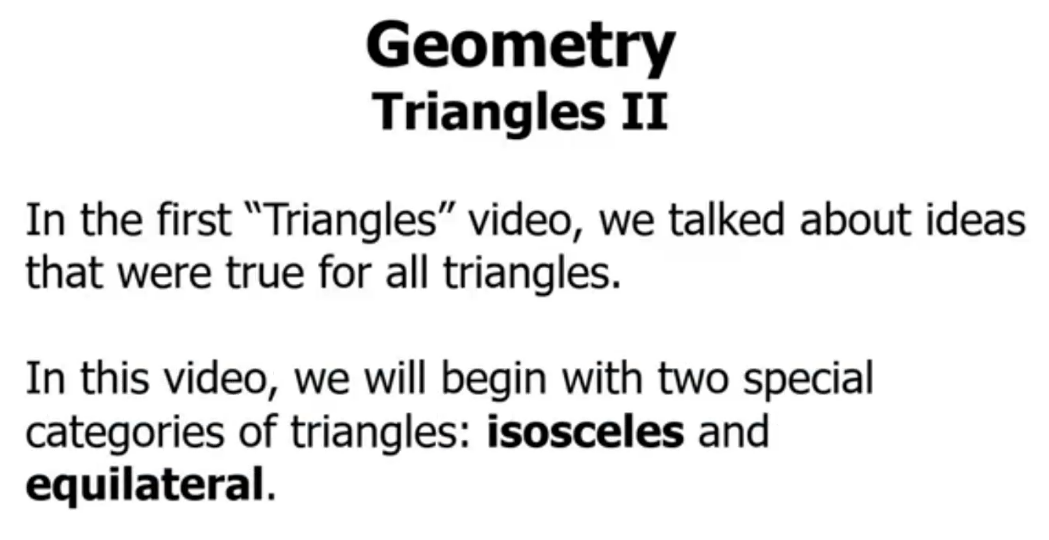
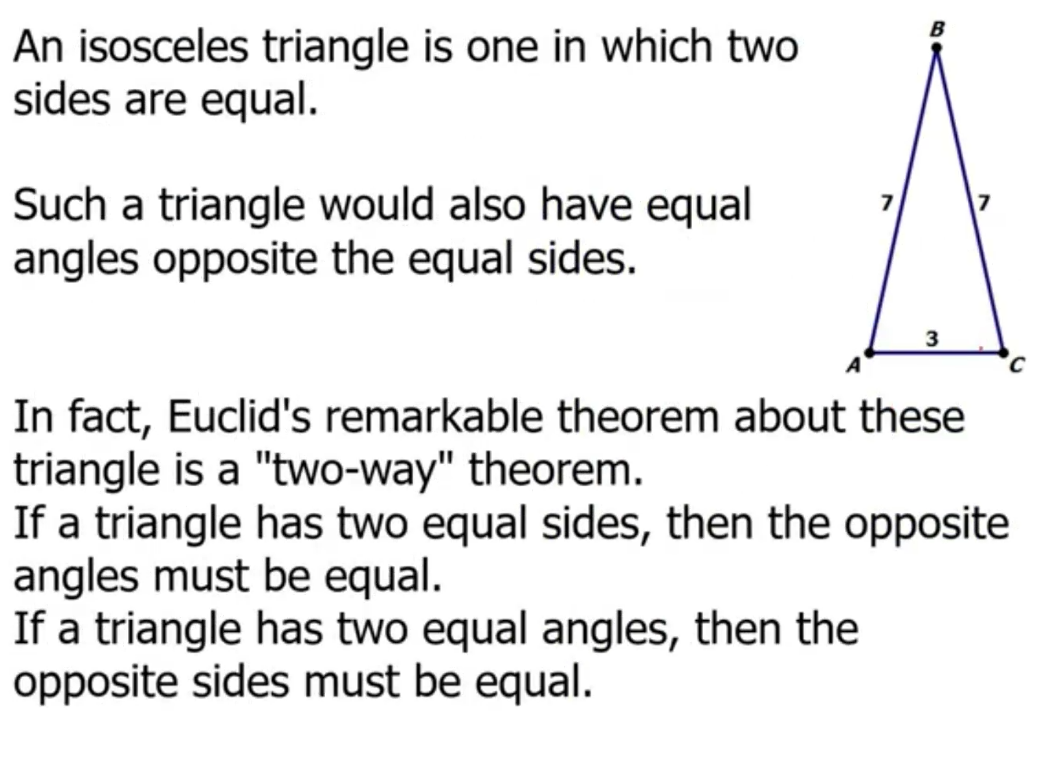
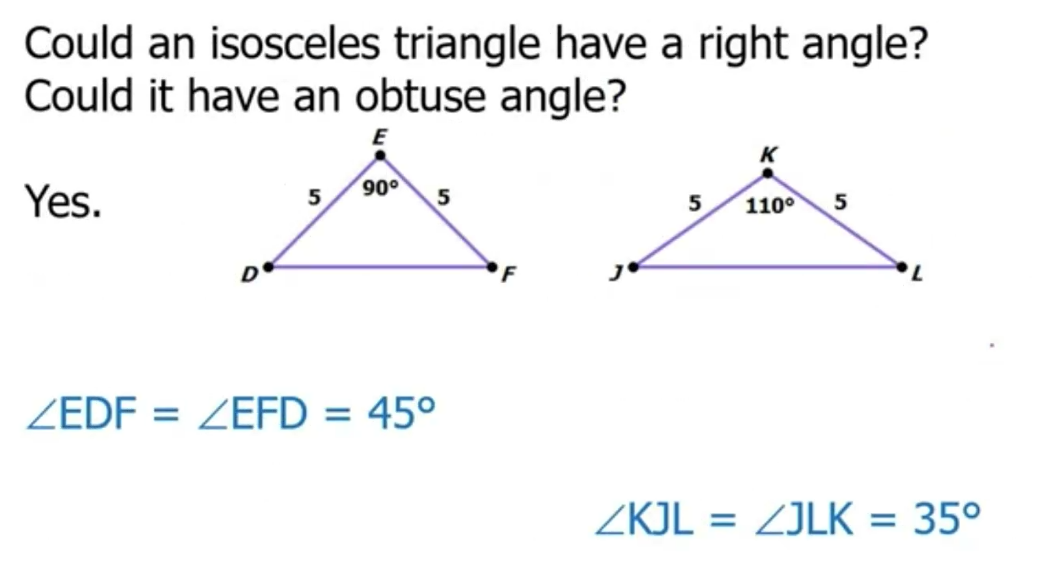
1. Triangles



