## **Application 1 : Rule Engine with AST**

# **Objective:**

Develop a simple 3-tier rule engine application(Simple UI, API and Backend, Data) to determine user eligibility based on attributes like age, department, income, spend etc. The system can use Abstract Syntax Tree (AST) to represent conditional rules and allow for dynamic creation, combination, and modification of these rules.

### **Data Structure:**

- Define a data structure to represent the AST.
- The data structure should allow rule changes
- E,g One data structure could be Node with following fields
- type: String indicating the node type ("operator" for AND/OR, "operand" for conditions)
- o left: Reference to another Node (left child)
- o right: Reference to another Node (right child for operators)
- o value: Optional value for operand nodes (e.g., number for comparisons)

# **Data Storage**

- Define the choice of database for storing the above rules and application metadata
- Define the schema with samples.

### **Sample Rules:**

- rule1 = "((age > 30 AND department = 'Sales') OR (age < 25 AND department = 'Marketing')) AND (salary > 50000 OR experience > 5)"
- rule2 = "((age > 30 AND department = 'Marketing')) AND (salary > 20000 OR experience > 5)"

**API Design:** 1. create\_rule(rule\_string): This function takes a string representing a rule (as shown in the examples) and returns a Node object representing the corresponding AST.

2. combine\_rules(rules): This function takes a list of rule strings and combines them into a single AST. It should consider efficiency and minimize redundant checks. You can explore different strategies (e.g., most frequent operator heuristic). The function should return the root node of the combined AST.

3. Evaluate\_rule(JSON data): This function takes a JSON representing the combined rule's AST and a dictionary data containing attributes (e.g., data = {"age": 35, "department": "Sales", "salary": 60000, "experience": 3}). The function should evaluate the rule against the provided data and return True if the user is of that cohort based on the rule, False otherwise.

**Test Cases:** 1. Create individual rules from the examples using create\_rule and verify their AST representation.

- 2. Combine the example rules using combine\_rules and ensure the resulting AST reflects the combined logic.
- 3. Implement sample JSON data and test evaluate rule for different scenarios.
- 4. Explore combining additional rules and test the functionality.

#### **Bonus:**

- Implement error handling for invalid rule strings or data formats (e.g., missing operators, invalid comparisons).
- Implement validations for attributes to be part of a catalog.
- Allow for modification of existing rules using additional functionalities within create\_rule or separate functions. This could involve changing operators, operand values, or adding/removing sub-expressions within the AST.
- Consider extending the system to support user-defined functions within the rule language for advanced conditions (outside the scope of this exercise).

#### **CODING**

```
import re
import json
import sqlite3

class Node:
    def __init__(self, type, left=None, right=None, value=None):
        self.type = type # 'operator' or 'operand'
        self.left = left
        self.right = right
        self.value = value # For operands: ('age', '>', 30)

def __repr__(self):
```

```
if self.type == 'operator':
       return f"({self.left} {self.value} {self.right})"
     else:
       return f"{self.value[0]} {self.value[1]} {self.value[2]}"
def tokenize(rule string):
  # Define the regex patterns for tokens
  token specification = [
     ('NUMBER', r'\b\d+(\.\d*)?\b'), # Integer or decimal number
     ('STRING', r'''[^']*'''), # String enclosed in single quotes
     ('ID', r'\b\w+\b'), # Identifiers
     ('OP', r'<=|>=|!=|<|>'), # Operators
     ('AND', r'\bAND\b'), # AND operator
     ('OR', r'\bOR\b'), # OR operator
     ('LPAREN', r'\('), # Left Parenthesis
     ('RPAREN', r'\)'), # Right Parenthesis
     ('SKIP', r'[\t]+'), # Skip spaces and tabs
     ('MISMATCH', r'.'), # Any other character
  1
  token regex = '|'.join('(?P<%s>%s)' % pair for pair in token specification)
  get token = re.compile(token regex).match
  line = rule string
  pos = 0
  tokens = []
  match = get token(line)
  while match is not None:
     kind = match.lastgroup
     value = match.group(kind)
     if kind == 'NUMBER':
       tokens.append(('NUMBER', float(value) if '.' in value else int(value)))
     elif kind == 'STRING':
       tokens.append(('STRING', value.strip(""")))
     elif kind == 'ID':
       if value == 'AND' or value == 'OR':
          tokens.append((value, value))
       else:
          tokens.append(('ID', value))
     elif kind == 'OP':
       tokens.append(('OP', value))
     elif kind == 'LPAREN':
       tokens.append(('LPAREN', value))
     elif kind == 'RPAREN':
       tokens.append(('RPAREN', value))
```

```
elif kind == 'SKIP':
       pass
     elif kind == 'MISMATCH':
       raise RuntimeError(f'Unexpected character {value!r} at position {pos}')
     pos = match.end()
     match = get token(line, pos)
  return tokens
class Parser:
  def init (self, tokens):
     self.tokens = tokens
     self.pos = 0
  def parse(self):
     node = self.expression()
     if self.pos < len(self.tokens):
       raise RuntimeError('Unexpected token at the end')
     return node
  def match(self, expected types):
     if self.pos < len(self.tokens):
       token type, value = self.tokens[self.pos]
       if token type in expected types:
          self.pos += 1
          return token type, value
     return None, None
  def expression(self):
     node = self.term()
     while True:
       token_type, value = self.match(['OR'])
       if token type:
          right = self.term()
          node = Node('operator', left=node, right=right, value='OR')
       else:
          break
     return node
  def term(self):
     node = self.factor()
     while True:
       token_type, value = self.match(['AND'])
       if token type:
```

```
right = self.factor()
          node = Node('operator', left=node, right=right, value='AND')
       else:
          break
     return node
  def factor(self):
     token_type, value = self.match(['LPAREN'])
     if token type:
       node = self.expression()
       if not self.match(['RPAREN']):
          raise RuntimeError('Expected )')
       return node
     else:
       return self.comparison()
  def comparison(self):
     token type, left value = self.match(['ID'])
     if not token type:
       raise RuntimeError('Expected identifier')
     token type, op value = self.match(['OP'])
     if not token type:
       raise RuntimeError('Expected operator')
     token type, right value = self.match(['NUMBER', 'STRING', 'ID'])
     if not token type:
       raise RuntimeError('Expected number or string')
     return Node('operand', value=(left value, op value, right value))
def create rule(rule string):
  tokens = tokenize(rule string)
  parser = Parser(tokens)
  ast = parser.parse()
  return ast
def combine rules(rule strings):
  asts = [create rule(rule str) for rule str in rule strings]
  if not asts:
     return None
  combined ast = asts[0]
  for ast in asts[1:]:
     combined ast = Node('operator', left=combined ast, right=ast, value='OR')
  return combined ast
```

```
def evaluate_rule(ast, data):
  if ast.type == 'operator':
     left val = evaluate rule(ast.left, data)
     right val = evaluate rule(ast.right, data)
     if ast.value == 'AND':
       return left_val and right_val
     elif ast.value == 'OR':
       return left val or right val
  elif ast.type == 'operand':
     attr, op, value = ast.value
     if attr not in data:
       raise RuntimeError(f'Attribute {attr} not in data')
     data value = data[attr]
     if op == '=':
       return data value == value
     elif op == '!=':
       return data_value != value
     elif op == '>':
       return data value > value
     elif op == '<':
       return data value < value
     elif op == '>=':
       return data value >= value
     elif op == '<=':
       return data value <= value
       raise RuntimeError(f'Unknown operator {op}')
  else:
     raise RuntimeError(f'Unknown node type {ast.type}')
ATTRIBUTE CATALOG = {'age', 'department', 'salary', 'experience'}
def modify rule(ast, path, new value):
  Modify an existing rule AST.
  :param ast: The root node of the AST to modify
  :param path: A list of indices to navigate to the node to modify (e.g., [0, 1, 0])
  :param new value: The new value to set for the node
  :return: The modified AST
```

```
current = ast
  for i in path[:-1]:
    if i == 0:
       current = current.left
    elif i == 1:
       current = current.right
    else:
       raise ValueError("Invalid path")
  if path[-1] == 0:
    current.left = new value
  elif path[-1] == 1:
    current.right = new value
  else:
    raise ValueError("Invalid path")
  return ast
def init db():
  """Initialize the SQLite database and create the rules table."""
  conn = sqlite3.connect('rules.db')
  c = conn.cursor()
  c.execute("'CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS rules
          (id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY, name TEXT, rule string TEXT)"')
  conn.commit()
  conn.close()
def save rule(name, rule string):
  """Save a rule to the database."""
  conn = sqlite3.connect('rules.db')
  c = conn.cursor()
  c.execute("INSERT INTO rules (name, rule string) VALUES (?, ?)", (name, rule string))
  conn.commit()
  conn.close()
def load_rule(name):
  """Load a rule from the database."""
  conn = sqlite3.connect('rules.db')
  c = conn.cursor()
  c.execute("SELECT rule string FROM rules WHERE name = ?", (name,))
  result = c.fetchone()
```

```
conn.close()
  if result:
    return result[0]
  return None
# Test Cases
if __name__ == '__main__':
  # Sample Rules
  rule1 = "((age > 30 AND department = 'Sales') OR (age < 25 AND department =
'Marketing')) AND (salary > 50000 OR experience > 5)"
  rule2 = "((age > 30 AND department = 'Marketing')) AND (salary > 20000 OR experience
> 5)"
  # Create individual rules
  ast1 = create rule(rule1)
  print("AST for rule1:")
  print(ast1)
  ast2 = create rule(rule2)
  print("\nAST for rule2:")
  print(ast2)
  # Combine rules
  combined ast = combine rules([rule1, rule2])
  print("\nCombined AST:")
  print(combined ast)
  # Sample data
  data1 = {"age": 35, "department": "Sales", "salary": 60000, "experience": 3}
  data2 = {"age": 22, "department": "Marketing", "salary": 30000, "experience": 2}
  data3 = {"age": 40, "department": "Marketing", "salary": 25000, "experience": 6}
  data4 = {"age": 28, "department": "HR", "salary": 40000, "experience": 4}
  # Evaluate rules
  print("\nEvaluating data1:")
  result1 = evaluate rule(combined ast, data1)
  print(f"Result: {result1}")
  print("\nEvaluating data2:")
  result2 = evaluate rule(combined ast, data2)
  print(f"Result: {result2}")
  print("\nEvaluating data3:")
```

```
result3 = evaluate rule(combined ast, data3)
  print(f"Result: {result3}")
  print("\nEvaluating data4:")
  result4 = evaluate rule(combined ast, data4)
  print(f"Result: {result4}")
  # Test error handling
  try:
    invalid rule = "((invalid attr > 30 AND department = 'Sales'))"
    create rule(invalid rule)
  except ValueError as e:
    print(f"\nCaught expected error: {e}")
  # Test rule modification
  modified ast = modify rule(ast1, [0, 0, 0], Node('operand', value=('age', '>', 35)))
  print("\nModified AST:")
  print(modified ast)
OUTPUT
"C:\Users\HP\PycharmProjects\Rule Engine with AST\.venv\Scripts\python.exe"
"C:\Users\HP\PycharmProjects\Rule Engine with AST\main.py"
AST for rule1:
(((age > 30 AND department = Sales) OR (age < 25 AND department = Marketing)) AND
(salary > 50000 OR experience > 5))
AST for rule2:
((age > 30 AND department = Marketing) AND (salary > 20000 OR experience > 5))
Combined AST:
((((age > 30 AND department = Sales) OR (age < 25 AND department = Marketing)) AND
(salary > 50000 OR experience > 5)) OR ((age > 30 AND department = Marketing) AND
(salary > 20000 OR experience > 5)))
Evaluating data1:
Result: True
Evaluating data2:
Result: False
Evaluating data3:
Result: True
```

Evaluating data4:

Result: False

Modified AST:

(((age > 35 AND department = Sales) OR (age < 25 AND department = Marketing)) AND (salary > 50000 OR experience > 5))

Process finished with exit code 0