

jenkins class-03

so in this class free style jobs what are left we will go through here

in jenkins we can install through the file i.e when the file excute it will install like shell scipt but .sh is compulsary

harish.sh

sudo wget -O /etc/yum.repos.d/jenkins.repo <https://pkg.jenkins.io/redhatstable/jenkins.repo>

sudo rpm --import <https://pkg.jenkins.io/redhat-stable/jenkins.io-2023.key>

amazon-linux-extras install java-openjdk11 -y

systemctl start jenkins

systemctl status jenkins

after that excutable permission

if excute the script it will download jenkins

General

Enabled



Description

Plain text [Preview](#)

- ☐ Discard old builds ?
- ☐ Do not Scan failed builds ?
- ☐ GitHub project
- ☐ This project is parameterized ?
- ☐ Throttle builds ?
- ☐ Prepare an environment for the run ?
- ☐ Execute concurrent builds if necessary ?
- ☐ Restrict where this project can be run ?

**we will discuss above points today with clearly

1. Description means the job description at what and why

2. Discard Builds: means build numbers are more then 1000 let say like per day 20 job build like week 120 build like that month keeep going we have more build for that

so for that what i want is last 7 days latest 40 jobs build i need console so thini kosam nenu configure chesukuntam and one more is let say 50 builds are done but

** but iam storing here 40 only and remaing 10 builds will not deleted it will discard it will store in server but in jenkins dashboard it is hide so if we want we can take in jenkins , it store in jenkins default path /var/lib/jenkins so this sutuation

using discard build

OW-mvp-BX-FE > Configuration

Plain text [Preview](#)

☒ Discard old builds ?

Strategy

Log Rotation

Days to keep builds

if not empty, build records are only kept up to this number of days

9

Max # of builds to keep

if not empty, only up to this number of build records are kept

30

Advanced ▾

GITHUB URL

our related project url we will give here if we give or give not also it will work because source code we will give so this only for description purpose

PARAMETERIZED PROJECT

☒ This project is parameterized ?

Add Parameter ^

Filter

Boolean Parameter

Choice Parameter

Credentials Parameter

File Parameter

☒ Label

Multi-line String Parameter

Node

Password Parameter

Run Parameter

String Parameter

Boolean Parameter: is used for true or false condition we use 0/1 active/activenot male/feamle created/deleted when we have two option we use Boolean so how to configure will see

select Boolean Parameter-->Name Jenkins-->Description(this is boolean paramter)-

->save

☒ This project is parameterized ?

Boolean Parameter ?

Name ?

Jenkins

☒ Set by Default ?

Description ?

This is Boolean Parameter

Plain text [Preview](#)

Add Parameter ▾

tick means: true

unticket means: false

choice parameter:

**when we have multiple option we use choice paramter

restarent: biryani,starter,dessert,shakes,harddrinks,

Choice Parameter ?

Name ?

Menu

Choices ?

Biryani
starter
Desserts
cool Drinks
Shakes

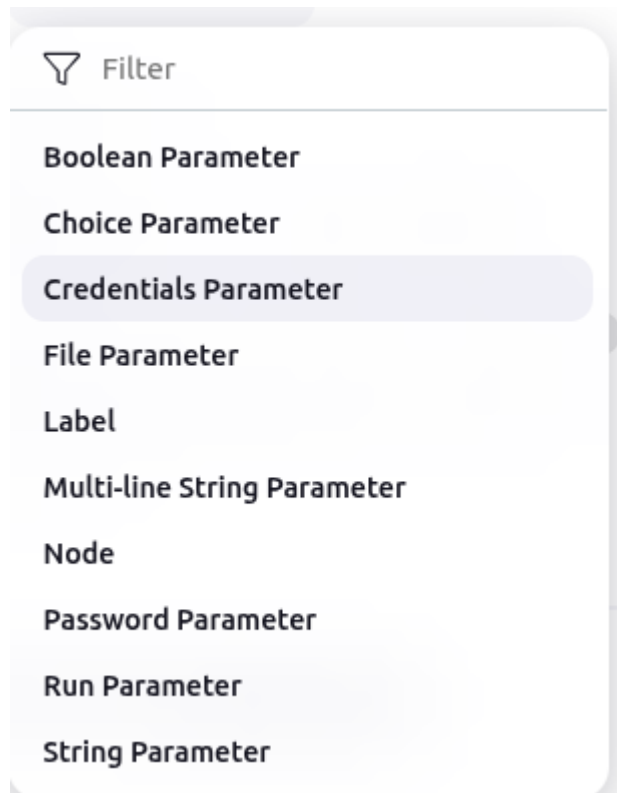
Description ?

