# PDL Lab5. Text corpus creation and binary classification using DNN

```
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In [5]:
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
In [53]:
df= pd.read_csv('newquotes.csv', encoding='latin1')
In [54]:
df.head()
Out[54]:
   Label
                                             Quotes
0
         Always borrow money from a pessimist. He won t...
1
          When you change your thoughts, remember to als...
             They say money talks. But, all mine says is go...
3
       1
             We cannot solve problems with the kind of thin...
              Every day is Friday when you re unemployed.
In [55]:
df.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 40 entries, 0 to 39
Data columns (total 2 columns):
     Column Non-Null Count Dtype
 0
     Label
              40 non-null
                                 int64
     Quotes 40 non-null
                                 object
dtypes: int64(1), object(1)
memory usage: 768.0+ bytes
In [56]:
df.shape
Out[56]:
(40, 2)
```

```
In [60]:
df['Label'].value_counts()
Out[60]:
Label
     20
     20
Name: count, dtype: int64
In [13]:
import nltk
nltk.download('punkt')
[nltk_data] Error loading punkt: <urlopen error [Errno 2] No such file</pre>
[nltk_data]
                 or directory>
Out[13]:
False
In [14]:
nltk.download('stopwords')
[nltk_data] Error loading stopwords: <urlopen error [Errno 2] No such
[nltk_data]
                 file or directory>
Out[14]:
False
In [15]:
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
stop_words = stopwords.words("english")
In [16]:
import regex as re
In [18]:
df['Quotes'] = df['Quotes'].apply(lambda x: ' '.join([word for word in x.split() if word
In [58]:
df.head()
Out[58]:
   Label
                                            Quotes
0
         Always borrow money from a pessimist. He won t...
          When you change your thoughts, remember to als...
2
       0
             They say money talks. But, all mine says is go...
3
       1
            We cannot solve problems with the kind of thin...
       0
              Every day is Friday when you re unemployed.
```

```
In [20]:
import string
df['Quotes']=df['Quotes'].str.replace('[{}]'.format(string.punctuation), '')
In [59]:
df.head()
Out[59]:
   Label
                                             Quotes
 0
          Always borrow money from a pessimist. He won t...
 1
          When you change your thoughts, remember to als...
             They say money talks. But, all mine says is go...
 3
             We cannot solve problems with the kind of thin...
       0
              Every day is Friday when you re unemployed.
In [22]:
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
In [23]:
v = TfidfVectorizer()
x = v.fit_transform(df['Quotes']).toarray()
x = x.astype(float)
In [24]:
x.dtype
Out[24]:
dtype('float64')
In [25]:
x.shape
Out[25]:
(40, 204)
In [26]:
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense
```

from keras.optimizers import Adam

```
In [27]:
```

```
y = df['Labels']
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.25, random_state=42
```

#### In [28]:

```
model = Sequential()
model.add(Dense(32, input_dim=204, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer=Adam(learning_rate=0.001), metrics=['
```

#### In [29]:

```
model.fit(x_train, y_train, validation_split=0.2, epochs=100, batch_size=10, verbose=1)
Epoch 1/100
curacy: 0.5417 - val_loss: 0.6697 - val_accuracy: 0.8333
Epoch 2/100
uracy: 0.5417 - val_loss: 0.6714 - val_accuracy: 0.8333
Epoch 3/100
uracy: 0.5417 - val_loss: 0.6729 - val_accuracy: 0.8333
Epoch 4/100
uracy: 0.6667 - val_loss: 0.6741 - val_accuracy: 0.8333
Epoch 5/100
uracy: 0.7917 - val_loss: 0.6756 - val_accuracy: 0.8333
Epoch 6/100
uracy: 0.8333 - val_loss: 0.6771 - val_accuracy: 0.8333
Epoch 7/100
```

#### In [31]:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

#### In [32]:

```
def accuracy_plotting(model):
   plt.plot(model.history['accuracy'])
   plt.plot(model.history['val_accuracy'])
   plt.title('Model Accuracy')
   plt.ylabel('accuracy')
   plt.xlabel('epoch')
   plt.legend(['Train', 'Validation'])
   plt.show()
```

```
In [34]:
```

```
def Loss_plotting(model):
   plt.plot(model.history['loss'])
   plt.plot(model.history['val_loss'])
   plt.title('Model Loss')
   plt.ylabel('loss')
   plt.xlabel('epoch')
   plt.legend(['Train', 'Validation'])
   plt.show()
```

# **Model improvement 1**

#### In [35]:

```
def model_improvement1(nodes):
    model = Sequential()
    model.add(Dense(nodes, input_dim=204, activation='relu'))
    model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
# Compile the model
    model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer=Adam(learning_rate=0.001), metrics=
    return model
```

