

# **Quickly Quasar**

Quasar, a Vue Widget Framework

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#### Overview

A step by step training manual style instruction to accompany mentor and mentee discussion and learning session. This is a simple introduction to Quasar.

\*IMPORTANT\* This document does not include explanation that is done during one to one mentorship session.

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#### Part 0: Introduction to Vue

#### Prerequisite

- 1. VS Code installed
- 2. Chrome Browser installed
- 3. Internet connection

#### Steps

- 1. Create a root folder to contain all of our project. Let's name this folder QuicklyQuasar.
- 2. Create another folder inside QuicklyQuasar for this the tutorial and name it introvue.
- 3. Open introvue folder using VS Code and Create index.html file with the following contents:

```
index.html ×
       EXPLORER
n
      ■ OPEN EDITORS
                                                        <script src="https://unpkg.com/vue"></script>
         index.html
      INTROVUE
                                                            <span>{{ message }}</span>
       index.html
(%)
                                                            var app = new Vue({
                                                               el: '#app',
                                                               data: {
Ġ.
                                                                    message: "Hello World!",
                                                        </script>
```

- 4. Open the file in Chrome to see the result. If the file is already opened, refresh using F5.
- 5. Open Chrome Dev Tool by pressing F12 key on the keyboard and open the Console tab so that you can type some JS code interactively.
- 6. Check the message variable value using app.message
- 7. Change message value by setting it to "Hi World!" instead. Observe what is reactive.
- 8. In above step text interpolation is used to reactively render variable value on a page.

  Another technique is bind element attribute. Do bellow code to implement this technique.

```
index.html
                                                          <script src="https://unpkg.com/vue"></script>
      ▲ OPEN EDITORS 1 UNSAVED
       index.html
Q
                                                          <div id="app">
      ▲ INTROVUE
                                                             <span v-bind:title="hoverMsg">{{ message }}</span>
       index.html
Ŷ
(8)
                                                             var app = new Vue({
   el: '#app',
                                                                 data: {
message: "Hover mouse to see the message!",
                                                                      hoverMsg: "Hello World again!"
                                                         </script>
```

- 9. Refresh Chrome and repeat step to check and change hoverMsg variable value to "Hi World again!"
- 10. The usage of v-bind as attribute is called **directive**. This is special attribute provided by Vue. Let's practice v-if directive by adding bellow code after the message <span> element.

- 11. To show your understanding, add another variable called seen and set the value to false.
- 12. Safe and refresh chrome, you will not see the new <span> element because seen is false. Change the value to true and observe what will happen.
- 13. And v-for directive to loop an element base on array variable.

14. With bellow array variable in data.

- 15. Safe and refresh Chrome to see the to do list.
- 16. Add a new to do list item by running bellow code in Chrome Developer Tools.

```
app.todos.push({ text: 'New item' })
```

17. Observe Vue reactive nature when the new item is added immediately!

#### Exercise

1. This part of the training manual is a shorter version of <u>Introduction To Vue</u>. As a take home exercise, continue with the link to learn more. Instead of redoing the introduction, adapt it to all of the above step.

## **Part 1: Getting Started**

#### Prerequisite

1. Node IS and NPM installed

#### Steps

- 1. Open command prompt or console in QuicklyQuasar folder as created in part 0.
- 2. Install Quasar command line interface by executing in command prompt

```
npm install -g quasar-cli
```

3. List all Quasar starter kit just for giggles.

```
quasar list
```

4. Install the default starter kit. This command will also create the quickly folder.

```
quasar init quickly
```

5. Follow the suggestion by changing directory to quickly folder and executing.

```
npm install guasar dev
```

- 6. Open quickly folder as project workspace using VS Code and try to understand the codes.
  - a. src/main.js
  - b. src/router.js
  - c. src/components/Hello.vue
  - d. What is templates folder?
- 7. Execute this to relate and understand point (5.d) above

```
quasar new --list
```

- 8. We will replace the default Hello.vue by doing the following
  - a. Create a new .vue file by doing

```
quasar new layout HelloWorld
```

- b. Change the route for path '/' to point to HelloWorld
- c. Save file to see hot reload in action.
- 9. Change title in HelloWorld.vue to "Hello World!", save file to see hot reload in action.

#### **Exercise**

- 1. Add any type of button and properly label it as "OK". Check documentation at this URL for button. And this URL about adding component.
- 2. Do code so that when the "OK" button is pressed, title change from "Hello World!" to "Bye!".

## Part 2: Layout, Declaring Data, and Handling Click

#### Prerequisite

This part is continuing part 1 and as the answer to previous exercise. Code changes for layout and script is done in src/components/HelloWorld.vue file.

#### Workaround

There is lots of problem with eslint and code formatter provided plugin in VS Code. The only solution (at this point of time) is to disable eslint.

- 1. Open build/webpack.base.conf.js
- 2. Comment out the following codes

3. If quasar dev already started, restart by doing CTRL-C and execute the command again.

## Steps

- 1. **Layout**. Change the layout to add a button.
  - a. Put below codes somewhere on top of <router-view />

b. Take note that if saved, no button will be shown. Since q-btn and q-icon tag need to be defined first. To do that, add below codes in <script>

- c. Save and check in browser that button is shown below the title.
- 2. **Declaring Variable.** Rather than "hard coding" the title. We will use a variable.
  - a. Add title variable to data() with previously specified value.

```
81 | data() {
82 | return {
83 | title: 'Hello there, world!'
84 | }
85 | }
86 | }
87 </script>
```

b. Add the variable to the layout.

- 3. **Handling Click**. Nothing will happen if button is clicked now. We need to code the handler.
  - a. Add methods section and btnClick function to <script>. The code will toggle title to "Bye!" just so that we can see change and verify that it works.

b. Save and test the button.