<u>Problems on Numbers - Solved Examples(Set 3)</u>

101. Which is the natural number nearest	to 11720 and completely divisible by 58?
	B. 11712
C. 11718	D. 11714
Hide Answer	
<u>Discuss</u>	
Notebook answer with explanation	
Answer: Option A	
•	
Explanation:	
11720 ÷ 58 = 202, remainder = 4	
Hence the natural number persect to 1170	00 and completely divisible by E0
Hence the natural number nearest to 1172 = $11720 - 4 = 11716$	o and completely divisible by 56
- 11/20 - 4 - 11/10	
102. 563124555-?=232323	
A. 562892232 B. 562892222	
C. 562892212 D. 562892202	
Hide Answer	
Discuss	
Notebook	
answer with explanation	
Answer: Option A	
Explanation:	
?=563124555-232323=562892232	
103. What is the sum of first 200 natural	numbers?
A. 20120 B. 19901 C. 19900 D. 20100	
Hide Answer Discuss	
Notebook	
answer with explanation	
Answer: Option D	
Explanation:	
Solution 1	
1+2+3+···+n	

 $=\sum n=n(n+1)2$

(read more)

Required sum

$$=1+2+3+\cdots+200 = n(n+1)2 = 200\times2012 = 100\times201 = 20100$$

Solution 2

Number of terms of an arithmetic progression

$$n=(l-a)d+1$$

where n = number of terms, a = the first term , l = last term, d = common difference

Sum of first n terms in an arithmetic progression

$$Sn=n2[2a+(n-1)d]=n2(a+l)$$

where a = the first term, d= common difference,
 $l=tn=n^{th}$ term =a+(n-1)d

(read more)

Required Sum,

$$Sn=1+2+3+...+200=n2(a+1)=2002(1+20)=100\times201=20100$$

104. The number 1242*2 is completely divisible by 3. What is the smallest number in place of *?

A. 3

B. 2

C. 1

D. 0

Hide Answer

Discuss

Notebook

answer with explanation

Answer: Option C

Explanation:

A number is divisible by 3 if the sum of the digits is divisible by 3 (read more)

1242*2 is divisible by 3

=> 1+2+4+2+*+2

is divisible by 3

=> 11+*

is divisible by 3

The smallest value of * which satisfies the above equation, is 1 such that 11 + 1 = 12 which is divisible by 3

105. Which of the given numbers is divisible by 3, 7, 9 and 11?

A. None of these

B. 1890

C. 4230

D. 6237

Hide Answer

<u>Discuss</u>

Notebook

answer with explanation

Answer: Option D

Explanation:

- 1. Divisibility by 3
- 2. Divisibility by 7
- 2. Divisibility by 9
- 2. Divisibility by 11

1. Testing 4230

$$4 + 2 + 3 + 0 = 9$$
.

9 is divisible by 3. Hence 4230 is also divisible by 3

$$4 + 2 + 3 + 0 = 9$$
.

9 is divisible by 9. Hence 4230 is also divisible by 9

$$423 - (2 \times 0) = 423$$

$$42 - (2 \times 3) = 36$$

36 is not divisible by 7. Hence 4230 is not divisible by 7

Therefore, 4230 does not meet all divisibility conditions

2. Testing 1890

$$1 + 8 + 9 + 0 = 18$$
.

18 is divisible by 3. Hence 1890 is also divisible by 3

$$1 + 8 + 9 + 0 = 18$$
.

18 is divisible by 9. Hence 1890 is also divisible by 9

$$189 - (2 \times 0) = 189$$

$$18 - (2 \times 9) = 0$$

Hence 1890 is divisible by 7

$$1 + 9 = 10$$

$$8 + 0 = 8$$

$$10 - 8 = 2$$

2 is not divisible by 11. Hence 1890 is not divisible by 11

Therefore, 1890 does not meet all divisibility conditions

3. Testing 6237

$$6 + 2 + 3 + 7 = 18$$
.

18 is divisible by 3. Hence 6237 is also divisible by 3

$$6 + 2 + 3 + 7 = 18$$
.