#### In [36]:

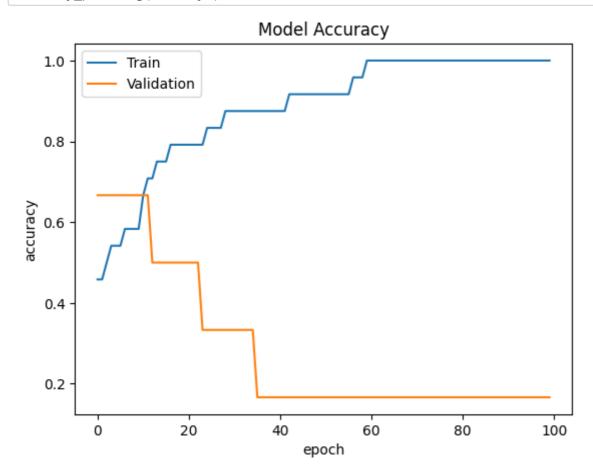
```
model1 = model_improvement1(8)
```

#### In [37]:

```
history1 = model1.fit(x_train, y_train, validation_split=0.2, epochs=100, batch_size=10,
Epoch 1/100
3/3 [================ ] - 1s 114ms/step - loss: 0.7066 - ac
curacy: 0.4583 - val_loss: 0.6903 - val_accuracy: 0.6667
Epoch 2/100
uracy: 0.4583 - val_loss: 0.6907 - val_accuracy: 0.6667
3/3 [=============== ] - 0s 35ms/step - loss: 0.6966 - acc
uracy: 0.5000 - val_loss: 0.6911 - val_accuracy: 0.6667
Epoch 4/100
uracy: 0.5417 - val loss: 0.6915 - val accuracy: 0.6667
Epoch 5/100
uracy: 0.5417 - val_loss: 0.6920 - val_accuracy: 0.6667
Epoch 6/100
uracy: 0.5417 - val loss: 0.6925 - val accuracy: 0.6667
Epoch 7/100
```

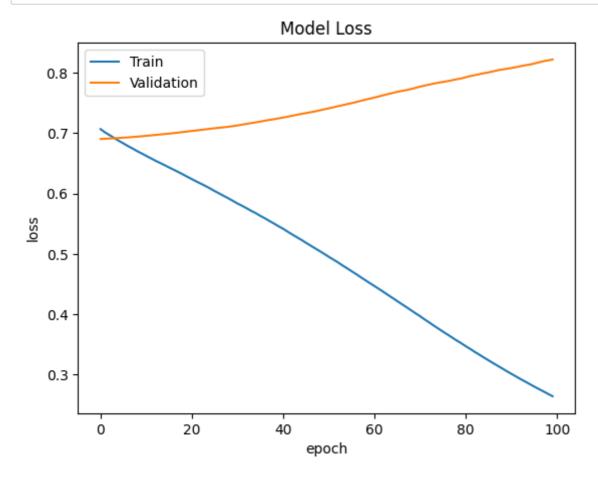
## In [38]:

## accuracy\_plotting(history1)



#### In [39]:

#### Loss\_plotting(history1)



#### In [40]:

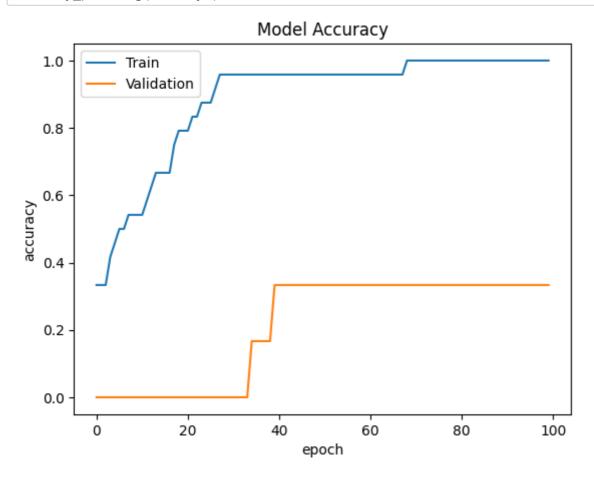
```
model2 = model_improvement1(6)
```

#### In [41]:

```
history2 = model2.fit(x_train, y_train, validation_split=0.2, epochs=100, batch_size=10,
Epoch 1/100
curacy: 0.3333 - val_loss: 0.7437 - val_accuracy: 0.0000e+00
Epoch 2/100
uracy: 0.3333 - val_loss: 0.7450 - val_accuracy: 0.0000e+00
Epoch 3/100
uracy: 0.3333 - val_loss: 0.7462 - val_accuracy: 0.0000e+00
Epoch 4/100
uracy: 0.4167 - val_loss: 0.7472 - val_accuracy: 0.0000e+00
Epoch 5/100
uracy: 0.4583 - val loss: 0.7481 - val accuracy: 0.0000e+00
3/3 [=========== ] - 0s 29ms/step - loss: 0.7001 - acc
uracy: 0.5000 - val_loss: 0.7492 - val_accuracy: 0.0000e+00
Epoch 7/100
```

