

ASSIGNMENT-3

REGRESSION MODEL

DATE	04-10-2022
TEAM_ID	PNT2022TMID46440
PROJECT_NAME	EFFICIENT WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS AND PREDICTION USING MACHINE LEARNING
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MAXIMUM_MARKS	2 Marks

Problem Statement: Abalone Age Prediction

Description:- Predicting the age of abalone from physical measurements. The age of abalone is determined by cutting the shell through the cone, staining it, and counting the number of rings through a microscope -- a boring and time-consuming task. Other measurements, which are easier to obtain, are used to predict age. Further information, such as weather patterns and location (hence food availability) may be required to solve the problem.

Load the dataset into the tool.

```
[1] import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
[2] data=pd.read_csv(r'D:\ADS_Assignment\abalone.csv',encoding='ISO-88591',
low_memory='False')
data.head()
```

Output:

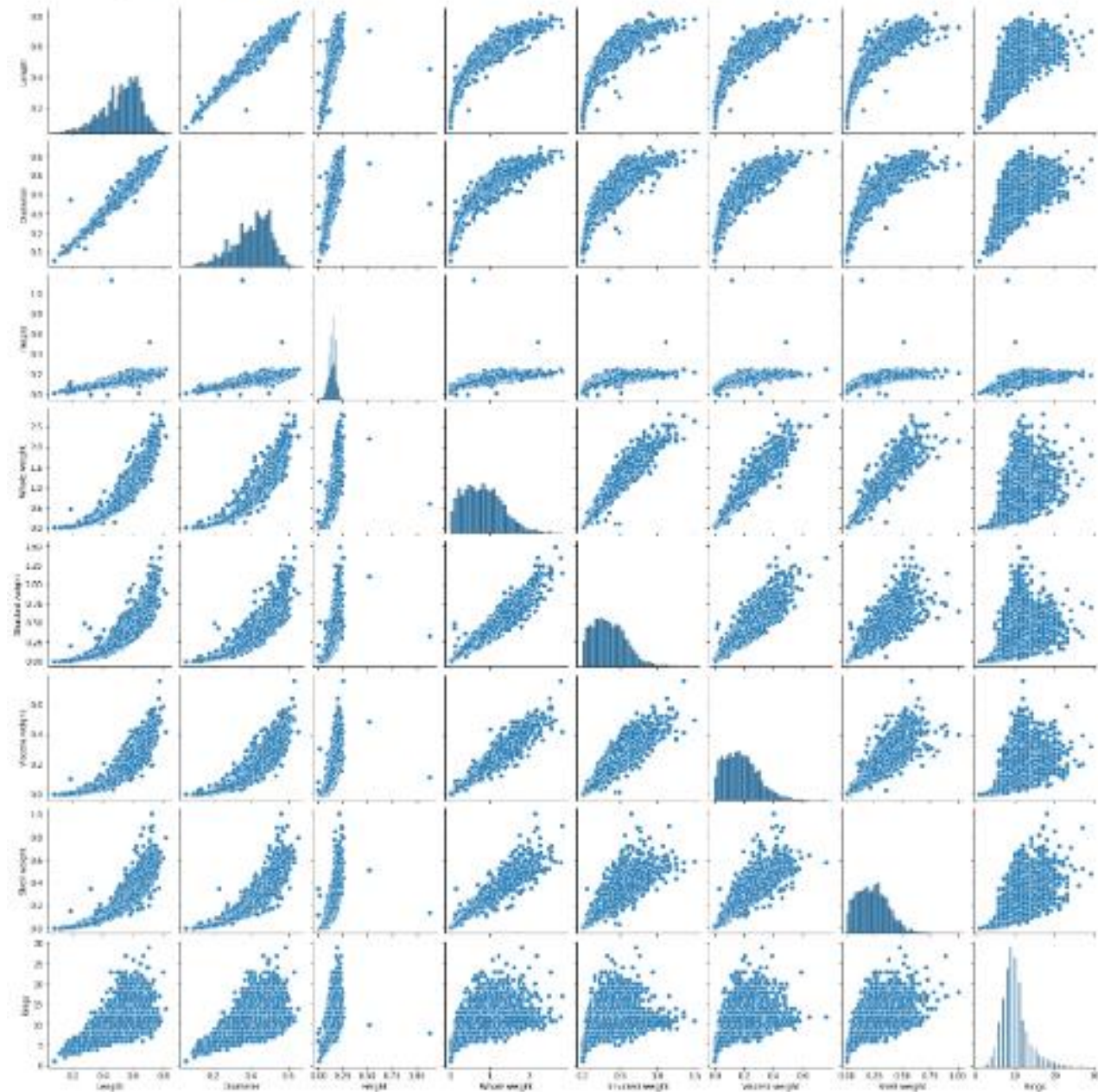
	Sex	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole weight	Shucked weight	Viscera weight	Shell weight	Rings
0	M	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.5140	0.2245	0.1010	0.150	15
1	M	0.350	0.265	0.090	0.2255	0.0995	0.0485	0.070	7
2	F	0.530	0.420	0.135	0.6770	0.2565	0.1415	0.210	9
3	M	0.440	0.365	0.125	0.5160	0.2155	0.1140	0.155	10
4	I	0.330	0.255	0.080	0.2050	0.0895	0.0395	0.055	7

