## **Implementation:**

## **Uploading Data to Blockchain:**

- 1. The system is designed in such a way that there is an operator interacting with the system to upload and retrieve the data of patients.
- **2.** A Meta-Mask wallet has to be opened by the operator and it should contain the test ether if using the testnet or real ether if using the main chain.
- **3.** When a new patient comes in an unique identification number for the patient is made with the last 4 digits of his/her Aadhar along with the data and time at which the patient came in for the first visit. This serves as their unique id forever.

Here the last 4 digits of audhar are 1088 and the date and time of patient's first visit is 26-11-23 at 11:33 (time taken in 24 hour format)

So the patients unique id is "10882611231113" this will be his id for the rest of his visits and this is made so that the identity of the patient is kept confidential.

**4.** Now the operator will take the patients DICOM images if any and encrypt them using the DICOM Encryption module with a key of the patient's choice and will be kept as secret by the patient.

## DICOM image Encryption:



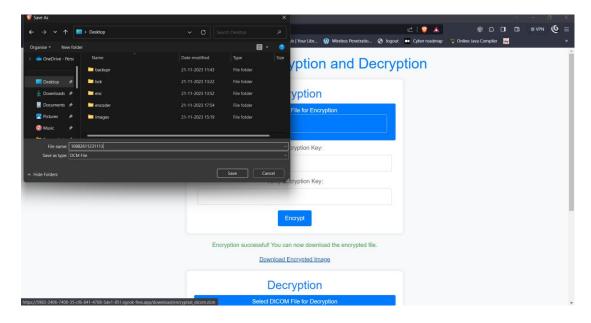
A file will be chosen and uploaded to the website then the encryption key is given by the patient to encrypt the file.



Once the image is encrypted, we get the link to download the encrypted image.



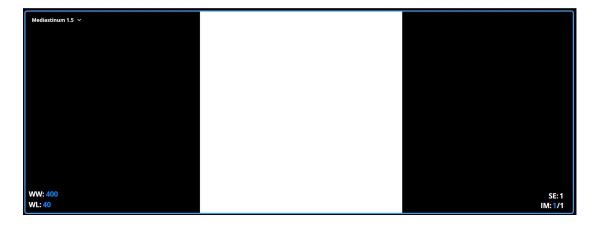
We save the image with the unique id of the patient to the system.



# Dicom image before encryption. HOME / IMAIOS DICOM VIEWER



## Dicom image after encryption.



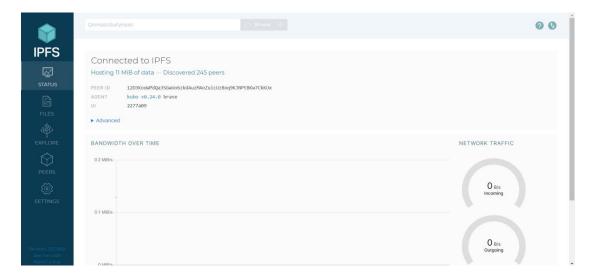
Note: There will be no dicom image viewer in the system, we can access it online.

**5.** All these encrypted DICOM images are uploaded to the IPFS as folder with patients unique id as the name of it.

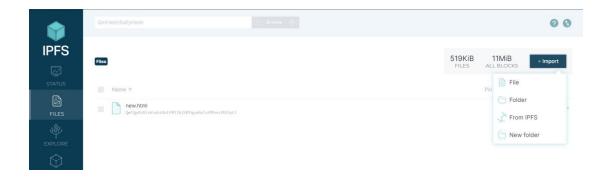
An IPFS node is started on the brave browser and



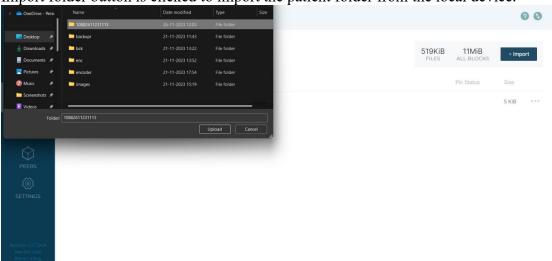
There my node button is clicked and we get to the dashboard of the node.



