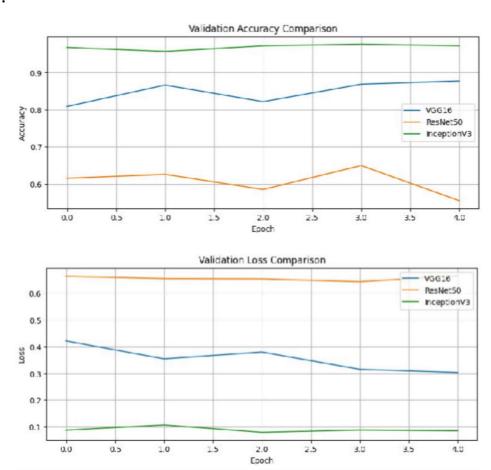
## 231501058

```
# Accuracy comparison plot
plt.figure(figsize=(10,4))
for name, hist in history_dict.items():
  plt.plot(hist.history['val_accuracy'], label=f'{name}')
plt.title("Validation Accuracy Comparison")
plt.xlabel("Epoch")
plt.ylabel("Accuracy")
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
# Loss comparison plot
plt.figure(figsize=(10,4))
for name, hist in history_dict.items():
  plt.plot(hist.history['val_loss'], label=f'{name}')
plt.title("Validation Loss Comparison")
plt.xlabel("Epoch")
plt.ylabel("Loss")
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```

# **OUTPUT:**



**RESULT:** Among the three CNN architectures, InceptionV3 achieved the best performance with a validation accuracy of 97.63%, outperforming VGG16 of accuracy 87.74% and ResNet50 61.57%.

### 231501058

EXP NO: 06	BRNN VS FFNN
DATE: 13/09/2025	

**AIM:** To implement a Bidirectional Recurrent Neural Network (RNN) for predicting sequences in time-series data and compare its performance with a traditional Feed-Forward Neural Network (FFNN) using the Airline Passenger Dataset.

#### ALGORITHM:

- Import necessary libraries (NumPy, Pandas, TensorFlow, etc.) and set a random seed for reproducibility.
- Upload and load the Airline Passenger dataset and extract the passenger column.
- Normalize the data using MinMaxScaler to scale values between 0 and 1.
- Create time-series windows with a fixed lookback period (e.g., 12 months).
- Split the dataset into training, validation, and testing subsets.
- Build two models: Bidirectional LSTM-based RNN model, Feed-Forward Neural Network (FFNN).
- Train both models using Mean Squared Error (MSE) loss and Adam optimizer with early stopping.
- Predict and inverse-transform the outputs to original scale.
- Compute performance metrics (MSE, MAE, RMSE, MAPE) for comparison.
- Plot true vs predicted values and training loss curves to visualize model performance.

## CODE:

import numpy as np, pandas as pd, math, random, io

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

import tensorflow as tf

from tensorflow import keras

from tensorflow.keras import layers

from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler

from google.colab import files

SEED = 42

np.random.seed(SEED); random.seed(SEED); tf.random.set\_seed(SEED)

```
print("Upload CSV (e.g., AirPassengers.csv)")
uploaded = files.upload()
fname = list(uploaded.keys())[0]
df = pd.read csv(io.BytesIO(uploaded[fname]))
df.columns = [c.strip() for c in df.columns]
target col = next((c for c in df.columns if c.lower()=="passengers"), None)
if target col is None: target col = [c for c in df.columns if
pd.api.types.is_numeric_dtype(df[c])][0]
series = df[target col].astype("float32").to numpy().reshape(-1,1)
lookback, horizon = 12, 1
scaler = MinMaxScaler(); series_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(series)
def make windows(arr, lookback, horizon):
  X,y=[],[]
  for i in range(len(arr)-lookback-horizon+1):
    X.append(arr[i:i+lookback,0]); y.append(arr[i+lookback:i+lookback+horizon,0])
  return np.array(X), np.array(y)
X, y = make_windows(series_scaled, lookback, horizon)
n = len(X); n train, n val = int(0.7*n), int(0.15*n)
X train, y train = X[:n train], y[:n train]; X val, y val = X[n train:n train+n val],
y[n_train:n_train+n_val]
X_test, y_test = X[n_train+n_val:], y[n_train+n_val:]
X birnn train, X birnn val, X birnn test = X train[...,None], X val[...,None],
X_test[...,None]
def build birnn(lb):
  m = keras.Sequential([layers.Input((lb,1)),
    layers.Bidirectional(layers.LSTM(32)), layers.Dropout(0.2),
    layers.Dense(16,"relu"), layers.Dense(1)])
```

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```
m.compile("adam", "mse"); return m
def build_ffnn(lb):
  m = keras.Sequential([layers.Input((lb,)), layers.Dense(64,"relu"), layers.Dropout(0.2),
    layers.Dense(32,"relu"), layers.Dense(1)])
  m.compile("adam","mse"); return m
birnn, ffnn = build_birnn(lookback), build_ffnn(lookback)
cb = [keras.callbacks.EarlyStopping(patience=20, restore best weights=True,
monitor="val_loss")]
hist birnn =
birnn.fit(X_birnn_train,y_train,validation_data=(X_birnn_val,y_val),epochs=300,batch_size=
16, verbose=0, callbacks=cb)
hist_ffnn =
ffnn.fit(X train,y train,validation data=(X val,y val),epochs=300,batch size=16,verbose=0,
callbacks=cb)
def inv(y scaled): return scaler.inverse transform(y scaled).ravel()
def metrics(y_true, y_pred): return dict(MSE=np.mean((y_true-y_pred)**2),
MAE=np.mean(np.abs(y true-y pred)),
  RMSE=math.sqrt(np.mean((y true-y pred)**2)), MAPE=np.mean(np.abs((y true-
y_pred)/(y_true+1e-8)))*100)
pred birnn = inv(birnn.predict(X birnn test))
pred_ffnn = inv(ffnn.predict(X_test))
metrics_birnn = metrics(inv(y_test), pred_birnn)
metrics ffnn = metrics(inv(y test), pred ffnn)
print("BiRNN:", metrics_birnn,"\nFFNN:", metrics_ffnn)
plt.figure(figsize=(10,5)); plt.plot(inv(y_test),label="True");
plt.plot(pred_birnn,label="BiRNN"); plt.plot(pred_ffnn,label="FFNN")
```