# EXP NO: 1 SETTING UP THE

## SETTING UP THE ENVIRONMENT AND PREPROCESSING THE DATA

#### AIM:

To set up a fully functional machine learning development environment and to perform data preprocessing operations like handling missing values, encoding categorical variables, feature scaling, and splitting datasets.

#### **ALGORITHM:**

- 1. Install Required Libraries:
  - Install numpy, pandas, matplotlib, seaborn, and scikit-learn using pip.
- 2. Import Libraries.
- 3. Load Dataset:
  - Load any dataset (e.g., Titanic or Iris) using pandas.
- 4. Data Exploration:
  - Use df.info(), df.describe(), df.isnull().sum() to understand the data.
- 5. Handle Missing Values:
  - Use .fillna() or .dropna() depending on the strategy.
- 6. Encode Categorical Data:
  - Use pd.get dummies() or LabelEncoder.
- 7. Feature Scaling:
  - Normalize or standardize the numerical features using StandardScaler or MinMaxScaler.
- 8. Split Dataset:
  - Use train test split() from sklearn to create training and testing sets.
- 9. Display the Preprocessed Data.

### **CODE:**

```
# 1. Install necessary libraries (if not already installed)
#!pip install numpy pandas matplotlib seaborn scikit-learn
# 2. Import libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, LabelEncoder
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# 3. Load dataset
df = sns.load dataset('titanic') # Titanic dataset
df.head()
# 4. Explore the dataset
print(df.info())
print(df.describe())
print(df.isnull().sum())
# 5. Handle missing values
# Fill age with median, embark town with mode
df['age'].fillna(df['age'].median(), inplace=True)
df['embark town'].fillna(df['embark town'].mode()[0], inplace=True)
df.drop(columns=['deck'], inplace=True) # too many missing values
# 6. Encode categorical variables
# Convert 'sex' and 'embark town' using LabelEncoder
```

```
le = LabelEncoder()
df['sex'] = le.fit transform(df['sex'])
df['embark town'] = le.fit transform(df['embark town'])
# Drop non-informative or redundant columns
df.drop(columns=['embarked', 'class', 'who', 'alive', 'adult male', 'alone'], inplace=True)
#7. Feature Scaling
scaler = StandardScaler()
numerical cols = ['age', 'fare']
df[numerical cols] = scaler.fit transform(df[numerical cols])
# 8. Split dataset
# Define features (X) and label (y)
X = df.drop('survived', axis=1)
y = df['survived']
X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y, test size=0.2, random state=42)
#9. Show final preprocessed data
print("Training Data Shape:", X train.shape)
print("Test Data Shape:", X test.shape)
X train.head()
```

# **OUTPUT:**

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>

```
RangeIndex: 891 entries, 0 to 890
Data columns (total 15 columns):
# Column
                 Non-Null Count Dtype
---
                 -----
    survived
                 891 non-null
                                int64
1
    pclass
                 891 non-null
                                int64
                 891 non-null
                                object
    sex
3
    age
                 714 non-null
                                float64
                 891 non-null
4
    sibsp
                                int64
    parch
                 891 non-null
                                int64
                                float64
6
    fare
                 891 non-null
    embarked
                 889 non-null
                                object
8
    class
                 891 non-null
                                category
9
                 891 non-null
    who
                                object
10 adult male
                 891 non-null
                                bool
11
    deck
                 203 non-null
                                category
                 889 non-null
12 embark_town
                                object
13 alive
                 891 non-null
                                object
14 alone
                 891 non-null
                                bool
dtypes: bool(2), category(2), float64(2), int64(4), object(5)
memory usage: 80.7+ KB
None
        survived
                      pclass
                                              sibsp
                                                          parch
                                                                      fare
                                    age
count 891.000000 891.000000 714.000000 891.000000 891.000000 891.000000
        0.383838
                    2.308642
                              29.699118
                                           0.523008
                                                      0.381594
                                                                 32.204208
mean
std
        0.486592
                    0.836071
                              14.526497
                                           1.102743
                                                      0.806057
                                                                 49.693429
        0.000000
                    1.000000
                               0.420000
                                           0.000000
                                                      0.000000
                                                                  0.000000
min
25%
        0.000000
                    2.000000
                              20.125000
                                           0.000000
                                                      0.000000
                                                                  7.910400
50%
        0.000000
                    3.000000
                              28.000000
                                           0.000000
                                                      0.000000
                                                                 14.454200
75%
        1.000000
                    3.000000
                              38.000000
                                           1.000000
                                                      0.000000
                                                                 31.000000
        1.000000
                    3.000000
                              80.000000
                                           8.000000
                                                      6.000000
                                                                512.329200
survived
                         0
pclass
                         0
sex
                         0
                      177
age
sibsp
                         0
parch
                         0
fare
                         0
embarked
                         2
class
                         0
                         0
who
adult male
                         0
```

dtype: int64

embark town

688

2

0

0

deck

alive

alone

#### 231501003

Training Data Shape: (712, 7)

Test Data Shape: (179, 7)

/tmp/ipython-input-4068659829.py:3: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a DataFrame or Series through chained assignment using an inplace method. The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because the intermediate object on which we are setting values always behaves as a copy.

For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method({col: value}, inplace=True)' or df[col] = df[col].method(value) instead, to perform the operation inplace on the original object.

df['age'].fillna(df['age'].median(), inplace=True)

/tmp/ipython-input-4068659829.py:4: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a DataFrame or Series through chained assignment using an inplace method. The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because the intermediate object on which we are setting values always behaves as a copy.

For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method({col: value}, inplace=True)' or df[col] = df[col].method(value) instead, to perform the operation inplace on the original object.

df['embark\_town'].fillna(df['embark\_town'].mode()[0], inplace=True)

	pclass	sex	age	sibsp	parch	fare	embark_town
331	1	1	1.240235	0	0	-0.074583	2
733	2	1	-0.488887	0	0	-0.386671	2
382	3	1	0.202762	0	0	-0.488854	2
704	3	1	-0.258337	1	0	-0.490280	2
813	3	0	-1.795334	4	2	-0.018709	2

# **RESULT:**

The Python environment was successfully set up and the dataset was pre-processed by handling missing values, encoding categorical data, performing feature scaling, and splitting the data into training and testing sets. The dataset is now ready for model training and analysis.