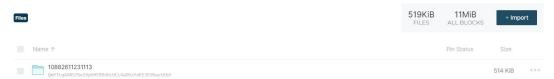
Files button is clicked and an option to import the file will be present we create a folder with the patients unique id and we upload all the dicom images there in this case only one image.



Import folder button is clicked to import the patient folder from the local device.



Once the folder is uploaded we get to see the folder in the menu and with that a unique hash starting with "Q" is seen



Now we copy the link of this folder by clicking on the 3 dots on the left hand side for the future purpose.

**6.** Now the patient's demographic information is collected along with the allergies, previous surgeries, prescriptions, emergency contact numbers, addresses, all types of test reports except for those that contain images are gathered and to that the previously copied IPFS link is added.

A fictional Patient's electronic health record is taken from the internet for this purpose and the previously copied ipfs link is added.

## Patient Data:

Patient Name: John Doe

Date of Birth: January 15, 1980

Gender: Male

Address: 123 Health Street, Wellness City, WD 56789

#### Medical History:

- Allergies: None reported

- Chronic Conditions: Hypertension

- Previous Surgeries: Appendectomy (June 2010)

## Medication History:

1. Lisinopril 10mg - Prescribed for hypertension. Taken daily.

Start Date: March 1, 2018 Last Renewal: October 15, 2023

2. Aspirin 81mg - Prescribed as a blood thinner.

Start Date: March 1, 2018 Last Renewal: October 15, 2023

3. Simvastatin 20mg - Prescribed for cholesterol management.

Start Date: June 5, 2019

Last Renewal: September 30, 2023

4. Ibuprofen 400mg - Over-the-counter pain relief. As needed for pain.

#### Recent Laboratory Results:

- Blood Pressure: Average 130/80 mmHg

- Cholesterol Levels: LDL 100 mg/dL, HDL 45 mg/dL

- Blood Glucose: 90 mg/dL

#### **Recent Consultations:**

- 1. Follow-up with Dr. Smith on October 10, 2023:
  - Blood pressure well-managed with current medication.
  - Discussed lifestyle changes to improve cholesterol levels.
  - Scheduled follow-up appointment in six months.
- 2. Cardiologist Consultation on September 25, 2023:
  - ECG and stress test performed, results normal.
  - Recommended continued cardiovascular care.

#### Immunization History:

- Influenza vaccine received annually.
- Tetanus vaccine updated in May 2022.

#### **Emergency Contacts:**

- Emergency Contact: Jane Doe (Spouse)

Phone: (555) 555-1234

Next of Kin:

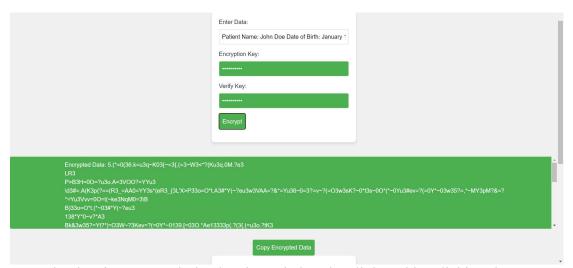
- Mary Doe (Sister) Phone: (555) 555-5678

7. Now all this text information is encrypted using the text Encryption module with the key of users choice it can the same as previous or a different one and the encrypted output is copied onto the clipboard.

This data is encrypted using the encryption module.



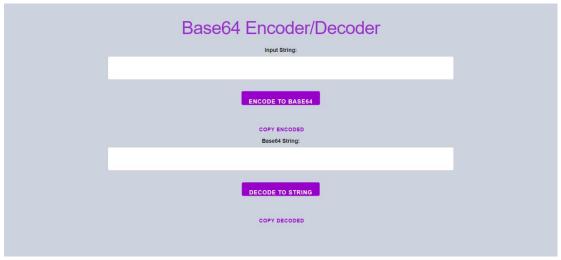
The data is put in the Enter data field and the key is given by the patient.