18 is divisible by 9. Hence 6237 is also divisible by 9

$$623 - (2 \times 7) = 609$$

$$60 - (2 \times 9) = 42$$

42 is divisible by 7. Hence 6237 is also divisible by 7.

$$6 + 3 = 9$$

$$2 + 7 = 9$$

$$9 - 9 = 0$$

Hence 6237 is divisible by 11

Therefore, 6237 is divisible by 3, 9, 7 and 11.

A. 60.8 B. 68.8

C. 60.6 D. 59.6

Hide Answer

Notebook

answer with explanation

```
Explanation:
17+16×1.6+14×1.3=17+25.6+18.2=60.8
107. 143×7298=?
A. 1642 B. 1802
C. 2022 D. 1372
Hide Answer
              <u>Discuss</u>
Notebook
answer with explanation
Answer: Option D
Explanation:
143 \times 7298 = 143 \times 7214 \times 7 = 142 \times 7 = 196 \times 7 = 1372
108. What smallest number should be added to 8444 such that the sum is completely divisible by
7?
A. 6
                                                B. 5
C. 4
                                                D. 3
Hide Answer
              Discuss
Notebook
answer with explanation
Answer: Option B
Explanation:
8444 \div 7 = 1206, remainder = 2
7 - 2 = 5
Hence, 5 should be added to 8444 such that the sum is completely divisible by 7.
109. 5332×992=?
A. 5289344 B. 5289244
C. 5289214 D. 5289324
Hide Answer
              <u>Discuss</u>
Notebook
```

Answer: Option A

answer with explanation

Answer: Option A

Explanation:

5332×992=5332(1000-8)=5332000-42656=5289344

please go through speed maths methods to do calculations faster.

110. 40% of 23

of a number is 32. What is the number?

A. 160 B. 240 C. 80 D. 120

Hide Answer

| Discuss

Notebook

answer with explanation

Answer: Option D

Explanation:

Let x

be the number. Then

 $x \times 23 \times 40100 = 32 \Rightarrow x = 32 \times 10040 \times 32 = 32 \times 104 \times 32 = 8 \times 10 \times 32 = 4 \times 10 \times 3 = 120$

111. If a whole number n is divided by 4, we will get 3 as remainder. What will be the remainder if 2n is divided by 4?

A. 4 B. 3 C. 2 D. 1

Hide Answer

| Discuss

Notebook

answer with explanation

Answer: Option C

Explanation:

Let $n \div 4 = p$, remainder = 3

$$=> n = 4p + 3$$

$$2n = 2(4p + 3)$$

$$= 8p + 6$$

$$= 8p + 4 + 2$$

```
=4(2p+1)+2
```

Hence, if 2n is divided by 4, we will get 2 as remainder.

112. 241×999=?

A. 240769 B. 230759

C. 230769 D. 240759

Hide Answer

| <u>Discuss</u>

Notebook

answer with explanation

Answer: Option D

Explanation:

241×999=241(1000-1)=241000-241=240759

please go through speed maths methods to do calculations faster.

113. The number 367505*8 is completely divisible by 8. What is the smallest whole number in place of *?

A. 1

B. 2

C. 3

D. 4

Hide Answer

| <u>Discuss</u>

Notebook

answer with explanation

Answer: Option B

Explanation:

A number is divisible by 8 if the number formed by the last three digits is divisible by 8.

(read more)

367505*8 is divisible by 8

=> 5*8 is divisible by 8

We need to find out the smallest value of * which satisfies the above condition.

518 is not divisible by 8

528 is divisible by 8. Hence the smallest value of * is 2

```
114. 425×?=170
A. 12
 B. 25
C. 35
 D. 23
Hide Answer
               Discuss
Notebook
answer with explanation
Answer: Option B
Explanation:
?=170425=3485=25
115. The unit digit in 7105
is
A. 8 B. 7
C. 6 D. 5
Hide Answer
               | Discuss
Notebook
answer with explanation
Answer: Option B
Explanation:
7105=(74)26×7
Hence, unit digit of 7105
= unit digit of [(74)26\times7]
= unit digit of [(7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7)26 \times 7]
= unit digit of [(9\times9)26\times7](: 7 × 7 = 49 and 9 is the unit digit of 49)
= unit digit of [126 \times 7](: 9 × 9 = 81 and 1 is the unit digit of 81)
= unit digit of [1 \times 7](: unit digit of 126=1
)
= 7
116. Which of the following numbers is a prime number?
A. None of these
                                          B. 377
C. 469
                                          D. 176
```

