Zomato Data Analysis Using Python

Step 1: Import necessary Python libraries.

```
In [10]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

pandas is used for data manipulation and analysis.
numpy is used for numerical operations.
matplotlib.pyplot and seaborn are used for data visualization.
```

Step 2: Create the data frame.

```
In [2]: dataframe = pd.read_csv("Zomato data .csv")
        print(dataframe.head())
                             name online_order book_table
                                                            rate votes \
                                                      Yes 4.1/5
        0
                            Jalsa
                                           Yes
                                                                     775
        1
                  Spice Elephant
                                           Yes
                                                       No 4.1/5
                                                                     787
                 San Churro Cafe
                                                       No 3.8/5
                                                                     918
                                           Yes
        3 Addhuri Udupi Bhojana
                                                       No 3.7/5
                                            No
                                                                     88
                   Grand Village
                                            No
                                                       No 3.8/5
                                                                     166
           approx_cost(for two people) listed_in(type)
        0
                                    800
                                                 Buffet
                                                 Buffet
        1
                                    800
        2
                                                 Buffet
                                    800
        3
                                    300
                                                 Buffet
                                    600
                                                 Buffet
In [3]: | dataframe = pd.read_csv("Zomato data .csv")
```

```
In [4]: dataframe
```

Out[4]:

	name	online_order	book_table	rate	votes	approx_cost(for two people)	listed_in(type)
0	Jalsa	Yes	Yes	4.1/5	775	800	Buffet
1	Spice Elephant	Yes	No	4.1/5	787	800	Buffet
2	San Churro Cafe	Yes	No	3.8/5	918	800	Buffet
3	Addhuri Udupi Bhojana	No	No	3.7/5	88	300	Buffet
4	Grand Village	No	No	3.8/5	166	600	Buffet
143	Melting Melodies	No	No	3.3/5	0	100	Dining
144	New Indraprasta	No	No	3.3/5	0	150	Dining
145	Anna Kuteera	Yes	No	4.0/5	771	450	Dining
146	Darbar	No	No	3.0/5	98	800	Dining
147	Vijayalakshmi	Yes	No	3.9/5	47	200	Dining

148 rows × 7 columns

let's convert the data type of the "rate" column to float and remove the denominator.

```
In [6]: def handleRate(value):
            value=str(value).split('/')
            value=value[0];
            return float(value)
        dataframe['rate']=dataframe['rate'].apply(handleRate)
        print(dataframe.head())
                             name online_order book_table rate votes
                            Jalsa
                                            Yes
                                                       Yes
                                                             4.1
                                                                     775
        1
                   Spice Elephant
                                            Yes
                                                             4.1
                                                                     787
                                                        No
                  San Churro Cafe
                                                              3.8
                                            Yes
                                                        No
                                                                     918
        3
           Addhuri Udupi Bhojana
                                             No
                                                        No
                                                              3.7
                                                                      88
                    Grand Village
                                             No
                                                        No
                                                              3.8
                                                                     166
           approx_cost(for two people) listed_in(type)
        0
                                     800
                                                  Buffet
        1
                                     800
                                                  Buffet
        2
                                    800
                                                  Buffet
        3
                                                  Buffet
                                     300
        4
                                     600
                                                  Buffet
```

summary of the data frame

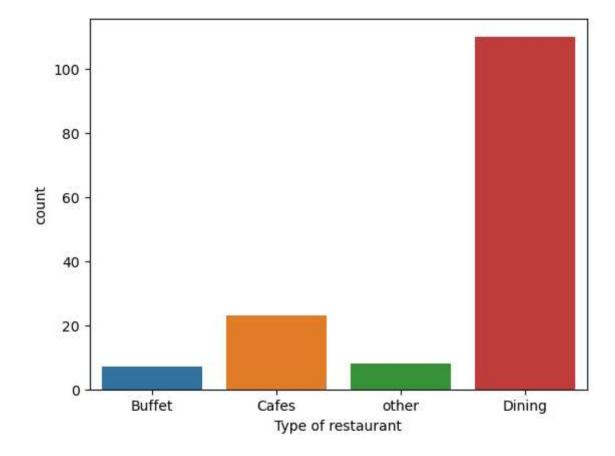
```
In [7]: dataframe.info()
        <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
        RangeIndex: 148 entries, 0 to 147
        Data columns (total 7 columns):
            Column
                                        Non-Null Count Dtype
        --- -----
                                        -----
         0
            name
                                        148 non-null
                                                       object
         1
            online order
                                        148 non-null object
                                        148 non-null
         2
            book_table
                                                       object
         3
           rate
                                        148 non-null float64
         4
                                        148 non-null
                                                       int64
            votes
            approx_cost(for two people) 148 non-null int64
            listed_in(type)
                                        148 non-null
                                                       object
        dtypes: float64(1), int64(2), object(4)
        memory usage: 8.2+ KB
```

Conclusion - There is no NULL value in dataframe.