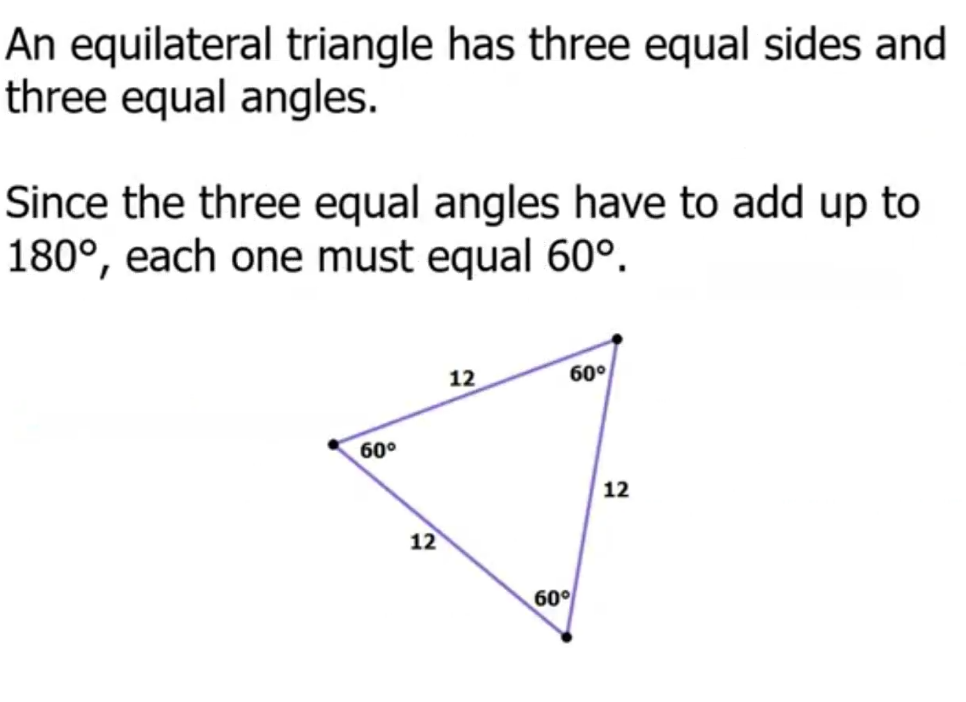
1. Isosceles Triangle – Two sides and two sides are equal.