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Hide Answer
              <u>Discuss</u>
Notebook
answer with explanation
Answer: Option A
Explanation:
Reference: Divisibility Rules
√469<22
Prime numbers < 22 are 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19
469 is not divisible by 2
469 is not divisible by 3
469 is not divisible by 5
But 469 is divisible by 7
Hence 469 is not a prime number
176 is divisible by 2.
Hence 176 is not a prime number
\sqrt{377} < 20
Prime numbers < 20 are 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19
377 is not divisible by 2
377 is not divisible by 3
377 is not divisible by 5
377 is not divisible by 7
377 is not divisible by 11
But 377 is divisible by 13
Hence 377 is not a prime number.
Hence answer is "None of these"
117. In a division sum, the divisor is 10 times the quotient and 5 times the remainder. If the
remainder is 46, find out the dividend.
A. 4426
                                                  B. 3426
C. 4336
                                                  D. 5336
Hide Answer
              <u>Discuss</u>
Notebook
```

answer with explanation

Answer: Option D Explanation: remainder = 46divisor is 5 times the remainder => divisor $= 5 \times$ remainder $= 5 \times 46 = 230$ divisor is 10 times the quotient quotient =23010=23 dividend = (divisor × quotient) + remainder $= (230 \times 23) + 46$ = 5290 + 46= 5336

118. The difference of two numbers is 1365. On dividing the larger number by the smaller, 6 is obtained as quotient and 15 as remainder. What is the smaller number?

A. 310

B. 330

C. 250

D. 270

Hide Answer

Discuss

Notebook

answer with explanation

Answer: Option D

Explanation:

Let the smaller number be x

and the larger number be (x+1365)

$$(x+1365)$$
÷ $x=6$, remainder = 15

$$=> (x+1365)=6x+15$$

$$=>5x=1350$$

$$=> x=13505=270$$

Smaller number =x=270

119. Difference between the squares of two consecutive odd integers is always divisible by

A. 8

B. 7

C. 6

D. 3

Hide Answer

Notebook

| <u>Discuss</u>

answer with explanation

Answer: Option A

Explanation:

Solution 1

Let two consecutive odd integers be (2n-1)

and (2n+1)

Difference between the squares

$$=(2n+1)2-(2n-1)2=4n2+4n+1-(4n2-4n+1)=8n$$

which is always divisible by 8

Solution 2

Take any two consecutive odd integers, say 1 and 3

Difference between the squares

From the given choices, we can easily figure out the answer as 8

120. A number was divided successively in order by 4, 5 and 6 leaving out the remainders. The remainders were 2, 3 and 4 respectively. What is the number?

A. 224

B. 324

C. 304

D. 214

Hide Answer

1

Discuss

Notebook

answer with explanation

Answer: Option D

Explanation:

Let p

be the number

```
Suppose, p \div 4 = q, remainder = 2 q \div 5 = r, remainder = 3 r \div 6 = s, remainder = 4

Then, r = 6s + 4
q = 5r + 3 = 5(6s + 4) + 3 = 30s + 23
p = 4q + 2 = 4(30s + 23) + 2 = 120s + 94

