

configuration

23/07/2024

Experiment No.: Study of Network cables

Aim:

study of different types of Network cables.

a) Understand different types of network cables:

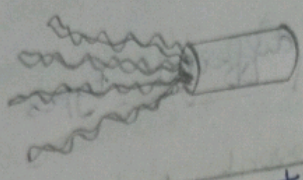
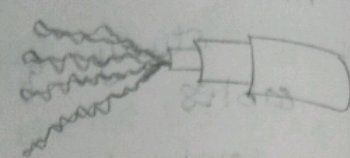
1. Unshielded Twisted Pair (UTP) cable


2. Shielded Twisted Pair (STP) cable


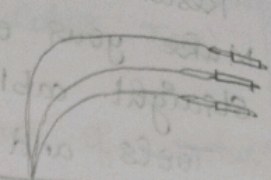
3. Coaxial cable

4. ~~FP62~~ Optic cable

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verified.

Cable Type	Category	Maximum Data Transmission	Advantages / Disadvantages	Application / use	Image
UTP	Category 3	10 bps	Advantages: 1) Cheaper in cost 2) Easy to install as they have a smaller overall diameter	10Base-T Ethernet	
	Category 5	up to 100 Mbps	Disadvantages: 1) More prone to EMI and noise	Fast Ethernet Gigabit Ethernet	
	Category 5e	1 Gbps		Fast Ethernet Gigabit Ethernet	
STP	Category 6, 6a	10 Gbps	Advantages: 1) Shielded 2) Faster than UTP 3) Less susceptible to noise and interference	Gigabit Ethernet 10G Ethernet (55m) Widely used in data centres	
SSTP	Category 7	10 Gbps	Disadvantages: 1) Expensive 2) Greater installation effort	Gigabit Ethernet 10G Ethernet (100m)	

Coaxial cable	RG-6 RG-59	10-100 Mbps	Advantages: 1) High bandwidth 2) Immune to interference 3) Loss bandwidth is less	Speed of signal is 500m Television network High	
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SSTP	Category 7	10Gbps	and interference Disadvantages: 1) Expensive 2) Greater installation effort	data centres Gigabit Ethernet, 10G Ethernet (100m)
Coaxial Cable	RG-6 RG-59 RG-11	10-100Mbps	Advantages: 1) High bandwidth 2) Immune to interference 3) Low bandwidth is less 4) versatile Disadvantages: 1) Limited distance 2) cost 3) size is bulky	 Speed of signal is 500m Television network High speed internet connections.
Fibre optic Cable	Single Mode Multi mode	100Gbps	Advantages: 1) High Speed 2) High Bandwidth 3) High security 4) Long distance Disadvantages: 1) Expensive 2) requires skilled installers	 Maximum distance of fibre optic cable is around 100 metres

21/07/2022

b) Make your own Ethernet cross-over cable straight cable:

Tools and parts needed:

1. Ethernet cabling: CAT5E is certified for gigabit support, but CAT5 cabling works as well, just over shorter distances.
2. A crimping tool. This is an all-in-one networking tool shaped to push down the pins in the plug and strip and cut the shielding off the cables.
3. Two RJ45 plugs.
4. Optimal, two plug shields.

23/7/24

Result:

The types of Network cables and making cross-wired cable & straight through cable using crimping / crimping tool.

Experiment : 3

Aim:

Analyze devices use

Steps:

1. From click and components
 - a. 4 Ge
 - b. 4 Ge
2. click
 - a. click
 - b. select Hub glow is up
- c. similar using
3. click the D and e Here, inform two
4. Ob destination of s
5. connected
- 6.