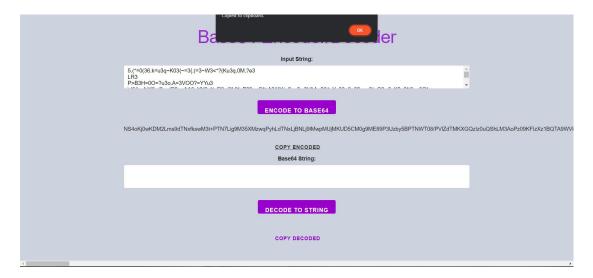
Once the data is encrypted, the data is copied to the clipboard by clicking the copy encrypted data button.

**8.** Before uploading the data to the blockchain it will be encoded to Base-64 using the encoder module.

The encoder module:

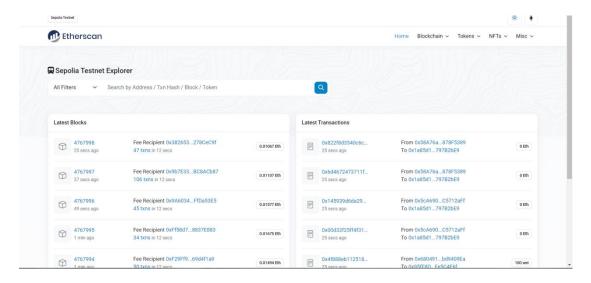


The copied encrypted data is put in the input string field and the encode to Base64 button is clicked once that is done copy encoded button is clicked which will copy the encoded string to the clipboard.



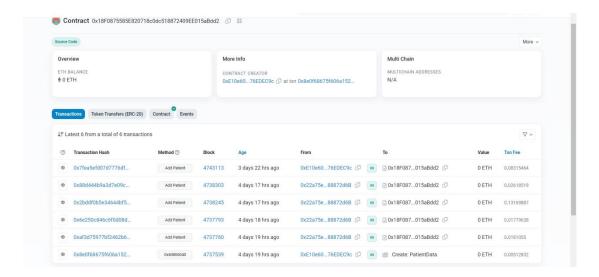
**9.** The encoded data is copied and will be uploaded to the blockchain using the smart contract at the following address "0x18f0875585e820718c0dc518872409ee015abdd2" and the linked meta mask wallet with the u-id as the unique identification number given to the patient. After adding the data to blockchain a transaction hash is produced and the hash has to be given to the patient to keep it as a reference.

The contract to interact with the blockchain is accessed using the following website <a href="https://sepolia.etherscan.io/">https://sepolia.etherscan.io/</a>

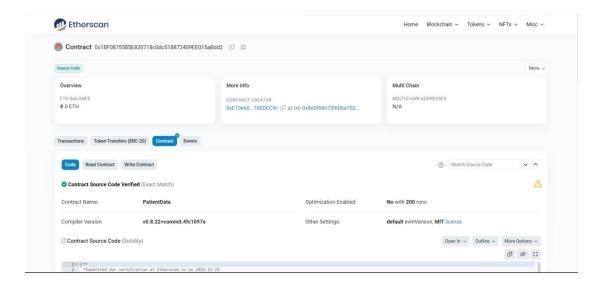


Note: This is a ethereum testnet called sepolia when the projec is really deployed, it will be deployed to the ethereum mainnet where we have to pay real money for the transaction fees.

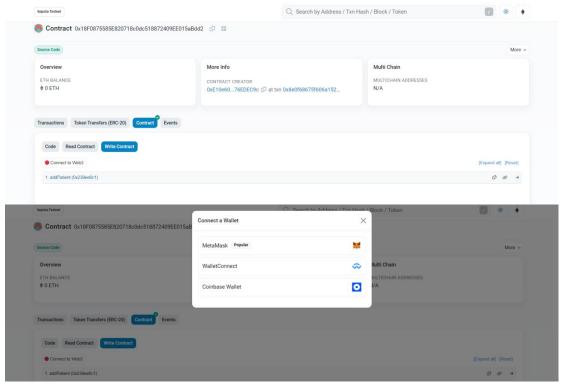
Contract address mentioned above is entered in the search box and that takes us to the contract home page where it contains the information about all the transactions that are done on the contract from the day of creation till data every transaction is recorded with a unique hash to the transaction.