Suppose the final quotient, s = 1. Then p = 120 \times 1 + 94 = 214
```

214 is one of the choices given and hence it is the answer.

121. What is the sum of first 20 natural numbers?

A. 220 B. 205 C. 190 D. 210

Hide Answer

| <u>Discuss</u>

Notebook

answer with explanation

Answer: Option D

Explanation:

Solution 1

$$1+2+3+\cdots+n$$

= $\sum n=n(n+1)2$

(read more)

$$=1+2+3+\cdots+20=n(n+1)2=20\times212=10\times21=210$$

Solution 2

Number of terms of an arithmetic progression

$$n=(l-a)d+1$$

where n = number of terms, a = the first term, l = last term, d = common difference

Sum of first n terms in an arithmetic progression

$$Sn=n2[2a+(n-1)d]=n2(a+l)$$

where a = the first term, d= common difference,
 $l=tn=n^{th}$ term =a+(n-1)d

(read more)

Required Sum,

$$Sn=1+2+3+...+20=n2(a+1)=202(1+20)=10\times21=210$$

122. ?-23442-12411=2469

A. 38322 B. 37212

C. 37532 D. 38122

Hide Answer

| <u>Discuss</u>

Notebook

answer with explanation

Answer: Option A

Explanation:

?=2469+12411+23442=38322

123. In dividing a number by 585, a student employed the method of short division. He divided the number successively by 5, 9 and 13 and got the remainders 4, 8, 12 respectively. What would have been the remainder if he had divided the number by 585?

A. 144 B. 292

C. 24 D. 584 **Hide Answer Discuss Notebook** answer with explanation Answer: Option D Explanation: Let p be the number Suppose, $p \div 5 = q$, remainder = 4 $q \div 9 = r$, remainder = 8 $r \div 13 = s$, remainder = 12 Hence, r=13s+12q=9r+8=9(13s+12)+8=117s+116 p=5q+4=5(117s+116)+4=585s+584 Therefore, if p is divided by 585, we will get 584 as remainder. 124. A number when divided successively by 4 and 5 leaves remainders 1 and 4 respectively. What will be the respective remainders if it is successively divided by 5 and 4? A. 1,2 B. 2, 3C. 3, 2D. 2,1 **Hide Answer Discuss** Notebook answer with explanation Answer: Option B Explanation: Let p be the number Suppose, $p \div 4 = q$, remainder = 1

 $q \div 5 = 1$, remainder = 4. (Note that we assumed the quotient as 1 for the ease of calculations.)

Hence,

 $q=1\times5+4=9$

 $p=4q+1=4\times9+1=37$

Now divide 37 successively by 5 and 4 respectively.

 $37 \div 5 = 7$, remainder = 2

7÷4=1

, remainder = 3

125. What is the sum of even numbers between 9 and 53?

A. 682

B. 672

C. 662

D. 702

Hide Answer

| <u>Discuss</u>

Notebook

answer with explanation

Answer: Option A

Explanation:

Number of terms of an arithmetic progression

$$n=(l-a)d+1$$

where n = number of terms, a = the first term, l = last term, d = common difference

Sum of first n terms in an arithmetic progression

$$Sn=n2[2a+(n-1)d]=n2(a+l)$$

where a = the first term, d= common difference,
 $l=tn=n^{th}$ term =a+(n-1)d

(read more)

Required sum =10+12+14+...+52

This is an arithmetic progression with

a=10l=52d=12-10=2