Visualizations.

```
[1] sns.pairplot(data)
```

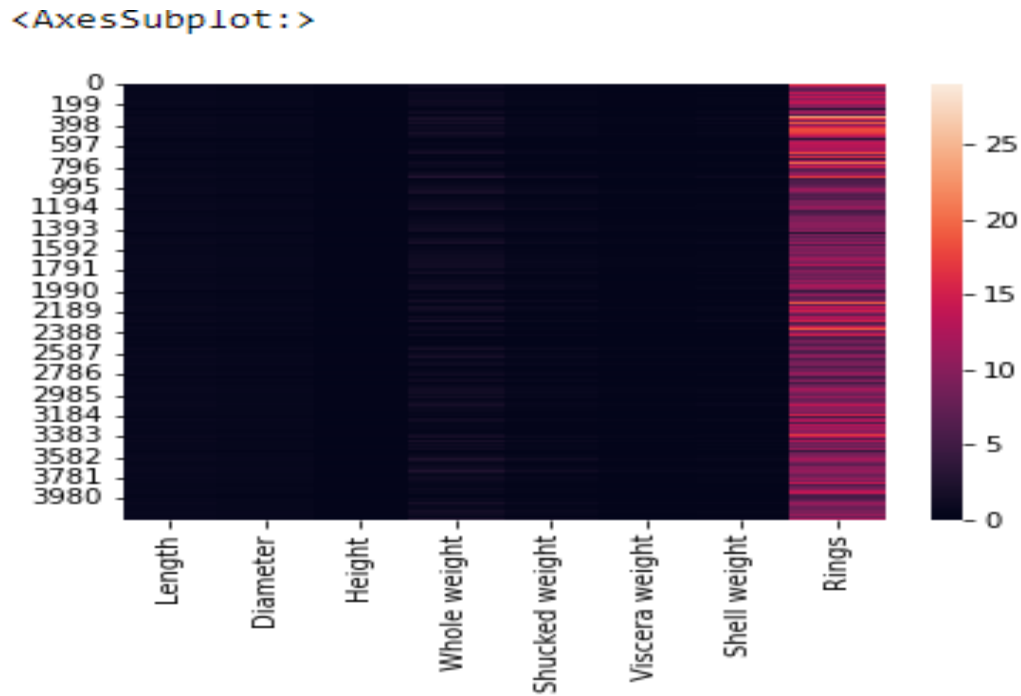
output:

```
<seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 8x1ddc7e691c8>
```



