

1. $935421 \times 625 = ?$

- A. 542622125 B. 584632125
C. 544638125 D. 584638125

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option D

Explanation:

$$935421 \times 625 = 935421 \times 54 = 935421 \times (102)4 = 935421 \times 1000016 = 584638125$$

2. Which of the following is a prime number ?

- A. 9 B. 8
C. 4 D. 2

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option D

Explanation:

2 is a prime number. A prime number is a natural number greater than 1 which has no positive divisors other than 1 and itself. Hence the prime numbers are 2,3,5,7,11,13,17,...

3. What is the largest 4 digit number exactly divisible by 88?

- A. 9944 B. 9999
C. 9988 D. 9900

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option A

Explanation:

Largest 4 digit number = 9999

$$9999 \div 88 = 113, \text{ remainder} = 55$$

Hence largest 4 digit number exactly divisible by 88
= $9999 - 55 = 9944$

4. $\{(481 + 426)^2 - 4 \times 481 \times 426\} = ?$

- A. 3025 B. 4200
C. 3060 D. 3210

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option A

Explanation:

$$(a+b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2 \quad (a-b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$$

Given statement is like $(a+b)^2 - 4ab$

where $a=481$ and $b=426$

$$(a+b)^2 - 4ab = (a^2 + 2ab + b^2) - 4ab = a^2 - 2ab + b^2 = (a-b)^2$$

Hence

$$(481+426)^2 - 4 \times 481 \times 426 = (481-426)^2 = 55^2 = 3025$$

5. $(64 - 12)^2 + 4 \times 64 \times 12 = ?$

- A. 5246 B. 4406
C. 5126 D. 5776

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option D

Explanation:

$$(a+b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2 \quad (a-b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$$

Given statement is like $(a-b)^2 + 4ab$

where $a=64$ and $b=12$

$$(a-b)^2 + 4ab = (a^2 - 2ab + b^2) + 4ab = a^2 + 2ab + b^2 = (a+b)^2$$

Hence

$$(64-12)^2 + 4 \times 64 \times 12 = (64+12)^2 = 76^2 = 5776$$

6. $121 \times 5^4 = ?$

A. 68225 B. 75625

C. 72325 D. 71225

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option B

Explanation:

$$121 \times 5^4 = 121 \times (10/2)^4 = 121 \times 10000/16 = 7.5625 \times 10000 = 75625$$

7. If $(2^{32} + 1)$ is completely divisible by a whole number, which of the following numbers is completely divisible by this number?

A. $(2^{96} + 1)$

B. (7×2^{23})

C. $(2^{16} - 1)$

D. $(2^{16} + 1)$

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option A

Explanation:

Let $2^{32} = x$

.

Then $(2^{32} + 1) = (x + 1)$

Assume that $(x + 1)$ is completely divisible by a whole number, N

$$(2^{96} + 1) = (2^{32})^3 + 1 = (x^3 + 1) = (x + 1)(x^2 - x + 1)$$

if $(x + 1)$ is completely divisible by N, $(x + 1)(x^2 - x + 1)$ will also be divisible by N

Hence $(2^{96} + 1)$

is completely divisible N

8. How many of the following numbers are divisible by 132?

264, 396, 462, 792, 968, 2178, 5184, 6336

- A. 4 B. 3
C. 6 D. 8

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option A

Explanation:

If a number is divisible by two co-prime numbers, then the number is divisible by their product also.

If a number is divisible by more than two pairwise co-prime numbers, then the number is divisible by their product also. ([read more](#))

If a number is divisible by another number, then it is also divisible by all the factors of that number. ([read more](#))

$132 = 3 \times 4 \times 11$ where 3, 4 and 11 are pairwise co-prime numbers. Also, 3, 4 and 11 are factors of 132. Hence,

(1) if a number is divisible by 3, 4 and 11, the number will be divisible by their product 132 also.

(2) If a number is not divisible by 3 or 4 or 11, it is not divisible by 132

You must learn Divisibility Rules to say whether a given number is divisible by another number without actually performing the division. Please go through [divisibility rules](#) before proceeding further.

