# Week 2- JUnit\_Basic Testing Exercises

# **Exercise 1: Setting Up JUnit Scenario:**

You need to set up JUnit in your Java project to start writing unit tests. Steps: 1. Create a new Java project in your IDE (e.g., IntelliJ IDEA, Eclipse). 2. Add JUnit dependency to your project. If you are using Maven, add the following to your pom.xml: junit junit 4.13.2 test 3. Create a new test class in your project.

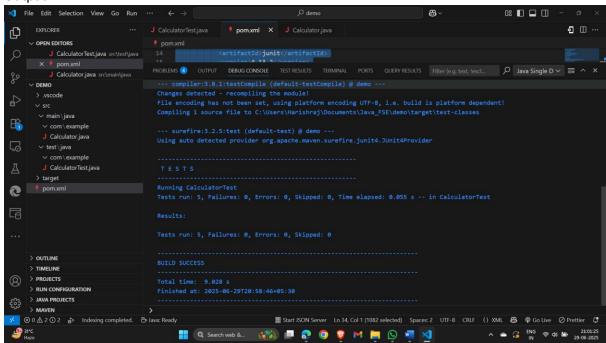
Calculator.java

```
public class Calculator {
  public int add(int a, int b) {
    return a + b;
  }
  public int subtract(int a, int b) {
    return a - b;
  }
  public int multiply(int a, int b) {
    return a * b;
  }
  public double divide(int a, int b) {
    if (b == 0) {
       throw new IllegalArgumentException("Division by zero is not allowed.");
    }
    return (double) a / b;
  }
}
```

```
CalculatorTest.java
import\ static\ org. junit. Assert. assert Equals;
import org.junit.Test;
public class CalculatorTest {
  @Test
  public void testAdd() {
    Calculator calc = new Calculator();
    assertEquals(5, calc.add(2, 3));
  }
  @Test
  public void testSubtract() {
    Calculator calc = new Calculator();
    assertEquals(1, calc.subtract(3, 2));
  }
  @Test
  public void testMultiply() {
    Calculator calc = new Calculator();
    assertEquals(6, calc.multiply(2, 3));
  }
  @Test(expected = IllegalArgumentException.class)
  public void testDivideByZero() {
    Calculator calc = new Calculator();
    calc.divide(5, 0);
  }
```

```
@Test
  public void testDivide() {
    Calculator calc = new Calculator();
    assertEquals(2.0, calc.divide(6, 3), 0.001);
  }
}
Pom.xml
project xmlns="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0"
    xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
    xsi:schemaLocation="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0
              http://maven.apache.org/xsd/maven-4.0.0.xsd">
  <modelVersion>4.0.0</modelVersion>
  <groupId>com.example
  <artifactId>demo</artifactId>
  <version>1.0</version>
  <dependencies>
    <dependency>
      <groupId>junit
      <artifactId>junit</artifactId>
      <version>4.13.2</version>
      <scope>test</scope>
    </dependency>
  </dependencies>
  <build>
    <plugins>
      <plugin>
        <groupId>org.apache.maven.plugins
        <artifactId>maven-compiler-plugin</artifactId>
```

# Output:



# **Exercise 3: Assertions in JUnit**

Scenario:

You need to use different assertions in JUnit to validate your test results.

Steps:

}

1. Write tests using various JUnit assertions.

Solution Code:

```
public class AssertionsTest {
    @Test
    public void testAssertions() {
        // Assert equals
        assertEquals(5, 2 + 3);

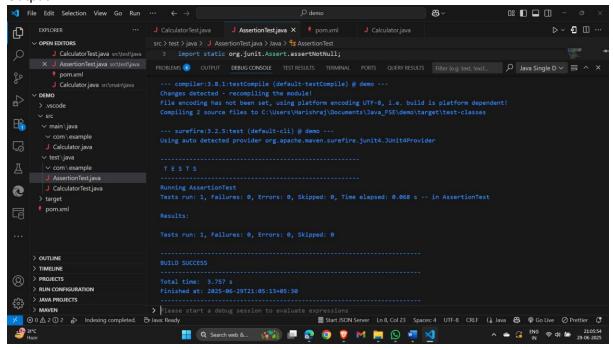
        // Assert true
        assertTrue(5 > 3);

        // Assert false
        assertFalse(5 < 3);

        // Assert null
        assertNull(null);

        // Assert not null
        assertNotNull(new Object());
    }
}</pre>
```

# Output:



#### Exercise 4: Arrange-Act-Assert (AAA) Pattern, Test Fixtures, Setup and

#### **Teardown Methods in JUnit**

# Scenario:

You need to organize your tests using the Arrange-Act-Assert (AAA) pattern and use setup and teardown methods.

# Steps:

- 1. Write tests using the AAA pattern.
- 2. Use @Before and @After annotations for setup and teardown methods.

# Calculator.java

```
public class Calculator {
  public int add(int a, int b) {
    return a + b;
  }
  public int subtract(int a, int b) {
    return a - b;
}
```

```
}
  public int multiply(int a, int b) {
    return a * b;
  }
  public double divide(int a, int b) {
    if (b == 0) {
      throw new IllegalArgumentException("Division by zero is not allowed.");
    }
    return (double) a / b;
  }
}
CalculatorTest.java
import org.junit.After;
import static org.junit.Assert.assertEquals;
import org.junit.Before;
import org.junit.Test;
public class CalculatorTest {
  private Calculator calc;
  @Before
  public void setUp() {
    calc = new Calculator(); // Arrange (shared)
  }
  @After
  public void tearDown() {
```

```
calc = null; // Cleanup
}
@Test
public void testAddition() {
  // Act
  int result = calc.add(4, 6);
  // Assert
  assertEquals(10, result);
}
@Test
public void testSubtraction() {
  // Act
  int result = calc.subtract(9, 5);
  // Assert
  assertEquals(4, result);
}
```

}

#### Output:

