```
# Python ≥3.5 is required
import sys
assert sys.version_info >= (3, 5)
# Scikit-Learn ≥0.20 is required
import sklearn
assert sklearn. version >= "0.20"
# Common imports
import numpy as np
import os
# to make this notebook's output stable across runs
np.random.seed(42)
# To plot pretty figures
%matplotlib inline
import matplotlib as mpl
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
mpl.rc('axes', labelsize=14)
mpl.rc('xtick', labelsize=12)
mpl.rc('ytick', labelsize=12)
# Where to save the figures
PROJECT ROOT DIR = "."
CHAPTER_ID = "training linear models"
IMAGES PATH = os.path.join(PROJECT ROOT DIR, "images", CHAPTER ID)
os.makedirs(IMAGES_PATH, exist_ok=True)
def save fig(fig id, tight layout=True, fig extension="png", resolution=300):
    path = os.path.join(IMAGES PATH, fig id + "." + fig extension)
    print("Saving figure", fig id)
    if tight layout:
        plt.tight_layout()
    plt.savefig(path, format=fig extension, dpi=resolution)
```

import numpy as np

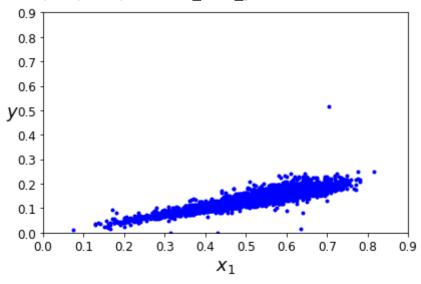
```
import pandas as pd
\# X = 2 * np.random.rand(100, 1)
\# y = 4 + 3 * X + np.random.randn(100, 1)
from google.colab import files
uploaded = files.upload()
import io
abalone = pd.read csv(
    io.BytesIO(uploaded['abalone train.csv']),
   names=["Length", "Diameter", "Height", "Whole weight", "Shucked weight",
           "Viscera weight", "Shell weight", "Age"])
# X1 is
     0
             0.435
     1
             0.585
     2
             0.655
X1 = abalone["Length"]
# X2 is
     array([0.435, 0.585, ..., 0.45])
X2 = np.array(X1)
# X is
     array([[0.435],
            [0.585],
            [0.655],
            . . . ,
            [0.53],
            [0.395],
            [0.45]
X = X2.reshape(-1, 1)
y1 = abalone["Height"]
y2 = np.array(y1)
y = y2.reshape(-1, 1)
\Box
```

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Choose Files abalone train.csv
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plt.plot(X, y, "b.")
plt.xlabel("$x_1$", fontsize=18)
plt.ylabel("$y$", rotation=0, fontsize=18)
plt.axis([0, 0.9, 0, 0.9])
save_fig("generated_data_plot")
plt.show()
print(len(X))
```

Saving figure generated data plot

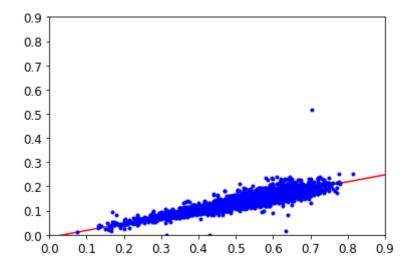


3320

 $X_b = np.c_[np.ones((3320, 1)), X] \# add x0 = 1 to each instance theta_best = np.linalg.inv(X_b.T.dot(X_b)).dot(X_b.T).dot(y)$

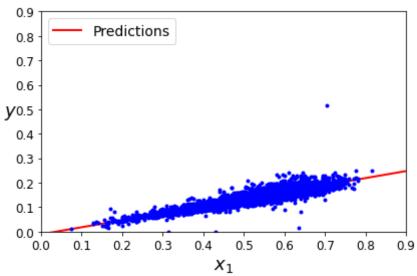
theta best

X_new = np.array([[0], [2]])



```
plt.plot(X_new, y_predict, "r-", linewidth=2, label="Predictions")
plt.plot(X, y, "b.")
plt.xlabel("$x_1$", fontsize=18)
plt.ylabel("$y$", rotation=0, fontsize=18)
plt.legend(loc="upper left", fontsize=14)
plt.axis([0, 0.9, 0, 0.9])
save_fig("linear_model_predictions_plot")
plt.show()
```





from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression

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