264 is divisible by 3, 4 and 11

=> 264 is divisible by 132

396 is divisible by 3, 4 and 11

=> 396 is divisible by 132

462 is divisible by 3 and 11, but not divisible by 4

=> 462 is not divisible by 132

792 is divisible by 3, 4 and 11

=> 792 is divisible by 132

968 is divisible by 4 and 11, but not divisible by 3

=> 968 is not divisible by 132

2178 is divisible by 3 and 11, but not divisible by 4

=> 2178 is not divisible by 132

5184 is divisible by 3 and 4, but not divisible by 11

=> 5184 is not divisible by 132

6336 is divisible by 3, 4 and 11

=> 6336 is divisible by 132

Hence, only 264, 396, 792 and 6336 are divisible by 132. So the answer is 4

9. All prime numbers are odd numbers

A. True B. False

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option B

Explanation:

2 is even prime number

10. What is the unit digit in $(6324)^{1797} \times (615)^{316} \times (341)^{476}$?

A. 1 B. 2

C. 4 D. 0

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option D

Explanation:

unit digit in $(6324)^{1797}$

= unit digit in $(4)^{1797}$

= unit digit in $[(4^2)^{898} \times 4]$

= unit digit in $[16^{898} \times 4]$

= unit digit in (6×4)

= 4

unit digit in $(615)^{316}$

= unit digit in $(5)^{316}$

= 5

unit digit in $(341)^{476}$
= unit digit in $(1)^{476}$
= 1

Hence, unit digit in $(6324)^{1797} \times (625)^{316} \times (341)^{476}$
= unit digit in $[4 \times 5 \times 1]$
= 0

11. $5216 \times 51 = ?$

- A. 266016 B. 212016
C. 266436 D. 216314

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option A

Explanation:

Normal way of multiplication may take time. Here is one alternative.

$$5216 \times 51 = (5216 \times 50) + 5216 = (5216 \times 1002) + 5216 = 5216002 + 5216 = 2608000 + 5216 = 266016$$

12. Which of the following number is divisible by 24 ?

- A. 31214 B. 61212
C. 512216 D. 3125832

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option D

Explanation:

If a number is divisible by two co-prime numbers, then the number is divisible by their product also.

If a number is divisible by more than two pairwise co-prime numbers, then the number is divisible by their product also. ([read more](#))

If a number is divisible by another number, then it is also divisible by all the factors of that number. ([read more](#))

$24 = 3 \times 8$ where 3 and 8 are co-prime numbers. 3 and 8 are also factors of 24. Hence,

(1) If a number is divisible by 3 and 8, the number will be divisible by their product 24 also.

(2) If a number is not divisible by 3 or 8, it is not divisible by 24

You must learn Divisibility Rules to say whether a given number is divisible by another number without actually performing the division. Please go through [divisibility rules](#) before proceeding further.

31214 is not divisible by 3 and 8

=> 31214 is not divisible 24

61212 is not divisible by 8 though it is divisible by 3

=> 61212 is not divisible 24

512216 is not divisible by 3 though it is divisible by 8

=> 512216 is not divisible 24

3125832 is divisible by 3 and 8

=> 3125832 is divisible 24

13. $719 \times 719 + 347 \times 347 - 719 \times 347$ $719 \times 719 + 347 \times 347 = ?$

A. 1372

B. 25133

C. 11066

D. 56

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option C

Explanation:

The given statement is in the form $a^2 + b^2 - ab$ $a^3 + b^3$

where $a = 719$ and $b = 347$

[\(Reference: Basic Algebraic Formulas\)](#)

$a^2 + b^2 - ab$ $a^3 + b^3 = (a^2 + b^2 - ab)(a + b)(a^2 - ab + b^2) = 1a + b = 1719 + 347 = 11066$

14. If the number $481*673$ is completely divisible by 9, what is the the smallest whole number in place of *?

A. 3

B. 7

C. 5

D. 9

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option B

Explanation:

Let x

be the smallest whole number in place of *

481x673 is completely divisible by 9

=> (4+8+1+x+6+7+3) is divisible by 9 ([Reference: Divisibility by 9](#))

=> (29+x) is divisible by 9

x should be the smallest whole number.