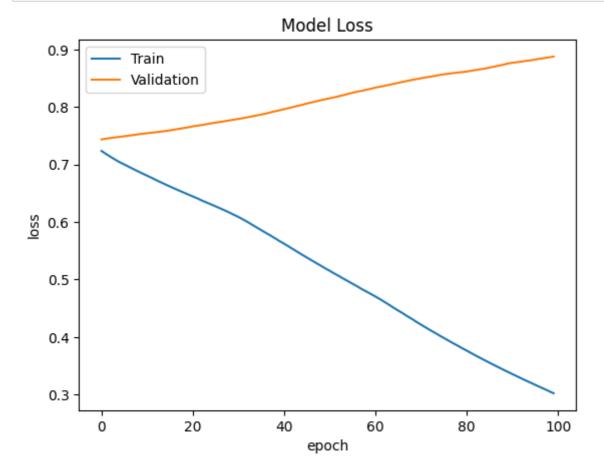
In [42]:

accuracy\_plotting(history2)



#### In [43]:

#### Loss\_plotting(history2)



#### In [44]:

```
model3 = model_improvement1(32)
```

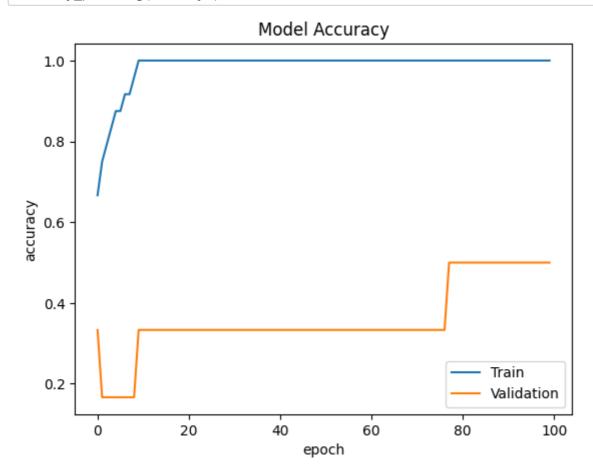
#### In [45]:

```
history3 = model3.fit(x_train, y_train, validation_split=0.2, epochs=100, batch_size=10,
Epoch 1/100
curacy: 0.6667 - val_loss: 0.7178 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 2/100
uracy: 0.7500 - val_loss: 0.7193 - val_accuracy: 0.1667
Epoch 3/100
uracy: 0.7917 - val_loss: 0.7209 - val_accuracy: 0.1667
Epoch 4/100
3/3 [=========== ] - 0s 33ms/step - loss: 0.6598 - acc
uracy: 0.8333 - val_loss: 0.7227 - val_accuracy: 0.1667
Epoch 5/100
uracy: 0.8750 - val loss: 0.7242 - val accuracy: 0.1667
3/3 [=========== ] - 0s 29ms/step - loss: 0.6441 - acc
uracy: 0.8750 - val_loss: 0.7258 - val_accuracy: 0.1667
```

Epoch 7/100

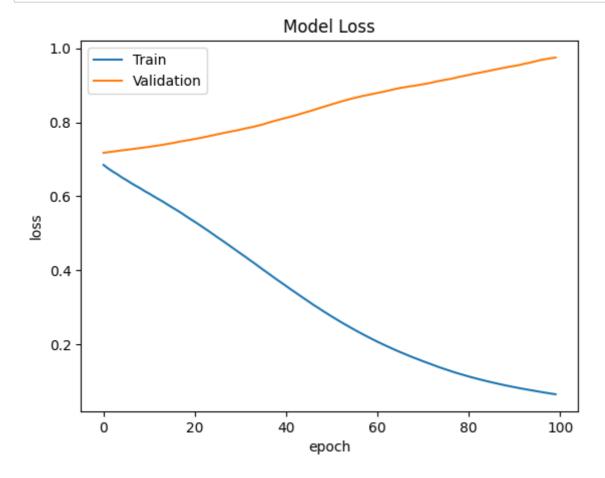
In [46]:

