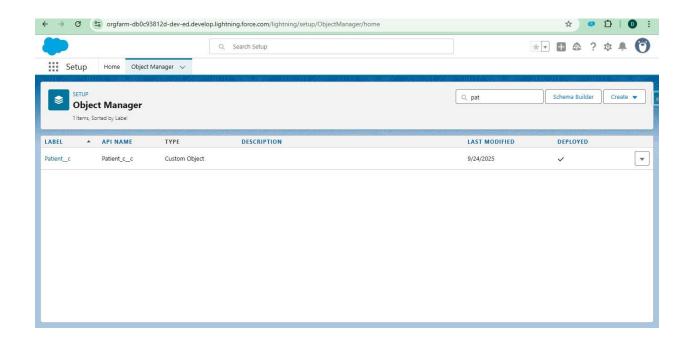
# **Phase 3: Data Modeling & Relationships**

#### **Standard & Custom Objects**

For effective patient management, Salesforce standard objects are complemented with custom objects tailored to hospital workflows. The following custom objects were created: **Patient\_c**, **Appointment\_c**, **Treatment\_c**, **Lab\_Result\_c**, and **Care\_Plan\_c**. These objects ensure that patient information, appointments, treatments, and care plans are stored in a structured, healthcare-specific format.



#### **Fields**

Each custom object contains fields designed to capture essential hospital data.

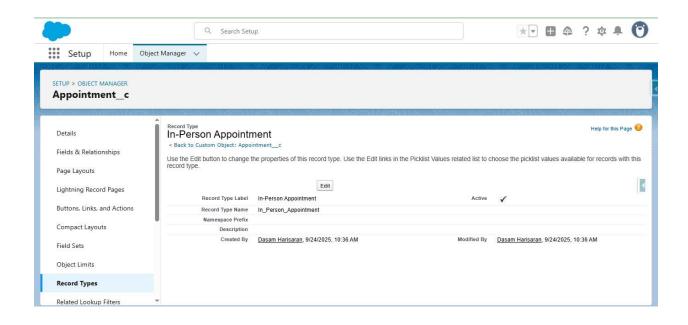
- **Patient** $\underline{\phantom{a}}$ c  $\rightarrow$  Patient ID, Name, Age, Department, Email, Phone.
- Appointment\_ $c \rightarrow Date$ , Time, Doctor, linked Patient.
- **Treatment**\_ $\mathbf{c} \to \text{Diagnosis}$ , Medication, Therapy, linked Patient.
- Lab Result  $c \rightarrow Test Name$ , Date, Result, linked Patient.
- Care\_Plan\_\_c → Plan Name, Follow-up Date, Assigned Doctor, linked Patient.

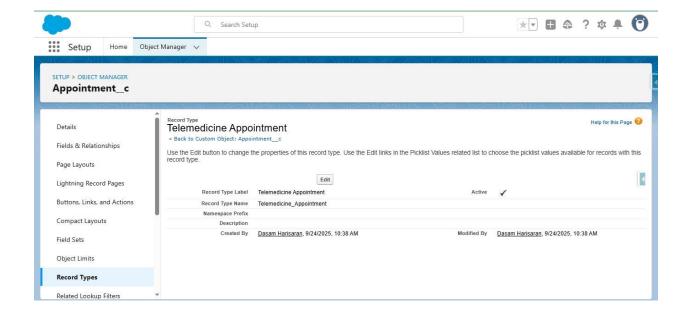
# **Record Types**

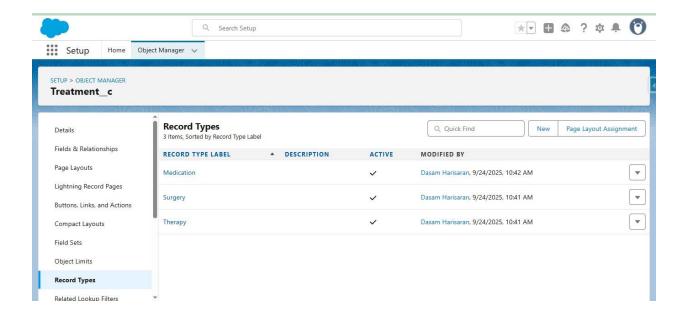
Record types allow differentiation between healthcare services.

- **Appointment** $\underline{\phantom{a}}$ **c**  $\rightarrow$  In-Person, Telemedicine.
- **Treatment** $\underline{\phantom{C}}$ c  $\rightarrow$  Surgery, Medication, Therapy.