Hence, (29+x)=36

=>x=36-29=7

15. If n is a natural number, then ($6n^2 + 6n$) is always divisible by:

A. Both 6 and 12

B. 6 only

C. 12 only

D. None of these

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option A

Explanation:

$$6n^2 + 6n = 6n(n + 1)$$

$n(n + 1)$ is always even when n is a natural number

Hence $6n^2 + 6n$ is always divisible by 6 and 12

16. $109 \times 109 + 91 \times 91 = ?$

A. 20162 B. 18322

C. 13032 D. 18662

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option A

Explanation:

$$(a+b)^2+(a-b)^2=2(a^2+b^2)$$

[\(Reference: Basic Algebraic Formulas\)](#)

$$109^2+91^2=(100+9)^2+(100-9)^2=2(100^2+9^2)=2(10000+81)=20162$$

17. When $(67^{67} + 67)$ is divided by 68, the remainder is

- A. 0 B. 22
C. 33 D. 66

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option D

Explanation:

$$(x^{n+1})$$

is divisible by $(x+1)$ when n

is odd.

$$\Rightarrow (67^{67} + 1) \text{ is divisible by } (67 + 1)$$

$$\Rightarrow (67^{67} + 1) \text{ is divisible by } 68$$

$$\Rightarrow (67^{67} + 1) \div 68 \text{ gives a remainder of } 0$$

$$\Rightarrow [(67^{67} + 1) + 66] \div 68 \text{ gives a remainder of } 66$$

$$\Rightarrow (67^{67} + 67) \div 68 \text{ gives a remainder of } 66$$

18. $(912+643)^2+(912-643)^2(912 \times 912+643 \times 643)=?$

- A. 122 B. 2
C. 1 D. None of these

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option B

Explanation:

$$(a+b)^2+(a-b)^2=2(a^2+b^2)$$

[\(Reference: Basic Algebraic Formulas\)](#)

$$(912+643)^2+(912-643)^2(912 \times 912+643 \times 643) = (912+643)^2+(912-643)^2(912^2+643^2) = 2(912^2+643^2)(912^2+643^2) = 2$$

19. What is the smallest prime number?

- A. 0 B. 1
C. 2 D. 3

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option C

Explanation:

smallest prime number is 2.

0 and 1 are neither prime numbers nor composite numbers.

20. $(23341379 \times 72) = ?$

- A. 1680579288 B. 1223441288
C. 2142579288 D. 2142339288

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option A

Explanation:

$$\begin{aligned} & 23341379 \times 72 \\ &= 23341379(70 + 2) \\ &= (23341379 \times 70) + (23341379 \times 2) \\ &= 1633896530 + 46682758 \\ &= 1680579288 \end{aligned}$$

21. If the number $5*2$ is divisible by 6, then $*$ = ?

- A. 2 B. 7
C. 3 D. 6

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option A

Explanation:

A number is divisible by 6 if it is divisible by both 2 and 3 ([read more](#))

Replacing $*$ by x

$5x2$ is divisible by 2 ([Reference: Divisibility by 2 rule](#))

For $5x2$ to be divisible by 3, $5+x+2$ shall be divisible by 3 ([Reference: Divisibility by 3 rule](#))

$\Rightarrow 7+x$ shall be divisible by 3

$\Rightarrow x$

can be 2 or 5 or 8

From the given choices, answer = 2

22. $(1-1n)+(1-2n)+(1-3n)+\dots$

(up to n terms) = ?