## accuracy\_plotting(history3)



#### In [47]:

#### Loss\_plotting(history3)



#### In [48]:

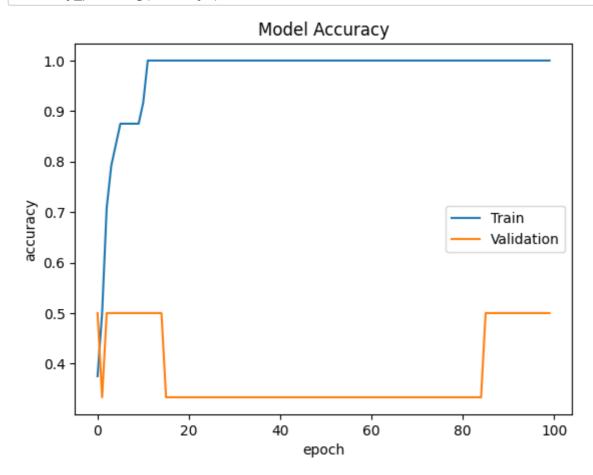
```
model4 = model_improvement1(64)
```

#### In [49]:

```
history4 = model4.fit(x_train, y_train, validation_split=0.2, epochs=100, batch_size=10,
Epoch 1/100
curacy: 0.3750 - val_loss: 0.6836 - val_accuracy: 0.5000
Epoch 2/100
uracy: 0.5000 - val_loss: 0.6856 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 3/100
uracy: 0.7083 - val_loss: 0.6879 - val_accuracy: 0.5000
Epoch 4/100
uracy: 0.7917 - val_loss: 0.6900 - val_accuracy: 0.5000
Epoch 5/100
uracy: 0.8333 - val loss: 0.6921 - val accuracy: 0.5000
3/3 [=========== ] - 0s 29ms/step - loss: 0.6470 - acc
uracy: 0.8750 - val_loss: 0.6943 - val_accuracy: 0.5000
Epoch 7/100
```

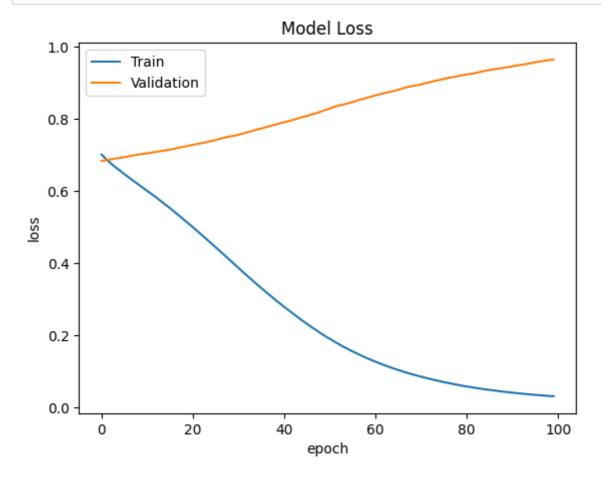
In [50]:

## accuracy\_plotting(history4)



#### In [51]:

#### Loss\_plotting(history4)

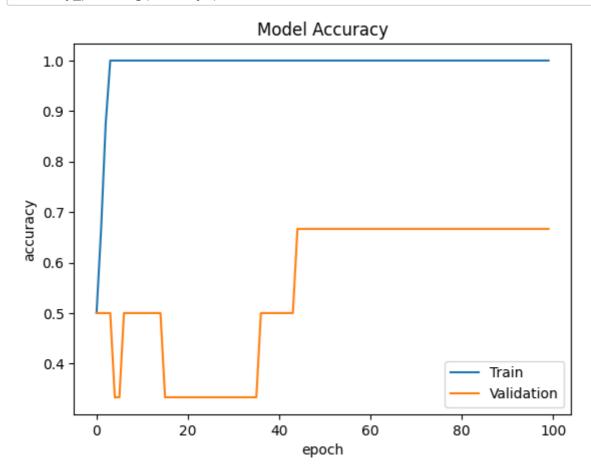


#### In [52]:

```
model5 = model improvement1(128)
history5 = model5.fit(x_train, y_train, validation_split=0.2, epochs=100, batch_size=10,
Epoch 1/100
curacy: 0.4167 - val_loss: 0.6726 - val_accuracy: 0.6667
Epoch 2/100
uracy: 0.5833 - val loss: 0.6750 - val accuracy: 0.6667
Epoch 3/100
uracy: 0.6667 - val_loss: 0.6779 - val_accuracy: 0.5000
Epoch 4/100
uracy: 0.8750 - val loss: 0.6809 - val accuracy: 0.5000
Epoch 5/100
uracy: 0.9167 - val_loss: 0.6841 - val_accuracy: 0.5000
Epoch 6/100
uracy: 0.9167 - val loss: 0.6874 - val accuracy: 0.5000
Epoch 7/100
```