Type of Resturant

```
In [8]: sns.countplot(x=dataframe['listed_in(type)'])
plt.xlabel("Type of restaurant")
```

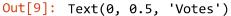
Out[8]: Text(0.5, 0, 'Type of restaurant')

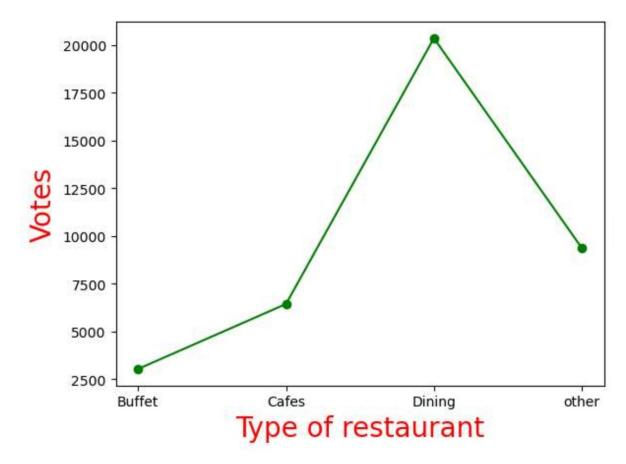


Conclusion: The majority of the restaurants fall into the dining category.

Dining restaurants are preferred by a larger number of individuals.

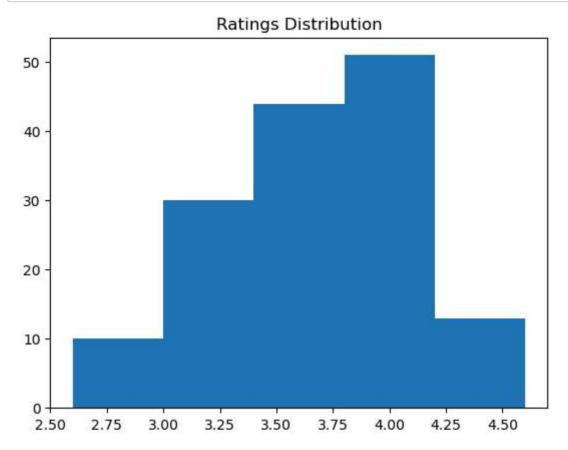
```
In [9]: grouped_data = dataframe.groupby('listed_in(type)')['votes'].sum()
    result = pd.DataFrame({'votes': grouped_data})
    plt.plot(result, c="green", marker="o")
    plt.xlabel("Type of restaurant", c="red", size=20)
    plt.ylabel("Votes", c="red", size=20)
```





The majority of restaurants received ratings

```
In [11]: plt.hist(dataframe['rate'],bins=5)
    plt.title("Ratings Distribution")
    plt.show()
```

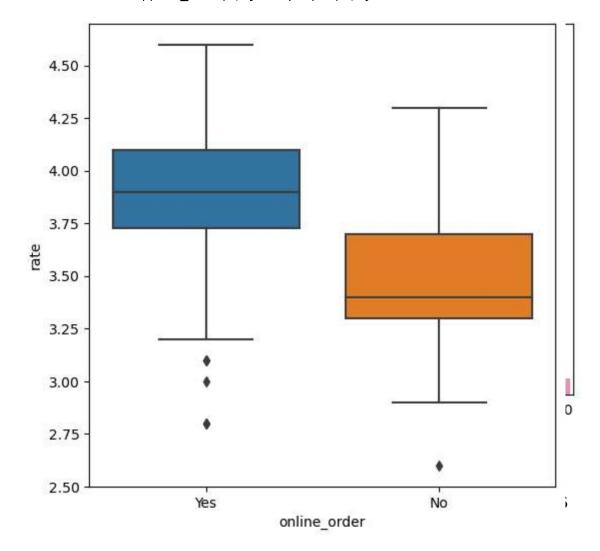


Conclusion: The majority of restaurants received ratings ranging from 3.5 to 4.

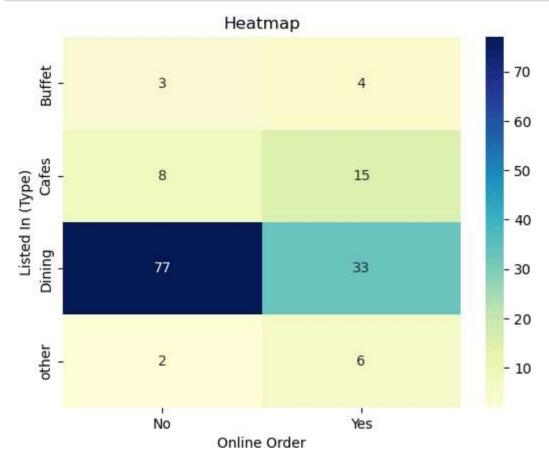
The majority of couples prefer restaurants with an approximate cost of 300 rupees.

```
In [16]: potpfegdatafeame(δρβ))οx_cost(for two people)']
sns.bowptptox(x=coupledataer', y = 'rate', data = dataframe)
```

Out[16]: <Axes: xlabel='approx_oodt(forytwbepeopate)'} ylabel='count'>



CONCLUSION: Offline orders received lower ratings in comparison to online orders, which obtained excellent ratings.



CONCLUSION: Dining restaurants primarily accept offline orders, whereas cafes primarily receive online orders. This suggests that clients prefer to place orders in person at restaurants, but prefer online ordering at cafes.

```
In [ ]:
```