```
n=l-ad+1=52-102+1=21+1=22
```

$$Sn=n2(a+1)=222(10+52)=11\times62=682$$

126. The number 13*48 is exactly divisible by 72. Find out the minimum value of *.

A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4

Hide Answer

| <u>Discuss</u>

Notebook

answer with explanation

Answer: Option B

Explanation:

Solution 1

If a number is divisible by two co-prime numbers, then the number is divisible by their product also.

(read more)

A number is divisible by 8 if the number formed by the last three digits is divisible by 8. (<u>read more</u>)

A number is divisible by 9 if the sum of its digits is divisible by 9. (read more)

Replacing *

with x. 13x48 is exactly divisible by 72.

8×9=72 where 8 and 9 are co-prime numbers. Hence, if 13x48 is divisible by 8 and 9, it will also be divisible by 72

If 13x48 is divisible by 9, 1+3+x+4+8 is divisible by 9 => 16+x is divisible by 9 ...(1) If 13x48 is divisible by 8, x48 is divisible by 8

=> x can be 0 or 2 or 4 or 6 or 8 ...(2)

We need to find out the minimum value of x which satisfies both (1) and (2)

x=0 cannot satisfy (1).

Suppose x=2. Then,

16+x=16+2=18 which is divisible by 9.

Hence x=2

is the minimum value which satisfies both (1) and (2). Therefore it is the answer.

Solution 2

1 is the minimum value given in the choices. Substituting 1 in place of *, we get 13148. But 13148 is not divisible by 9. Therefore 13148 is not divisible by 72.

Substituting 2 in the place of *, we get 13248

13248 is divisible by 9.

13248 is divisible by 8.

9 and 8 are co-prime numbers and 13248 is divisible by both 9 and 8. Therefore, 13248 is divisible by 72 also (because 72 is the product of 9 and 8).

Therefore the minimum value of * is 2

127. Which of the following number is divisible by 3 but not by 9?

A. 5271 B. 4122 C. 3141 D. 3222

Hide Answer

| <u>Discuss</u>

Notebook

answer with explanation

Answer: Option A

Explanation:

A number is divisible by 3 if the sum of the digits is divisible by 3 (read more)

A number is divisible by 9 if the sum of its digits is divisible by 9. (read more)

Take 3222

3 + 2 + 2 + 2 = 9 which is divisible by 3 and 9.

Hence 3222 is divisible by 3 and 9

Take 3141

3 + 1 + 4 + 1 = 9 which is divisible by 3 and 9.

Hence 3141 is divisible by 3 and 9

Take 4122

4 + 1 + 2 + 2 = 9 which is divisible by 3 and 9.

Hence 4122 is divisible by 3 and 9

Take 5271

5 + 2 + 7 + 1 = 15 which is divisible by 3, but not divisible by 9.

Hence 5271 is divisible by 3, but not divisible by 9

128. When a number is divided by 13, the remainder is 6. When the same number is divided by 7, then remainder is 1. What is the number ?

A. 243 B. 253

C. 312 D. None of these

Hide Answer

| <u>Discuss</u>

Notebook

answer with explanation

Answer: Option B

Explanation:

Take 243

 $243 \div 7 = 34$, remainder = 5

Hence this is not the answer

Take 312

 $312 \div 7 = 44$, remainder = 4

Hence this is not the answer

Take 253

 $253 \div 7 = 36$, remainder = 1.

 $253 \div 13 = 19$, remainder = 6

This satisfies both the conditions given in the question. Hence it is the answer.

129. What is the sum of all two digit numbers divisible by 6?

A. 805 B. 820 C. 790 D. 810

Hide Answer

| Discuss

Notebook

answer with explanation

Answer: Option D

Explanation:

Number of terms of an arithmetic progression

$$n=(l-a)d+1$$

where n = number of terms, a = the first term, l = last term, d = common difference

Sum of first n terms in an arithmetic progression

$$Sn=n2[2a+(n-1)d]=n2(a+l)$$

where a = the first term, d= common difference,
 $l=tn=n^{th}$ term =a+(n-1)d

(read more)

Required Sum =12+18+24+...+96

This is an Arithmetic Progression with a=12l=96d=6

$$Sn=n2(a+1)=152(12+96)=15\times1082=15\times54=810$$

130. 2002×2002=?

A. 4008004 B. 4006004

C. 4002004 D. 4004004

Hide Answer

<u>Discuss</u>

Notebook

answer with explanation

Answer: Option A

Explanation:

2002×2002=4008004

or

(a+b)2=a2+2ab+b2

(read more)

```
2002×2002=20022=(2000+2)2=20002+(2×2000×2)+22=4000000+8000+4=4008004
```

131. Which natural number is completely divisible by 123 and nearest to 410081

A. 410082

B. 409959

C. 410078

D. 410071

Hide Answer

| <u>Discuss</u>

Notebook

answer with explanation

Answer: Option A

Explanation:

410081 ÷ 123 = 3333, remainder = 122

Hence required number

$$=410081 + (123 - 122)$$

= 410082

132. What is the difference between the place value and the face value of 6 in the numeral 296827?

A. None of these

B. 5999

C. 994

D. 5994

Hide Answer

| Discuss

Notebook

answer with explanation

Answer: Option D

Explanation:

Place value of 6 = 6000

Face value of 6 = 6

Difference = 6000 - 6 = 5994

133. The sum of a series, 27+36+45+...+162

is 1512

. What is the number of terms in the series?

A. 14

B. 15

C. 16

D. 17

Hide Answer

<u>Discuss</u>

Notebook

answer with explanation

Answer: Option C

Explanation:

Sum of first n terms in an arithmetic progression

$$Sn=n2[2a+(n-1)d]=n2(a+l)$$

where a = the first term, d = common difference,

$$l=tn=n^{th} term =a+(n-1)d$$

(read more)

$$Sn=27+36+45+\cdots+162=1512 \Rightarrow n2[2a+(n-1)d]=1512 \Rightarrow n2[(2\times27)+(n-1)9]=1512 \Rightarrow n2[54+9n-9]=1512 \Rightarrow n(45+9n)=3024 \Rightarrow n(5+n)=3024 \Rightarrow n(5+n)=336\cdots(1)$$

From here, you can solve it either as quadratic equation or using hit and trial method with the given choices. Both are given below.

Solution 1 (quadratic equation)

$$\begin{array}{l} n(5+n) = 336n2 + 5n - 336 = 0 \\ n = -b \pm \sqrt{b}2 - 4ac \\ 2a = -5 \pm \sqrt{5}2 - [4 \times 1 \times (-336)] \\ 2 \times 1 = -5 \pm \sqrt{25 + 1344} \\ 2 = -5 \pm \sqrt{136} \\ 92 = -5 \pm 372 \end{array}$$

=322=16 (∵ taking positive value as number of terms cannot be negative)

i.e., number of terms = 16

Solution 2 (hit and trial method)

Substitute the given choices in (1) and see which value satisfies the equation.

