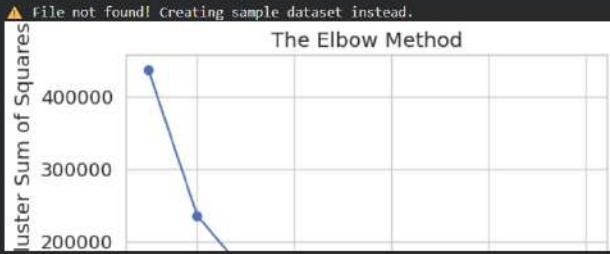


The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook environment with the following details:

- Code Cell:** Contains Python code for performing K-Means clustering on a dataset. The code includes importing libraries (numpy, pandas, matplotlib), loading a CSV file, generating a sample dataset if the file is not found, fitting the KMeans model for 1 to 11 clusters, calculating WCSS (Within-Cluster Sum of Squares) for each cluster count, plotting the results using the Elbow Method, and finally plotting the clustered data points.
- Variables:** Shows a variable named "Rain warning" with the value "In effect".
- Terminal:** Shows the command "ipython notebook" being run.
- System Bar:** Includes icons for search, file, settings, and system status (language: ENG IN, battery level: 15:54, date: 18-11-2015).

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
try:
    dataset = pd.read_csv('Mall_Customers.csv')
    print("Dataset Loaded Successfully")
except FileNotFoundError:
    print("File not found! Creating sample dataset instead.")
    dataset = pd.DataFrame({
        'Annual Income (k$)': np.random.randint(15, 140, 200),
        'Spending Score (1-100)': np.random.randint(1, 100, 200)
    })
X = dataset.iloc[:, [0, 1]].values
wcss = []
for i in range(1, 11):
    kmeans = KMeans(
        n_clusters=i, init='k-means++', max_iter=300, n_init=10, random_state=0
    )
    kmeans.fit(X)
    wcss.append(kmeans.inertia_)
plt.figure(figsize=(6, 4))
plt.plot(range(1, 11), wcss, marker='o')
plt.title('The Elbow Method')
plt.xlabel('Number of clusters')
plt.ylabel('WCSS (Within-Cluster Sum of Squares)')
plt.show()
kmeans = KMeans(
    n_clusters=5, init='k-means++', max_iter=300, n_init=10, random_state=0
)
y_kmeans = kmeans.fit_predict(X)
plt.figure(figsize=(7, 5))
plt.scatter(X[y_kmeans == 0, 0], X[y_kmeans == 0, 1], s=100, c='red', label='Cluster 0')
plt.scatter(X[y_kmeans == 1, 0], X[y_kmeans == 1, 1], s=100, c='blue', label='Cluster 1')
plt.scatter(X[y_kmeans == 2, 0], X[y_kmeans == 2, 1], s=100, c='green', label='Cluster 2')
plt.scatter(X[y_kmeans == 3, 0], X[y_kmeans == 3, 1], s=100, c='orange', label='Cluster 3')
plt.scatter(X[y_kmeans == 4, 0], X[y_kmeans == 4, 1], s=100, c='purple', label='Cluster 4')
```

```
plt.scatter(X[y_kmeans == 0, 0], X[y_kmeans == 0, 1], s=80, c='red', label='Cluster 1')
plt.scatter(X[y_kmeans == 1, 0], X[y_kmeans == 1, 1], s=80, c='blue', label='Cluster 2')
plt.scatter(X[y_kmeans == 2, 0], X[y_kmeans == 2, 1], s=80, c='green', label='Cluster 3')
plt.scatter(X[y_kmeans == 3, 0], X[y_kmeans == 3, 1], s=80, c='cyan', label='Cluster 4')
plt.scatter(X[y_kmeans == 4, 0], X[y_kmeans == 4, 1], s=80, c='magenta', label='Cluster 5')
plt.scatter(
    kmeans.cluster_centers_[:, 0],
    kmeans.cluster_centers_[:, 1],
    s=250,
    c='yellow',
    edgecolor='black',
    label='Centroids'
)
plt.title('Clusters of Customers')
plt.xlabel('Annual Income (k$)')
plt.ylabel('Spending Score (1-100)')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

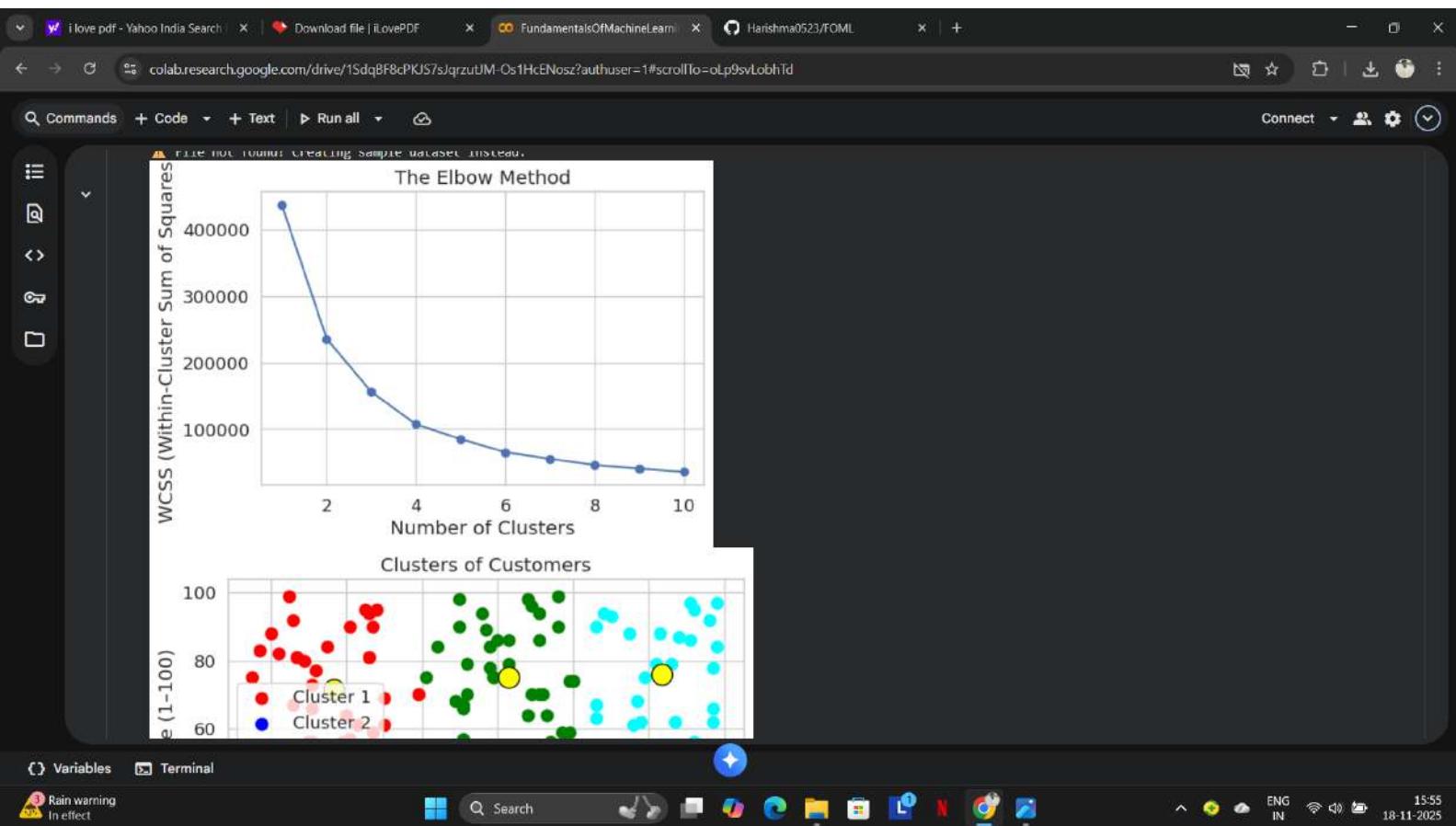


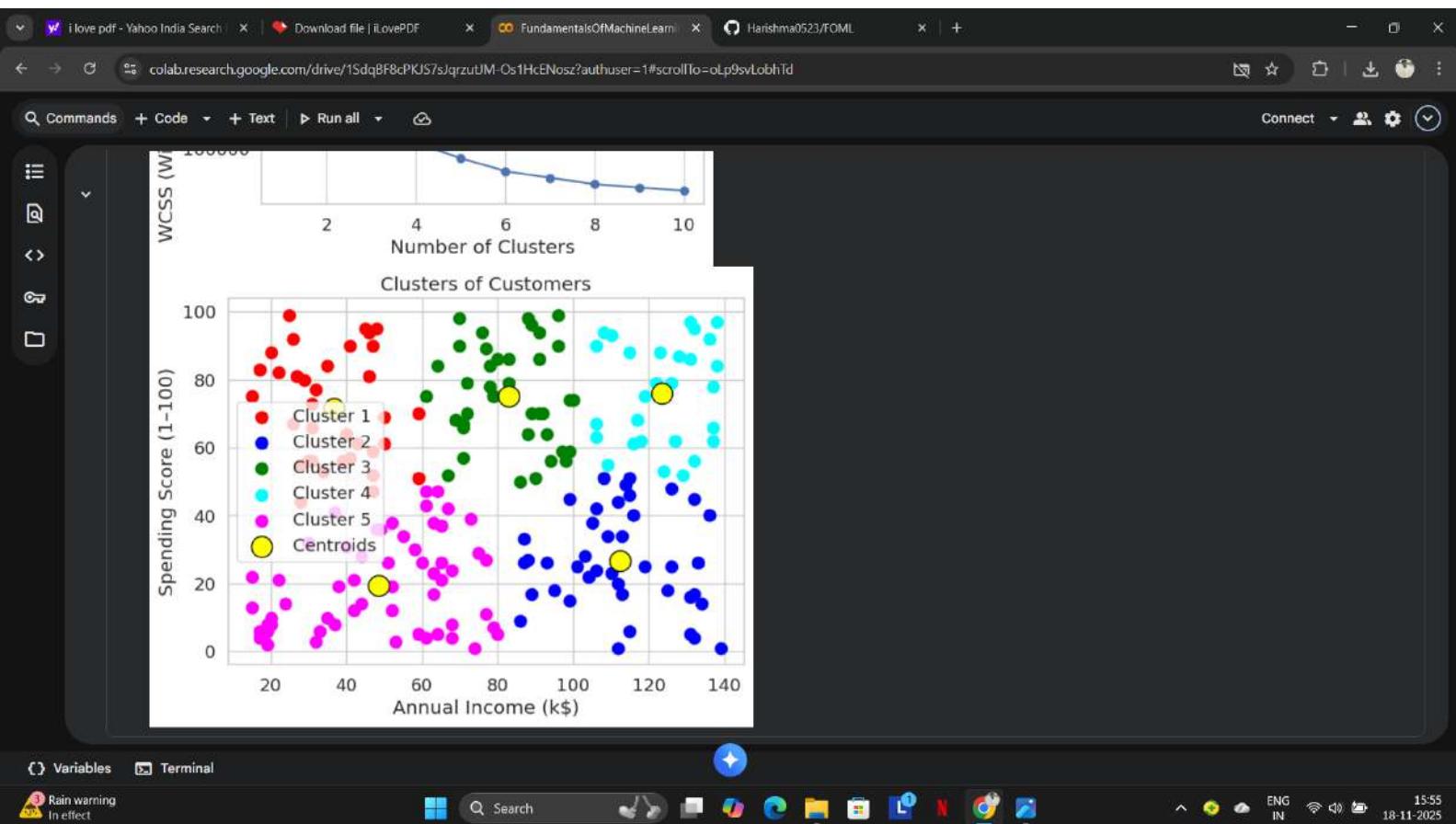
Variables Terminal

Rain warning
In effect



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Variables Terminal



15:55
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