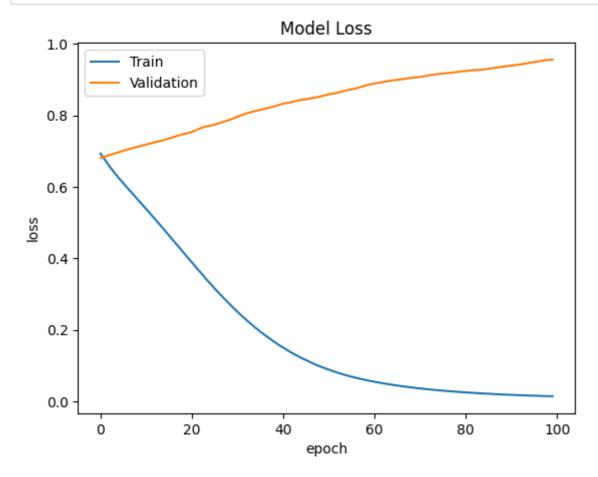
In [67]:

## accuracy\_plotting(history5)



#### In [68]:

#### Loss\_plotting(history5)

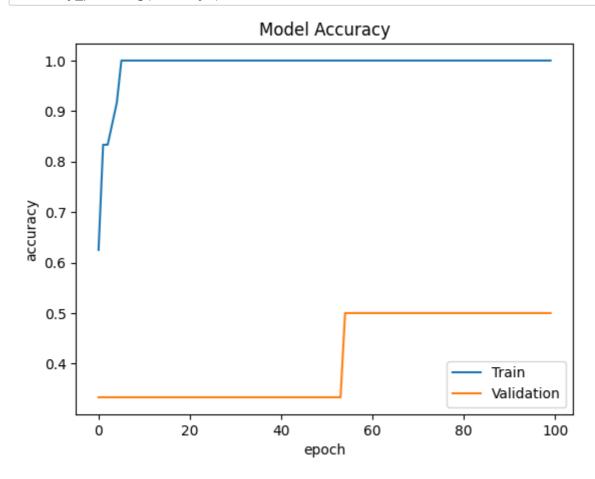


#### In [69]:

```
model6 = model improvement1(256)
history6 = model6.fit(x_train, y_train, validation_split=0.2, epochs=100, batch_size=10,
Epoch 1/100
curacy: 0.6250 - val_loss: 0.7008 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 2/100
uracy: 0.8333 - val loss: 0.7060 - val accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 3/100
uracy: 0.8333 - val_loss: 0.7099 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 4/100
uracy: 0.8750 - val loss: 0.7144 - val accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 5/100
uracy: 0.9167 - val_loss: 0.7191 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 6/100
uracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 0.7245 - val accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 7/100
```

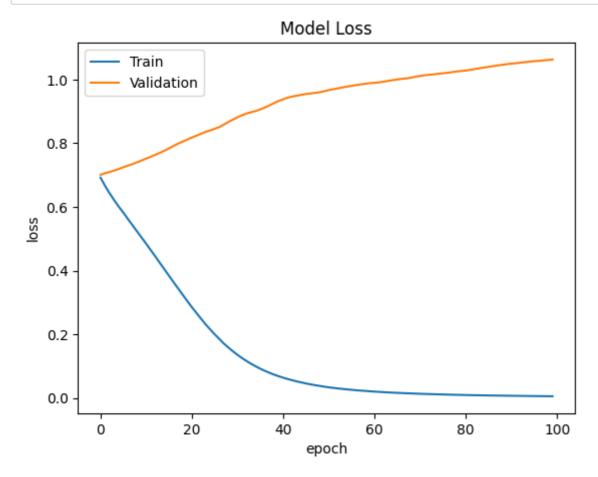
## In [70]:

## accuracy\_plotting(history6)



#### In [71]:

#### Loss\_plotting(history6)

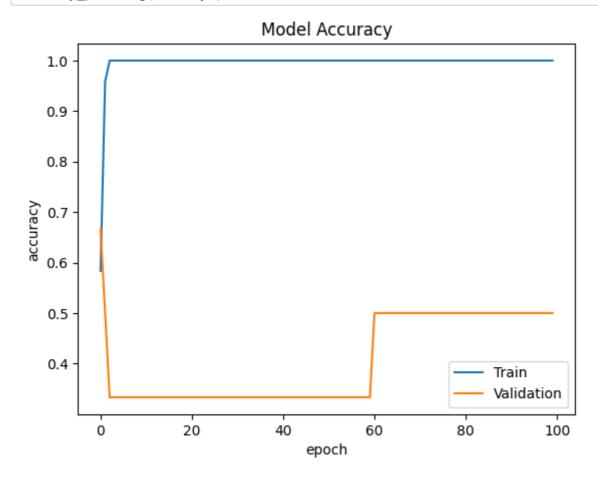


#### In [72]:

```
model7 = model improvement1(512)
history7 = model7.fit(x_train, y_train, validation_split=0.2, epochs=100, batch_size=10,
Epoch 1/100
curacy: 0.5833 - val_loss: 0.6874 - val_accuracy: 0.6667
Epoch 2/100
uracy: 0.9583 - val loss: 0.6917 - val accuracy: 0.5000
Epoch 3/100
uracy: 1.0000 - val_loss: 0.6958 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 4/100
uracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 0.7013 - val accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 5/100
uracy: 1.0000 - val_loss: 0.7061 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 6/100
uracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 0.7121 - val accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 7/100
```

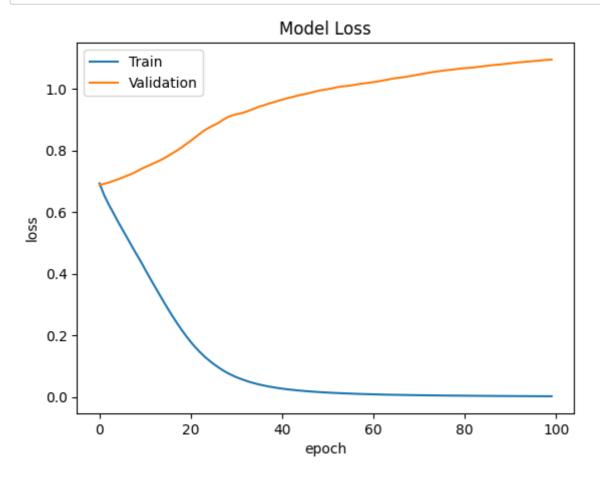
In [73]:

accuracy\_plotting(history7)



#### In [74]:

Loss\_plotting(history7)



# **Model Improvement 2**

#### In [75]:

```
#2 Layers with 32 nodes
model = Sequential()
model.add(Dense(32, input_dim=204, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))

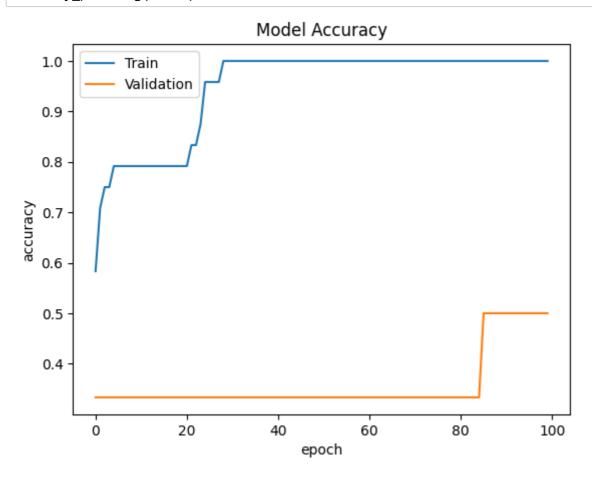
# Compile the model
model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer=Adam(learning_rate=0.001), metrics=['
```

#### In [76]:

```
hist1 = model.fit(x_train, y_train, validation_split=0.2, epochs=100, batch_size=10, verb
Epoch 1/100
curacy: 0.5833 - val_loss: 0.6951 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 2/100
uracy: 0.7083 - val_loss: 0.6962 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 3/100
uracy: 0.7500 - val_loss: 0.6981 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 4/100
uracy: 0.7500 - val_loss: 0.6999 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
uracy: 0.7917 - val_loss: 0.7011 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 6/100
uracy: 0.7917 - val_loss: 0.7031 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 7/100
```

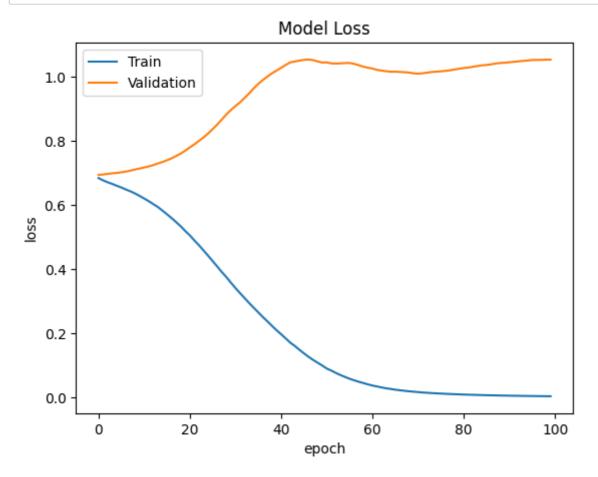
#### In [77]:

#### accuracy\_plotting(hist1)



#### In [78]:

#### Loss\_plotting(hist1)



#### In [79]:

```
#3 Layers with 32 nodes
model = Sequential()
model.add(Dense(32, input_dim=204, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))

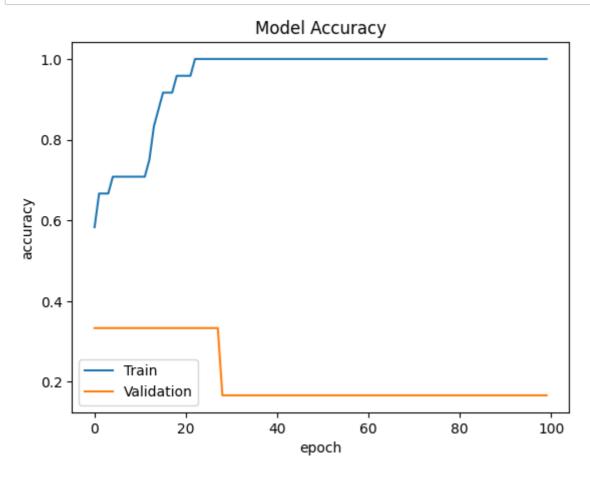
# Compile the model
model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer=Adam(learning_rate=0.001), metrics=['
```

#### In [80]:

```
hist2 = model.fit(x_train, y_train, validation_split=0.2, epochs=100, batch_size=10, verb
Epoch 1/100
curacy: 0.5833 - val_loss: 0.6999 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 2/100
uracy: 0.6667 - val_loss: 0.7017 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 3/100
uracy: 0.6667 - val_loss: 0.7034 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 4/100
uracy: 0.6667 - val_loss: 0.7049 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
uracy: 0.7083 - val_loss: 0.7074 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 6/100
uracy: 0.7083 - val_loss: 0.7110 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 7/100
```

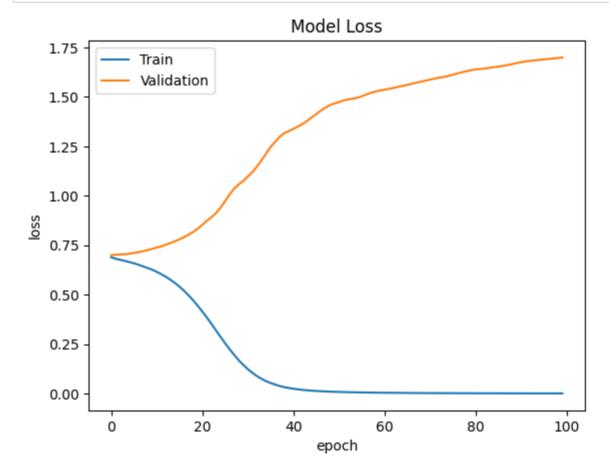
#### In [81]:

#### accuracy\_plotting(hist2)



#### In [82]:

#### Loss\_plotting(hist2)



#### In [83]:

```
# 4 Layers with 32 nodes
model = Sequential()
model.add(Dense(32, input_dim=204, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(1, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))

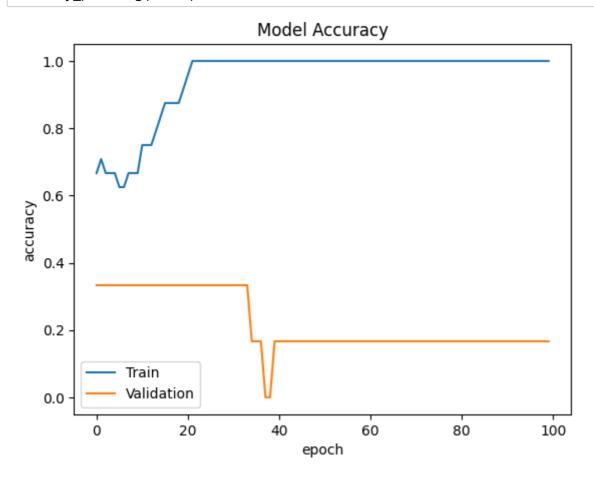
# Compile the model
model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer=Adam(learning_rate=0.001), metrics=['
```