This ensures flexibility in categorizing healthcare encounters.





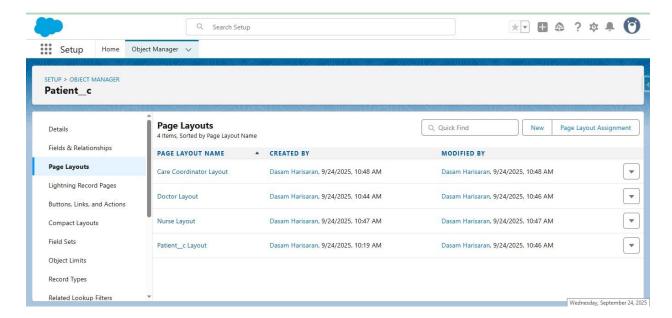


# **Page Layouts**

Custom page layouts were developed for different roles.

- **Doctors:** Treatments and Appointments.
- Nurses: Patient details and Medication schedules.
- Care Coordinators: Care Plans and Follow-ups.
- Patients: Their own Appointments and Lab Results.

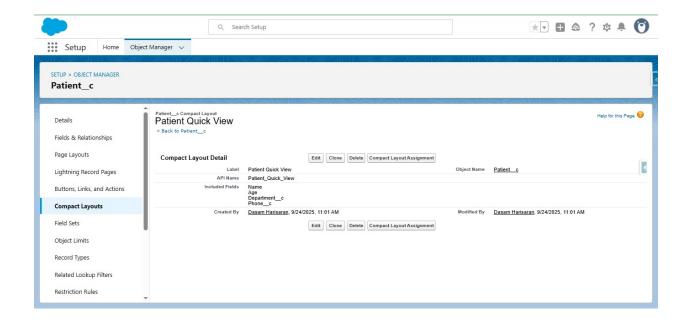
This role-based design ensures relevant data visibility.



## **Compact Layouts**

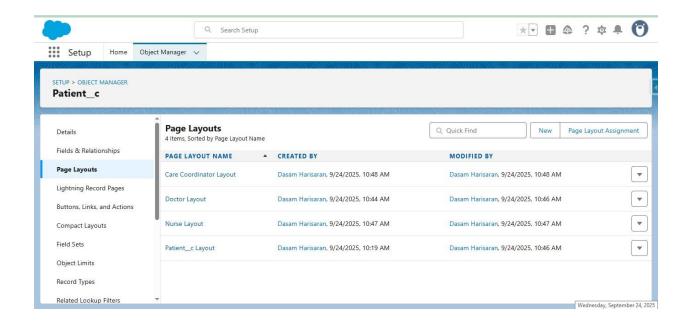
Compact layouts provide quick previews of essential fields.

- **Patient** $_{\mathbf{c}} \rightarrow \text{Name}$ , Age, Department, Phone.
- **Appointment** $_{\mathbf{c}} \rightarrow \text{Date}$ , Doctor, Status.



#### Schema Builder

The Schema Builder was used to visualize the entire healthcare data model. It highlights how **Patient\_c** is the central object connected with Appointments, Treatments, Lab Results, and Care Plans, providing a clear understanding of data flow.



## **Lookup vs Master-Detail vs Hierarchical Relationships**

Relationships were designed to reflect hospital workflows:

- Patient 
  ← Appointment 
  → Master-Detail
- Patient ↔ Treatment → Master-Detail
- Patient ↔ Lab Result → Lookup
- Patient ↔ Care Plan → Lookup

Additionally, a junction object **Doctor\_Patient\_\_c** was introduced to support many-to-many relationships between doctors and patients.

## **Junction Objects**

**Doctor\_Patient\_\_c** serves as a junction object, enabling many-to-many relationships between patients and doctors. This ensures that multiple doctors can treat the same patient, and a doctor can handle multiple patients.

# **External Objects**

To accommodate data from hospital systems such as Laboratory Information Systems (LIS), external objects were implemented. For instance, **External\_Lab\_Report\_\_x** allows real-time integration with external lab data while linking results to **Patient\_\_c**.

## $\mathscr{O}$ Final Deliverables (Phase 3):

- 1. Custom Objects & Fields created.
- 2. Record Types for healthcare scenarios.
- 3. Page Layouts & Compact Layouts by role.
- 4. Schema Builder diagram showing data model.
- 5. Relationships (Master-Detail, Lookup, Junction).6. External Object for lab system integration.