Next the contract button with a little check mark on it has to be clicked there the options to interact with the contract are present.



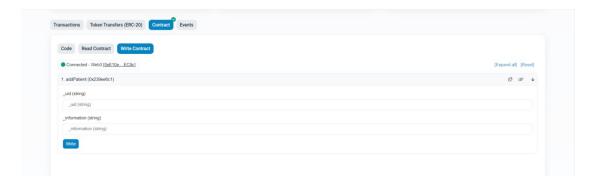
Now the connect to web3 button has to be clicked and then the metamaks wallet should be linked to the website.



Once connected a green dot along with the masked wallet address is seen on the top.



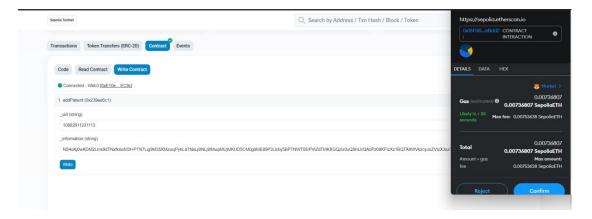
Now add patient button is clicked.



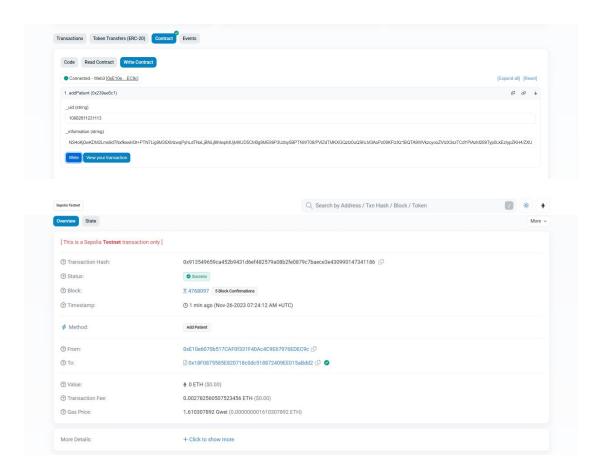
The uid of the patient has to be entered in the uid input filed and the encoded data has to be entered in the information input field.



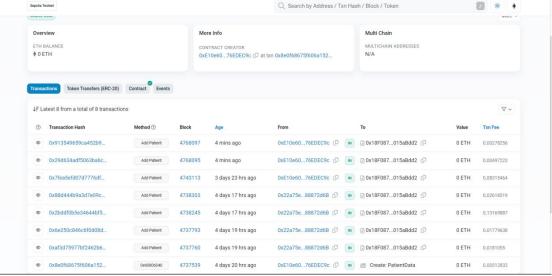
Once the write button is clicked meta mask wallet is opened, the transaction charges to add the data to blockchain are given and an option to accept or reject the transaction.



Once the transaction is confirmed, we get to view the transaction button and once clicked we go to the page where we have the details of block to which the data is added and so on.



Once the transaction is successful the transaction can be seen on the home page of the contract which contains the information of which wallet is used to upload the data.

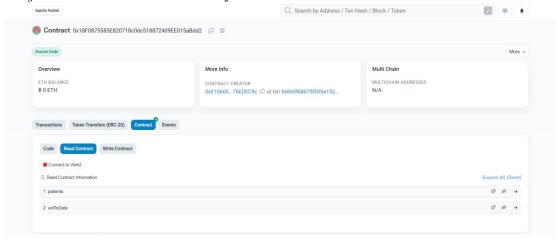


10. Patient should have his unique ID, keys, Transaction Hash.

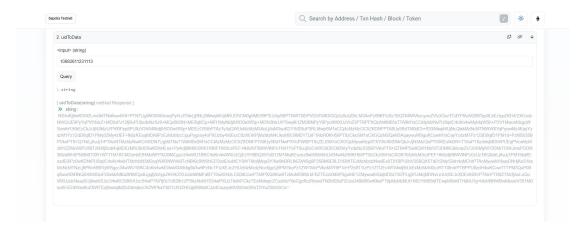
## **Retrieving Data From Blockchain:**

1. We need to navigate to the same contract and select read contract and there a function called UID to Data here the UID of the patient has to be entered and the encoded data is retrieved.

