Containers

In HTML, the term "container" is often used to refer to a structural element that wraps and contains other content within a webpage. Containers are used to group related elements together, provide layout structure, and apply styling or positioning to a specific section of the webpage. While there isn't a specific HTML element named "container," developers often use various HTML elements or classes to create container-like structures.

```
<div class="container">

    <!-- Content goes here -->

</div>
```

Rows

In HTML, the term "row" is often used in the context of layout structures, especially in conjunction with grid systems or frameworks like Bootstrap. A "row" typically refers to a horizontal grouping of elements within a grid layout, where each element occupies a specific column or position within the row. While HTML itself doesn't have a specific element called "row," developers often use semantic HTML elements or classes to create row-like structures.

```
<div class="row">

    <div class="col">Column 1</div>

    <div class="col">Column 2</div>

    <div class="col">Column 3</div>

</div>
```

Columns

In HTML, the term "col" is often used in the context of grid systems or frameworks like Bootstrap to represent columns within a layout. Columns are used to organize content horizontally within rows, allowing for flexible and responsive layouts. While HTML itself doesn't have a specific element called "col," developers often use semantic HTML elements or classes, along with CSS or framework-specific classes, to create column-like structures.

```
<div class="row">

    <div class="col">Column 1</div>

    <div class="col">Column 2</div>

    <div class="col">Column 3</div>

</div>
```