**

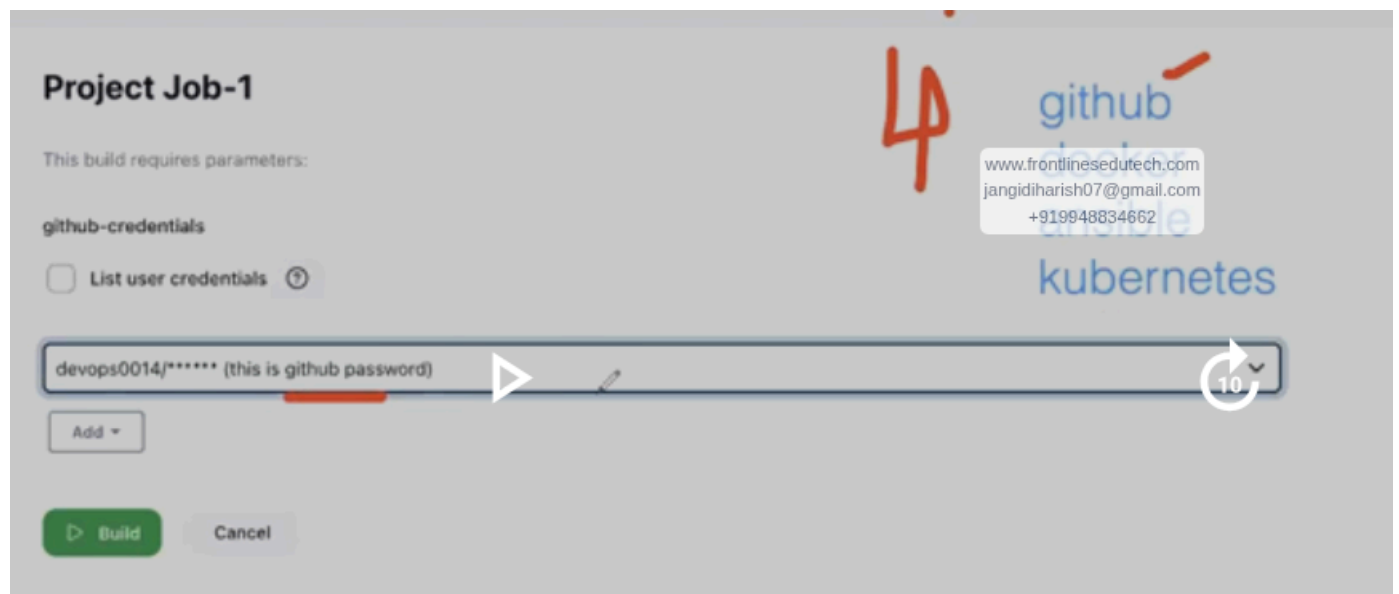
so why we have to use means generally be deafult we use master when select github project so after time manager asking dev branch so agin i need to configure so instead of that we can use choice paramter so it is manual and time waste so for the automatic i use chooice parameter so if manger ask i donot go configure mode just build with paramter

credentials Paramter

in earlier when i build the project suppose private repo we use github credentials so here we can add directly through paramter also



Name is Any thing letsay: github credentials and type is username with password in the default value we hae to add jenkins --> add jenkins -->where as username give has github/bitbucker username where as password enter token of the repo where we can get settings



whichever we want we can use if we are using now docker we can select docker credentilas and as well github as well bitbucket like that we can select whichever we want while first time configure setup done