- A. $(n-1)$
B. n^2
C. $12(n-1)$
D. $12(n+1)$

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option C

Explanation:

$1+1+1+\dots$ n terms

$=\sum 1=n$

$1+2+3+\dots+n=\sum n = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$

(reference)

$$(1-1n)+(1-2n)+(1-3n)+\dots$$

(up to n terms)

$$=(1+1+1+ \dots \text{ up to } n \text{ terms}) - (1n+2n+3n+\dots \text{ up to } n \text{ terms})$$

$$= n - 1n(1+2+3+ \dots \text{up to } n \text{ terms}) = n - 1n\left[\frac{n(n+1)}{2}\right] = n - \frac{(n+1)^2}{2} = \frac{(2n - n - 1)^2}{2} = n - 12$$

23. What least number should be added to 1056, so that the sum is completely divisible by 23?

- A. 4
C. 2
- B. 3
D. 1

[Hide Answer](#)

Discuss

Notebook

answer with explanation

Answer: Option C

Explanation:

$$1056 \div 23 = 45 \text{ with remainder } = 21$$

$$21 + 2 = 23.$$

Hence 2 should be added to 1056 so that the sum will be divisible by 23

24. $1398 \times 1398 = ?$

- A. 1624404 B. 1851404
C. 1951404 D. 1954404

[Hide Answer](#)

Discuss

Notebook

answer with explanation

Answer: Option D

Explanation:

$$1398 \times 1398 = (1398)^2 = (1400 - 2)^2 = 1400^2 - (2 \times 1400 \times 2) + 2^2 = 1960000 - 5600 + 4 = 1954404$$

Note : It is recommended to go through [speed maths techniques](#) based on Vedic Mathematics and Trachtenberg System of Mathematics so that you can do these calculations even faster.

25. On dividing a number by 56, we get 29 as remainder. On dividing the same number by 8, what will be the remainder ?

- | | |
|------|------|
| A. 2 | B. 3 |
| C. 4 | D. 5 |

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option D

Explanation:

Solution 1

Number

$$=56x+29$$

(\because since the number gives 29 as remainder on dividing by 56)

$$=(7\times 8\times x)+(3\times 8)+5$$

Hence, if the number is divided by 8, we will get 5 as remainder.

Solution 2

Number

$$=56x+29$$

Let $x=1$.

$$\text{Then number} = 56\times 1 + 29 = 85$$

$$85\div 8=10$$

, remainder = 5

26. ? + 3699 + 1985 - 2047 = 31111

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| A. 21274 | B. 27474 |
| C. 21224 | D. 27224 |

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Notebook

answer with explanation

Answer: Option C

Explanation:

$100 \div 6 = 16$, remainder = 4. Hence 2 needs to be added to 100 to get the lowest 3 digit number divisible by 6.

Therefore, lowest 3 digit number divisible by 6
 $= 100 + 2 = 102$

$999 \div 6 = 166$, remainder = 3. Hence 3 needs to be subtracted from 999 to get the highest 3 digit number divisible by 6.

Therefore, highest 3 digit number divisible by 6
 $= 999 - 3 = 996$

Hence, 3 digit numbers divisible by 6 are 102, 108, 114,... 996

This is an [arithmetic Progression](#) with $a=102, d=6, l=996$

Number of terms

$$= (l - a) / d + 1 = (996 - 102) / 6 + 1 = 894 / 6 + 1 = 149 + 1 = 150$$

29. How many natural numbers are there between 43 and 200 which are exactly divisible by 6?

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| A. 28 | B. 26 |
| C. 24 | D. 22 |

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option B

Explanation:

$43 \div 6 = 7$, remainder = 1. Hence 5 should be added to 43 to get the lowest number divisible by 6 between 43 and 200.

Therefore, lowest number divisible by 6 between 43 and 200
 $= 43 + 5 = 48$

$200 \div 6 = 33$, remainder = 2. Hence 2 should be subtracted from 200 to get the highest number

divisible by 6 between 43 and 200.

