

Exp. No. 10

9.10.25

Internet working with Routers & Wireless Networks.

Aim:

- 1) Design & configure a simple internetwork using a router and 2 PCs (wired)
- 2) Design & configure a internetwork using a wireless router, DHCP server & internet cloud.

Part A: Wired Internetwork with Router.

Procedure

1. Router Configuration (Router 1)

Router > enable

Router # config t

Router(config)# interface FastEthernet 0/0

Router(config-if)# ip address 192.168.10.1
255.255.255.0

Router(config-if)# no shutdown

Router(config-if)# interface FastEthernet 0/1

Router(config-if)# ip address 192.168.20.1
255.255.255.0

Router(config-if)# shutdown.

2. PC configuration

PC0 : IP : 192.168.10.2, Subnet : 255.255.255.0

Gateway : 192.168.10.1

~~PC1 : IP : 192.168.20.2, Subnet : 255.255.255.0,~~

~~Gateway : 192.168.20.1~~

3. Connect PCs to Router using Copper straight through cables.

PC0 → Fast Ethernet 0/0 of Router 1

PC1 → Fast Ethernet 0/1 of Router 1

Result:

Latency

PCO can successfully ping PCI using a simple PDU
Network connectivity verified.

Part B: Wireless Network with DHCP & Internet.

Procedure:

1. Build Topology: PC, wireless Router, Cable Modem, Internet Cloud, Cisco.com Server.
2. Configure Wireless Router
LAN IP: 192.168.0.1, DHCP enabled, DNS: 208.67.220.220
SSID: Home Network.
3. Configure Laptop
Replace Ethernet with wireless WPC300N module.
Connect to SSID Home Network.
4. Configure PC
Enable DHCP to obtain IP automatically.
5. Configure Cisco.com Server
DHCP Pool: 208.67.220.1 - 208.67.220.50
DNS: 208.67.220.220
IP: 208.67.220.220, Subnet: 255.255.255.0
6. Verify Connectivity
Refresh IP on PC (ipconfig / release → ipconfig / renew)
Ping cisco.com → 4 replies received.

Student observation Questions.

- 1) Key feature of configuring wireless Router & DHCP Server:
Provides wireless connectivity assigns IPs dynamically and manage network settings.
- 2) Significance of DHCP server in internetworking
Automatically assigns IP addresses to devices, reducing manual configuration errors.

3 Design a inter network using switch, router & ethernet cables.

Connect PCs to a switch, switch to router configure IPs and gateways for each device.

Result:

* PC successfully receives IP from DHCP and accesses cisco.com via wireless network.

* Connectivity verified.

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