Assignment 7
Question 1
Tea Party Rabbit Hole two cats: Yes/No
D vans Case of a
1. Cost one always tells the truth -> Tautology
Cat two observed always tells a love -> Contradiction
· if cat one asked first it tells "yes" as it tells the truth · if cat two is asked it tells "yes" as it always lies
2. "If I ask the other cat whether he is the liar, what will be his answer?"
if cat one asked (which always tells the truth)
"I am not a light" as cat two always lies and respon
if / cost two is asked (which always tells the lie)
Ly "I am a liax" as cat one never lies

both the cats would predict what their twin brother would say accorately and given opposite results

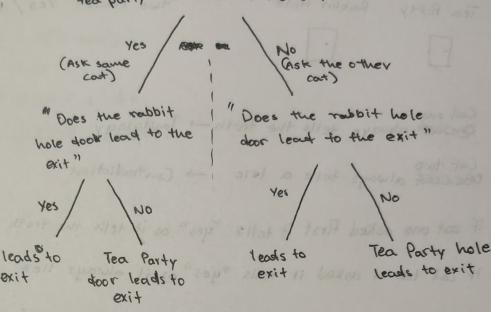
2. Truth cat:

- · Will sonswer = "Yes" because it knows it's twin brother always lies
- . Thus the truth cat knows this and answers "no" as it knows its twin will say "yes"

Lying cat:

- · Will answer "no" because it knows it's twin brother always tells the truth
- Thus the leying cat knows this and answers "ves" as it knows its twen will say "no"

"IF I ask the other cat whether the tea party door leads to the exit



Question 2

data BinTree a = EmptyTree | Node o (BinTree a) (BinTree a)

deriving (Show)

insert Tree :: (Ord a) => a -> BinTree a -> BinTree a
insert Tree x Empty Tree = Node x (Empty Tree) (Empty Tree)
insert Tree x (Node y left right)

[x == y = Node x left right
[x => y = Node x (Insert Tree x left) right
[x >> y = Node x (Insert Tree x left) right
[x >> y = Node x (Insert Tree x left) (insert Tree x right)

Continuation in next page:

find BST: $(ord a) \Rightarrow a \rightarrow BinTree a \rightarrow Bool$ find BST \times Empty Tree = False

find BST \times (Node y left right) |X == Y = True $|X < y = find BST \times left$ $|X > Y = find BST \times right$