```
If n=15,
n(5+n)=15\times20=300
If n=16,
n(5+n)=16\times21=336
n=16
satisfies (1). Hence, number of terms = 16
134. 5+14-3+23+1-35=?
A. 18960
 B. 19960
C. 12960
 D. 16960
Hide Answer
             | Discuss
<u>Notebook</u>
answer with explanation
Answer: Option B
Explanation:
5+14-3+23+1-35=(5-3+1)+(14+23-35)=3+1\times15+2\times20-3\times1260=3+1960=180+1960=19960
135. 996ab
is divisible by 80. What is (a+b)
A. 3 B. 5
C. 6 D. 8
Hide Answer
             Discuss
Notebook
```

Explanation:

Answer: Option D

answer with explanation

If a number is divisible by another number, then it is also divisible by all the factors of that number. (read more)

A number is divisible by 8 if the number formed by the last three digits is divisible by 8. (<u>read more</u>)

A number is divisible by 9 if the sum of its digits is divisible by 9. (read more)

996ab

is divisible by 80. Since 10 and 8 are factors of 80, 996ab is divisible by 10 and 8 also.

996ab is divisible by 10. We know that a number is divisible by 10 if the last digit is 0. Hence b=0

Thus we have the number 996a0 which is divisible by 8

=> 6a0 is divisible by 8

=> a = 0 or 4 or 8

Hence, (a+b) may be (0+0) or (4+0) or (8+0)

i.e., (a+b)

may be 0 or 4 or 8.

From the given choices, 8 is the answer

136. 123-333+321-111=?

A. 320 B. 100

C. 120 D. 0

Hide Answer

Discuss

Notebook

answer with explanation

Answer: Option D

Explanation:

123-333+321-111=444-444=0

137. On multiplying a number by 3, the product is a number each of whose digits is 7. What is the smallest such number?

A. 259129

B. 259219

C. 259279

D. 259259

Hide Answer

<u>Discuss</u>

Notebook

answer with explanation

Answer: Option D

Explanation:

Let's use hit and trial method here.

Smallest number from the given choices = 259129

 $259129 \times 3 = 777387$

Next highest number from the given choices = 259219

 $259219 \times 3 = 777657$

Next highest number from the given choices = 259259

 $259259 \times 3 = 777777$

Hence 259259 is the answer.

138. On dividing a number by 357, 39 is obtained as remainder. On dividing the same number by 17, what will be the remainder?

A. 3

B. 4

C. 5

D. 6

Hide Answer

| <u>Discuss</u>

Notebook

answer with explanation

Answer: Option C

Explanation:

Solution 1

Let p

be the number.

Let $p \div 357 = a$, remainder = 39

Then

$$p=357a+39=(17\times21\times a)+34+5=(17\times21\times a)+(17\times2)+5=17(21a+2)+5$$

Hence, if the same number is divided by 17, we will get 5 as remainder.

Solution 2

To make calculation easier, let's assume the quotient as 1.

Let p is the number

Let $p \div 357 = 1$, remainder = 39

Then

p=357×1+39=396	
396÷17	
gives 5 as remainder.	
139. 4443×6664=?	
A. 22622 B. 22642 C. 24622 D. 24642 Hide Answer Discuss Notebook answer with explanation	
Answer: Option D	
Explanation:	
4443×6664=111×222=24642	
number by 5, what will be the remainder? A. 6	as remainder. If his friend divides the square of the
C. 4 Hide Answer Discuss Notebook answer with explanation	D. 3
Answer: Option C	
Explanation:	
Solution 1	
(a+b)2=a2+2ab+b2	
(read more)	
Let p be the number	
Let $p \div 5 = a$ and remainder = 3 Then $p = 5a + 3$	
p2=(5a+3)2=(5a)2+(2×5a×3)+32=25a2+30a+9	=25a2+30a+5+4=5(5a2+6a+1)+4

Solution 2

```
Suppose the quotient is 1. Then the number is 1\times5+3=8
82=64
. When 64 is divided by 5, 4 is the remainder.
141. What is the unit digit in 771
A. 4 B. 3
C. 2 D. 1
Hide Answer
                Discuss
Notebook
answer with explanation
Answer: Option B
Explanation:
771=(74)17×73
Hence, unit digit in 771
= unit digit in [(74)17 \times 73]
= unit digit in [(7\times7\times7\times7)17\times73]
= unit digit in [(9\times9)17\times73](\because 7\times7 = 49 \text{ and } 9 \text{ is the unit digit of } 49)
= unit digit in (117×73) (\because 9 \times 9 = 81 and 1 is the unit digit of 81)
= unit digit in (1\times73)(\because117=1)
= unit digit in (73)
= unit digit in (7 \times 7 \times 7)
= unit digit in (9 \times 7)(\because 7 \times 7 = 49 and 9 is the unit digit of 49)
=3
(: 9 \times 7 = 63 and 3 is the unit digit of 63)
142. What is the unit digit in the product (2344×6892×349×527×238)
?
A. 1 B. 2
C. 3 D. 4
Hide Answer
                <u>Discuss</u>
Notebook
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answer with explanation
Answer: Option B
Explanation:
unit digit of (2344×6892×349×527×238)
= unit digit of (4\times2\times9\times7\times8)
= unit digit of (8\times9\times7\times8)(:: 4\times2=8)
= unit digit of (2 \times 7 \times 8)(\because 8 \times 9 = 72 \text{ and } 2 \text{ is the unit digit of } 72)
= unit digit of (4\times8)(\because 2\times7 = 14 \text{ and } 4 \text{ is the unit digit of } 14)
=2
(: 4 \times 8 = 32 and 2 is the unit digit of 32)
143. Which is the common factor of (22121+19121)
and (22231+19231)
?
A. (22 - 19)
                     B. (22 + 19)
C. (22231+19231)
 D. (22121+19121)
Hide Answer
                | Discuss
Notebook
answer with explanation
Answer: Option B
Explanation:
(xn+an)
is completely divisible by (x+a) when n
is odd
(read more)
Hence, (22121+19121) is divisible by (22+19) because 121 is odd.
Similarly (22231+19231) is also divisible by (22+19) because 231 is odd.
Hence (22+19)
is a common factor here.
144.(232+323)2-(232-323)2232\times323 = ?
A. 4
          B. 8
```

C. 3424 D. 2344

Hide Answer

| <u>Discuss</u>

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answer with explanation

Answer: Option A

Explanation:

$$(a+b)2=a2+2ab+b2(a-b)2=a2-2ab+b2$$

(read more)

Given expression is in the form (a+b)2-(a-b)2ab

where a=232 and b=323

$$(a+b)2-(a-b)2ab=(a2+2ab+b2)-(a2-2ab+b2)ab=4abab=4$$

145. A number when divided by 44, gives 432 as quotient and 0 as remainder. What will be the remainder when dividing the same number by 31?

A. 4

B. 0

C. 5

D. 8

Hide Answer

| Discuss

Notebook

answer with explanation

Answer: Option C

Explanation:

Let p be the number

$$p \div 44 = 432$$
, remainder = 0
=> $p = 432 \times 44 + 0 = 19008$

$$p \div 31 = 19008 \div 31 = 613$$
, remainder = 5