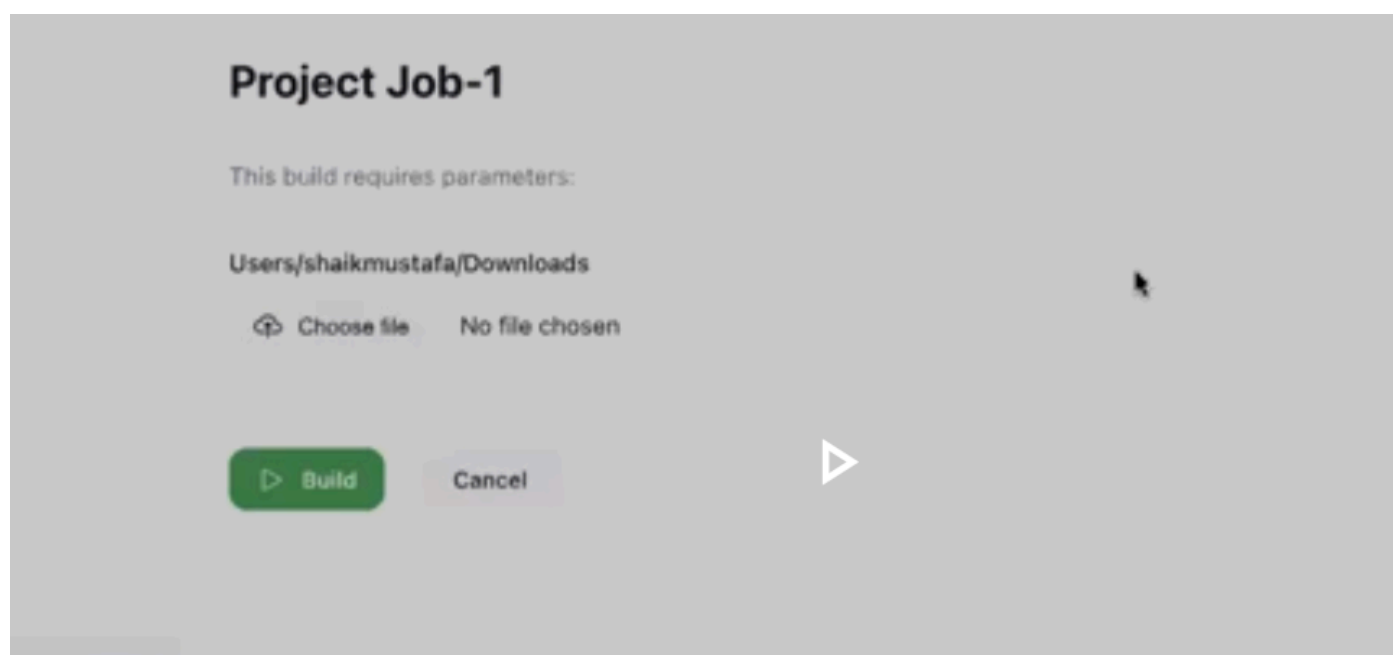
FILE PARAMETER

suppose in your local have a file then how to bring that file local to ci server at the time we can use file parameter



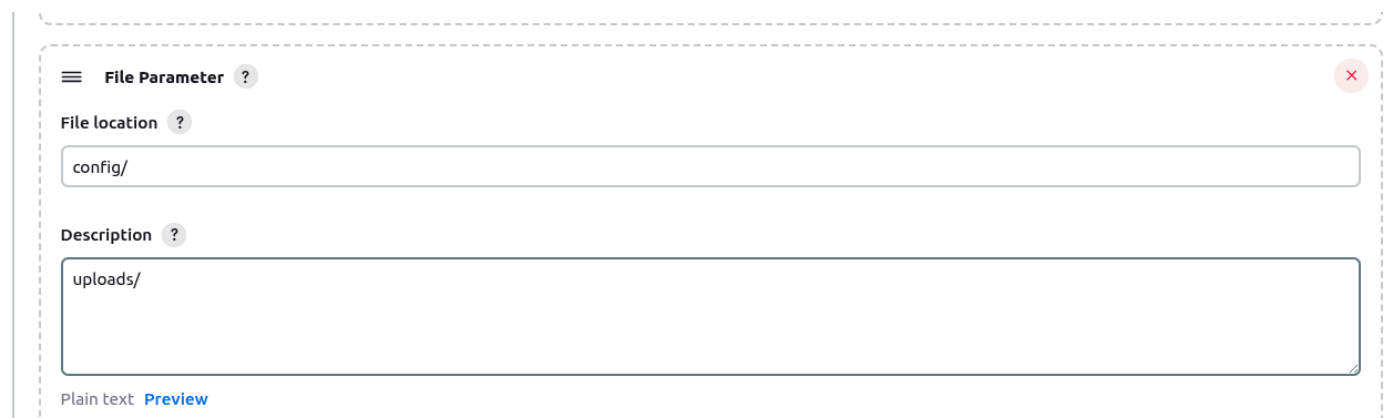
The screenshot shows a 'File Parameter' dialog box. It has a title bar with a hamburger menu icon, the text 'File Parameter', and a question mark icon. Below the title bar, there is a 'File location' label with a question mark icon, followed by a text input field containing the path 'Users/shaikhmustafa/Downloads'. Below this is a 'Description' label with a question mark icon, followed by a large text area. At the bottom left, there is a 'Plain text' label and a 'Preview' link. At the bottom right, there is a circular refresh icon with the number '10' inside. A 'Play' button is visible in the background.

just give the file path while build it will show the upload file then it will go this location and we did not select the file



The screenshot shows the 'Project Job-1' build interface. It has a title 'Project Job-1' and a subtitle 'This build requires parameters:'. Below this, there is a text input field containing the path 'Users/shaikhmustafa/Downloads'. Below the input field, there is a 'Choose file' button with a folder icon and a 'No file chosen' label. At the bottom, there is a green 'Build' button with a play icon and a 'Cancel' button. A 'Play' button is visible in the background.

you have to choose the file path



The screenshot shows a 'File Parameter' dialog box. It has a title bar with a hamburger menu icon, the text 'File Parameter', and a question mark icon. Below the title bar, there is a 'File location' label with a question mark icon, followed by a text input field containing the path 'config/'. Below this is a 'Description' label with a question mark icon, followed by a large text area containing the path 'uploads/'. At the bottom left, there is a 'Plain text' label and a 'Preview' link. A 'Play' button is visible in the background.

Project test_JOB2

This build requires parameters:

☒ Jenkins

This is Boolean Parameter

Menu

main

config/

uploads/



Choose File

nginx-us-redirects.conf



Build

Cancel

Now next we have

String Parameter

while build if we want to pass any information we can use for this

If we want perform any action from the jenkins we use excute sheel
touch harish

it will create workspace inside job

ex2: touch satya --> save build-->satya file created

evrytime iam going to cofigure so for that if we use string parameter if we enable

example select string parameter

name : file

default value nothing

The screenshot shows the Jenkins 'String Parameter' configuration page. At the top, there is a checkbox labeled 'This project is parameterised' which is checked. Below this, the 'String Parameter' configuration box is visible. It has a title bar with a hamburger menu icon, the text 'String Parameter', and a help icon. Inside the box, there are three main sections: 'Name' with a text input field containing 'file', 'Default Value' with a text input field and a play button icon, and 'Description' with a large text area. Below these sections, there is a 'Plain text' label and a 'Preview' link. At the bottom of the configuration box, there is a checkbox labeled 'Trim the string'. Below the configuration box, there is an 'Add Parameter' button with a dropdown arrow.

go to excute sheel inside command we have to use
touch \$file
variable we taken we declare as \$ and note file name and excute shell command same we have to give

≡ Execute shell ?

