Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: HARI PRASANNA S
Email: 241501064@rajalakshmi.edu.in
Roll no: 241501064
Phone: 9042038178
Branch: REC
Department: I AI & ML FA
Batch: 2028
Degree: B.E - AI & ML

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NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 4_CY

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 40
Marks Obtained : 40

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Imagine you are tasked with developing a function for calculating the total cost of an item after applying a sales tax. The sales tax rate is equal to 0.08 and it is defined as a global variable.

The function should accept the cost of the item as a parameter, calculate the tax amount, and return the total cost.

Additionally, the program should display the item cost, sales tax rate, and total cost to the user.

Function Signature: total_cost(item_cost)

Input Format

The input consists of a single line containing a positive floating-point number representing the cost of the item.

Output Format

The output consists of three lines:

"Item Cost:" followed by the cost of the item formatted to two decimal places.

"Sales Tax Rate:" followed by the sales tax rate in percentage.

"Total Cost:" followed by the calculated total cost after applying the sales tax, formatted to two decimal places.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 50.00

Output: Item Cost: $50.00
Sales Tax Rate: 8.0%
Total Cost: $54.00

Answer

#

```
SALES_TAX_RATE=0.08
def total_cost(item):
    item+=item*SALES_TAX_RATE
    return item
item_cost=float(input())

total_cost = total_cost(item_cost)
print(f"Item Cost: ${item_cost:.2f}")
print(f"Sales Tax Rate: {SALES_TAX_RATE * 100}%")
print(f"Total Cost: ${total_cost:.2f}")
```

Status : Correct ***Marks : 10/10***

2. Problem Statement

Arjun is working on a mathematical tool to manipulate lists of numbers. He needs a program that reads a list of integers and generates two lists: one containing the squares of the input numbers, and another containing the cubes. Arjun wants to use lambda functions for both tasks.

Write a program that computes the square and cube of each number in the input list using lambda functions.

Input Format

The input consists of a single line of space-separated integers representing the list of input numbers.

Output Format

The first line contains a list of the squared values of the input numbers.

The second line contains a list of the cubed values of the input numbers.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1 2 3
Output: [1, 4, 9]
[1, 8, 27]

Answer

```
n=list(map(int,input().split()))
square=list(map(lambda x: x**2,n))
cube=list(map(lambda x: x**3,n))
print(square)
print(cube)
```

Status : Correct ***Marks : 10/10***

3. Problem Statement

Meena is analyzing a list of integers and needs to count how many

numbers in the list are even and how many are odd. She decides to use lambda functions to filter the even and odd numbers from the list.

Write a program that takes a list of integers, counts the number of even and odd numbers using lambda functions, and prints the results.

Input Format

The first line contains an integer n, representing the number of integers in the list.

The second line contains n space-separated integers.

Output Format

The first line of output prints an integer representing the count of even numbers.

The second line of output prints an integer representing the count of odd numbers.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 7
12 34 56 78 98 65 23
Output: 5
2

Answer

```
n=int(input())
m=list(map(int,input().split()))
even=list(filter(lambda x: x%2==0,m))
odd=list(filter(lambda x: x%2!=0,m))
print(len(even))
print(len(odd))
```

Status : Correct ***Marks : 10/10***

4. Problem Statement

Create a program for a mathematics competition where participants need to find the smallest positive divisor of a given integer n. Your program should efficiently determine this divisor using the min() function and display the result.

Input Format

The input consists of a single positive integer n, representing the number for which the smallest positive divisor needs to be found.

Output Format

The output prints the smallest positive divisor of the input integer in the format: "The smallest positive divisor of [n] is: [smallest divisor]".

Refer to the sample output for the exact format.

Sample Test Case

Input: 24

Output: The smallest positive divisor of 24 is: 2

Answer

```
n=int(input())
l=[]
for i in range(2,n+1):
    if n%i==0:
        l.append(i)
k=min(l)
print("The smallest positive divisor of",n,"is:",k)
```

Status : Correct ***Marks : 10/10***