Read Contract has to be clicked, for this we don't have to connect to the metamask wallet we can just retrive the data without any transaction fee.



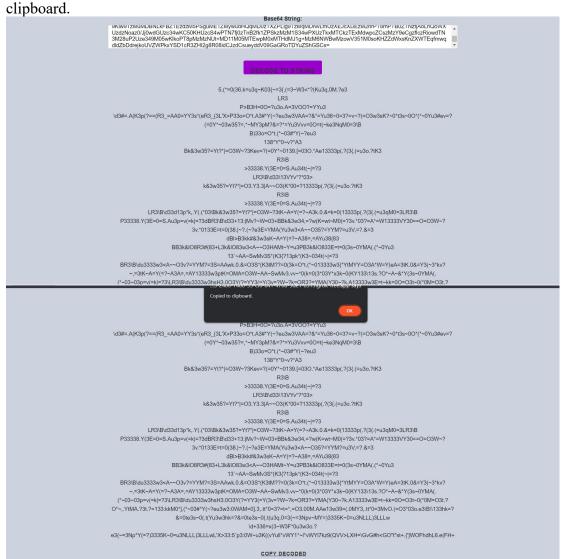
Now uid to data has to be clicked and the uid of the patient has to be given and the query button has to be clicked to retrive the data of the patient that we uploaded.



The string that we got there is the encoded string we have to decode it using the decoder module.

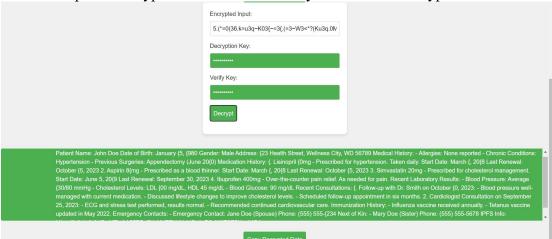
**2.** The encoded data has to be decoded using the decoder module and this decoded data has to be given as the input to the decryption module.

Once we put the data in decoder we get the decoded string and that has to be copied to the



**3.** The patient enters the key for decryption(same key as encryption) and the text data of the patient is retrieved.

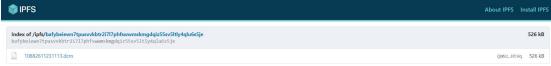
The data is put in decryption module and the key is entered to decrypt the data.



So finally we get the decrypted information and the data can be used by the doctor to assess the health status of the patient.

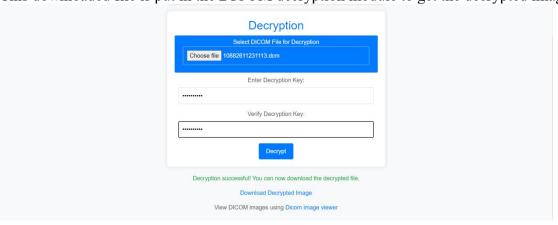
**4.** The patient DICOM image folder is downloaded with the link from the patient information and the images are decrypted using the DICOM decryption module and the whole data is given to the doctor.

The ipfs link is copied from the patient information and is pasted in the brave browser.



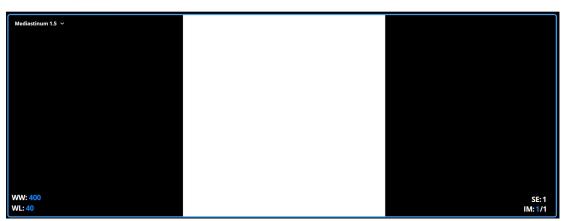
The images are downloaded by clicking on the file.

This downloaded file is put in the DICOM decryption module to get the decrypted image.



The decrypted image is downloaded to the local system and is viewed using the DICOM viewer.

# Encrypted DICOM:



## Decrypted DICOM:



In this way the patient can share his data at the hospital of his choice without compromising the integrity and confidentiality of the data.