Command

See [the list of available environment variables](#)

```
touch $file
```

▶ ↺

Advanced ▾

save and build with parameter
automatically rahul file will create so here everytime we donot need to create a file
ex2: sometimes file and folders needs to create

i select choice parameter as well as previous config
name : one
choices: mkdir ,touch

≡ Choice Parameter ?

Name ?

one

Choices ?

mkdir
touch

Requires Choices.

Description ?

Plain text [Preview](#)

Add Parameter ▾

☐ Throttle builds ?

ww
jan

Execute shell ?

Command

See [the list of available environment variables](#)

\$one \$file

Advanced ▾

Add build step ▾

Post-build Actions

Add post-build action ▾

save and build

two parameters

1. filename —> string

2. file or ~~file~~ —> choice

folder

mkdir yoga

mkdir —> choice

yoga —> string

choice —> touch

string —> filename

Project Job-1

This build requires parameters:

file

one

▶

10

▶ Build Cancel

now while build it ask choice i.e name we given one and we can select which ever we choice i.e touch/file

now i select one name: i select touch and file name giving anil

Multiline String Parameter

Name: file

Default value nothing

Multi-line String Parameter

Name ?

Default Value ?

Description ?

Plain text [Preview](#)

Add Parameter

Now build with parameter



Project Job-1

This build requires parameters:

one

touch

file

haritha
renuka
venkatasatish

Build Cancel

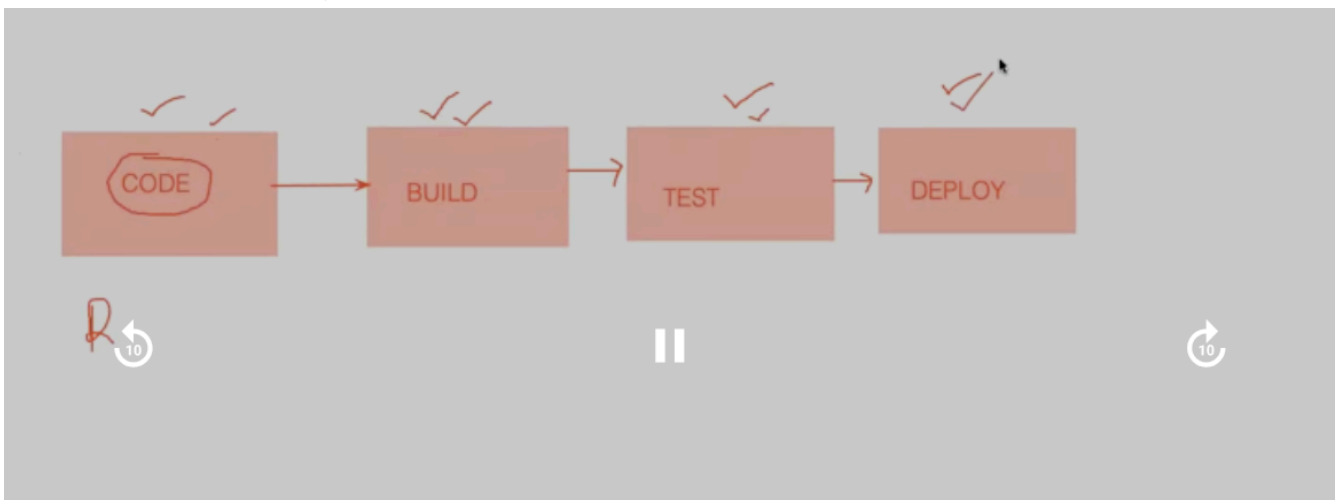
now if we build it will create multiple files
single file we can select string parameter

Now we have to come section Build Triggers:

Build Triggers

1. Trigger build remotely (this will explain later)

2. Build after other project build means : pipeline stages -> getting the code from developers (version)
Code + build + Test + Deploy
If build success then only it will test



Take 4 jobs

job1 -> getting code

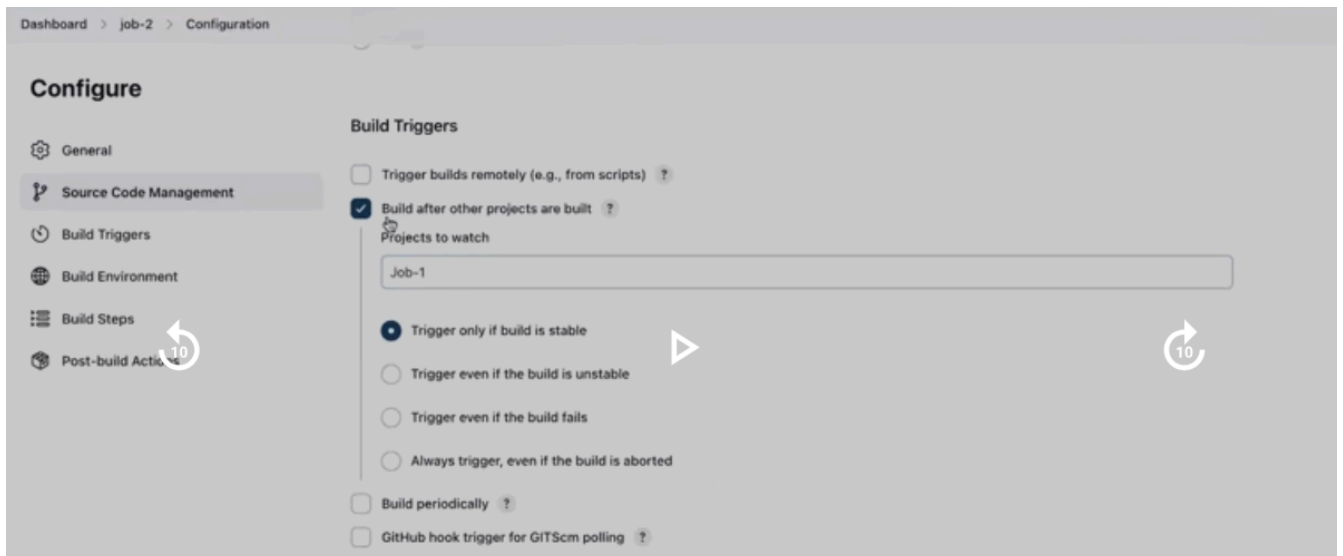
job2 -> build

job3 -> test

job4 -> deploy

3. means if code comes then only build happens if build happens then only test next deploy
select other projects build
go to job2 here go to build triggers (select build after other projects built) here select job1 which job

completed next to triggers job2 now save job1 linked to job2 similar like job2 and job4

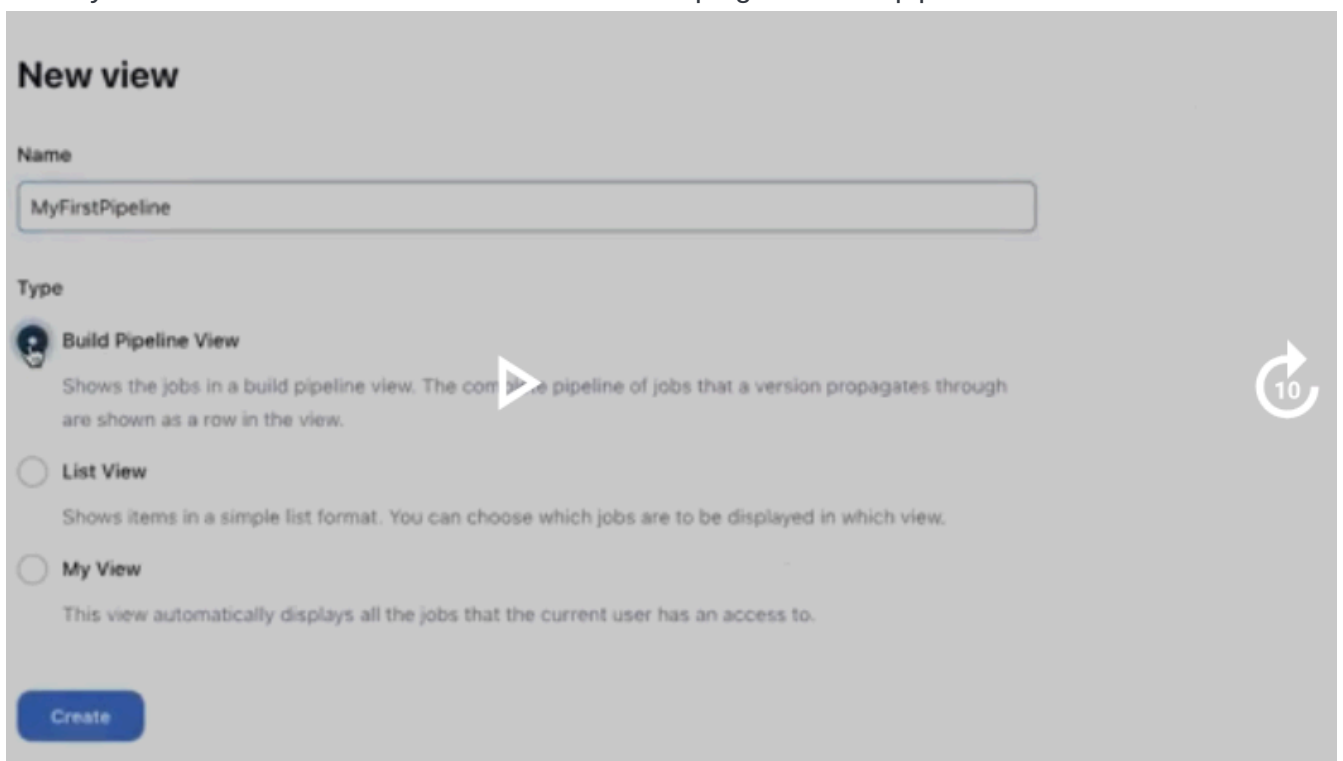


so this is Build after other projects build

if we start build job1 next after next it will complete all jobs we can see success status

SO if we want to see step by step process we have to see we can also see at one place one dashboard view we can see

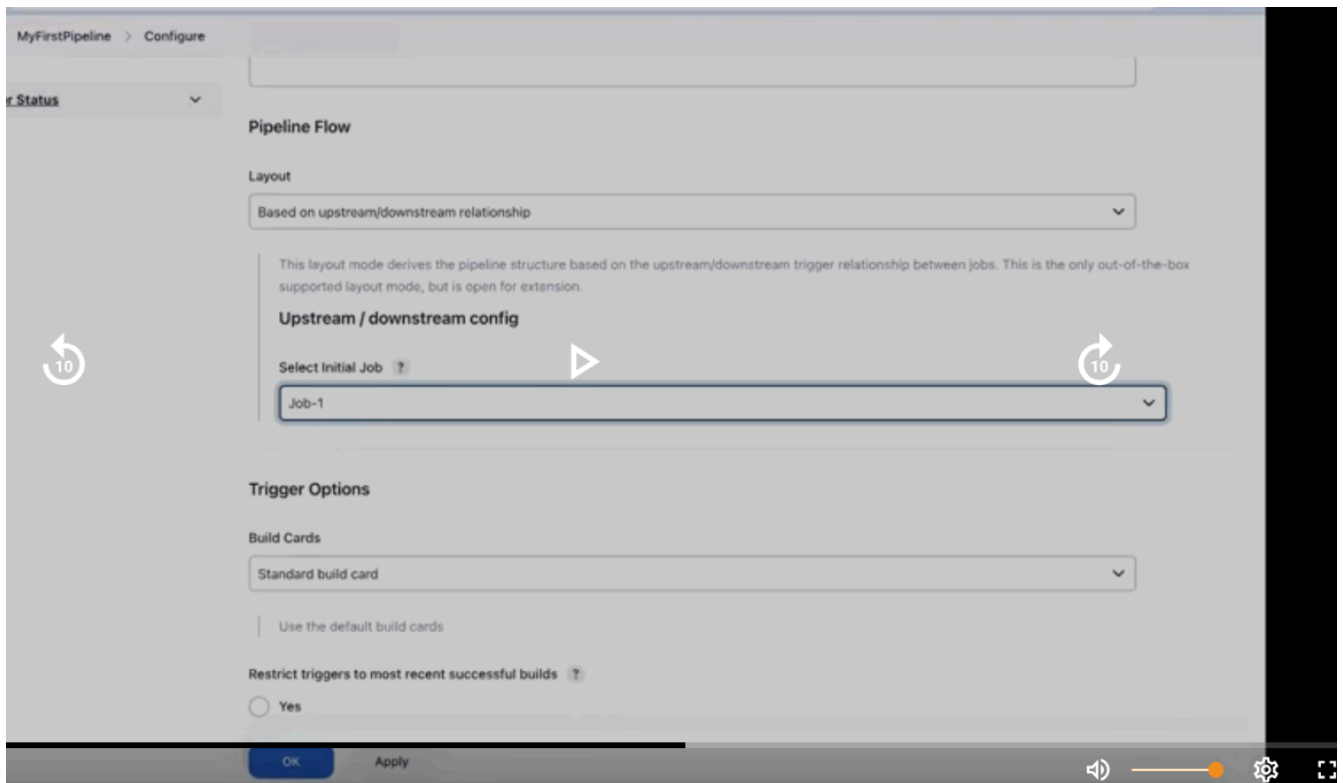
if we want step by step process select + symbol that to be we want pipeline view we want pipeline view by default it will not come so we have to install plugin i.e build pipeline view



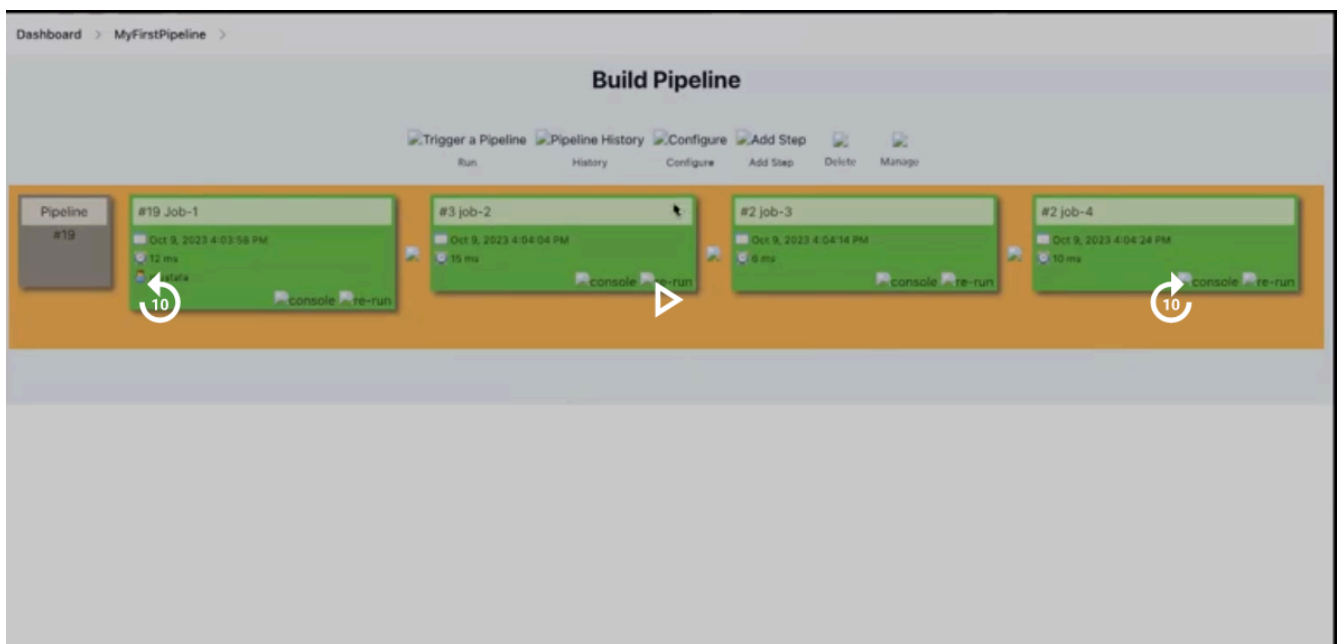
create

till now we have trigger job1 now here

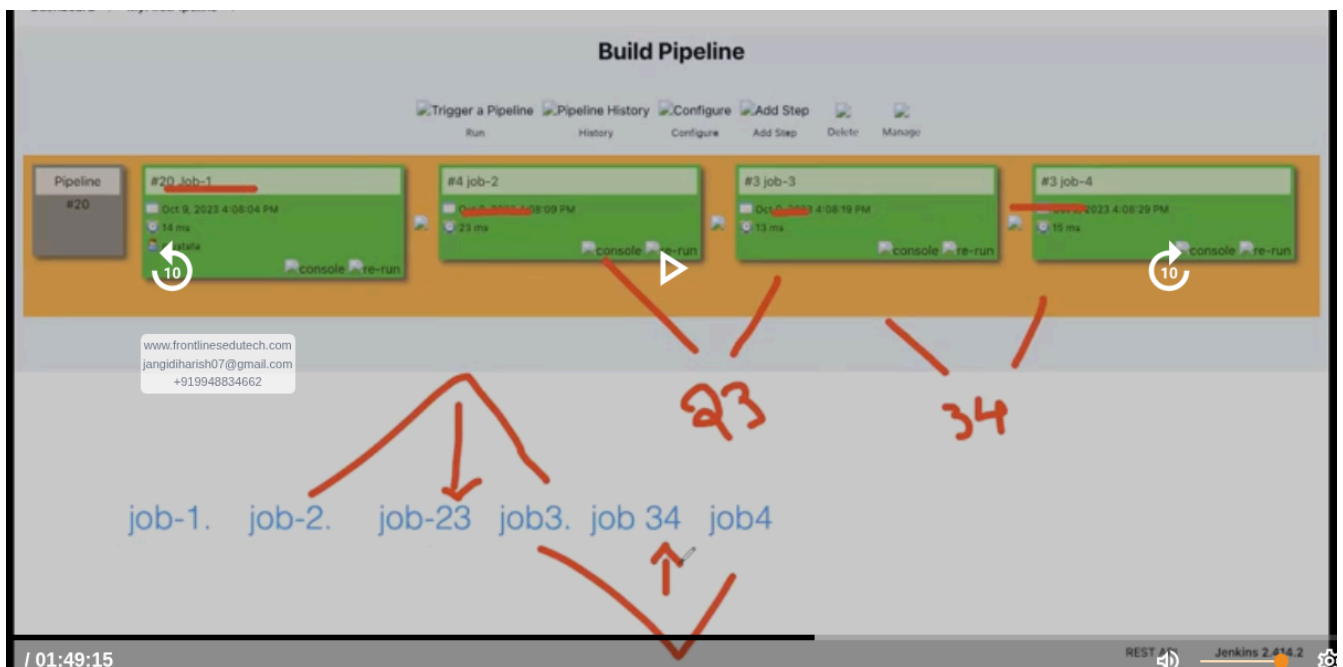
we have to select job1 + click on okay so her



so in final we can see like this we have to give only job1 that's it will show all jobs in build pipeline what we have integrate internally



if we deploy here job1 it will be in queue process and we can also see history also



this is how work to do b/t job2 and 3 create 23 as well as b/w job3 and 4 create job34

- job-2 + job-3 → job-23
- job-3 + job-4 → job-34

✓ FREESTYLE JOB SETUP (STEP-BY-STEP)

◆ Jobs to create

You will have **5 freestyle jobs**:

1. job-2
2. job-3
3. job-4
4. job-23
5. job-34

◆ STEP 1: Configure job-23

job-23 should run **ONLY** when job-2 AND job-3 succeed

🔧 job-23 configuration


1. Open job-23
2. Click **Configure**
3. Go to **Build Triggers**
4. ✓ Check **Build after other projects are built**

5. In **Projects to watch**:

job-2, job-3

6. In **Trigger only if build is stable** → ☒ checked

7. Save ☒

 This means:

- Jenkins waits for **both job-2 and job-3**
- If both are **SUCCESS**, job-23 runs

♦ STEP 2: Configure job-34

job-34 should run **ONLY** when job-3 AND job-4 succeed

job-34 configuration

1.

1. Open **job-34**

2. Click **Configure**

3. Go to **Build Triggers**

4. ☒ Check **Build after other projects are built**

5. In **Projects to watch**:

job-3, job-4

6. **Trigger only if build is stable** → ☒ checked

7. Save

♦ STEP 3: Trigger base jobs (optional)

If you want **job-2, job-3, job-4** to start together:

Option A: Manually trigger them

- Click **Build Now** on each

Option B: Create a parent job (recommended)

Create a freestyle job called **parent-job**

parent-job → Configure

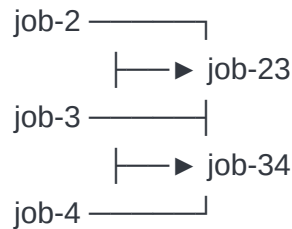
- Build Step → ****Execute shell**

```
curl -X POST http://JENKINS_URL/job/job-2/build
```

```
curl -X POST http://JENKINS_URL/job/job-3/build
```

curl -X POST http://JENKINS_URL/job/job-4/build

◆ FINAL FLOW (WHAT WILL HAPPEN)



**✓ job-23 waits for job-2 & job-3

✓ job-34 waits for job-3 & job-4

✓ job-3 is reused in both paths

✓ No pipeline required

Option B (parent - job) only starts jobs

**

job-2

job-3

job-4

**That's it ✓

**

◆ Who triggers job-23 and job-34 then?

🔧 job-23 configuration

- Trigger: **Build after other projects are built**
- Projects to watch:

job-2, job-3

📌 Jenkins logic:

“When BOTH job-2 and job-3 finish successfully → run job-23”

🔧 job-34 configuration

- Trigger: **Build after other projects are built**
- Projects to watch:

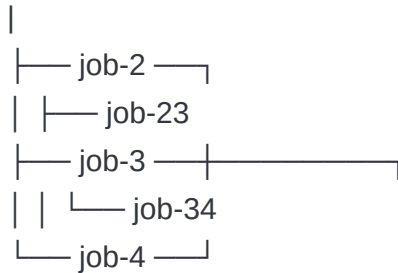
job-3, job-4

📌 Jenkins logic:

“When BOTH job-3 and job-4 finish successfully → run job-34”

◆ FULL FLOW (END-TO-END)

parent-job



- ✓ parent-job only triggers job-2,3,4
- ✓ job-23 & job-34 are **event-driven**, not manually started
- ✓ No duplication, no pipeline

vs Option A vs Option B (very short)

Option	Who starts job-2/3/4
Option A	You (click Build Now)
Option B	parent-job (automatic)

✓ When to use Option A

- Testing / learning
- One-time run
- No need for automation

✓ When to use Option B

- Daily deployments
- CI/CD
- One-click execution

◆ Role of job-1

job-1 = parent / starter job

It **starts** job-2, job-3, job-4

It does **NOT** directly trigger job-23 or job-34.

✓ Final Job List (Freestyle)

You will have **6 jobs**:

1. **job-1** ✓ (starter)

2. job-2
3. job-3
4. job-4
5. job-23
6. job-34

Configure job-1 (IMPORTANT)

job-1 → Configure

1 Build Triggers

- (Optional) SCM / Schedule / Manual
- Or just click **Build Now**

2 Build Step

Use **Build other projects**

(or install *Parameterized Trigger Plugin* if needed)

Projects to build:

job-2, job-3, job-4

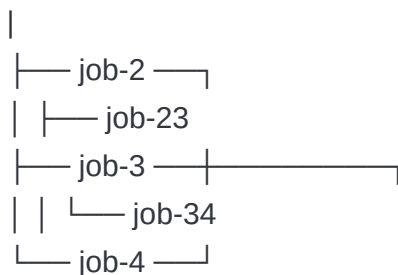
- ✓ Check **Trigger even if the build is unstable** (optional)
- ✓ Save

 This makes job-2,3,4 start **together (parallel)**

**  COMPLETE EXECUTION FLOW

**

job-1



**  Who triggers what?

**

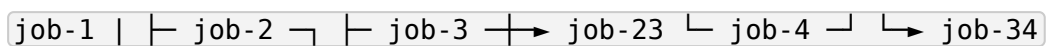
Job	Triggered by
job-1	Manual / SCM / Schedule
job-2	job-1
job-3	job-1
job-4	job-1

Job	Triggered by
job-23	job-2 + job-3
job-34	job-3 + job-4

Final quick recap (freestyle, simple):

- **job-1** → you click **Build Now** (or schedule/SCM)
- **job-1** triggers:
 - job-2
 - job-3
 - job-4 (in parallel)
- Jenkins automatically triggers:
 - **job-23** → after **job-2 + job-3** succeed
 - **job-34** → after **job-3 + job-4** succeed

You **never** manually run job-23 or job-34.



If later you want:

- artifacts sharing
- parameters passing
- failure handling
- or converting this to pipeline