

## **Placement Empowerment Program**

### ***Cloud Computing and DevOps Centre***

#### **Write a Shell Script to Monitor Logs**

Create a script that monitors server logs for errors and alerts you.

.

Name: Hariharan v

Department: ADS

## Introduction

Monitoring server logs is a critical task for system administrators and developers. Logs provide valuable insights into system operations, errors, and potential security issues. Automating log monitoring with a shell script helps detect errors or specific events in real time, enabling timely responses to critical issues. This document outlines the steps to create a shell script that monitors logs for errors and sends alerts.

---

## Objective

The objectives of this task are:

- Learn how to parse and analyze log files using shell commands.
  - Understand the use of tools like grep and tail for monitoring.
  - Write a shell script to monitor logs for specific keywords (e.g., "error") and trigger alerts.
- 

## Step 1: Understanding the Requirements

### Key Concepts:

- **Log Monitoring:** Regularly scanning log files for specific patterns or events.
- **Parsing Tools:** Using commands like grep to filter relevant information from logs.
- **Automation:** Scheduling scripts to run periodically or continuously.

### Tools/Commands:

- tail - Continuously reads a log file for new entries.
  - grep - Searches for specific patterns in text.
  - echo or email utilities - Sends alerts when errors are detected.
- 

## Step 2: Instructions

### 1. Create the Shell Script

Write a shell script that monitors a log file for specific keywords (e.g., "error"). Here's an example:

```
#!/bin/bash

# Specify the log file to monitor
LOG_FILE="/var/log/system.log"

# Keyword to search for
KEYWORD="error"

# Monitor the log file in real-time
tail -F "$LOG_FILE" | while read LINE; do
    if echo "$LINE" | grep -i "$KEYWORD" > /dev/null; then
        # Send an alert (example: display a message or send an email)
        echo "Alert: Error detected in log file!"

        # Uncomment the following line to send an email (configure mail settings first)
        # echo "Error detected: $LINE" | mail -s "Log Alert" admin@example.com
    fi
done
```

---

## 2. Test the Script

- Save the script to a file, e.g., log\_monitor.sh.
- Make the script executable:

```
chmod +x log_monitor.sh
```

- Run the script:

```
./log_monitor.sh
```

- Simulate an error in the log file to ensure the script works correctly.

---

### 3. Automate the Script

- **Linux:** Use cron to schedule the script to run at specific intervals.

crontab -e

Add the following line to run the script every minute:

```
* * * * * /path/to/log_monitor.sh
```

- **Windows:** Use Task Scheduler to run the script.
- 

### Step 3: Best Practices

1. Tailor the script to monitor specific logs and keywords relevant to your system.
  2. Test the script in a non-production environment before deploying.
  3. Configure email alerts or integrate with monitoring tools like Nagios or Prometheus for advanced use cases.
- 

### Conclusion

Automating log monitoring with a shell script ensures that critical events are detected in real time, minimizing downtime and improving system reliability. By following this guide, you can create a script to monitor logs effectively and adapt it to meet specific monitoring needs.