

Aim:

- a) simulate The static routing configuration using cisco packet tracer
- b) simulate RIP using cisco packet tracer.

1. Adding static Routes: Each router knows only the networks directly connected to it add static route to reach a network not directly connected

Ex: Router 0, networks 10.0.0.0/8, 20.0.0.0/8, 40.0.0.0/3 are directly connected, but 30.0.0.0/8, 50.0.0.0/8

2) Creating main & backup routes,

Administrative distance decides preference of routes, the lower the higher the preference.

3) ~~Router configuration.~~

Configure static routes on each router for networks not directly connected.

4) ~~Verifying router.~~

Verify router by using ~~connectivity~~ show ip route static

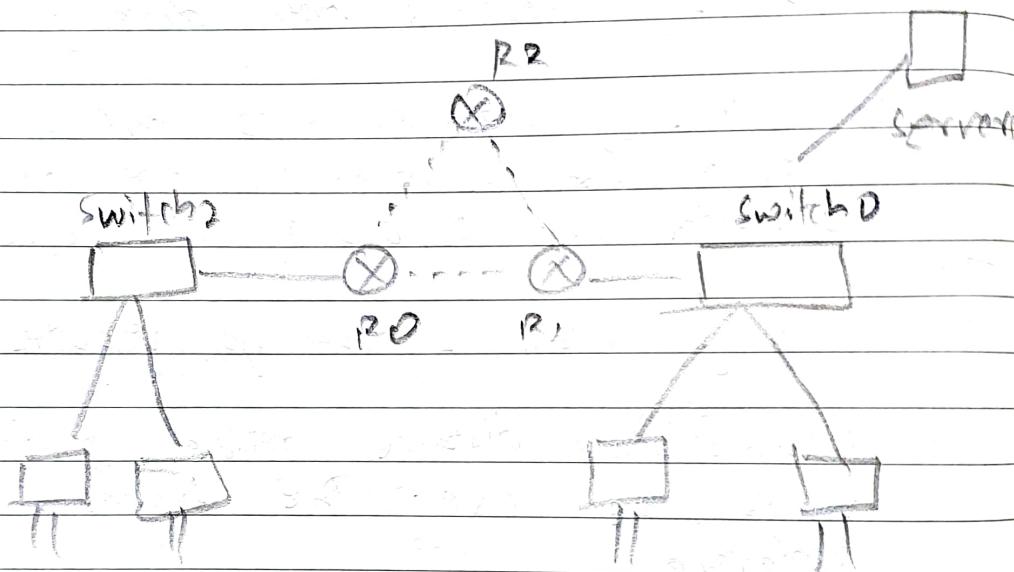
5) Testing route fail over

→ Test connectivity using tracer or ping from a device on a connected network.

→ Is connect or "break" the link on the main route.

6) Delete a static Route.

Show ip route static.



- 1) Initial IP Configuration for devices
- 2) Assign IP address to devices for PCs & routers.
- 3) enable configure interfaces on routers
- 4) Configure Rip on routers
- 5) Verify and Test redundancy.

- Use ping command on R1
- Use tracerf to see rip redirecting

traffic Through an alternate route

Result:-

Thus the program is successfully executed & the output is verified.

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