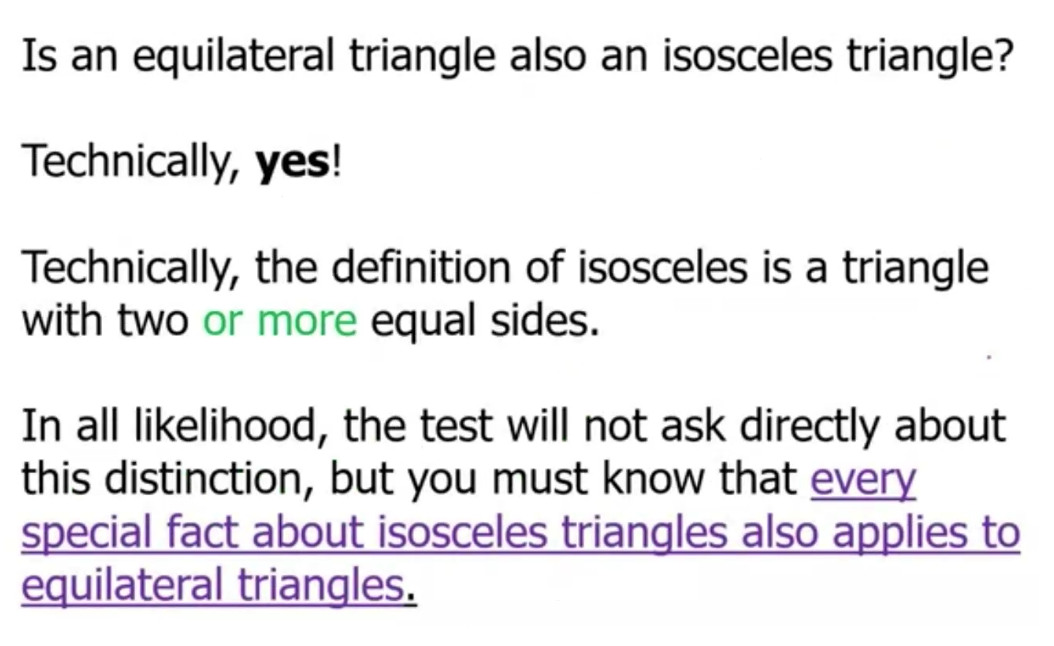


1. Isosceles triangle can have either right angle or obtuse angle



1. Eqilateral triangle





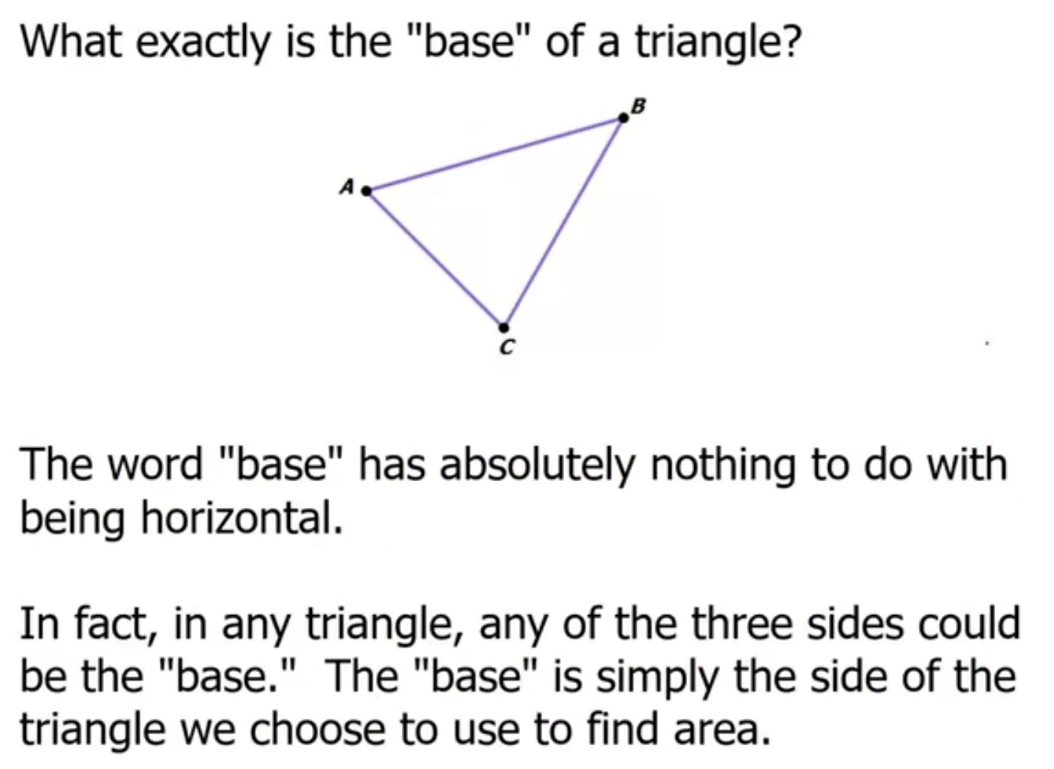
1. Area of a triangle



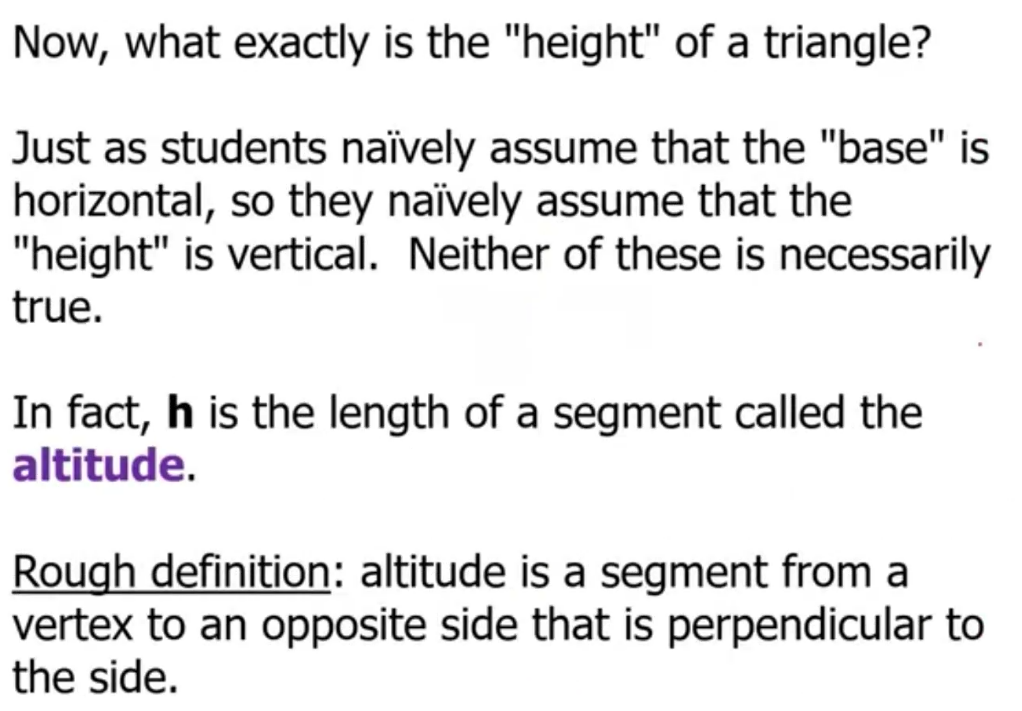
1. What is b?



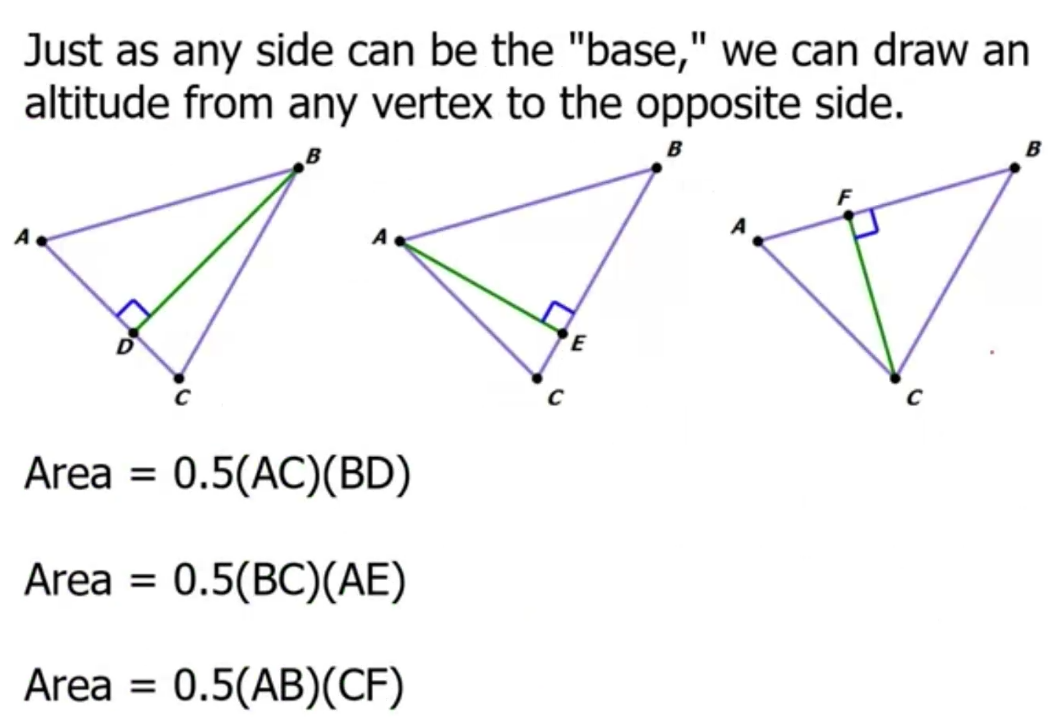
1. Any of the three side can be base



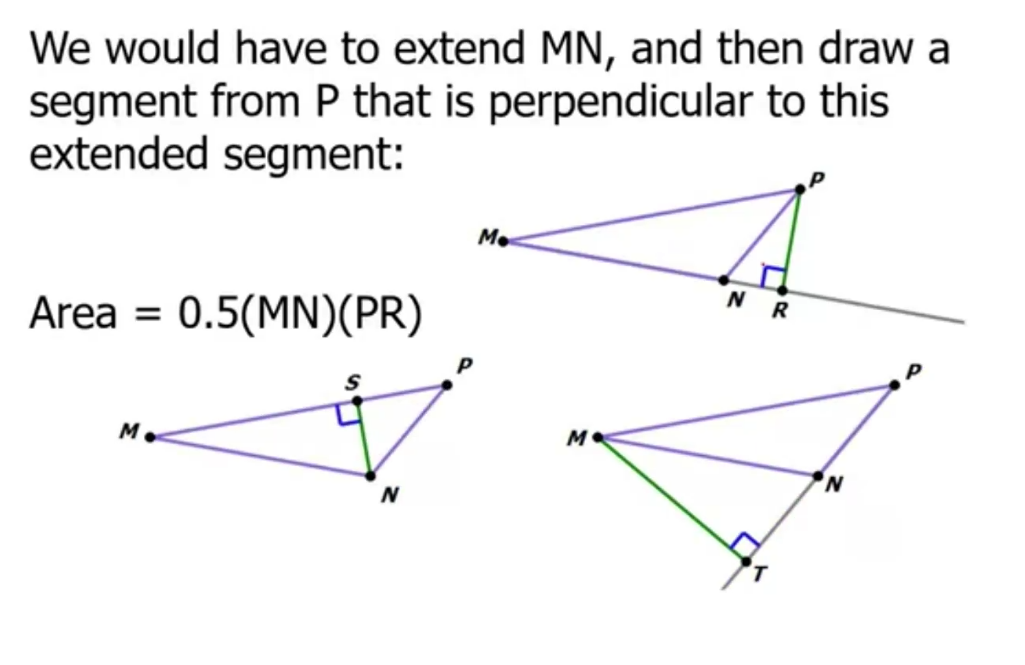
1. Height of triangle – Opposite vertex of the base side



1. Base and height of a triangle – Height should be perpendicular to the base

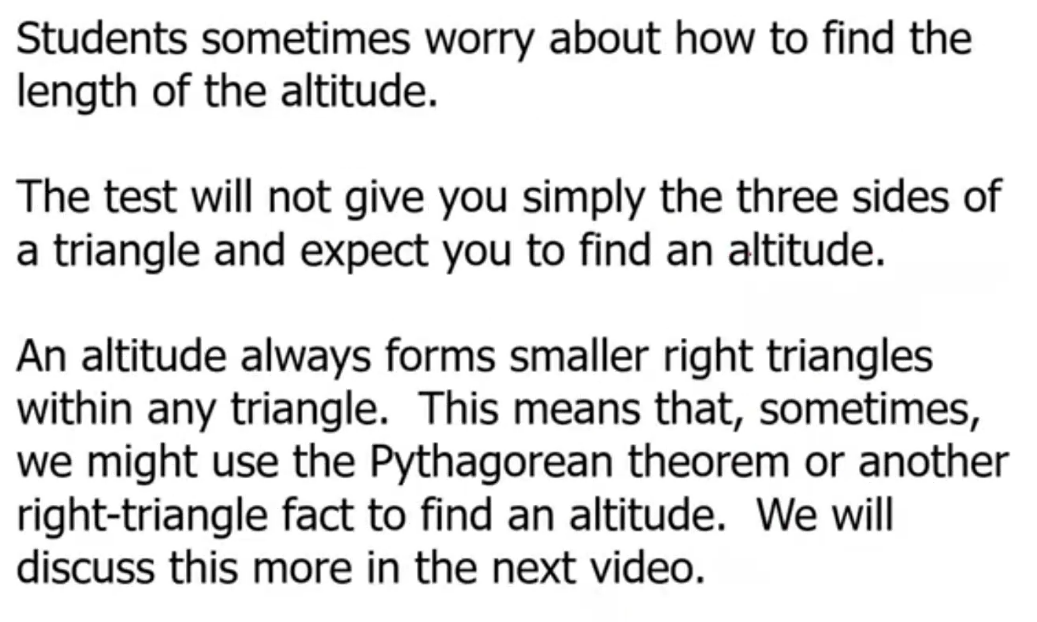


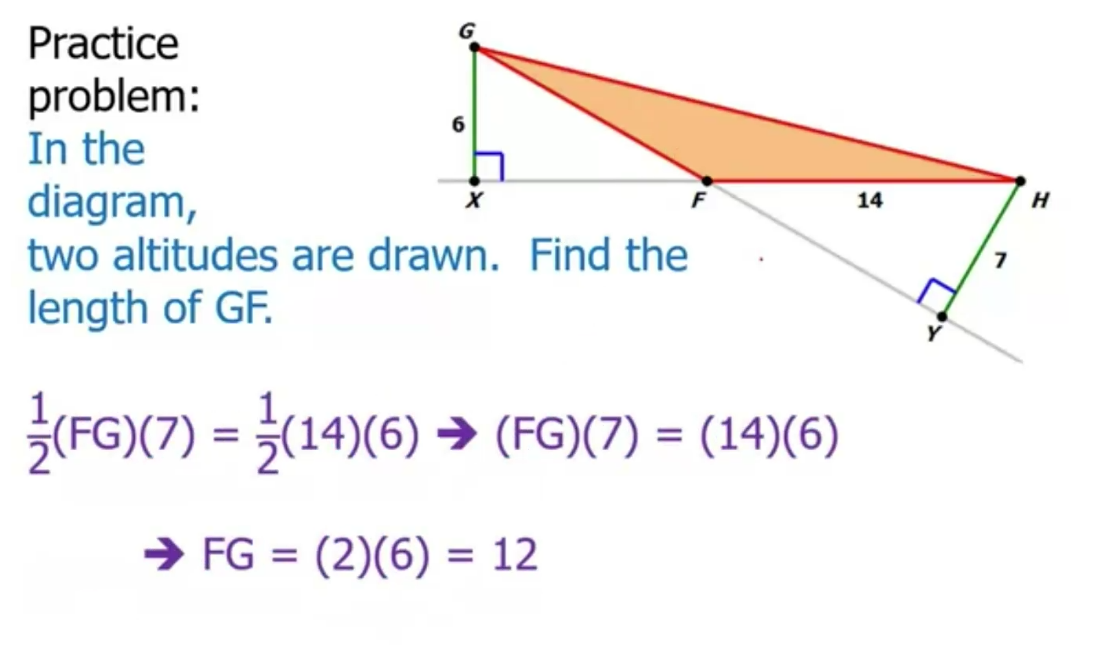
1. If there is no perpendicular formation, give a straight line at the base



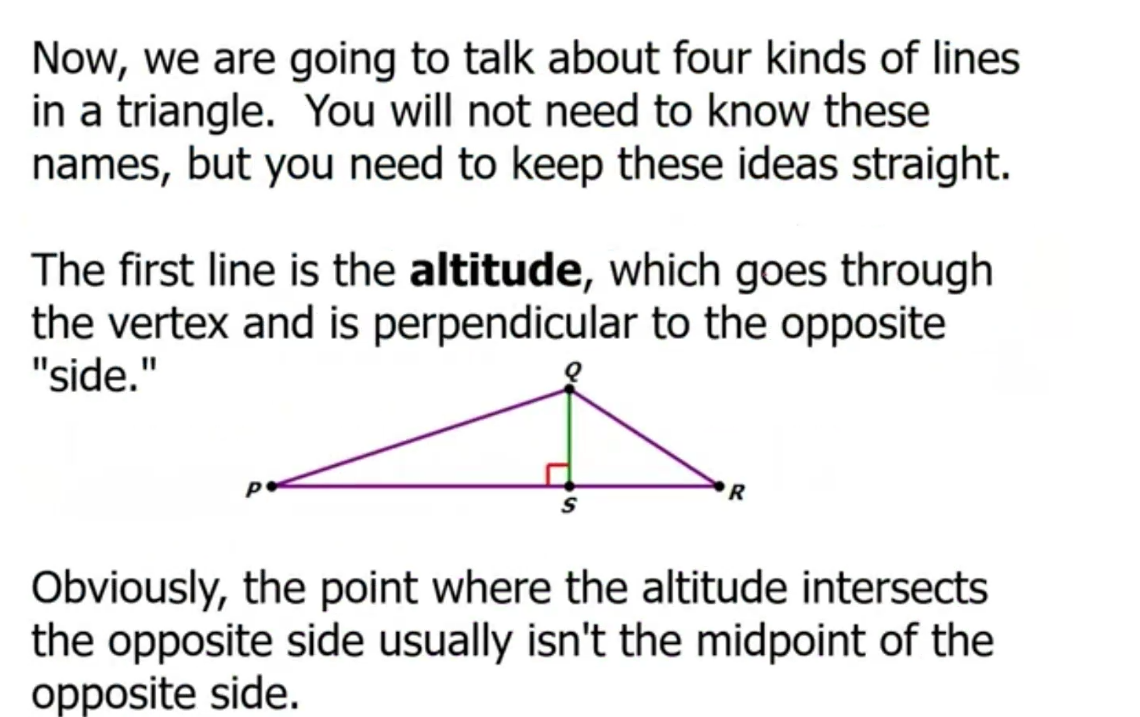
1. Right Triangles



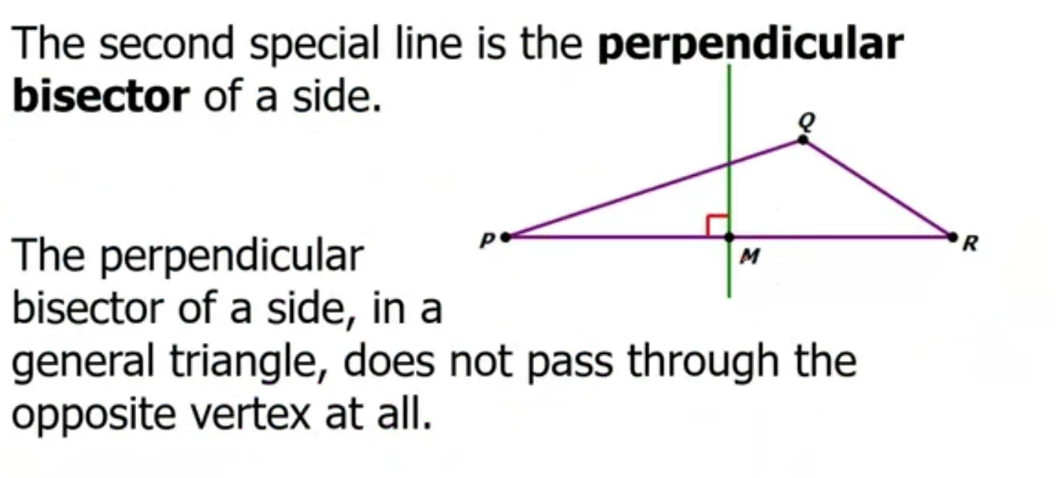




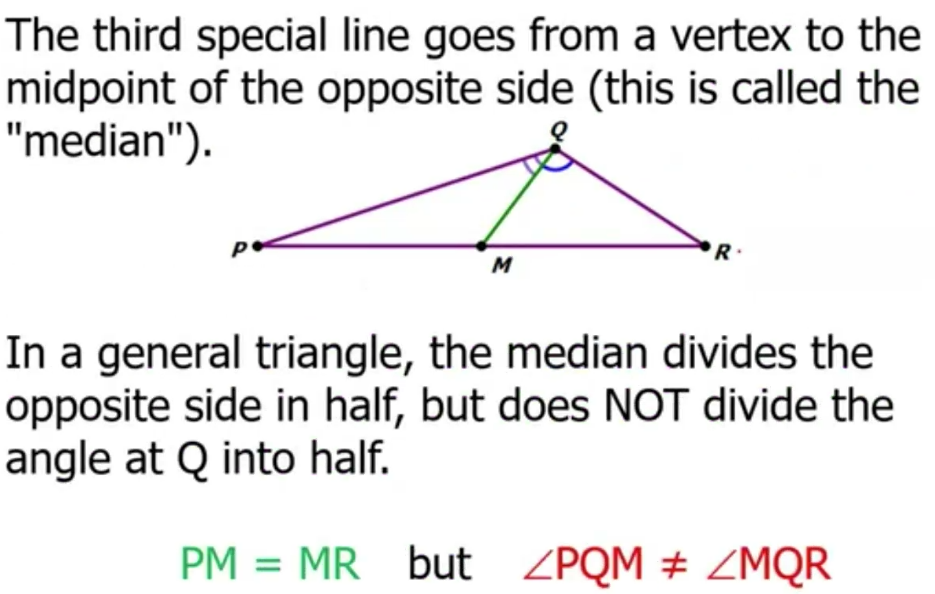
1. Altitude



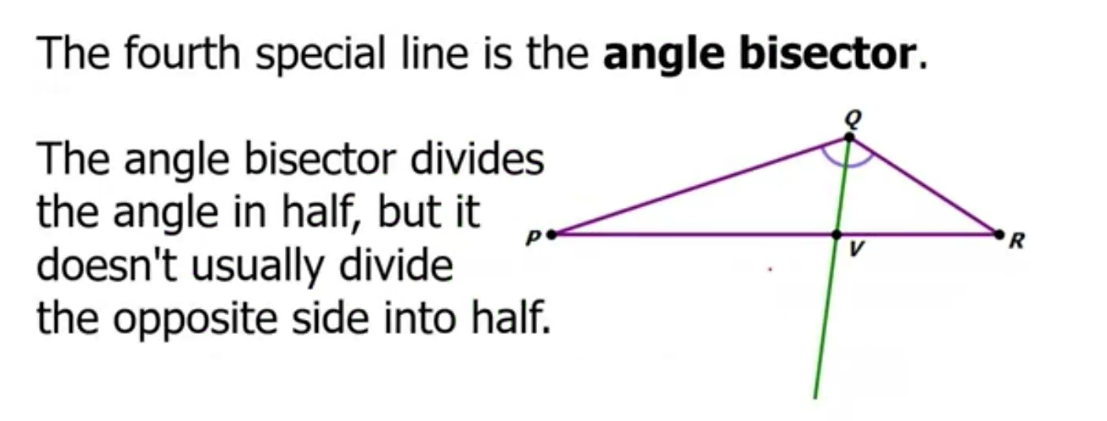
1. Perpendicular



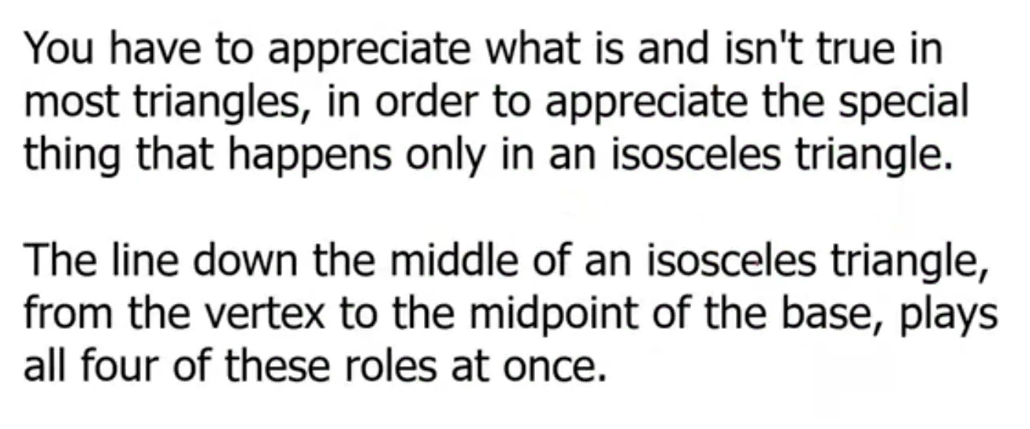
1. Median

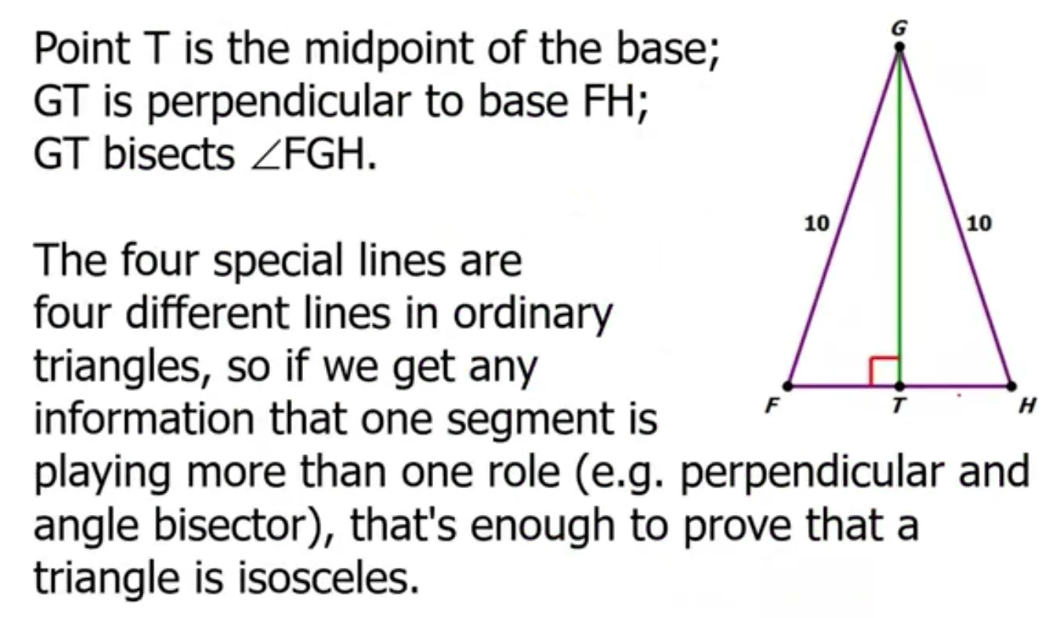


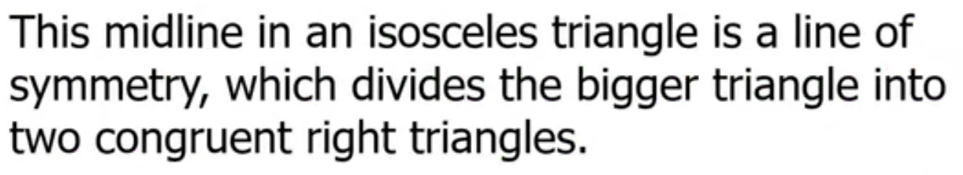
1. Angle Bisector

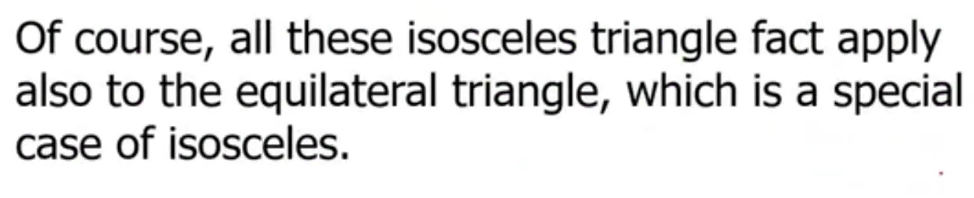


1. Isoceles









1. Summary