#### In [84]:

```
hist3 = model.fit(x_train, y_train, validation_split=0.2, epochs=100, batch_size=10, verb
Epoch 1/100
curacy: 0.6667 - val_loss: 0.6982 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 2/100
uracy: 0.7083 - val_loss: 0.7023 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 3/100
uracy: 0.6667 - val_loss: 0.7063 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 4/100
uracy: 0.6667 - val_loss: 0.7105 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
uracy: 0.6667 - val_loss: 0.7156 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 6/100
uracy: 0.6250 - val_loss: 0.7217 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 7/100
```

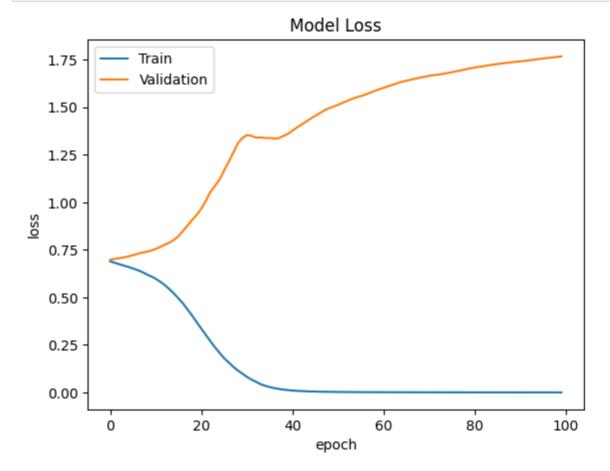
#### In [85]:

#### accuracy\_plotting(hist3)



#### In [86]:

#### Loss\_plotting(hist3)



#### In [87]:

```
# 5 Layers with 32 nodes
model = Sequential()
model.add(Dense(32, input_dim=204, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(1, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))

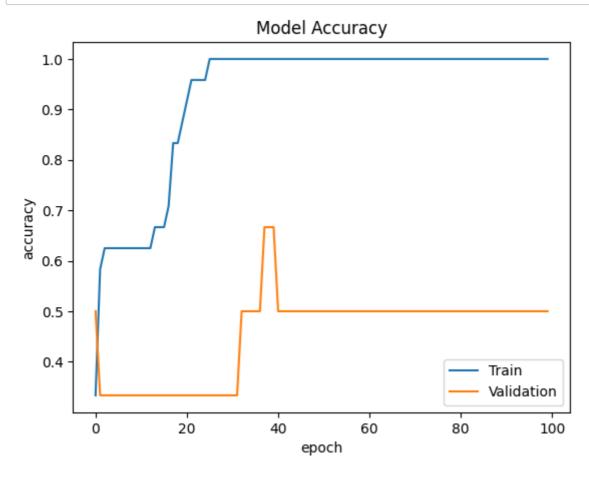
# Compile the model
model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer=Adam(learning_rate=0.001), metrics=['
```

#### In [88]:

```
hist4 = model.fit(x_train, y_train, validation_split=0.2, epochs=100, batch_size=10, verb
Epoch 1/100
curacy: 0.3333 - val_loss: 0.6935 - val_accuracy: 0.5000
Epoch 2/100
uracy: 0.5833 - val_loss: 0.6962 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 3/100
uracy: 0.6250 - val_loss: 0.6975 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 4/100
uracy: 0.6250 - val_loss: 0.6985 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
uracy: 0.6250 - val_loss: 0.6996 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 6/100
uracy: 0.6250 - val_loss: 0.7009 - val_accuracy: 0.3333
Epoch 7/100
```

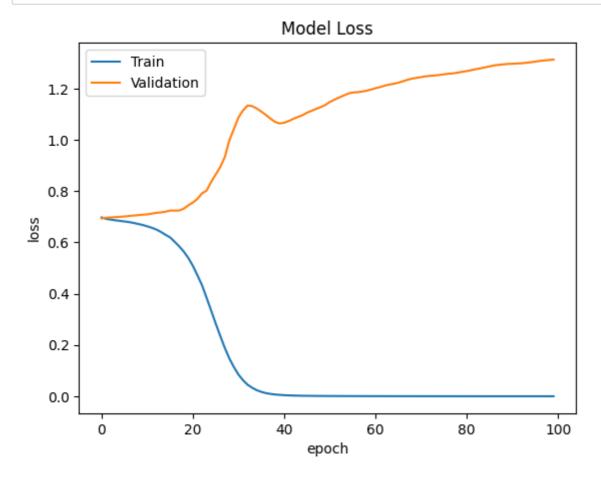
#### In [89]:

#### accuracy\_plotting(hist4)



## In [91]:

Loss\_plotting(hist4)



# In [ ]: