College Library Database:

A College library database is used to maintain the books in the college library. It is usually maintained by a Library staff in the library, but after Database took a step into Management, a library Database can now be maintained even by the college administration at their desk.

Different Type of Actors/groups of people involved and also make use of the college library Database:

- 1.Students/Professors
- 2.Library staff/Librarian
- 3. Author/Publisher

Requirements:

A Student/Professor wants to borrow a particular book(s) of his choice by searching the Database based on the book id/book title/isbn. The student/professor might also want to check the Database to check the due date for the borrowed book.

A Library staff/Librarian maintains a complete list of books along with the author name, publisher name in the Database which are owned and available in the college library and also keeps track of the books lent and returned to the library by the student/professor(borrower) and also calculates the late fee amount if the book was returned after the due date.

An Author/Publisher can use the college library database by obtaining permission from the librarian to analyze the most borrowed or lent books that they have authored or published by using certain relations in the library database and in turn use the above information to find out which of their books is popular among the students/professor and also use the above information for various analysis purpose.

Different Relations to Meet the Requirements:

1.Author:

	Author					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems		
Author_id	varchar	20	Primary key, not null			
Author_name	varchar	30	not null			
Address	varchar	50				
Phone no	varchar	20	Not null			
E-mail	varchar	30				

Primary key: Author id

Foreign key: None

Indices:

Author relation saves the basic information about the author who has authored a particular book.

2. Publisher:

	Publisher					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems		
Publisher_id	Varchar	20	Primary key, not null			
Publisher_name	varchar	30	not null			
Address	varchar	50				
Phone no	varchar	20	not null			
E-mail	varchar	30				

Primary key: Publisher id

Foreign key: None

Indices:

Publisher relation saves basic information about the publisher of a particular book.

3.Books:

		Books		
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems
Book_id	varchar	20	Primary key, not	
Title	varchar	40	not null	
Isbn	varchar	15	Unique key, not	
Publisher_id	varchar	15	Foreign key, not	
Published_year	date			
Edition	varchar	15		
Price	numeric	(6,2)		
Count	Int	3		

Primary key: Book_id

Foreign key: Publisher_id references Publisher(Publisher_id)

Indices: Publisher_id

Books relation saves information about the book and the publisher. Also the count and the year the book was published.

4. Author Books:

	Author Books					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems		
Book_id	varchar	20	Composite key, Foreign key, not null	Delete on cascade		
Author_id	varchar	20	Composite key, Foreign key, not null	Delete on cascade		

Composite key: Book id + Author id

Foreign key: Book_id references Books(Book_id), Author_id references Author(Author_id)

Indices: Book id, Author id

Author_books relation saves information about the multiple authors that might exist for a single book.

5.Category:

		Category		
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems
Category_id	varchar	20	Primary key, not null	
Category_name	varchar	30	not null	
Category description	varchar	40		

Primary key: Category_id

Foreign key: None

Indices:

Category relation saves information about category name such as science, literature, business and also the description of the book category.

6.Borrower:

Borrower						
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems		
Borrower_id	varchar	20	Primary key, not null			
Name	varchar	30				
Gender	char	1	not null, Check(Gender='m' or Gender='f')			
DOB	date					
Address	varchar	50				
Phone no	varchar	20	not null			
E-mail	varchar	30				

Primary key: Borrower id

Foreign key: None

Indices:

Borrower relation saves basic information of the borrower when the librarian needs to contact the borrower.

7.Library_staff:

	Library staff					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems		
Librarian_id	varchar	20	Primary key, not null			
Name	varchar	30	not null			
Gender	char	1	not null, Check(Gender='m' or Gender='f')			
Admin	char	1	Check(Admin='y' or Admin='n')			

Primary key: Librarian id

Foreign key: None

Indices:

Library_staff relation saves the basic information about the library staff who issue or collect books along their status as an admin or not.

8.Book Lending:

Book_Lending					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems	
Lending_id	varchar	20	Composite key, not null		
Fee_id	varchar	20	Composite key, not null		
Borrower id	varchar			Delete on cascade	
Book id	varchar	20	Foreign key, not null	Delete on cascade	
Issue date	timestamp				
Due date	timestamp				
Return date	timestamp				
Issued by	varchar	20	Foreign key, not null	Delete on cascade	
Collected by	varchar	20	Foreign key, not null	Delete on cascade	
Amount	numeric	(6,2)			

Composite key: Lending id + fee id

Foreign key: Borrower_id references Borrower(Borrower_id), Book_id references Books(Book_id), Issued_by references library_staff(Librarian_id), Collected_by references library_staff(Librarian_id)

Indices: Borrower id, Book id, Issued by(Librarian id), Collected by(Librarian id)

Book_Lending relation saves the information about the borrowed book . the borrower and the library staff who issues and collects the book and also for calculating the fines if a book is returned after due date.

Unnormalized Relation:

Below is the unnormalized relation that would meet all the requirements.

Attribute Name	Data Type	Size
Author_id	varchar	20
Author_name		
-Author_fname	varchar	20
-Author_mname	varchar	6
-Author_lname	varchar	20

Address	varchar	50
{Auth_Phone_no}	varchar	20
{Auth_E-mail}	varchar	30
Publisher_id	varchar	20
Publisher_name		
-Publisher_fname	varchar	20
-Publisher_mname	varchar	6
-Publisher_lname	varchar	20
Address	varchar	50
{Pub_Phone_no}	varchar	20
{Pub_E-mail}	varchar	30
Book_id	varchar	20
Title	varchar	40
Isbn	varchar	15
Published_year	date	
Edition	varchar	15
Price	numeric	(6,2)
Count	Int	3
Category_id	varchar	20
Category_name	varchar	30
Category_description	varchar	40
Borrower_id	varchar	20
Borrower_Name		

-Borrower_fname	varchar	20
-Borrower_mname	varchar	6
-Borrower_lname	varchar	20
Gender	char	1
DOB	date	
Address	varchar	50
{Borr_Phone_no}	varchar	20
{Borr_E-mail}	varchar	30
Librarian_id	varchar	20
Librarian_Name		
-Librarian_fname	varchar	20
-Librarian_mname	varchar	6
-Librarian_Iname	varchar	20
Gender	char	1
Admin	char	1
Lending_id	varchar	20
Fee_id	varchar	20
Issue_date	timestamp	
Due_date	timestamp	
Return_date	timestamp	
Issued_by	varchar	20
Collected_by	varchar	20

Amount	numeric	(6,2)

This relation has some multivalued attributes and they are mentioned in braces. The composite attributes and their subparts are also mentioned.

Normalizing the Relations

1NF:

A relation is in first normal form if and only if the domain of each attribute contains only atomic (indivisible) values, and the value of each attribute contains only a single value from that domain. And we need to identify the primary key for the relation.

-Author:

		Author		
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems
Author id	varchar	20	Primary key, not null	
Author_Name				
- Fname	varchar	20		
- Mname	varchar	6		
- Lname	varchar	20		
Address	varchar	50		
Phone no	varchar	20	Not null	
E-mail	varchar	30		

For Author relation, Author_id can be a primary key and phone_no can have none or more values. Hence keeping the separate table for Author_ phone no and e-mail can also have none or more values, hence keeping a separate table for Author_e-mail.

-Author phone no:

Author_phone_no					
Attribute Name Data Type Size Constraints Cascading Problem					
Author id	varchar	20	Composite key, not null	Author	
Phone no	varchar	20	Composite key, not null		

Author_phone_no is in 1NF and phone_no can be a primary key for this relation.

Author_phone_no is in 1NF and Author_id and Phone_no can be a composite key for this relation.

-Author e-mail:

Author_e-mail				
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems

Author id	varchar	20	Composite key, not null	Author
E-mail	varchar	20	Composite key, not null	

Author_e-mail is in 1NF and Author_id and E-mail can be a composite key for this relation.

-Publisher:

	Publisher					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems		
Publisher_id	Varchar	20	Primary key, not null			
Publisher_Name						
- Fname	varchar	20				
- Mname	varchar	6				
- Lname	varchar	20				
Address	varchar	50				
Phone no	varchar	20	not null			
E-mail	varchar	30				

For Publisher relation, Publisher_id can be a primary key and phone_no can have none or more values. Hence keeping the separate table for publisher_ phone no and e-mail can also have none or more values, hence keeping a separate table for Publisher_e-mail.

-Publisher phone no:

Publisher_phone_no				
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems
Publisher_id	varchar	20	Composite key, not null	publisher
Phone no	varchar	20	Composite key, not null	

Publisher_phone_no is in 1NF and publisher_id and phone_no can be a composite key for this relation.

-Publisher e-mail:

Publisher_e-mail					
Attribute Name Data Type Size Constraints Cascading Problems					
Publisher_id	varchar	20	Composite key, not null	publisher	
E-mail	varchar	20	Composite key, not null		

Publisher_e-mail is in 1NF and publisher_id and E-mail can be a composite key for this relation.

-Books:

Books
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Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems
Book id	varchar	20	Primary key, not null	
Title	varchar	40	not null	
Isbn	varchar	15	Unique key, not null	
Publisher_id	varchar	15	Foreign key, not null	
Published_year	date			
Edition	varchar	15		
Price	numeric	(6,2)		
Count	Int	3		

Book_id can be a primary key and no attribute will have nonatomic value.

-Author Books:

Author_Books				
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems
Book id	varchar	20	Composite key, Foreign key, not null	Delete on cascade
Author id	varchar	20	Composite key, Foreign key, not null	Delete on cascade

Author_books relates author and book relations. Both book_id and author_id can be a composite key. No attributes will have nonatomic value.

-Category:

		Category		
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems
Category id	varchar	20	Primary key, not null	
Category_name	varchar	30		
Category_description	varchar	40		

Category_id can be a primary key and no attribute will have nonatomic value.

-Borrower:

	Borrower					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems		
Borrower id	varchar	20	Primary key, not null			
Name						
- Fname	varchar	20				
- Mname	varchar	6				
- Lname	varchar	20				

Gender	char	1	not null, Check(Gender='m' or Gender='f')	
DOB	date			
Address	varchar	50		
Phone no	varchar	20	not null	
E-mail	varchar	30		

For Borrower relation, Borrower_id can be a primary key and phone_no can have none or more values. Hence keeping the separate table for Borrower_ phone no and e-mail can also have none or more values, hence keeping a separate table for Borrower_e-mail.

-Borrower phone no:

Borrower_phone_no					
Attribute Name Data Type Size Constraints Cascading Problems					
Borrower_id	varchar	20	Composite key, not null	Borrower	
Phone no	varchar	20	Composite key, not null		

Borrower_phone_no is in 1NF and Borrower_id and phone_no can be a composite key for this relation.

-Borrower_e-mail:

Borrower_e-mail					
Attribute Name Data Type Size Constraints Cascading Problems					
Borrower_id	varchar	20	Composite Key, not null	Borrower	
E-mail	varchar	20	Composite key, not null		

Borrower_e-mail is in 1NF and Borrower_id and E-mail can be a composite key for this relation.

-Library staff:

Library_staff					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems	
<u>Librarian id</u>	varchar	20	Primary key, not null		
Name					
- Fname	varchar	20			
- Mname	varchar	6			
- Lname	varchar	20			
Gender	char	1	not null, Check(Gender='m' or Gender='f')		
Admin	char	1	Check(Admin='y' or Admin='n')		

Librarian_id can be a primary key and no attribute will have nonatomic value.

-Book Lending:

Book_Lending						
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems		
Lending_id	varchar	20	Composite key, not null			
Fee_id	varchar	20	Composite key, not null			
Borrower id	varchar	20	Foreign key, not null	Delete on cascade		
Book id	varchar	20	Foreign key, not null	Delete on cascade		
Issue date	timestamp					
Due date	timestamp					
Return date	timestamp					
Issued by	varchar	20	Foreign key, not null	Delete on cascade		
Collected by	varchar	20	Foreign key, not null	Delete on cascade		
Amount	numeric	(6,2)				

Lending_id and Fee_id can be a composite key and no attribute will have nonatomic value.

2NF:

A table is in 2NF if:

It is in 1NF and

It includes no partial dependencies; that is, no attribute is dependent on only a portion of the primary key.

(It is still possible for a table in 2NF to exhibit transitive dependency; that is, one or more attributes may be functionally dependent on non-key attributes.)

-Author:

	Author						
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems			
Author id	varchar	20	Primary key, not null				
Fname	varchar	20					
Mname	varchar	6					
Lname	varchar	20					
Address	varchar	50					

The relation is already in 2NF. Hence, no changes.

-Author_phone_no:

Author_phone_no					
Attribute Name	Attribute Name Data Type Size Constraints Cascading Problems				
Author id	varchar	20	Composite key, not null	Author	
Phone no	varchar	20	Composite key, not null		

The relation is already in 2NF. Hence, no changes.

-Author_e-mail:

Author_e-mail					
Attribute Name Data Type Size Constraints Cascading Problems					
Author id	varchar	20	Composite key, not null	Author	
E-mail	varchar	20	Composite key, not null		

The relation is already in 2NF. Hence, no changes.

-Publisher:

Publisher						
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems		
Publisher_id	Varchar	20	Primary key, not null			
Fname	varchar	20				
Mname	varchar	6				
Lname	varchar	20				
Address	varchar	50				

The relation is already in 2NF. Hence, no changes.

-Publisher_phone_no:

Publisher_phone_no					
Attribute Name Data Type Size Constraints Cascading Problems					
Publisher_id	varchar	20	Composite key, not null	publisher	
Phone no	varchar	20	Composite key, not null		

The relation is already in 2NF. Hence, no changes.

-Publisher_e-mail:

Publisher_e-mail					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems	
Publisher_id	varchar	20	Composite key, not null	publisher	
E-mail	varchar	20	Composite key, not null		

The relation is already in 2NF. Hence, no changes.

-Books:

Books					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems	
Book id	varchar	20	Primary key, not null		
Title	varchar	40	not null		
Isbn	varchar	15	Unique key, not null		
Publisher_id	varchar	15	Foreign key, not null		
Published_year	date				
Edition	varchar	15			
Price	numeric	(6,2)			
Count	Int	3			

The relation is already in 2NF. Hence, no changes.

-Author_Books:

Author_Books					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems	
Book id	varchar	20	Composite key, Foreign key, not null	Delete on cascade	
Author id	varchar	20	Composite key, Foreign key, not null	Delete on cascade	

The relation is already in 2NF. Hence, no changes.

-Category:

Category					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems	
Category id	varchar	20	Primary key, not null		
Category_name	varchar	30			
Category description	varchar	40			

The relation is already in 2NF. Hence, no changes.

-Borrower:

	Borrower						
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems			
Borrower id	varchar	20	Primary key, not null				
Fname	varchar	20					
Mname	varchar	6					
Lname	varchar	20					
Gender	char	1	not null, Check(Gender='m' or Gender='f')				
DOB	date						

Address	IVALCHAL	50	

The relation is already in 2NF. Hence, no changes.

-Borrower_phone_no:

Borrower_phone_no						
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems		
Borrower_id	varchar	20	Composite key, not null	Borrower		
Phone no	varchar	20	Composite key, not null			

The relation is already in 2NF. Hence, no changes.

-Borrower_e-mail:

Borrower_e-mail						
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems		
Borrower_id	varchar	20	Composite Key, not null	Borrower		
E-mail	varchar	20	Composite key, not null			

The relation is already in 2NF. Hence, no changes.

-Library_staff:

Library_staff					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems	
<u>Librarian id</u>	varchar	20	Primary key, not null		
Fname	varchar	20			
Mname	varchar	6			
Lname	varchar	20			
Gender	char	1	not null, Check(Gender='m' or Gender='f')		
Admin	char	1	Check(Admin='y' or Admin='n')		

The relation is already in 2NF. Hence, no changes.

-Book_Lending:

Book_Lending						
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems		
Lending_id	varchar	20	Primary key, not null			
Fee_id	varchar	20	Composite key, not null			
Borrower id	varchar	20	Foreign key, not null	Delete on cascade		

Book id	varchar	20	Foreign key, not null	Delete on cascade
Issue date	timestamp			
Due date	timestamp			
Return date	timestamp			
Issued by	varchar	20	Foreign key, not null	Delete on cascade
Collected by	varchar	20	Foreign key, not null	Delete on cascade
Amount	numeric	(6,2)		

For Book_lending realtion, Lending_id is the primary key and Borrower_id and Book_id are only related to lending_id completely and cannot be related to fee_id, Also Since there can be many empty records for fee_id if the book is returned by the due_date and so moving fee_id and amount to another table titled late-fee. The relation is in 2NF.

-Late_fee

Late_fee					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems	
Fee id	varchar	20	Primary Key, not null		
Lending id	varchar	20	Foreign key, not null	Book lending	
Amount	numeric	(6,2)			

For late_fee relation, Fee_id is the primary key and lending_id is the foreign key and the relation is in 2NF.

<u>3NF:</u>

A table is in Third Normal Form (3NF) if:

It is in 2NF and

It contains no transitive dependencies.

-Author:

Author					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems	
Author id	varchar	20	Primary key, not null		
Fname	varchar	20			
Mname	varchar	6			
Lname	varchar	20			
Address	varchar	50			

The relation is already in 3NF. Hence, no changes.

-Author_phone_no:

Author_phone_no						
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems		
Author id	varchar	20	Composite key, not null	Author		
Phone no	varchar	20	Composite key, not null			

The relation is already in 3NF. Hence, no changes.

-Author_e-mail:

Author_e-mail					
Attribute Name Data Type Size Constraints Cascading Problems					
Author id	varchar	20	Composite key, not null	Author	
E-mail	varchar	20	Composite key, not null		

The relation is already in 3NF. Hence, no changes.

-Publisher:

Publisher					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems	
Publisher_id	Varchar	20	Primary key, not null		
Fname	varchar	20			
Mname	varchar	6			
Lname	varchar	20			
Address	varchar	50			

The relation is already in 3NF. Hence, no changes.

-Publisher_phone_no:

Publisher_phone_no					
Attribute Name Data Type Size Constraints Cascading Problems					
Publisher id varchar 20 Composite key, not null publisher					
Phone no	varchar	20	Composite key, not null		

The relation is already in 3NF. Hence, no changes.

-Publisher_e-mail:

Publisher_e-mail					
Attribute Name Data Type Size Constraints Cascading Problems					
Publisher_id	varchar	20	Composite key, not null	publisher	
E-mail varchar 20 Composite key, not null					

The relation is already in 3NF. Hence, no changes.

-Books:

Books					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems	
Book id	varchar	20	Primary key, not null		
Title	varchar	40	not null		
Isbn	varchar	15	Unique key, not null		
Publisher_id	varchar	15	Foreign key, not null		
Published_year	date				
Edition	varchar	15			
Price	numeric	(6,2)			
Count	Int	3			

The relation is already in 3NF. Hence, no changes.

-Author_Books:

Author_Books				
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems
Book id	varchar	20	Composite key, Foreign key, not null	Delete on cascade
Author id	varchar	20	Composite key, Foreign key, not null	Delete on cascade

The relation is already in 3NF. Hence, no changes.

-Category:

Category					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems	
Category id	varchar	20	Primary key, not null		
Category_name	varchar	30			
Category description	varchar	40			

The relation is already in 3NF. Hence, no changes.

-Borrower:

	Borrower						
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems			
Borrower id	varchar	20	Primary key, not null				
Fname	varchar	20					
Mname	varchar	6					
Lname	varchar	20					
Gender	char	1	not null, Check(Gender='m' or Gender='f')				
DOB	date						

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The relation is already in 3NF. Hence, no changes.

-Borrower_phone_no:

Borrower_phone_no					
Attribute Name Data Type Size Constraints Cascading Problems					
Borrower_id	varchar	20	Composite key, not null	Borrower	
Phone no	varchar	20	Composite key, not null		

The relation is already in 3NF. Hence, no changes.

-Borrower e-mail:

Borrower_e-mail					
Attribute Name Data Type Size Constraints Cascading Problems					
Borrower_id	varchar	20	Composite Key, not null	Borrower	
E-mail	varchar	20	Composite key, not null		

The relation is already in 3NF. Hence, no changes.

-Library_staff:

Library_staff					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems	
<u>Librarian id</u>	varchar	20	Primary key, not null		
Fname	varchar	20			
Mname	varchar	6			
Lname	varchar	20			
Gender	char	1	not null, Check(Gender='m' or Gender='f')		
Admin	char	1	Check(Admin='y' or Admin='n')		

The relation is already in 3NF. Hence, no changes.

-Book_Lending:

Book_Lending					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems	
Lending_id	varchar	20	Primary key, not null		
Borrower id	varchar	20	Foreign key, not null	Delete on cascade	
Book id	varchar	20	Foreign key, not null	Delete on cascade	
Issue date	timestamp				
Due date	timestamp				

Return date	timestamp			
Issued by	varchar	20	Foreign key, not null	Delete on cascade
Collected by	varchar	20	Foreign key, not null	Delete on cascade

The relation is already in 3NF. Hence, no changes.

-Late fee

Late_fee				
Attribute Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints	Cascading Problems
Fee id	varchar	20	Primary Key, not null	
Lending id	varchar	20	Foreign key, not null	Book lending
Amount	numeric	(6,2)		

The relation is already in 3NF. Hence, no changes.

Implementation of the relations in the Database:

-Author:

create table Author (Author_id varchar(20) not null, Fname varchar (20), Mname varchar (6),Lname varchar(20), Address varchar(50), primary key (Author_id));

-Author phone no:

create table Author_phone_no (Author_id varchar(20) not null, Phone_no varchar(20) not null,primary key (Author_id,Phone_no),foreign key(Author_id) references Author(Author_id) on delete cascade);

-Author Email:

create table Author_Email (Author_id varchar(20) not null, Email varchar(20) not null,primary key (Author_id,Email),foreign key(Author_id) references Author(Author_id) on delete cascade);

-Publisher:

create table Publisher (Publisher_id varchar(20) not null, Fname varchar (20), Mname varchar (6),Lname varchar(20), Address varchar(50), primary key (Publisher id));

-Publisher phone no:

create table Publisher_phone_no (Publisher_id varchar(20) not null, Phone_no varchar(20) not null,primary key (Publisher_id,Phone_no),foreign key(Publisher_id) references Publisher (Publisher id) on delete cascade);

-Publisher Email:

create table Publisher_Email (Publisher_id varchar(20) not null, Email varchar(20) not null, primary key (Publisher_id,Email),foreign key(Publisher_id) references Publisher (Publisher id) on delete cascade);

-Books:

create table Books (Book_id varchar(20) not null, Title varchar(40) not null, Isbn varchar(15) not null, Publisher_id varchar(15) not null, Published_year date, Edition Varchar(15), Price numeric(6,2), Count int, primary key(Book_id), Unique(Isbn), foreign key(Publisher_id) references Publisher_id) on delete cascade);

-Author_Books:

create table Author_Books (Book_id varchar(20) not null,Author_id varchar(20) not null,primary key(Book_id,Author_id),foreign key(Book_id) references Books(Book_id) on delete cascade,foreign key(Author_id) references Author(Author_id) on delete cascade);

-Category:

create table Category(Category_id varchar(20) not null, Category_name varchar(30), Category_description_varchar(40), primary_key(Category_id));

-Borrower:

create table Borrower (Borrower_id varchar(20) not null, Fname varchar (20), Mname varchar (6),Lname varchar(20),Gender char(1) Check(Gender='m' or Gender='f') not null,DOB date,Address varchar(50), primary key (Borrower_id));

-Borrower phone no:

create table Borrower_phone_no (Borrower_id varchar(20) not null, Phone_no varchar(20) not null,primary key (Borrower_id,Phone_no),foreign key(Borrower_id) references Borrower(Borrower_id) on delete cascade);

-Borrower Email:

create table Borrower_Email (Borrower_id varchar(20) not null, Email varchar(20) not null, primary key (Borrower_id,Email), foreign key(Borrower_id) references Borrower(Borrower_id) on delete cascade);

-Library_staff:

create table Library_staff (Librarian_id varchar(20) not null, Fname varchar (20), Mname varchar (6),Lname varchar(20),Gender char(1) Check(Gender='m' or Gender='f') not null,Admin char(1) Check(Admin='y' or Admin='n'),primary key (Librarian_id));

-Book_Lending:

create table Book_Lending (Lending_id varchar(20) not null,Borrower_id varchar(20) not null,Book_id varchar(20) not null,Issue_date timestamp,Due_date timestamp,Return_date timestamp,Issued_by varchar(20) not null,Collected_by varchar(20) not null,primary key(Lending_id),foreign key(Borrower_id) references Borrower(Borrower_id) on delete cascade, foreign key(Book_id) references Books(Book_id) on delete cascade, foreign key(Issued_by) references Library_staff(Librarian_id) on delete cascade, foreign key(Collected_by) references Library_staff(Librarian_id) on delete cascade);

-Late_fee:

create table Late_fee(Fee_id varchar(20) not null,Lending_id varchar(20) not null,Amount numeric(6,2),primary key(Fee_id),foreign key(Lending_id) references

Book_lending(Lending_id) on delete cascade);

Insertion of tuples into the relations:

-Author:

```
insert into Author values('11001','Ram','C','Bose','No-160,Bleeker st,NJ-07037'); insert into Author values('11002','Sam','W','Sebastin','No-180,South st,NJ-07037'); insert into Author values('11003','Mark','S','Jones','No-20,River st,NJ-07030'); insert into Author values('11004','William','R','Shakespeare','No-71,42 st,NY-10165'); insert into Author values('11005','Richard','A','Kevin','No-131,15 st,NY-10161'); insert into Author values('11006','kim','L','Jacob','No-1,Madison st,NJ-07030'); insert into Author values('11007','Roger','A','Stevens','No-56,Jfk ave,NJ-07037');
```

-Author phone no:

```
insert into Author phone no values('11001','2018729456');
insert into Author phone no values('11002','5518737856');
insert into Author phone no values('11003','5519038725');
insert into Author phone no values('11004','7183476598');
insert into Author phone no values('11005','3478795124');
insert into Author phone no values('11006','2019127612');
insert into Author phone no values('11007','5512936518');
insert into Author phone no values('11007','2017486132');
-Author Email:
insert into Author Email values('11001', 'Rambose@gmail.com');
insert into Author Email values('11002', 'samseb@hotmail.com');
insert into Author Email values('11003','markjon@gmail.com');
insert into Author Email values('11004', 'williamsh@gmail.com');
insert into Author Email values('11005','richardkev@gmail.com');
insert into Author Email values('11006', 'kimjac@gmail.com');
insert into Author Email values('11006', 'kimj@hotmail.com');
insert into Author Email values('11007', 'rogstev@hotmail.com');
-Publisher:
insert into Publisher values('100001','Mcgraw','H','Hill','No-6,Central st,NJ-07037');
insert into Publisher values('100002', 'Andy', 'J', 'Sommers', 'No-46, Booraem ave, NJ-07037');
insert into Publisher values('100003', 'Parin', 'B', 'devilliers', 'No-33, new York ave, NJ-07030');
insert into Publisher values('100004', 'Stein', 'A', 'stones', 'No-21, 34 st, NY-10187');
```

insert into Publisher values('100005', 'Ricky', 'U', 'Wiley', 'No-45,71 st, NY-10763');

insert into Publisher values('100006', 'Michael', 'P', 'Rector', 'No-35, Rhodes ave, NJ-07030');

-Publisher phone no:

```
insert into Publisher phone no values('100001','2018672156');
insert into Publisher phone no values('100002','5518778936');
insert into Publisher phone no values('100003','5514803215');
insert into Publisher phone no values('100004','7185783728');
insert into Publisher phone no values('100005','3473035712');
insert into Publisher phone no values('100006','2019264652');
insert into Publisher phone no values('100006','5510102931');
-Publisher e-mail:
insert into Publisher Email values('100001','mcgrawh@gmail.com');
insert into Publisher Email values('100002','andyso@hotmail.com');
insert into Publisher Email values('100003','paride@gmail.com');
insert into Publisher Email values('100004','steins@gmail.com');
insert into Publisher Email values('100005','rickyw@gmail.com');
insert into Publisher Email values('100005', 'rick@hotmail.com');
insert into Publisher Email values('100006', 'Michr@hotmail.com');
-Books:
insert into Books values('101','Java Concepts','9783456721','100001','2010-04-17','4','150.00','8');
insert into Books values('102','Probability Theory','9476456721','100002','2009-05-
18','5','100.00','6');
insert into Books values('103','Julius Caesar','9002456721','100003','2012-08-05','1','85.00','5');
insert into Books values('104','The Lean Startup','9946720145','100004','2010-05-
02','3','120.00','6');
insert into Books values('105','Quantum Physics','9556816721','100005','2010-10-
28','4','90.00','4');
insert into Books values('106','World War 2','9210237271','100006','2014-12-13','2','100.00','9');
```

-Author Books:

insert into Author_Books values('101','11005');

insert into Author_Books values('101','11006');

insert into Author_Books values('102','11001');

insert into Author Books values('103','11004');

insert into Author Books values('104','11001');

insert into Author Books values('105','11003');

insert into Author_Books values('106','11002');

-Category:

insert into Category values('1','Computer Science','An in-depth view of computers');

insert into Category values('2','Mathematics','About integration and probability');

insert into Category values('3', 'English Literature', 'Ranging from past to present novels');

insert into Category values('4','Business','From business policies to start ups');

insert into Category values('5', 'Physics', 'Insights into various laws of nature');

insert into Category values('6','History','The past happening of human civilization');

-Borrower:

insert into Borrower values('983412','rebecca','L','Tony','f','1990-09-16','No-15,Gates ave,NJ-07030');

insert into Borrower values('983413','robin','V','persie','m','1993-11-28','No-5,jones ave,NJ-07037');

insert into Borrower values('983414','martin','H','guptil','m,'1994-08-10','No-145,Park ave,NJ-07030');

insert into Borrower values('983415','lucy','E','james','f','1992-02-04','No-83,Clinton st,NJ-07030');

insert into Borrower values('983416','morgan','S','Joseph','m','1988-05-20','No-67,56 st,NY-10220');

-Borrower phone no:

```
insert into Borrower_phone_no values('983412','2013729256'); insert into Borrower_phone_no values('983413','2017938876'); insert into Borrower_phone_no values('983414','2016739872'); insert into Borrower_phone_no values('983415','2012938476'); insert into Borrower_phone_no values('983416','2013376964'); insert into Borrower_phone_no values('983416','3476892836');
```

-Borrower_Email:

```
insert into Borrower_Email values('983412','rebeccalt@gmail.com'); insert into Borrower_Email values('983413','robinvp@gmail.com'); insert into Borrower_Email values('983414','martinhg@gmail.com'); insert into Borrower_Email values('983415','lucyej@gmail.com'); insert into Borrower_Email values('983415','lucyjam@hotmail.com'); insert into Borrower_Email values('983416','morgansj@gmail.com');
```

-Library staff:

```
insert into Library_staff values('726389169','James','S','Mckenzie','m','y'); insert into Library_staff values('746388165','Mary','J','Thomas','f','y'); insert into Library_staff values('786319264','Dennis','U','Ritchie','m','n'); insert into Library_staff values('702389153','Hamilton','A','Jean','m','n'); insert into Library_staff values('753584139','Jane','E','Walker','f','n');
```

-Book Lending:

insert into Book_Lending values('9845203785','983412','102', '2017-4-10 10:09:00', '2017-4-17 10:09:00', '2017-4-15 12:01:00', '786319264','702389153');

insert into Book_Lending values('9945213765','983413','103', '2017-4-15 12:09:00', '2017-4-22 12:09:00', '2017-4-21 14:19:00', '753584139','702389153');

insert into Book_Lending values('9645234517','983414','104', '2017-4-10 14:09:00', '2017-4-17 14:09:00', '2017-4-15 16:49:00', '702389153',' 753584139');

insert into Book_Lending values('9274679826','983415','105', '2017-4-13 15:09:00', '2017-4-20 15:09:00', '2017-4-21 18:35:00', '746388165',' 746388165');

insert into Book_Lending values('9067235467','983415','106', '2017-3-17 18:09:00', '2017-3-24 18:09:00', '2017-3-23 11:23:00', '726389169','702389153');

insert into Book_Lending values('9392019293','983416','101', '2017-2-12 09:40:00', '2017-2-19 09:40:00', '2017-3-12 10:00:00', '753584139',' 786319264');

insert into Book_Lending values('9203045639','983416','104', '2017-3-19 11:40:00', '2017-3-26 11:40:00', '2017-3-29 12:00:00', '753584139',' 786319264');

-Late fee:

insert into Late fee values('67238','9274679826','01.50');

insert into Late fee values('69323','9392019293','45.00');

insert into Late_fee values('68586','9203045639','04.50');

SQL queries:

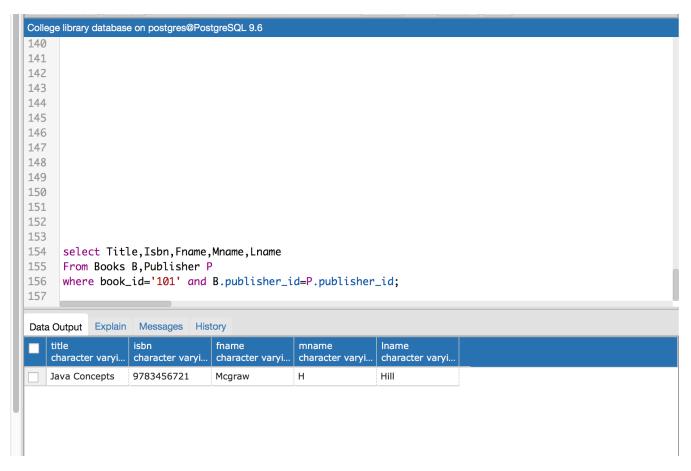
1.Students/Professors

1.Display the book title, Isbn and publisher name for book id=101

Select Title, Isbn, Fname, Mname, Lname

From Books B, Publisher P

Where Book_id='101' and B.Publisher_id=P.Publisher_id;



2.Display the issue date and due date for the book borrowed by borrower lname-'james'

Select Issue_date,Due_date

From Book Lending B

Where Borrower_id=(Select Borrower_id

From Borrower A

Where A.Lname='james');



3.Display the borrower_id and the number of times the borrower has borrowed books using the borrower phone no- '3476892836'

Select L.Borrower id, Count(P.Borrower id) As No Times Borrowed

From Book_Lending L,Borrower_Phone_no P

Where P.phone_no='3476892836' and P.Borrower_id=L.Borrower_id group by L.Borrower id;



2.Library staff/Librarian

1.Display the book id and net sum(amount) based on book id that has passed the due date

Select sum(amount) As Total_Amount,Book_id

From Late_fee L,Book_Lending B

Where L.Lending id=B.Lending id and Return date>Due Date

Group by Book id

Order by Book id asc;

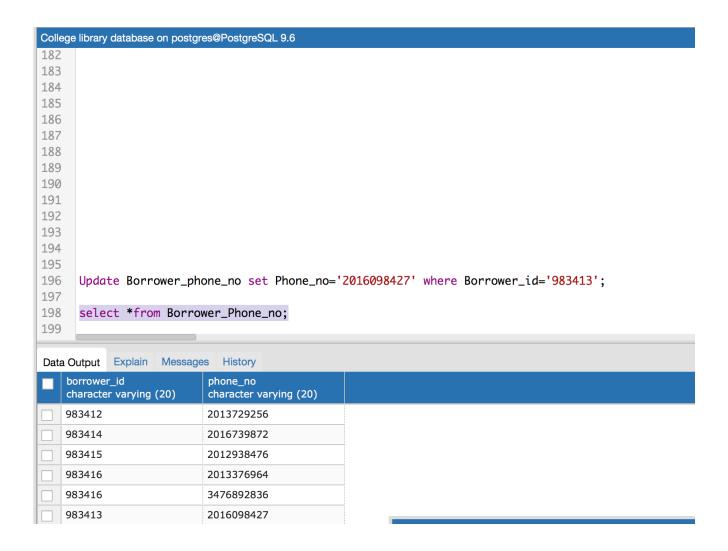
	College library database on postgres@PostgreSQL 9.6					
5						
6	From Late_fee L,Book_Lending B					
7	Where L.Lending_id=B.Lending_id and Return_date>Due_Date					
8	Group by Book_id					
9	9 order by Book_id asc;					
Data	Data Output Explain Messages History					
	book_id character varying (20)	total_amo numeric				
	101	45.00				
	104	4.50				
	105	1.50				
		·				

2.Update the borrower phone_no of borrower_id-983413

Update Borrower phone no

set Phone no='2016098427'

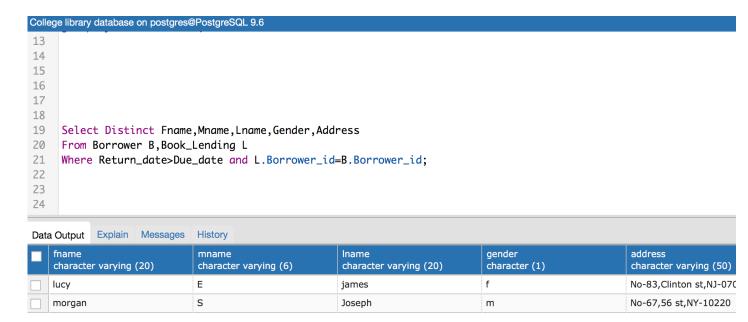
where Borrower id='983413';



3. Display the name,gender and address of the borrower who returned the book after the due date Select Distinct Fname,Mname,Lname,Gender,Address

From Borrower B,Book_Lending L

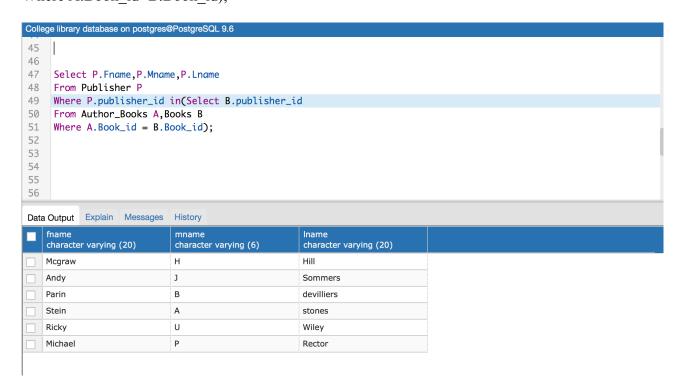
Where Return_date>Due_date and L.Borrower_id=B.Borrower_id;



3. Author/Publisher

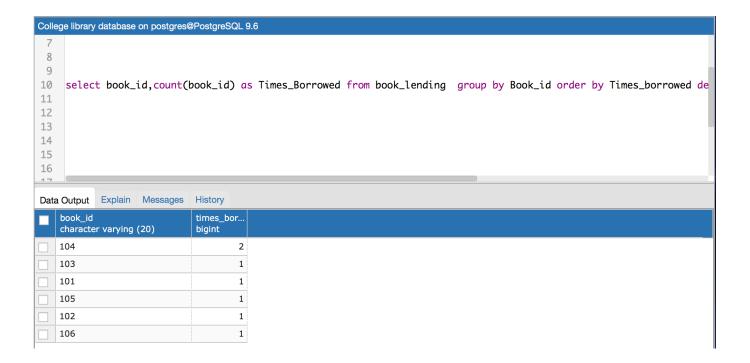
1. Display the names of all publishers who have worked with an author

Select P.Fname, P.Mname, P.Lname From Publisher P Where P.publisher_id in(Select B.publisher_id From Author_Books A,Books B Where A.Book id=B.Book id);



2.Display the book_id's and the number of times each book was borrowed from most borrowed to least borrowed

Select book_id,count(book_id) as Times_Borrowed From book_lending Group by Book_id Order by Times borrowed desc;



3.Display the publisher_id and published_year for the books that were issued between 1^{st} march and 30^{th} march, 2017.

Select distinct Publisher_id,published_year
From Book_lending B,Books H
Where issue_date between '2017-03-01 00:00:00' and '2017-03-30 00:00:00' and B.book id=H.book id;

