

# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

### REC\_Python\_Week 5\_CY

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 40  
Marks Obtained : 40

### Section 1 : Coding

#### 1. Problem Statement

Alex is working with grayscale pixel intensities from an old photo that has been scanned in a single row. To detect edges in the image, Alex needs to calculate the differences between each pair of consecutive pixel intensities.

Your task is to write a program that performs this calculation and returns the result as a tuple of differences.

#### ***Input Format***

The first line of input contains an integer  $n$ , representing the number of pixel intensities.

The second line contains  $n$  space-separated integers representing the pixel intensities.

### **Output Format**

The output displays a tuple containing the absolute differences between consecutive pixel intensities.

Refer to the sample output for format specifications.

### **Sample Test Case**

Input: 5

200 100 20 80 10

Output: (100, 80, 60, 70)

### **Answer**

```
k=int(input())
l=list(map(int,input().split()))
t=[]
for i in range(0,k-1):
    a=abs(l[i]-l[i+1])
    t.append(a)
t=tuple(t)
print(t)
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks : 10/10**

## **2. Problem Statement**

Noah, a global analyst at a demographic research firm, has been tasked with identifying which country experienced the largest population growth over a two-year period. He has a dataset where each entry consists of a country code and its population figures for two consecutive years. Noah needs to determine which country had the highest increase in population and present the result in a specific format.

Help Noah by writing a program that outputs the country code with the largest population increase, along with the increase itself.

### **Input Format**

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing the number of countries.

Each of the following N blocks contains three lines:

1. The first line is a country code.
2. The second line is an integer representing the population of the country in the first year.
3. The third line is an integer representing the population of the country in the second year.

### ***Output Format***

The output displays the country code and the population increase in the format {code: difference}, where code is the country code and difference is the increase in population.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 3

01

1000

1500

02

2000

2430

03

1500

3000

Output: {03:1500}

### ***Answer***

```
n=int(input())
```

```
mcc=""
```

```
mi=0
```

```
for i in range(n):
```

```
    cc=input().strip()
```

```
    p1=int(input())
```

```
    p2=int(input())
```

```
inc=p2-p1
if inc>mi:
    mcc=cc
    mi=inc
print(f"{{{mcc}:{mi}}}")
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

### 3. Problem Statement

Emily is a librarian who keeps track of books borrowed and returned by her patrons. She maintains four sets of book IDs: the first set represents books borrowed, the second set represents books returned, the third set represents books added to the collection, and the fourth set represents books that are now missing. Emily wants to determine which books are still borrowed but not returned, as well as those that were added but are now missing. Finally, she needs to find all unique book IDs from both results.

Help Emily by writing a program that performs the following operations on four sets of integers:

Compute the difference between the borrowed books (first set) and the returned books (second set). Compute the difference between the added books (third set) and the missing books (fourth set). Find the union of the results from the previous two steps, and sort the final result in descending order.

#### **Input Format**

The first line of input consists of a list of integers representing borrowed books.

The second line of input consists of a list of integers representing returned books.

The third line of input consists of a list of integers representing added books.

The fourth line of input consists of a list of integers representing missing books.

#### **Output Format**

The first line of output displays the difference between sets P and Q, sorted in

descending order.

The second line of output displays the difference between sets R and S, sorted in descending order.

The third line of output displays the union of the differences from the previous two steps, sorted in descending order.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

### **Sample Test Case**

Input: 1 2 3

2 3 4

5 6 7

6 7 8

Output: [1]

[5]

[5, 1]

### **Answer**

```
br=set(map(int,input().split()))
rt=set(map(int,input().split()))
ad=set(map(int,input().split()))
ms=set(map(int,input().split()))
sbr=sorted(br-rt,reverse=True)
abm=sorted(ad-ms,reverse=True)
final=sorted(set(sbr).union(abm),reverse=True)
print(sbr)
print(abm)
print(final)
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

## **4. Problem Statement**

Alex is tasked with managing the membership lists of several exclusive clubs. Each club has its own list of members, and Alex needs to determine

the unique members who are part of exactly one club when considering all clubs together.

Your goal is to help Alex by writing a program that calculates the symmetric difference of membership lists from multiple clubs and then finds the total number of unique members.

### ***Input Format***

The first line of input consists of an integer  $k$ , representing the number of clubs.

The next  $k$  lines each contain a space-separated list of integers, where each integer represents a member's ID.

### ***Output Format***

The first line of output displays the symmetric difference of the membership lists as a set.

The second line displays the sum of the elements in this symmetric difference.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 3

1 2 3

2 3 4

5 6 7

Output: {1, 4, 5, 6, 7}

23

### ***Answer***

```
k=int(input())
unique=set()
duplicates=set()
for i in range(k):
    club=set(map(int,input().split()))
    for m in club:
        if m in unique:
            unique.remove(m)
```

```
        duplicates.add(m)
    elif m not in duplicates:
        unique.add(m)
print(unique)
print(sum(unique))
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10