Therefore, highest number divisible by 6, between 43 and 200
 $= 200 - 2 = 198$

Hence, [natural numbers](#) numbers divisible by 6 between 43 and 200 are 48, 54, 60,...198

This is [Arithmetic Progression](#) with $a=48, d=6, l=198$

Number of terms

$$= (l - a) / d + 1 = (198 - 48) / 6 + 1 = 150 / 6 + 1 = 25 + 1 = 26$$

30. What is the smallest 6 digit number exactly divisible by 111?

- A. 100010 B. 100011
C. 100012 D. 100013

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option B

Explanation:

Smallest 6 digit number = 100000

$100000 \div 111 = 900$, remainder = 100. Hence 11 should be added to 100000 to get the smallest 6 digit number exactly divisible by 111

Therefore, smallest 6 digit number exactly divisible by 111
 $= 100000 + 11 = 100011$

31. If x

and y are positive integers such that $(3x+7y)$

is a multiple of 11, then which of the followings are divisible by 11?

- A. $9x+4y$
B. $x+y+4$
C. $4x-9y$
D. $4x+6y$

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option C

Explanation:

By hit and trial method, we get $x=5$

and $y=1$ such that $3x+7y=15+7=22$ is a multiple of 11.

$$(4x+6y)=(4\times 5+6\times 1)=26$$

\Rightarrow not divisible by 11

$$(x+y+4)=(5+1+4)=10$$

\Rightarrow not divisible by 11

$$(9x+4y)=(9\times 5+4\times 1)=49$$

\Rightarrow not divisible by 11

$$(4x-9y)=(4\times 5-9\times 1)=20-9=11$$

\Rightarrow divisible by 11

32. If $642-362=10x$
, then $x=?$

A. 200 B. 220

C. 210 D. 280

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option D

Explanation:

$$a^2-b^2=(a-b)(a+b)$$

$$642-362=(64-36)(64+36)=28\times 100$$

Given that $642-362=10x$

$$\Rightarrow 28\times 100=10x \Rightarrow x=280$$

33. $852\times 852\times 852-212\times 212\times 212$
 $852\times 852+852\times 212+212\times 212=?$

- A. 640 B. 620
C. 740 D. None of these

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option A

Explanation:

$$a^3 - b^3 = (a - b)(a^2 + ab + b^2)$$

Given Equation is in the form $a^3 - b^3$ $a^2 + ab + b^2$

where $a = 852$ and $b = 212$

$$a^3 - b^3 = (a - b)(a^2 + ab + b^2)$$

$$\text{Hence answer} = (a - b) = (852 - 212) = 640$$

34. $2664 \div 12 \div 6 = ?$

- A. 43 B. 41
C. 37 D. 33

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option C

Explanation:

$$2664 \div 12 = 222$$

$$222 \div 6 = 37$$

or

$$2664 \div 12 \div 6 = 2664 \times \frac{1}{12} \times \frac{1}{6} = 37$$

35. $(422 + 404)^2 - (4 \times 422 \times 404) = ?$

- A. None of these B. 342
C. 324 D. 312

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option C

Explanation:

$$(a+b)^2 - 4ab = (a^2 + 2ab + b^2) - 4ab = (a^2 - 2ab + b^2) = (a-b)^2$$

Given Equation is in the form $(a+b)^2 - 4ab$

where $a=422$ and $b=404$

Hence answer

$$= (a+b)^2 - 4ab = (a-b)^2 = (422-404)^2 = 18^2 = 324$$

36. Which one of the following can't be the square of a natural number?

A. 128242

B. 128881

C. 130321

D. 131044

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option A

Explanation:

Square of a natural number cannot end with 2.

Hence 128242 cannot be the square of a natural number

37. $(32323 + 7344 + 41330) - (317 \times 91) = ?$

A. 54210

B. 54250

C. 52150

D. None of these

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option C

Explanation:

It's speed and accuracy which decides the winner. You can use various methods including Vedic mathematics to do calculations quickly.

$$(32323+7344+41330)-(317\times 91)=80997-28847=52150$$

38. $(x^n - a^n)$

is completely divisible by $(x-a)$

, if

A. n

is an even natural number B. n

is an odd natural number

C. n

is any natural number D. n

is prime

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option C

Explanation:

$(x^n - a^n)$

is completely divisible by $(x-a)$ for every natural number n

39. The number $97215*6$ is completely divisible by 11. What is the smallest whole number in place of $*$?

A. 4

B. 2

C. 1

D. 3

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option D

Explanation:

from "[Divisibility rule for 11](#)".

if $97215*6$ is divisible by 11, then $(9+2+5+6)-(7+1+*)$

is divisible by 11

$\Rightarrow 22-(8+*)$ is divisible by 11

$\Rightarrow (14-*)$

is divisible by 11

The smallest whole number which can be substituted in the place of * to satisfy the above equation is 3 such that $14 - 3 = 11$ and 11 is divisible by 11.

Hence the answer is 3

40. $(12+22+32+\dots+102)=?$

A. 395 B. 375

C. 55 D. 385

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option D

Explanation:

$$12+22+32+\dots+n^2$$

$$=\sum n^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$

[\(Reference: Power Series\)](#)

$$12+22+32+\dots+102 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} = \frac{10(10+1)(2 \times 10 + 1)}{6} = \frac{10 \times 11 \times 21}{6} = 10 \times 11 \times 7 = 385$$

41. If the product $4864 \times 9a2$ is divisible by 12, then what is the value of a?

A. 1

B. 2

C. 5

D. 6

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option A

Explanation:

A number is divisible by 12 if the number is divisible by both 3 and 4.

A number is divisible by 3 if the sum of the digits is always divisible by 3.

A number is divisible by 4 if the number formed by the last two digits is divisible by 4.

[\(read more\)](#)

$4864 \times 9a2$ is divisible by 12

$\Rightarrow 4864 \times 9a2$ is divisible by 3
and $4864 \times 9a2$ is divisible by 4

4864 is divisible by 4 because number formed by the last two digits is 64 which is divisible by 4.
Hence $4864 \times 9a2$ will also be divisible by 4

4864 is not divisible by 3 (because $4 + 8 + 6 + 4 = 22$ which is not divisible by 3). Hence $9a2$ must be divisible by 3 because $4864 \times 9a2$ is divisible by 3

$\Rightarrow 9 + a + 2$ is divisible by 3

$\Rightarrow 11 + a$ is divisible by 3

Hence a can be 1 or 4 or 7 such that $11 + a$ is divisible by 3

So, from the given choices, 1 is the answer.

42. $-88 \times 39 + 312 = ?$

A. -3120 B. -3200

C. 3120 D. 3200

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option A

Explanation:

Again a question on basic arithmetic. Many algebraic formulas and Vedic Maths methods can help you to solve such questions quickly.

$$-88 \times 39 + 312 = -3432 + 312 = -3120$$

or

Since 88 can be written as 11×8 ,

$$-88 \times 39 + 312 = -11 \times 8 \times 39 + 312$$

$$= -11 \times 312 + 312 \quad (\text{Reference: Multiplication by 11 using Speed Mathematics})$$

$$= -3432 + 312 = -3120$$

or

$$-88 \times 39 + 312 = -88 \times (40 - 1) + 312 = -88 \times 40 + 88 + 312 = -3520 + 88 + 312 = -3120$$

43. $378 \times ? = 252$

A. 23

B. 34

C. 12

D. None of these

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option A

Explanation:

$$378 \times x = 252 \quad x = \frac{252}{378} = \frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{1.5} = \frac{1}{1 \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{2}{3}$$

44. What least number should be subtracted from 13601 such that the remainder is divisible by 87 ?

A. 27

B. 28

C. 29

D. 30

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option C

Explanation:

$$13601 \div 87 = 156, \text{ remainder} = 29$$

Hence 29 is the least number which can be subtracted from 13601 such that the remainder is divisible by 87

45. Which one of the given numbers is completely divisible by 45?

A. None of these

B. 165642

C. 202860

D. 112330

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option C

Explanation:

If a number is divisible by two co-prime numbers, then the number is divisible by their product also.

If a number is divisible by more than two pairwise co-prime numbers, then the number is divisible by their product also. ([read more](#))

If a number is divisible by another number, then it is also divisible by all the factors of that number. ([read more](#))

We know that $45 = 9 \times 5$ where 9 and 5 are co-prime numbers. Also, 9 and 5 are factors of 45. Hence,

- (1) If a number is divisible by 5 and 9, the number will be divisible by their product 45 also.
- (2) If a number is not divisible by 5 or 9, it is not divisible by 45

You must learn Divisibility Rules to say whether a given number is divisible by another number without actually performing the division. Please go through [divisibility rules](#) before proceeding further.

112330 is divisible by 5 but not divisible by 9
=> 112330 is not divisible by 45

202860 is divisible by 5 and 9
=> 202860 is divisible by 45

165642 is not divisible by 5 and 9
=> 165642 is not divisible by 45

Hence, 202860 is the answer

46. What is the remainder when 17^{200} is divided by 18?

- A. 3
- B. 2
- C. 1
- D. 4

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option C

Explanation:

$$(x^n - a^n)$$

is completely divisible by $(x+a)$ when n is even. ([read more...](#))

$$17200 - 1200$$

is completely divisible by $(17+1)$ as 200 is even.

$\Rightarrow (17200 - 1)$ is completely divisible by 18.

Hence, when 17200

is divided by 18, we will get 1 as remainder.

$$47. 12 + 22 + 32 + \dots + 82 = ?$$

A. 204 B. 200

C. 182 D. 214

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option A

Explanation:

$$12 + 22 + 32 + \dots + n^2$$

$$= \sum n^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$

([Reference: Power Series](#))

$$12 + 22 + 32 + \dots + 82 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} = \frac{8(8+1)[(2 \times 8) + 1]}{6} = \frac{8 \times 9 \times 17}{6} = 4 \times 9 \times \frac{17}{3} = 4 \times 3 \times 17 = 204$$

$$48. 1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + 12 = ?$$

A. 66 B. 68

C. 76 D. 78

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option D

Explanation:

$$1+2+3+\dots+n=\sum n$$

$$=n(n+1)/2$$

[\(Reference: Power Series\)](#)

$$1+2+3+\dots+12=n(n+1)/2=12(12+1)/2=12\times13/2=6\times13=78$$

49. $1^3+2^3+3^3+\dots+6^3=?$

A. 451 B. 441

C. 421 D. 401

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option B

Explanation:

$$1^3+2^3+3^3+\dots+n^3=\sum n^3$$

$$=n^2(n+1)^2/4=[n(n+1)/2]^2$$

[\(Reference: Power Series\)](#)

$$1^3+2^3+3^3+\dots+6^3=[n(n+1)/2]^2=(6\times7/2)^2=(3\times7)^2=21^2=441$$

50. Which one of the following is a prime number ?

A. 307

B. 437

C. 247

D. 203

[Hide Answer](#)

| [Discuss](#)

[Notebook](#)

answer with explanation

Answer: Option A

Explanation:

$$\sqrt{307}<18$$

Prime numbers < 18 are 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17

307 is not divisible by 2
307 is not divisible by 3
307 is not divisible by 5
307 is not divisible by 7
307 is not divisible by 11
307 is not divisible by 13
307 is not divisible by 17
Hence 307 is a prime number

$$\sqrt{437} < 21$$

Prime numbers < 21 are 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19

437 is not divisible by 2
437 is not divisible by 3
437 is not divisible by 5
437 is not divisible by 7
437 is not divisible by 11
437 is not divisible by 13
437 is not divisible by 17
But 437 is divisible by 19.
Therefore 437 is not a prime number

$$\sqrt{247} < 16$$

Prime numbers < 16 are 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13

247 is not divisible by 2
247 is not divisible by 3
247 is not divisible by 5
247 is not divisible by 7
247 is not divisible by 11
But 247 is divisible by 13.
Therefore 247 is not a prime number

$$\sqrt{203} < 15$$

Prime numbers < 15 are 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13

203 is not divisible by 2
203 is not divisible by 3
203 is not divisible by 5
But 203 is divisible by 7.
Therefore 203 is not a prime number