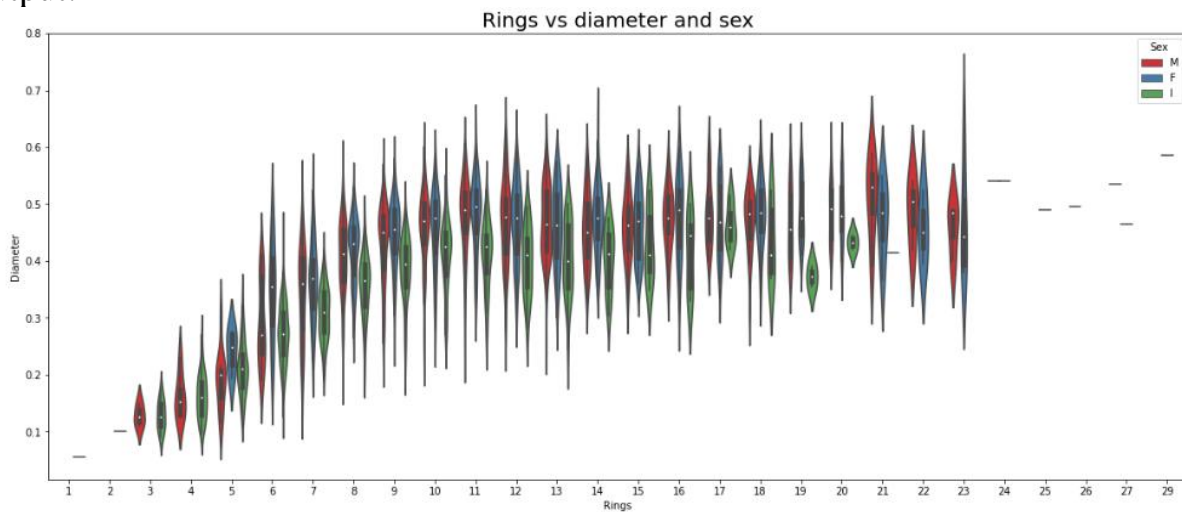
```
[2] sns.heatmap(data[[ 'Length', 'Diameter', 'Height', 'Whole weight', 'Shucked weight',  
'Viscera weight', 'Shell weight', 'Rings']])
```

Output:



```
[3] plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (20, 8)  
  
sns.violinplot(data['Rings'], data['Diameter'], hue = data['Sex'], palette = 'Set1')  
  
plt.title('Rings vs diameter and sex', fontsize = 20)
```

Output:

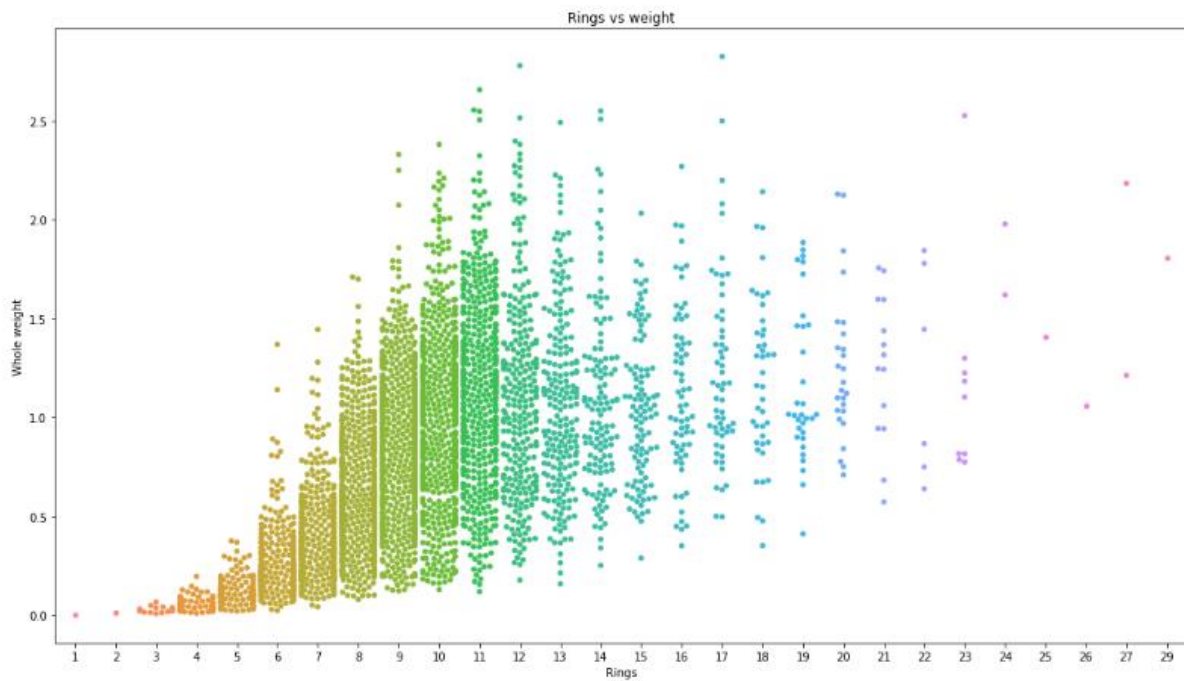


```
[4] plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (18, 10)

sns.swarmplot(data['Rings'], data['Whole weight'])

plt.title('Rings vs weight')
```

Output:

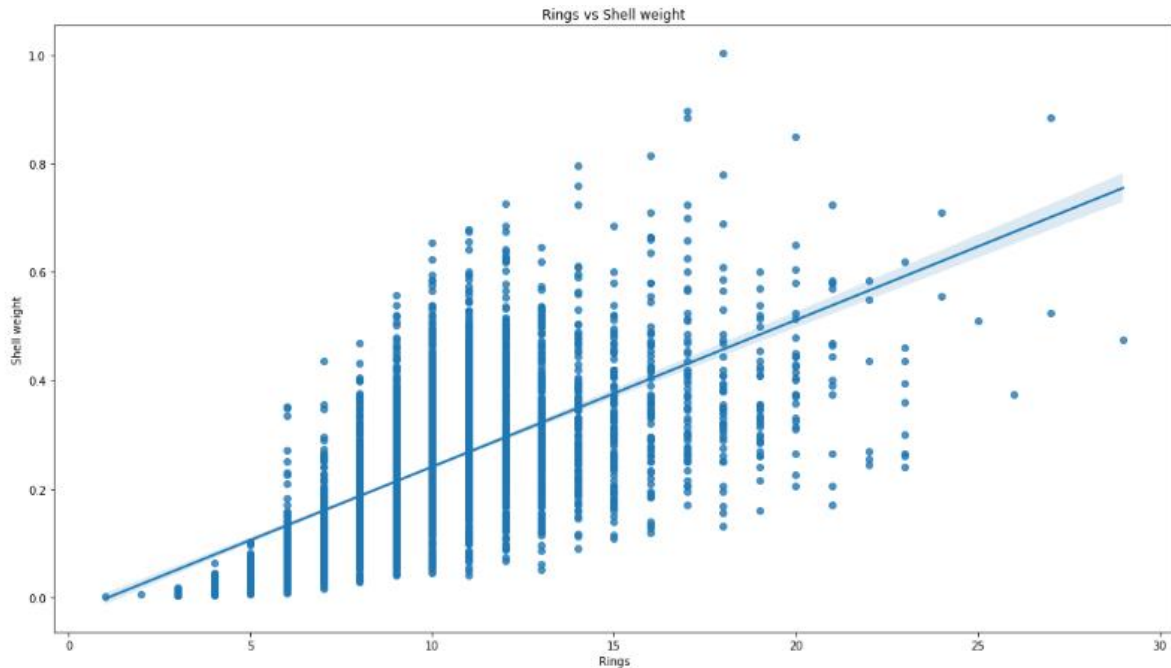


```
[5] plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (18, 10)

sns.regplot(data['Rings'], data['Shell weight'])

plt.title('Rings vs Shell weight')
```

Output:



Check for Missing values and deal with them.

```
[1] data.isnull().sum()
```

Output:

```
Sex          0
Length       0
Diameter     0
Height       0
Whole weight 0
Shucked weight 0
Viscera weight 0
Shell weight 0
Rings        0
dtype: int64
```

Check for Categorical columns and perform encoding.

```
[1] data.columns
```

Output:

```
Index(['Sex', 'Length', 'Diameter', 'Height', 'Whole weight', 'Shucked weight',
```

```
'Viscera weight', 'Shell weight', 'Rings'], dtype='object')
```

```
[2] """from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
```

```
le = LabelEncoder()
```

```
data['Sex'] = le.fit_transform(data['Sex'])
```

```
data['Sex'].value_counts()"""
```

```
data = pd.get_dummies(data)
```

```
data.head()
```

Output:

	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole weight	Shucked weight	Viscera weight	Shell weight	Rings	Sex_F	Sex_I	Sex_M
0	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.5140	0.2245	0.1010	0.150	15	0	0	1
1	0.350	0.265	0.090	0.2255	0.0995	0.0485	0.070	7	0	0	1
2	0.530	0.420	0.135	0.6770	0.2565	0.1415	0.210	9	1	0	0
3	0.440	0.365	0.125	0.5160	0.2155	0.1140	0.155	10	0	0	1
4	0.330	0.255	0.080	0.2050	0.0895	0.0395	0.055	7	0	1	0

Split the data into dependent and independent variables.

```
[1] y = data['Rings']  
data = data.drop(['Rings'], axis = 1)  
x = data
```

```
# getting the shapes  
print("Shape of x:", x.shape)  
print("Shape of y:", y.shape)
```

output:

```
Shape of x: (4177, 10)  
Shape of y: (4177,)
```

Split the data into training and testing.

```
[1] from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split  
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size = 0.2, random_state  
= 0)
```

```
# getting the shapes
print("Shape of x_train :", x_train.shape)
print("Shape of x_test :", x_test.shape)
print("Shape of y_train :", y_train.shape)
print("Shape of y_test :", y_test.shape)
```

output:

```
Shape of x_train : (3341, 10)
Shape of x_test : (836, 10)
Shape of y_train : (3341,)
Shape of y_test : (836,)
```

Build the Model and Measure the performance using Metrics.

```
[1] from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
    from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
    from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
```

```
model = RandomForestClassifier()
model.fit(x_train, y_train)
y_pred = model.predict(x_test)
```

```
# evaluation
mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred)
rmse = np.sqrt(mse)
print("RMSE :", rmse)
```

```
# r2 score
r2 = r2_score(y_test, y_pred)
print("R2 Score :", r2)
```

Output:

```
RMSE : 2.5157399246386842
R2 Score : 0.4172406942189353
```

```
[2] #for purmutation importance
    import eli5
    from eli5.sklearn import PermutationImportance
    perm = PermutationImportance(model, random_state = 0).fit(x_test, y_test)
    eli5.show_weights(perm, feature_names = x_test.columns.tolist())
```

Output:

Weight	Feature
0.0340 ± 0.0350	Shell weight
0.0330 ± 0.0146	Shucked weight
0.0132 ± 0.0134	Viscera weight
0.0100 ± 0.0134	Length
0.0084 ± 0.0127	Sex_I
0.0045 ± 0.0051	Whole weight
0.0026 ± 0.0096	Height
0.0014 ± 0.0141	Sex_M
-0.0043 ± 0.0070	Sex_F
-0.0067 ± 0.0227	Diameter